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EBENSBURG, PA.,

A BILL for the re-enactment of the Local and every two years thereafter.

-----THE Philadelphia Daily Record is an eral stages, the first election for the reduced man who would read a number of the at the lowest possible price.

its enterprising proprietors.

dollar spoken of, and makes it an unlimited legal tender for all debts, both public and private, will be taken up. The best impression is that It will pass, with the certainty of being vetoed, unless its legal-tender feature is essentially modified.

myer, of Allegheny county, introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment FBIDAY, - - - JAN'Y 11, 1878. tors and one hundred Representatives. If fers to the causes and effects :

ent Legislature, it must also be passed by Option law has been introduced in the the Legislature next year, and then the House of Representatives at Harrisburg. proposed amendment must be submitted to It provides for the first election, to accept a vote of the people at the general election or refuse its provisions, in February, 1879, in November, 1879, for their ratification or rejection. It will thus be seen that if the amendment passes through these three sev-

eight column paper, one size larger than number of members for which it provides the FREEMAN, and is printed in small type. would not take place until the November It contains the very latest and most reliable election in 1880, and that, therefore, no news, both foreign and domestic, together | member of the present Legislature who dewith the fullest local intelligence. Any sires a re-election can be affected by its adoption. We have heretofore expressed Record without knowing its price would our decided approval of such an amendment searcely believe that it is sold for one cent and now reaffirm it. If the clause in the per copy ; but such is the fact, and as a 10- new constitution fixing the numbers of the suit its daily circulation has reached thirty- Senate at fifty, and of the House at two sis thousand. It is a marvel how so much hundred, had been separately submitted to reading can be furnished at so tritling a the people, it would certainly have been sum, and affords a remarkable instance of defeated. The beneficial results which its the success of a good newspaper furnished advocates predicted from its adoption have not been realized, but, on the contrary,

their wholesome theories have all vanished THE reputation of the Pittsburg Dis. into thin air. We never heard but one patch, whose prospectus for 1878 we publish argument in its favor, and that was that the this week, as an ably conducted and enter- increase would render legislative bribery prising newspaper is so well established and corruption so difficult that it would not that anything we could say in its behalf be attempted. But at the very first adwould not enhance it. It is a first-class journed session under the new constitution, journal, and receives, as it well deserves, a two members of the House were virtually most generous support. The Dispatch is expelled for corrupt practices in connection most generous support. The *Dispatch* is expelled for corrupt practices in connection authority. one of the few Republican papers in this with the passage of the Williamsport boom Alcohery county entered upon an investiga-tion, and summarily demanded the attendance State that supports the judicious and liberal bill, and some others richly deserved the policy of Mr. Hayes towards the South, and same fate. The interests of the people did has the independence to avow its adherence not demand an increase of their representato the best interests of the country as su- tives, and there is no more necessity that perior to the temporary success of the Cambria, Blair, Bedford or Somerset coun-Republican party. We trust its future ties should each elect two members of Assuccess will fully meet the expectations of sembly than that they, as a district, should elect two members of Congress. If thirty-

eight States are sufficiently represented in CONORESS reassembled yesterday. When in the lower branch of Congress by 293 the Senate adjourned for the recess it was members, surely 100 members ought to be engaged in considering the resolution of- enough to take care of the interests of the fered by Mr. Matthews, of Ohio, declaring people of this State in the lower house of It to be the sense of Congress that all debts, the Legislature. We trust that the public including government bonds, may lawfully press will not be afraid to speak out on this be paid in silver dollars, unless where other- subject, so that the members of the present wi a specially directed. When this resolu- Legislature may form an intelligent estition is disposed of, the Bland silver bill, mate of public opinion in reference to it. which has already passed the House, and .So far as we have seen an expression by the which provides for the coinage of the silver papers of both parties, it has been very

