pers than any other bird. A farmer who has tried it speaks in the highest favor of gas tar for paint-PIANOS and ORGANS! ing wagon wheels, stating that it tightens tires and spokes better than anything that can be tried.

Turnips are healthful for horses. They should be cut into thin slices, or what is better, pulped finely and mixed with a little meal and some salt. Rutabagas are better than white tur-

A little dry sand covered over potatoes when they are first put into the cellar will destroy any unpleasant odor they may have. A sprinkle of dry, air slacked lime will mitigate a tendency to rot.

Market gardeners in the vicinity of Boston are discarding lath trellises for tomato plants and substituting straw. This material is placed loosely under the plants which rest upon it. It serves as a mulch and also keeps the fruit clean.

Stale bread moistened with sweet milk is recommended very highly as good feed for young chickens the first few days. When a week old they may be fed on cracked grain scalded. When old enough to swallow grain

give them plenty of it. The mad itch in cattle is said to arise from their eating indigestible substances, such as the woody fiber of extracted from them by hogs, and the feeding of hogs and cattle together in the West is given as a reason for its prevalence there.

A German gardener is reported as saying that he prevents lettuce from running to seed by drawing a knife through one-half of the stem to which the head is attached. This weakens the plant by depleting it of its sap, yet leaves enough to keep it fresh and growing for another week or two.

Hens should not be allowed to disturb the setters by laying in their nests. Broken eggs and a bad hatch will result. If the setting hen cannot be isolated in any way, cover her with an empty coop, basket or box, being careful to have her come off every day for feed, water, exercise, and dust-bath.

Large quantities of parsnip feed for pork are made by the thrifty farmers of the Channel Islands, and a correspondent of the Toronto Globe, speaking from a whole season's experience, states that though less firm than that fattened on barley, them eat is infinitely sweeter and more delicate in flavor. He further recommends this root for cattle and human kind,

To raise good tomatoes, says an excellent authority, take away a wheelbarrow of earth from where each vine is to stand, fill with half soil and half coal ashes and therein set out the plant. Plants thus treated will bring out nearly double the fruit of others, and much smoother and larger, in this soil, though in case of drought the plants require water sooner, and more of it, than those growing in common soil.

The analysis of hay cut at different periods of growth at the Connecticut Experiment Station shows, says the Cultivator, that the early cut hay is scarcely better than the later mowed. while the feeding records give no greater setual value to the former. The early cut hay, moreover, is reckoned to diminish the crop on seventyfive acres by some twenty tons on account of shrinkage. This is contrary to the general belief

The Norwegian method of making hay is as follows: The grass, when cut, is hung up on poles to dry, where it remains until the wind and sun cure it. The sun does not burn it; on the contrary, it is as bright and green as when growing. In some fields strings of fences are seen, bearing thin loads of hay, several rods in length. Some farmers plant posts in the fields twelve feet apart, and in the upper part of these posts pegs are inserted about one foot asunder. On these pegs poles are laid, and on them the grass is hung, where it remains until it is thoroughly cured. The result is the

The editor of the Southern Planter says: "The other day we met a gentleman from Alabama, who gave us a piece of information as to ascertaining the age of a horse, after it has passed the ninth year, which was quite new to us, and will be, we are sure, to most of our readers. It is this: After the horse is nine years old, a wrinkle comes on the eyelid, at the upper corner of the lower lid, and every year thereafter he has one well-defined wrinkle for each year of his age over nine. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles, he is twelve; if four, thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine, and you will always get at it. So says the gentleman; and he is confident it will never fail."

The horse is an expensive animal to keep. Three feeds of oats per day of four quarts each amount to 137 bushels per year, worth say \$48. I estimate the hay he will consume at \$50 for the same time, shoeing \$5, care \$15 at the lowest, interest on his cost (say \$150) \$10 50, loss by wear increased age and liability to accident and disease \$7-giving \$135 50 as the yearly cost of keeping one horse, from which I should deduct \$10 as the value of the manure he could make. Many farm horses are kept at half this expense, but even then the cost of keeping six will make a gap in the prolits. Three good, prompt-stepping horses, well fed and cared for, will do the work of five that are aged, crippled and debilitated.

