

# Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - AUG. 27, 1880.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:  
GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK,  
OF PENNSYLVANIA.



FOR VICE PRESIDENT:  
HON. WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,  
OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR: HON. GEO. A. JENKS,  
OF Jefferson County.  
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: COL. ROBERT P. DECHERT,  
OF Philadelphia.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS: A. H. COFFROTH, of Somerset.  
FOR STATE SENATOR: HERRI BAUMER, of Conemaugh County,  
Subject to decision of Democratic Conference; FOR ASSEMBLY: JOHN E. WOOD, of Johnstown.

FOR PHOTOGRAPH: CHARLES A. LANEHORN, of Chest Township,  
FOR DIRECTOR AND RECORDING: MICHAEL SV. KELLEY, of Cambria Heights.

WILLIAM H. SCHUYLER, of Ebensburg,  
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR: HANCOCK R. BROWN, of Johnstown.

S. M. DUGOOLAS, of Chest Springs.  
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR: HENRY SCANLON, of Cambria Heights.

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The Republican organs profess to have strong hopes of success from the Quakers, as claimed by them, that the Quakers will vote for Garfield. We suppose they will, and it will be an account of Garfield's military record, for it is well known that the Quakers are opposed to war as a mode of settling disputed questions, and could not, therefore, be expected to take any stock in such a "subsidy soldier" as Gen. Hancock.

SCHUYLER COLFAX is said by some of the Republican papers to be in great demand in Eastern Pennsylvania as a teachers' institute lecturer, but he doesn't seem to be in demand anywhere as a visiting speaker for Garfield. And yet since Patterson, of New Hampshire, another Congressional lamb who "bowed" money in the shape of Credit Mobilier stock from Cates Ames, has taken the stump in favor of Garfield, it seems strange that Colfax hasn't seen his way clear to imitate his example.

A GOOD DEAL of boasting is now being indulged in by the Garfield papers over what they call the Irish Republican party of the United States. So far as has been ascertained up to date, A. L. Motter, who is now the Republican Senator from Maine, where he passes himself off as a "Judge," but who is a Justice of the Peace in Chicago, is just one-half of this formidable pair, and Thos. B. Kropp, of North Carolina, who went to the Cuban convention as an advocate of Grant for a third term, constitutes the other half.

TO THIS COMPLEXION it has come last with John Cessna, as we last week said it would. His "promise" of a majority of 20,000 in this State for Garfield has been growing small by degrees and laughably less, and the Johnstown Tribune of Tuesday gives as a sign of ultimate victory the name of Cessna, "that as there are sixteen thousand voting places in the State of Pennsylvania, if just one Democratic vote is gained over to the Republican side in each of these districts, no fear need be apprehended of Pennsylvania's vote." Oh! what a fall is there, my countrymen!

COLONEL RICHARD COOM, an influential colored man of Hernando, Mississippi, sent a letter last week to the Democratic National Committee in which he says: "Feeling confident that the colored people of the South will be protected in every right guaranteed to them by the constitution if Gen. Hancock is elected President, I pledge him my hearty support, and will do all in my power to elect him." This means, through Coom's influence, a large colored Republican vote in Hernando for Hancock, and yet in the face of such undoubted proof the Altona Tribune won't admit that any colored men in the South have heretofore voted the Democratic ticket, or that they will do so at its election in November.

JOHN M. PALMER, of Illinois, a Republican during the war, but of late years a Democrat, was with the army in Tennessee when Garfield was chief of Gen. Rosecrans' staff. He delivered a Hancock speech on Saturday, the 14th inst., in Sangamon county, Ill., in which he said that it was on the 17th of October, 1863, that Garfield left the army to take his seat in Congress; that Congress was not to assemble for six weeks after said date, so that he needed not to be in a hurry; and that there was plenty of time for him to take part in the expected battle near Chattanooga, for which the army was then preparing, and get to Washington long before the meeting of Congress on the first Monday in December. "But on the 17th of October," says Gen. Palmer, "he [Garfield] mounted his horse and rode to the rear, leaving his comrades exposed to the enemy's fire and already in line of battle." "It was remarkable in the army at the time," adds Gen. Palmer, "that General Garfield had left the army when no true soldier would have done so." Does any man harbor even a suspicion that Hancock would have acted in such a manner?

MR. REDEATH, the correspondent in Ireland of the New York Tribune, estimates the amount of money sent from this country during the year past, for the relief of Ireland, at \$16 million of dollars. This includes the New York Herald fund, contributions to Mr. Parcell, the Num of Kemnare's fund and the amounts sent directly to Catholic and Protestant hierarchies, to prominent citizens, and by families in America direct to their kindred in Ireland.

ISN'T it about time for the Johnstown Tribune and other organs of its kind to drop from the head of their editorial columns the following extract falsely alleged to be taken from a speech recently delivered by Wade Hampton at Staunton, Virginia?

"Consider what Lee and Jackson would do were we still here. THESE ARE THE SAME PRINCIPLES FOR WHICH THEY FOUGHT FOR FOUR YEARS. Remember the men who poured forth their life-blood on Virginia soil, and do you think them now? Remember of us our country cousins will see that Philadelphia has a Long Beach."

Wade Hampton has done more since the close of the war for the colored people of South Carolina than any other living man, and four years ago thousands of them manifested their gratitude towards him for his good works by voting for and electing him Governor. He is for the Union and all the constitutional amendments, and the Republican editors who keep this pretended extract standing in their columns don't believe a word of it, for no man but a born fool would suppose that he ever said anything of the kind. This, however, is a campaign of autumn and fury on the part of the Republican press, and the Tribune, at its very commencement, disgraced its columns by publishing a forged dispatch from "John, Archbishop" of New York, to Gen. Hancock, knowing it to be so, for to suppose that it believed it to be genuine would be a gross insult to the intelligence of its editor. Gov. Hampton has twice denied that in his Staunton speech he uttered anything like what the extract falsely imputes to him, and in a letter to a gentleman at Washington he says:

"I may have record since the close of the war and all my efforts for a better understanding between the South and the North, to stand ready for the Union—to be left free to unite all factions in the Republican ranks. But even his popularity cannot hold Republicans from declaring for Hancock. Many of them, like the rich brewer of Philadelphia, prefer to support Hancock quietly, rather than start a whole regiment after them. Hancock seems to me to be a man of great ability, but his political career is too short to give him a good record. The Democrats propose having a big demonstration on the evening of Sept. 1st, at which all the clubs will turn out.

Collector Hartman is about to cause a stir in the city by his bold wailing because of his intention of bringing his son upon a political platform by making him a deputy collector at a salary of \$1,000 a year.

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