active and vigorous work during the sp THE Legislature last winter having very proaching campaign, Francis W. Hughes, properly refused to furnish each member of Pottsville, who is regarded as its ablest wish a copy of Purdon's Digest at the cost advocate in the State, and its most promiof the State, a member of the Senate at the protect and the state, and its most promi-present adjourned session, who is in the put fall, delivered a speech last Saturday pursuit of legsl knowledge under difficul-night a week ago in the Court House at ties, has offered a joint resolution for the Harrisburg, in which he discussed the purchase of siz copies for the use of the Greenback issue with all his admitted abiliforces during the great strike has also deep Fenate and twelve for that of the Honse. ty. Mr. Hughes thinks and says that his significance, in the general sympathy for the This would be one copy for eight members party cherishes a reasonable hope of carryright and lewful efforts to better their condi-tion they will have the aid of nearly ail classes of the Senate, and one copy for secenteen ing the State at the November election, and members of the House-a most inconvenient intimates that in its conquering march it of their fellow citizens. And in the prejudices against the corporations, those who control them may realize that the possession of great arrangement. It is very small business, may capture the Presidency in the contest wealth and the contro of great enterprises im-pose obligations to the public which they can-not afferd to ignore. In these facts we can and the only decent and honorable course of 1880. This is a most comfortable political delusion under which to labor, and if all greenbackers take as rosy a view of the futo the final set dement of the contest- the diffu-sion of higher education among the workingture as Mr. Hughes does, they certainly are a happy family. We are inclined to think, however, that he is entirely too sanguine in his hopes of the future and that on the morning after the next November election he will be a wiser if not a sadder man. At the last election the Greenback-Labor on arbitration : party carried just one county in each of the that litigation should cease; it is still more to three large States of Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York, viz : Lucas county in the first named, Luzerne in this State, and Chemong in New York. If Mr. Hughes bases his reasonable hope of a victory at the polls in this State next fall on this beggarly showing, his faith in the strength of his party is exceedingly elastic. He is an old and experienced politician and knows the condicting claims of individuals. Since, therefore, arbitration has been sucthat in this country there can be but two cessfully used to settle international questions. great leading parties-the same parties that have confronted each other since the days of Jefferson and Adams. Other parand no apology is needed for calling your atties being mere offshoots of these have tention to the suggestions made in the mes-sage of 1876. "Does it not seem practical to ap-point a court of arbitration, composed of three time and again been organized and have sometimes achieved local success, but have disappeared as suddenly as they sprang into existence. Mr. Hughes will once more see what he has several times seen heretofore in the political history of this country, and that is that a party based upon a single idea, like the old anti-masonic party, the late know-nothing party, and the present the constant changing relations of the great interests involved and the doubtfulness of segreenback party, is doomed to speedy diso" lution The history of parties always recuring a stable settlement with the proper portunities of revision according to these vary-ing conditions; but since labor has now orpeats itself.

In the State Senate, last week, Mr. New- Gor. Hartranft on the July Riots.

The most interesting portion of the Govjoint resolution proposing an amendment to the new constitution reducing the Legis-to the new constitution reducing the Legis-road riots of last July. After relating the lature to the old number, thirty-three Sena- story of the troubles the Governor thus re-

this joint resolution is adopted by the pres. Thus ended the great railway strike of 1877 in Peppsylvania, which resulted in violence. in Pennsylvania, which resulted in violence, murder and arson, which caused the deaths of over filty civilians and five soldiers, and the wounding and maining of a bundred or more. and the destruction of millions of dollars worth of property. While it is true that the workingmen who be-

gan it contemplated no such terrible results, it cannot be denied that the manner in which they cannot be denied that the unnaer in which they proceeded to enforce their demands, by stop-ping inland commerce and seizing the property of corporations and individuals and driving eitizens from their usual occupations, in defi-ance of law, made the breach through which the lawless elements of society poured to plun-der and destroy. By thus inconsiderately in-viting the co-operation of the crimical classes, labor did itself a great and grievous injury, and abor did itself a great and grievous injury, an it will be long before it can remove the sus-picton and distrust with which the people will view its strikes and organizations. Into the merits of the contest it is not necessary to go: whatever he the rights of labor, the duty of the Executive is imperative. In the me of 1876 were set forth the principles which gov ern the present administration in the discharge of this onerous duty, to which recent events have given additional emphasis: "No disobedihave given additional emphasis: "No disobedi-ence of regularly constituted authority will be p rmitted, whether on the part of individuals, corporations or combinations of men. No sense of wrong, however grievous, will or shall justify violence in seeking indemnity therefor. The rights of property must be respected, and no interference with its legitimate use will be tolerated. Every man must oc allowed to sell be compared by writing and big working. his own labor at his own price, and his working must not be interrupted, either by force or i timidation. For grievances, fancied or reredress must be sought in the manner the law provides, and no one must attempt to override its process. If citizens will recognize these principles as binding upon their consciences and actions, there can be no necessity for Ex-ecutive interference to preserve the peace, and it must be understood, once for all, that any violation of private rights, or resistance to publie officers when in the discharge of their duty will be summarily dealt with, and if the civit will be summarily dealt with, and if the civil authorities and the power of the county cannot maintain the supremacy of the law, then the whole power of the Commonwealth shall be employed, if necessary, to compel respect for authority.