An exchange tells of a farmer who plants, two or three weeks after the erop is put in, a new hill of corn every fifteenth row each way. He gives the following explanation as a reason for this: If the weather becomes dry after the filling time the silk and tassels both become dry and dead. In this condition, if it should become seasonable, the silk revives and renews its growth, but the tassels do not recover. Then, for want of pollen, the new silk is unable to fill the office for which it was designed. The pollen from the replanted corn is then ready to supply silk, and the filling is completed. He says nearly all the abortive ears, so common in all corn crops, are caused by the want of pollen, and he has known ears to double their size in this filling.

No farmer need expect to gather fruit many seasons without manuring the orehard tho coughly. This point is often overlooked. Every third year a good coat of barn yard manure should be applied. Percentaged by a provided by applied of the coupling of the c

MUSIC HATH CHARMS!

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN PENN'A.

Having recently accepted the General Agency for Central Pennsylvania (in trial. These gentlemen brought the

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TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE. 1402 ELEVENTH AVE., ALTOONA, PA.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY. tion which in the preceding cases was all but reached, was sent up to Deeside, and

ROOFING, SPOUTING and Repairing had been ruining him. These are the

[6-6.] PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY ATTENDED TO. [3m.]



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Largest and Cheapest Stock of Dry and Dress Goods, NOTIONS, MILLINERY, CARPETS, ETC.,

to be found in Cambria or adjoining counties. 2.5 Forget not the street and numbers and fail not to call, buy and be happy.

should be applied. Bone-dust and ashes are also excellent.

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J. C. McGINLEY'S

DINING ROOMS!

For Ladies and Centlemen,

story were several gentlemen of influence in Aberdeen, to whom it occurred to give the supposed remedy a practical

Extraordinary Cures of Intemperance.

In the last few months, says the Aber-

for July :

A strange scene, for example, which came

within my observation last year, completely puzzled me at the time and has done so ev-

of the water—a circumstance which I tho't not a little strange, However, I went to look at the unheard of spectacle, and sure enough there were the rocks appearently all

moving out of the water on to dry land. The lake is of considerable extent but shallow

and full of great masses of rock. Many of these masses appear to have travelled right out of the lake and are now high and dry

