

## THE TREE PEDDLER.

The frauds practised upon farmers by unprincipled nurserymen are well pointed out in the following from the *Western Farmer*: "There is no greater humbug practised upon the credulity of the people than the offering of new fruits by tree agents and nurserymen, as the last thing that was ever discovered or planted. Nineteen out of every twenty of all these new fruits are entirely worthless. One nurseryman has an apple that is superior to all others, another a pear no one can do without, free from blight and an immense bearer, and the fruit of the finest quality. Another has a currant, a strawberry, or raspberry, all entirely indispensable to the unsuspecting farmer. And still others have grapes that ripen early, are very large, delicious, and just the thing to supply all others for all purposes. One has a cherry that will take the place of the Early Richmond and the English Morello. All these will do, according to the opinions of the several owners of the humbug, in any and all climates and localities, like the patent medicines that are warranted to cure any and all diseases. One man, whose almost exclusive stock of evergreens is the European larch, recommends its planting without limit. Another has supplied himself abundantly with the Utah hybrid cherry, which is really not a cherry at all, but a very inferior small plum, and that is the cherry that everybody must have. Our common wild plums are transplanted and nursed and large stock propagated—some significant name given them, and then heralded to the world as indispensable, high quality, large size, encrusted proof, and indeed possessed with more good qualities than any and all other plums combined. Now the result of all this is, the farmers pay out thousands of dollars every year for stocks that is not only worthless, and known to be worthless by the vendors, but important time is lost in waiting for results that are so boastingly promised, and only, after several years waiting, to find that they have been swindled."

**SMALL ANIMALS GNAWING TREES**—Every winter the agricultural journals contain inquiries as to a remedy to prevent mice and rabbits gnawing trees and we are nearly annually answering them. Our remedy, which we have tried with success, has proved effectual in every instance in which it has been properly applied. It is to bandage the trees with an old cotton or woollen cloth; or very stiff paper will do—for mice eight or ten inches high will answer; for rabbits not less than two feet. The latter standing upright will reach up very nearly two feet, and as far as they can reach they will gnaw. The same cloth, if put away, will last for several years. Of course bandaging must be well done and tied to the tree securely.

In gardens, where rabbits are sure to be found, if there are any in the vicinity, a good protection is to feed them with cabbage stalks, or decayed heads of cabbage, offals of ruta begas, carrots, etc., a supply of which is to be found on every farm. A "dead trap," baited with apple, will also clear the garden; but, if in a starving condition, a half dozen rabbits will destroy fifty young trees in a single night. One winter they not only injured several young pear trees for us, but nipped off the tender ends of certain shrubs as cleanly as if done with pruning shears. But, as we say, they are driven to this by starvation, when the ground is covered with snow.—*Germantown Telegraph*.

**AN EXINCT RACE**—One of the most remarkable races that ever inhabited the earth is now extinct—They were known as the Guanches, and were the aborigines of the Canary Islands. In the sixteenth century, pestilence, slavery and the cruelty of the Spaniards succeeded in totally exterminating them. They are described as being gigantic in stature, but of a singularly mild and gentle nature. Their food consisted of barley, wheat, goat's milk, and their agriculture was of the mildest kind. They had a religion which taught them of a future state, of rewards and punishments after death, and of good and evil spirits. They regarded the volcano of Teneriffe as the place of punishment for the bad. The bodies of the dead were carefully embalmed, and deposited in catacombs, which still continue to be an object of curiosity to those who visit the Islands. Their marriage rites were very solemn, and before engaging in them the brides were fattened on milk. At the present day these strange people are totally extinct.—*Boston Globe*.

**LACK OF APPETITE AND ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH**—Use lime water to correct acidity of the stomach, and the following tonic bitters: Gentian root, two ounces; dried orange peel, one ounce; cardamom seed, half an ounce—all to be bruised, and the same placed in a quart of whisky or diluted alcohol; let it stand for two weeks; dose, one or two tablespoomfuls in water two or three times a day. This is good for dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and general weakness or debility.

**TO PRESERVE POTATOES FROM ROT**—Dust over the floor of the bin with lime, and put in about six or seven inches of potatoes, then dust with lime as before, then more potatoes, using about one bushel of lime to forty bushels of potatoes. The lime improves the flavor of the potatoes, and effectively kills the fungi which causes the rot.

A CARROT that went 25 inches toward China, and a turnip 35 inches around the waist, are recent exponents of the capabilities of Kansas soil.

CALL AND SEE OUR GOODS.  
AND EXAMINE OUR PRICES.

As we have the largest assortment and greatest variety in the country, and are prepared to give better bargains than can be obtained at any other establishment.

REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD DEAL WITH US:

We bought \$10,000 worth of Goods for \$8,000 cash from the stock of a Wholesale House in New York city which was closed out at Assurer's sale, and are determined to give the people a remedy for hard times by selling them Goods 50 per cent. cheaper than they have ever before or can now buy elsewhere.

PRICES NEVER BEFORE TOUCHED!

PEOPLES CHEAP CASH STORE  
BE SURE TO CALL BEFORE GOING ELSEWHERE ON  
WHO HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM THE EASTERN CITIES WITH A LARGE STOCK OF  
ELEGANT NEW GOODS FOR FALL SALES!  
WHICH THEY HAVE OPENED THIS WEEK AND ARE NOW OFFERING AT

FACTS FOR THE PUBLIC.—The National Bee-Keepers' convention at New York, Oct. 15th to 19th, 1871, aware of the general lack of information concerning improved methods of agriculture and its products, especially subversive of the social statement of facts, general information concerning a large source of personal and national revenue in preserving the honey when God has caused to flow so abundantly in the vast and varied flora of our country:

1. The invention of the *extractor* has made a new and successful business pursuit. Such hives, adapted to climate, furnish every facility for extracting honey, and are easily cleaned, saving, guarding against moths, and maintaining both bees and comb.

2. The inventors of the *extractor* have also invented the honey from the combs by centrifugal force, without injury, so that the comb may be returned to the hive.

3. The introduction of pure wax for foundation made of pure wax for a successfully used to a large extent this season, comprising the basis of a great industry in our country. Bees receive this artificial comb foundation withreadiness as receptacles both of honey and wax.

4. Simultaneous with the first anfall of these improvements, a great increase of Italian bees has taken place, and the result of this for subduing the bees. The most vicious colony may be subdued in a very few minutes.

5. To accommodate the public, a few new beekeepers have invented a new method of extracting honey, from the comb by the honey sifter, free from any foreign admixture. It is entire, and is done by the use of a sifter, which strains the honey.

6. Consumers help to impose upon themselves by the false idea that granulated honey and dowers will attempt to supply the demand. Almost all pure honey will remain white excepting some, and granulated honey is not better than extract of honey. All comb is wax, and granulated honey is the pure liquid honey.

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