of the Governor and the civil and military off cers of the Executive Department to testify before it. As I did not think it the time of place for an impartial investigation of the troubles, or concede the rights of the courts to command the attendance of a co-ordinate branch of the government. I refused to attend, and directed the civil and military officers to and directed the civil and miniary oncers to refuse also. The question was submitted to the Supreme Court, and its decision according with the views of the Department, all appear-ance of conflict between the Judiciary and Excentive was happily averted. Should the Leg-islature deem it expedient to investigate the subject, all information in the possession of the Governor or the Department, if any, in ad-dition to that contained in the Adjutant-Generai's report, and the appendix hereto, will be

Promptly given. Passing from these secondary matters to the broader and deeper lessons of the strike, while there is much to cause solicitude there is much, there is much to cause solicitude there is much, also, to awaken confidence in the flual solution of the problem. While capital heid labor in ignorance and bondage strikes were rare.-Their frequent occurrence is a proof that labor Legislature may form an intelligent esti-mate of public opinion in reference to it. So far as we have seen an expression by the papers of both parties, it has been very prenounced in favor of the amendment, THE leaders of the Greenback Labor party in this State, encouraged by the fifty-two thousand votes polled for its candidates at the recent election, are organizing for active and vigorous work during the ano

ilts are the inevitable

represented by corporations and the latter by

liscern the two roads that may eventually lead

far as laws will avail, to hasten the consum.na

If it is to be the interests of the Republic

the interests of the people that the conflicts between different classes should be brought to a close. As it is becoming the public opinion of the civilized world that the nations cannot

afford to submit their differences to the costly arbitrament of the sword, so it is becoming the

settled conviction that nothing can be gained by a war of classes to compensate for the loss caused by the disturbance of all industrial re-

ations, and the dangers threatened to in-

dividual independence and free institutions. And in many places the same idea is gaining

cround among the trading classes for adjusting

and even the petty disputes of individuals, why cannot the same peaceful agency be invoked

to adjust the relations of capital and labor? The subject, though important, is not new, but has floated in public discussion for some time,

of more of the judges of our courts, as many operators, and a like number of the represen-

tatives of the workingmen, to whom could be

referred the disputes arising between employer and employes, so that at least a full, fair and

impartial discussion could be had, and the pub-

ic coligntened upon the merits of the contro-versy; and, if there was no legal remedy, the

and disputes of capital and labor can be har-

-The monster seen in the Mississippi

the captain and crew of a towboat reap-

moniously adjusted.

arlous organizations. The attitude of the people towards these two

Governor Hartranft's Message.

Of this lengthy and well-written document, which was read in the Legislature is the father of twenty seven sons by one on Wednesday of last week, we publish wife the following synopsis as we find it in the Huntingdon Local News : The receipts of the year have been \$15,644,500,05, and the

Ance in the treasury of \$2,162,046,87. The of 800 miles. debt of the State unprovided for is \$18,852,-\$86,38. The receipts for the next fiscal has a common house cat, four years old, year are not believed to be equal to the de- that weighs twenty-three pounds. Next. mands of the general fund by \$933,925,50. The Governor does not recommend increased taxation to meet the deficiency, but built in 1775 to replace it by one of modern the diversion of the Sinking Fund, there being enough aggregate revenues to meet the demands of the Constitution for both

funds. He wisely urges that the Legislature from the safe. should draw a line between banks for saving and those of discount. One is a trust

ing should not be allowed to discount notes. The history and lessons of the July riots -Mr. James C. Flood, of Nevada, is a The history and lessons of the July riots occupy considerable space in the message. The historical part is a lucid statement of the inception, progress and close of the ing to more than \$6,000. riots in this Sta e. He holds that the lessons of the strike that labor is becoming more being made near Oil City, Pa. There is intelligent, and more nearly equal to capital a single iron rail on which saddle shaped than heretofore ; and hence capitalists must cars are to run, guided by wooden rails