some fifteen yards above the margin of the

had piled themselves up in front of all

large rocks too heavy to be removed and

My attention having been once directed to

o me, extraordinory phenomenon,

deen Ecening Express, a course of treat-

ment, having for its object the cure of

intemperance, has been carried on in

Aberdeen with apparently most success-

ful results. Some of our readers may

remember that about the beginning of

the present year a paragraph appeared in

our columns narrating the extraordinary

success which attended the efforts of a

Chicago physician to cure drunkards of

their craving foe, spiritous liquors, by the

use of a medicine prepared from the red

Peruvian bark. Among the persons

whose attention was attracted by the

water. They have ploughed deep and regu-larly defined channels for themselves. You may see them of all sizes, from blocks of, say, roughly speaking, six or eight feet in diameter, down to stones which a man could lift. Moreover you find them in varimatter under the notice of Dr. Stewart, of the Heathcot Hydropathic Establishment, at the same time making the proous stages of progress, some a hundred yards posal which had suggested itself to their or more from shore and apparently just beginning to move; others half-way to their destination, and others again as I have said high and dry above the water. In all cases minds-namely, that a patient such as would make the case, so to speak, a test one, should be put through a course of there is a distinct groove or furrow which the rock has clearly ploughed for itself. I treatment at Heathcot. They were gratified to find Dr. Stewart quite as noticed one particularly good specimen, an enormous block which lay some yards above high-water mark. The earth and stones much interested in the matter as they hemselves were, and ready to bear a were heaped up in front of it to a height of three or four teet. There was a deep furrow share in the expense of the experiment, for such it was. Without loss of time the exact breadth of the block, leading down the work was commenced, and little directly from it into the lake, and extenddifficulty was experienced in finding a ing till it was hidden from my sight by the suitable patient to operate upon. A depth of the water. Loose stones and peb bles were piled up on each side of the groove man possessed of no mean share of acin a regular, clearly defined line. I thought at first that from some cause or other the complishments, and yet in the prime of life, who for years had been the slave of smaller stones, pebbles and sand had been habits that were surely dragging him to dragged down from above, and consequentruin, who, indeed, four months ago presented the appearance of a physical and mental wreck, was, if any could be, a had left a vacant space or furrow behind the rocks. But if that had been the case the fitting subject; in point of fact, it was drift of moving material would of course have joined together again to the space of a specially with a view to the reformation of one whose deplorable condition made few yards behind the fixed rocks. On the him a subject of pity to all who saw him contrary, these grooves or furrows remained wandering about the streets, that the the same width throughout their entire Our House was established in 1831 in Pittsburgh, where we still con length, and have, I think, undoubtedly been caused by the rock forcing its way up thro' proposal first took form. The inebriate was conveyed to Heathcot about four the loose shingle and stones which compose the bed of the lake. What power has set the rocks in motion it is difficult to decide. The action of ice is the only thing that might explain it; but how ice could exert months ago, and at once put under the treatment which may be here described. The remedy is said to have been discovered by a Dr. D'Unner, of Chicago, and itself in that special manner, and why, if ice is the cause of it, it does not manifest that the sole ingredient used in its preparation is the red Peruvian bark (Cinchona tendency in every lake in every part of the world, I do not pretend to comprehend. Rubra), known among druggists as 'quill bark," from the fact that it is obtained from twigs about the size of a this, I noticed it in various other lakes. quill. The bark is reduced to powder, Unfortunately my Indian only mentioned it to me a day or two before I left the woods. I had not time, therefore, to make any invesand soaked in diluted alcohol, after which its bulk is lessened by one-half, being tigation into the subject. Possibly some of my readers may be able to account for this, strained or evaporated off. On the first and second days the medicine, which, in its prepared state, bears the technical name of Extractum Cinchona Rubra Liwidum, is administered to the patient in the proportion of a teaspoonful every

three hours, the tongue being occasion-

ally moistened in the interval between

the doses. On the third day the dose is

spoonful, and subsequently to fifteen,

ten, and five drops. The treatment is

continued, on an average, for eight days

the well known preparation derived from

ossesses the quality which quinine lacks,

of inspiring those that partake of it with

became less and gradually disappeared;

fested a no less marked aversion to the

alcohol, which shortly grew into perfect

disgust. The treatment was continued for three months, after the lapse of

which period the patient returned to Aberdeen, with a color in his cheeks

that for years had been absent, and such

health and vigor in his movements as

ing the result of the work. The once

decrepit and maudlin drunkard has been

furnished with employment. Physically

the man has been retrieved from error.

Emboldened by the success which at-

tended their efforts in this instance. Dr.

Stewart and his friends had another pa-

tient subjected to the effects of the med-

icine at Heathcot. In this case it was a

commercial man, whose deplorable desire

for spirituous liquors was fast ruining

him and destroying the happiness of his

family. The case was not so hopelessly

bad as the previous one, yet, it called

for remedy, if ever one did. The man

was brought to Heathcot one day dead

drunk, and when the first fierce craving

had passed the aversion to spirits as was

displayed in the other case resulted.

His wife, in a letter, while expressing in

the most earnest manner the hope that

the efforts for her husband's reformation

would be rewarded with success, de-

spaired of the result, knowing from ex-

perience, as she said, that the unhappy

ing himself with stimulants of some

shape, whether whiskey, chloral, opium,

or ehloroform. In a month, however,

the patient was allowed to visit the city

daily for the purpose of attending to his

duties, returning to Heathcot at night.

He is now an altered man, has no long-

ing for strong drink, and hates the very

sight of it. Yet another case, A young

man, whose habits threatened to involve

him in the moral and physical destruc-

after undergoing a fortnight's treatment

at the hands of Dr. Stewart, returned to

the town freed from the incubus which

nstances which up to the present time

have been noted by Dr. Stewart, and, in

all, it will be observed, the result has

been success, complete and unmistakable

success. It would be rash, however, to

view the cures as complete yet. Time

will have to show whether the effects of

the medicine are lasting, and meanwhile

the cases must be regarded as evidencing

only a temporary cure. Viewed in the

him for other persons, and that, so far as he can learn, the results are the same,

INTELLECT IN AMERICAN DOGS,-

A few months ago I made the acquaint-

as grove of big trees to the Yosemite.

In former years, on the arrival of the

stage, the landlady would send the dog

to the poultry-yard to catch chickens for

the tourists' dinner. Now, the dog "takes time by the fore-lock," The

stage is due at 6 o'clock. About 5 o'-

clock the dog saunters leisurely down

the road till he meets the stage. He

then bounds back to the poultry-yard,

catches chickens, bites their heads off

and takes them to the cook! The num-

ng at the hotel for a few days went

into the woods one afternoon with a gun.

n much excitement to see what game

he had taken Finding his hands and

his bag empty, the dog ran into the for-

est and returned in less than an hour

with a bird, which he gave with an air

of compassion to the unskillful hunter.

been made to erect a paper chimney

-Nature.

man would find some means of furnish

could not fail to carry conviction regard-

RAISING QUAILS, -A hint that may be worth taking is furnished by the following from a Southwestern journal: "I have a pair of old quails (male and female) with a family of twenty-seven little queils. They are the most delightful and cureduced to a half-spoonful, a quartertest little things I ever saw. The young ones are about half grown; and do so many queer things that they keep me in a fit of merriment all the time I am watching -in extreme cases for thirty days. Like them. The old ones, as I write, are sitting on each gatepost, whistling their "Bob White" call in answer to their neighbors in the same source—quinine—the Extractthe woods. I never saw anything half so nice as a quail. I got mine from a lady um Cinchonæ is a powerful tonic, but it friend, who commerced raising them last year by mere accident. One evening, while hunting berries in the pasture, she found a sick quail on her nest. The quail seemed thorough, and for a time, unconquerable aversion to spiritous liquors. At insensible and almost dead. She took the Heathcot the treatment was, in effect, bird, nest and all, home with her, and trans-planted them in her hen-house. With kind as we have indicated, and almost from its commencement it developed the most treatment the bird was well in 'a few days, and strange as it seems, never showed any few doses the intense craving for drink desire to leave her new home, but continued sitting, and hatched twenty-three young while in the place of it there was mani- quails, and raised twenty to be full grown

KANSAS FARMS

The lady tells me that this year she has raised over two hundred."

FREE HOMES!

THE KANSAS PACIFIC HOMESTEAD Is published by the Land Department of the Kan-sas Pacific Railway Company, to supply the jarge and increasing demand for information about KANSAS, and especially the magnificent body of lands granted by Congress in aid of the con-struction of its road. This grant comprises

FIVE MILLION ACRES OF LAND, consisting of every odd section in each township for a distance of twenty miles on both sides of the road, or one-half of the land in a belt forty miles wide, extending to Denver City, Colorado, thus forming a continuation of the belt of country which, from the Atlantic coast westward, is found to be, in climate, soil, and every production of nature, the most favored.

THE KANSAS PACIFIC Is 114 Miles the Shortest Road from Kansas City to Denver. The favorite route of the tourist and the best line

San Juan Country. A copy of The Homestrad will be mailed free to any address by applying to S. J. GILMORE, Land Commissioner, P. B. GROAT. Salina, Kansas. Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agent, March 14, 1879.-em. Kansas City, Mo.

Removed to Bank Building



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HAS always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any other dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purphasing also have the county. before purchasing elsewhere.