treat labor right, if they would prosper. The attitude of the people towards the strikers shows that in all lawful resistance against organized oppression, the workmen ci izens. "In these facts," he says, "we can around the neck. discern the two roads that may eventually lead to the final settlement of the contest - for by bonds and cash in the sinking fund the diffusion of higher education among is \$13,352,386. Pittsburgh alone can see the workingmen, and the conviction, on the part of capital, that it has now to deal with an equal competitor, whose claims and rights, togetler with its own, must be sort, has been discovered at Waterbury, decided and adjusted by arbitra ion. In Conn. It is this teen feet deep and is fitted this contest, the plimary duty of the State up with a stove, chandelier, bunks and is to keep the peace, and, secondarily, so other household conveniences. far as laws will avail, to hasten the consum-

mation of the result. He insists that the stand against appreaticeships by the trades' union will make

the children of workmen mere drudges, unless the State shall see that they have an industrial education. "The great warfare of the nineteenth century is industrial warfare ; the struggle between great nations for supremacy in various industries, and for the control of the various markets." Says the Governor : "Pennsylvania has unrivaled resources, but unless she prepares for the competition, she must content herself with the production of raw materials, and her people become the hewers of wood and drawers of water for more highly cultivated communities. The means must be the diffusion of technical knowledge among the laboring classes ; securing the co-operation of the workingmen ; creating new industries and diversified interests, and tive employment open to all." The establishment of workshops in connection with industrial schools, is the remedy proposed.

Alluding to the powers and responsibilities of the civil authorities, the Governor makes the following good point: "The office of Sheriff was formerly one of dignity and power. It has degenerated, standing without change in new conditions, until its main duties are those of a jailor and auctioneer. Some means ought certainly to be

taken to clothe the office with its

News and Other Notings.

-Archibald Gordon, of Granville, N. C.

-Eighty-three murderers, all men, were banged in the United States in 1877. -A Texas dog left in Missouri found his disbursements \$12,482,453,19. leaving a bal- way back to his muster's house, a distance

-G. M. Peterson, of Burlington, Vt., -John H. Mason, of Grassy Lick, Montgomery county, has just torn down a barn pretensions.

-The office of the Eastern Express Company at Dexter, Maine, was entered Monday night, and four thousand dollars stolen

-Mr. Witten, a member of the Virginia House of Delegates from Tazewell county. and the other a business ; but banks of sav- is the father of sixteen children, including

generous man, He gave to various charitable institutions Christmas gifts amount-

-What is called a one legged railroad is lower down.

-Crockett county (Tenn.) Sentinel : W. F. Poston has a bog eighteen months old that measures six feet seven inches from have the sympathy and aid of their fellow- stem to stern and three feet six inches

> -The debt of Penneylvania unprovided that and go a couple of millions better. Philadelphia can quintuple it.

-A cave, supposed to be a tramps' re-

-A private letter received in Boston announces the death of Rev. Mr. Tracey, for forty years a missionary of the American board in India. He was born in Norwich, Conn., and was 72 years of age.

-Statistics for last month in various ago the citizens of Mendota were surprised parts of the country show that a green to learn that a married couple, who had Chris mas cut down the usual mortality apparently lived in peace and harmony in about twenty per cent. But epigrams Illinois, had been divorced in Kansas. The should never fool with mathematics.

-State Legislatures are now in session in Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, land, and there was another 160 acres ad-Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, joining not yet taken up. The pair were Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Nevada, New York, Obio and Pennsylvania.

-The Uniontown Express east on the Baltimore and Ohio road struck a woman named Jones on Monday evening, between have a fine farm of half a section. Moore's and Armstrong's stations, killing her instantly. She lived at Armstrong's and was thought to be intexica ed.

-The Richmond Whig says : Mrs. Elizthrowing the ways to honorable and lucra- abeth Bowyer, mother of Mr. Wm. Bowyer, has a young cow two years old last August that gave milk regularly for five months before it had a calf, giving about one-half a gallon at each milking.

-The last of the bodies buried in the Barclay street ruins, New York, has been recovered. There are no more bodies there ; all the facts show that eight were lost within the walls, and two persons were crushed to death on the sidewalk.

-The King of Spain is to be married in -The London Advertiser learns on



PRICELESS DISDUTT Sure Cure for Pile

A sure cure for the alcerated silles has n worst old chronic cases cars' standing. ter applying this was arm than good. Wf te tumore, allows the triv at night after getting warm a powitice, gives in prepared only for P. tid blivelelays of all adgreatest contribution to medicine matters not how long or events

suffering, you can be cured. Mr. Joseph M. 16 der Cievensuffered for years with litting files, tried remeds after t nenited physicians in Philader cintinti. tained a box of some four months ago, at pletely. I had a part of to a friend of mine who hall d TRICIATIS, AND REA LAST Springs, Arganess, he tree forms me that the Indian Ominant him of the Piles. It is car ably a covery, and should be need to ands who are now suffering

##:10.600 Reward #11 te path bra

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for every member to adopt is to buy a copy of the much coveted Digest, pay for it like a little man, and not compel the State to furnish it to him without money and without price.