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EBENSB'G WOOLEN FACTORY. COUNTRY WORK A SPECIALTY.

only a temporary cure. Viewed in the latter light, however, the results are, we think, sufficiently interesting to warrant our giving publicity to them. In addition to the experiments conducted at Heathcot, we are informed by Mr. Eddie, chemist, by whom the bark was prepared for Dr. Stewart, that quantities of the extract have been obtained from him for other persons, and that, so far

can guarantee entire satisfa-us with their custom. ns with their custom.

F. H. BARKER.
ALVIN EVANS,
Ebensburg, May 2, 1879.-ti.
ED. JAMES. PLANING MILL.—Having attached

A few months ago I made the acquaintance of a dog which, I think, is worthy of a place among the dogs and cats and rats and mules that are helping the pages of Nature to determine the degree and kind of animal intelligence. "Priest" is a hotel on the way from the Calaveras grove of hig trees to the Voscovita.

Its Culture, Housing and Curing. A book of 150 pages, giving complete Instruction on Tobacco Growing; strongly endorsed by the most competent authorities, By Dr. B. Rush Senseny, a practical grower. Sent post path on receipt of ONE DOLLAR, by John M. Pomenov, Publisher of the Franklin Repository, Chambersburg, Penn'a. MISS M. E. DAVIS has just returned

from the city with a large and elegant stock of Spring and Summer Hats, as well as a full line of Notions and other goods in her line, which will be sold very cheap for cash. Ladies are carnestly invited to give her a call. Store in E. J. Humphreys' building, corner of Juliau and Crawford streets, Ebensburg. [4-25,-3m.*] ber of chickens he kills bears a relation to the number of passengers he saw in the stage. A gentleman who was stop-When he returned, the dog came to him

IN Breslau a successful attempt has een made to erect a paper chimney

**T. A. SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY
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**ATTORNEY
**SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY
**SHOEMA about fifty feet high. By a chemical preparation the paper was rendered impervious to the action of fire or water.

GEO. M. READE, Attorney-at-Law, Beensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [8-27, 72.]

CCCC HEAP! REFERE TRAVELLING ROCKS .- Lord Dunraven contributes the following among other sketches to the Nineteenth Century H HEEE A PPP EEE R H H H EE AAA P PE R R H H H EA AAP EEE R R H H H EEE A AP EEE R R er since. I was in Nova Scotia in the fall when one day my Indian told me that in a lake close by all the rocks were moving out CCC TEAPEST!

GEO. HUNTLEY LARGEST, BEST & MOST VARIED

STOCK OF Hardware Stoves, Tinware,

GGGG HOUSEFURNISHING SSSSSS 0000 0000 DDDDD SSSSSS 0 0000 0000 DDDDD SSSSSS &c., &c., that can be found in any one establishment in Pennsylvania. His stock comprises

COCK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES of various styles and patterns; Builders' Hardware of every description and of best quality; CARPENTERS' TOOLS!

of all kinds and the best in the market. Also, a large stock of

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY Glassware, Queensware, Silver-Plated Ware, Wood and Willow Ware, Wall Pa-per, Trunks and Valises, Revolvers, An-vils, Vises, Horse Shoes, Bar Iron, Rail Rod, Horse Nails, Carriage Bolts, Riv-ets, Mill Saws, Grindstones, Steel Shov-el Plow Moulds, Road Scoops;

Mowing Machines, Horse Hay Rakes, Horse Hay Forks, Rope and Pulleys, Corn Cultivators, and a full line of Harv-esting Tools. Also, a large assortment of Table, Floor and Stair Oil Cloths,

Carriage Oil Cloth, Carriage Oil Cloth,

PAPER AND OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADING
AND SHADE FIXTURES; LIVERFOOL ASHTON
SALT, the best in the world for Dairy and Table
use; IMPORTED ROCK SALT, the cheapest and
best for feeding Live Stock; LAND FLASTER;
WELLAND CISTERN PUMPS, of the best quality;
PERKINS' PATENT SAFETY LAMPS, which
cannot be exploded; Childen's WAGONS and
CARTS; the largest stock of MILK CROCKS of
all shapes and sizes and of superior ware ever offered for sale in Ebensburg; a full line of PAINT
BRUSHES of the most desirable quality; WINDOW GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, TURPENTINE,
VARNISHES, &c., together with a large and complete stock of choice