B. S. JOH C D

THAT the Na ional Guard of this State, a very expensive institution to the taxpayers, is more ornamental than useful was abundautly demonstrated during the railroad stote last July, when the Governos, or those representing him, were constrained to call on the President for military assistance to quell the outbreak and preserve the peace. There are entirely too many officere and too few privates, as is shown by the report of the Adjutant General, who states that there are now in service 871 officers and 9,485 enlisted men, or one officer to every elecen privates. The whole organization, as it exists at present, is regarded by the people as a public nuisance and totally inefficient for the work expected from it in an emargency. Governor Hartranft, himself a military man, has no faith in it, and the Legislature should take it in hand and either reform it thoroughly or abolish it altogether.

LAST TUESDAY was the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. There was a time when the event was very generally celebrated throughout the country, but that day has passed by, and the brilliant schievement of the brave pioneers of the South-west, who, on the plains of Chalmetta, saved the "beauty and booty" of New Orleans from lust and pillage, is now unhonored and unsung. The conflict between tha British and American forces be-

like that on the field of Waterloo, or Gettysburg, where the destinies of nations are decided, but in many respects it was one of the most memorable engagements in the history of modern warfare. The comman--Not having seen a copy of the Phila-der-in-chief of the British army, Packen- delphia Commonwealth for a long time, we history of modern warfare. The commanbam, was an Irish nobleman, and his army was composed of men who had served under Wellington in Spain in his battles with the veterans of Napoleon's most trusted Marshals ; while, on the other hand, Jackson, the American general-in-chief, was the son of an Ulster county Irishman-a Tennessee lawyer-uneducated in military science.

though born to command, and his troops

NEWSPAPORIAL - The Columbia Herald s now under the exclusive management of our genial friend, W. Hayes Grier, his associate, R. B. Risk, having retired. The low New Orleans was not a great battle, Herald is a most excellent paper and an River above Memphis a few weeks ago by able advocate of the gennine principles of straightforward, honest Democracy, but peared the other day near island 95. This if it can be published without Risk it must be firmly established on an advance-paying basis.

monster's body was shaped like a snake's, his tail forked like a fish's and his bill formed like a pelican's. His bill was about supposed that it had ceased to be, but the six feet long, and a flowing black mane receipt of its issue of Saturday last restood out from his head, which was erected moved that impression Charles M. Leieight feet above the water, as he swam senring, Esq., who has been connected majestically down the stream. One twist with it ever since it was first established, is of his forked tail knocked off the steering now its sole proprietor. We always ad-mired the Commonwealth as a sound, reliaoar of the produce boat and sent the crew in terror to the hold. The ill starred craft ble Democratic paper, and have no doubt now lies moored at Vicksburg, deserted by that under its present able management it all the crew but one man, the others believe will be properly appreciated and sustained that the monster is lying in wait for this by the Democracy of Philadelphia.

not flesh-it was solid stone. The whole particular boat to sink it out of sight. -That old and unwavering sheet, the rest of the girl. The local physician in- body had petrified. In that condition be were raw, undisciplined militamen, princidog settled the difficulty. He went into Greensburg Argus, is now printed with sists that the mind of the child's mother the river, standing up to his neck in the has for a long time been engrossed with the pally from Kentucky and Tennessee. The -A local excitement and temporary panis carried if to North Carolina, and delivered new type, its size enlarged to the old form, water, and crouched down; the pig got on it to the aged father. Mr. Byers, who could were created at Wheeling, W. Va., on Sunsubject of ornamented hose, and that her victory was the most complete and decisive and its entire appearance greatly improved. his back, clasping his neck with the fore husband, being a man of moderate means, hardly doubt that his daughter had come day, by the discovery that the roof of St. of the war, and the battle was fought after No man is better or more favorably known to him asleep ! The news spread that Adethe treaty of peace had been signed at to the profession throughout the State Alphonsus's Catholic church, one of the legs. The dog then swam across, thus carwas unable to gratify her longing for red largest in the State, was on fire. The rying his chum over. Regularly every and white stripes. line's body had been "turned into a rock," than the veteran editor of the Argus, John Ghent, of which the commanding officers M. Laird, Esq., venerable in years and unmorning services were just over, and a morning the two would in this way go and great was the desire of everybody to -A young man named Geo. W. Creagh, large party had assembled to witness a across and forage around Tapuacharurn, had no information. It made straight the impeachable in integrity. He and his en nineteen years old, died in Pit math of its hero to the Presidency, and in terprising sons have our best wishes for the future prosperity of themselves and the couple told the priest to go on and the cer- would wait till his friend came down to be of a store which took fire and was consumhis double capacity of soldier and statesable and efficient Democratic journal which ferried over. The trnth of this story is ed. During the progress of the flames he man no man, save Washington himself. emony was completed. Pieces of the ceilthey publish. vouched for by several who watched the ing began falling, and a general stampede enjoys more of the respect and veneration arose from his bed and walked to the winmovements of the pair for several weeks. enaned, in which several persons were of the American people than Andrew Jackslightly injured. The fire was finally sub-ducd with a loss of about \$1,200, The church was fully meaned. -Ceder Keys, Fis., advertises a pig son. His name will live in history, and with four ease, five toes on one foot, one TRERE were 870 failures, involving over 800,000, in New York etty last year. as stated by his piretetas. live forever. reetten mers."