GROCERIES, TOBACCO AND SEGARS as well as thousands of other useful and needful articles. In fact, anything I haven't got or can't get at short notice is not worth buying, and what I do offer for sale may always be relied on as PIRSTCLASS IN QUALITY, while they will invariably be SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES! The Having had nearly thirsty years' expensive in the sale of goods in my line, I am enabled to supply my customers with the very best in the market. Give me a liberal share of your patronage, then, and be convinced that the best is always the cheapest, and that it never pays to buy an inferior article simply because the price is low, as it is an indisputable fact that such goods are always the desired in the end. the dearest in the end.

GEO, HUNTLEY. Ebensburg, April 11, 1870.

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27 Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore conferred upon him by his irlends in Cambria county and cliewhere, and hoping for a continuance and increase of the same, the subscriber reance and increase of the same, the subscriber respectfully invites everybody to call and examine his goodsand prices before buying at any other house.

F. P. CONFER,
Feb. 28, 1879. Model Grocery, Alteona, Pa.

B. O. Oeschger, EBENSBURG, PA.

CHOP in Garley Building, on High street, where choice samples of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT LAW, Eb
Libensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T.

M. H. SECHLER, Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Colonade Row, (recently occupied by Wm. Kittell, Esq.,) Centre street

Page 1. Centre street

D. choice samples of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, No., from which selections can be made, will at all times be kept on hand, and full suits or single articles of wearing apparel for either gents or youths will be made to order on the shortest notice, in the statest and best style, and at the lowest living price. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases and the best of work furnished fully as cheap as inferior clothing can be bought rendy-made. B. O. OESCHGER.

Ebensburg, May 25, 1879.-tf.

S. H. DECKER, M. D.,

S. H. DECKER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

Lilly's, Cambria Co., Pa.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of
Washington and adjoining townships. Office and
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station, where night and day calls will receive
prompt attention, regardless of distance or weather. Diseases of women and children a specialty.

Lilly's, March 14, 1879.-1y.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to



able, healthy, and effectual ing the hair. Faded or gray restored to its freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and

baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

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S100 IN GOLD on afflicted with a disease that MIGORENE will or cure, providing the bones or organs are not

THE ONLY TRUE REMEDY FOR COLDS.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. Cray's Specific Mealcine.

Before Taking Loss of Memory. After Takings SITUDE, PAIN IN BACK, DINNESS OF VISION, PREMATURE OLD AGE, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over industancy and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mall to every one.

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No. 10 Mechanics Processing No. 10 Mechanics and by Solid in Ebensburg by C. T. Robents, and by Druggists everywhere.

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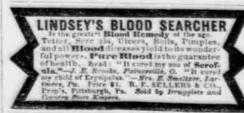
Manhood: How Lost, How Restored! Just published, a new edition of the redical cure (without medicine) of Springarousing, or Seminal Weak-

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and redically.

**Ep-This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

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HINTS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

COCKROACHES .- The editor of The Scientific Record reports that he has tried with perfect satisfaction the fol lowing plan with cockroaches. It was furnished to his journal by a correspondent who declared that he cleared two kitchens-which after dark would be "alive" with the disgusting insects -at an expense of five cents, and the requisite persistence.

I take my queensware bowl or ves. sel with vertical smooth sides, not less than two inches in height, and, placing it in such places as the roaches run put in about a tablespoonful of molas. ses. Then I lean six or seven small pieces of boards or sticks, 8 or 10 is ches long, against the upper edge of the vessel, making a bridge from the floor to the top of the bowl. The roaches, attracted by the smell of the molasses, run up these sticks and tup. ble down into the molasses, and, being unable to climb the smooth sides the bowl, are safely ensconsed for dose of boiling water next morning A nightly repetition of this trapping process for ten days or two weeks will effect a complete riddance of these abominable nuisances, and, what is more, judging by former experiences, years will clapse before the house will again be stocked.

PURIFYING RANCID BUTTER __ Cal. vin Peck some ten years ago obtained a patent for restoring and preserving butter ; his invention relates to a new process for purifying butter, having especial reference to arresting fermes. tation and restoring raneid butter His process consists in melting the butter in a clean vessel under a slow and regular heat, and while it is melting he adds two ounces of pulverized alum to every five pounds of butter. the butter being stirred gently while melting. When thoroughly melted it is strained through a fine strainer is to clean water. The butter will riss to the surface quite pure and transpa rent. The alum cosquiates the album. en, the caseine and other foreign matter, all of which are retained in the strainer, leaving the butte, perfectly pure and clean and of uniform consist

When the butter is sufficiently cool to be in good working order, it carefully taken out and thorough worked, adding to each five pounds butter three ounces of good dairy sal one ounce of clean saltpetre, and at ounce of pulverized white sugar. The butter is then packed in clean vesse and is fit for use.

By covering it with stong brine an keeping it in a cool place, it is chim ed it will remain sweet for any desire length of time.-Boston Journal

TO EXTERMINATE BEDBUGS -1 First make a strong solution of conmon salt and cayenne pepper, and place in every crevice or crack when take a pan or kettle half full of ashe and put a shovelful of hot coals a top of them. Throw into the coalone tablespoonful of sulphur and on teaspoonful of cayenne pepper. L this remain in the room you wish fumigate about an hour, being carefu to close all doors and windows, and not leave any living thing, either plant or animal, in the room that you do not wish killed. Two or the thorough applications of this will : any house of bedbugs, no matter he badly infested. 2. Take one pin. turpentine, one pint of alcohol and on ounce of gum camphor; dissolve the camphor in the alcohol, and then ad the turpentine, shaking well below using; use large-size sewing-mach oiler to put it on with; fill even crack and crevice with it before take the bedstead apart, and it will remo both the vermin and their eggs. Corrosive sublimate one tablespoon alcohol or good whiskey one When thoroughly dissolved app with a feather. Bottle and distinct label; also cork tightly, for the mitture is a deadly poison to human I as well as to vermin. 4. An ounce quicksilver beat up with the white two eggs and put on with a feather is the cleanest and surest bedbug po son. What is left should be throw away ; it is dangerous to have about the house. If the vermin are in you

walls fill up with verdigris gree A little ginger put into saussg

quently in cold water. In boiling meat for soup use co water to extract the juices. It il meat is wanted for itself alone, plus, in boiling water at once.

You can get a bottle or barrel oil off any carpet or woolen stuff ness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, INFOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILERSY and First, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravasuch a grease spot, or liquid of any kin Boil steak without salting. draws the juices in cooking; it is sirable to keep this in if possi

Cook over a hot fire, turningfrequ ly, searing on both sides. Place a platter; salt and pepper to the Beef having a tendency to be to can be made very palatable by stea gently for two hours, with pepper salt, taking out about a pint of liq when half done, and letting the boil into the meat. Brown the I in the pot. After taking up, make gravy of the pint of liquor saved. A small piece of charcoal in the

Clean oil cloths with milk and ter; a brush and soap will ruin the Tumblers that have had milk in the should never be put in hot water. A spoonful of stewed tomatoes the gravy of either roasted or fr meats is an improvement. The sl of a boiled egg is the most efficacio remedy that can be applied to a be Peel carefully, wet and apply it to part affected. It will draw of matter and relieve the soreness if few hours.

with boiling cabbage removes the sm

RASPBERRY VINEGAR .- Put quarts of fresh red raspberries int good vinegar; let them stand twen four hours; strain through a fish bag; pour this liquid over two qua of tresh berries and again let it six Office and residence on Fourteenth street, near Office hours from 8 to 10. A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 6 to 8, P. M. Special attention paid to Discases of the Eye and Ear, as well as to Surgical Operations of every description. [4-19,-11.] kettle of boiling water, to be ke