quences of increased intelligence and civilizaimportance and responsibilities." tion. These great corporations, from the char-neter of the enterprises, are of necessity, in most cases, monopolies. As such, the people have a right to demand that while the profits The geological survey, navigation of the

nest

board of public charities, receive passing mention, and a number of minor subjects

Lord and Lady Hicks.

His sons are asking for an inquisition of lunacy upon Mr. Thomas Lord, a millionaire of New York, because he, being 83 years of age, has gone before Cardinal Mc-Closkey with Mrs. Hicks, a dashing widow of forty, to be there united in matrimony's holy bonds. The petition of the sons alleges divers act of eccentricity and forgetfulness upon the part of the ancient Lord. which they would persuade us were acts of mne, and the conviction, on the part of capital, that it has now to deal with an equal competi-tor, whose claims and rights, together with his own, must be decided and adjusted by arbitralunacy; but manifestly the crowning aggravation was this marriage of a rich old man of 83 to a spendthrift widow of 40; an tion. In this contest the primary duly of the State is to keep the peace, and secondarily, so act most likely to seem, in the eyes of his sons and men, to be one of most indisput-The Governor also repeats bis suggestions of the sons. We sympathize with them in

the desire that they feel to say the flight of their father's million from them to Hicks. Bicks, 'tis said, had already secured, before the marriage and when she dwelt in high style in London, entertaining princes and potentates, \$300,000 of the aged Lord's money as a loan ; and three weeks ago, coming quietly home for more, has concluded to take the balance of Mr. Lord's money with Mr. Lord himself. If that is not cause for aggravation of mind to Mr. Lord's children, we know not what would be.

And still, with all our sympathy for the sons and daughters, so suddenly bereft of a fathers' love and money, we have an abundance left for the aucient man himself, who, at the advanced age of S3, chooses to fall in love and is cruelly told that it is an act of such insanity as to cause the law to step in to rob him of his bride and his cash ; as, between the boys and their dad, it would Ky., got drunk on New Year's day. They can be no dispute, since she gave herself or sold herself to him and a cardinal blessed the union. There may fairly be two opinions as to which was the crazy party to they are members. such a union, if either was. We refuse to

force of public opinion would constrain the parties whose claims were arbitrated, to do justice to those who were wronged. Any plan is surrounded with difficulties from 83. We know men of that age who are better men physically than those of balf their years. Several years ago in the mountains of southwest Virginia we came across a husband of 94 and a wife of 40, who had ganizations, and representatives by whom these organizations will be bound. It seems practic-able to devise some plan by which all relations around them several of their offspring, the youngest being four or five years old ; in

first marriage, some seventy years old ; and pearance and vigor of but threescore .-Lancaster Intelligencer.

time the frightful creature was seen by CURIOUS INSTANCE OF ANIMAL SAGACI-Ty .- A New Zealand paper vouches for the dollars. some of the crew of a produce boat. The truth of the following story : There is a dog at Taupo, and also a young pig, and these two afford a curious example of animal sagacity and confidence in the bona fides of each other. These two animals live at the native pa on the opposite side of Tapuacharuru, and the dog discovered some happy hunting grounds on the other side, and informed the pig. The pig, being only two months old, informed the dog that he could not swim across the river, which at that spot debouches from the lake, but that in time he hoped to share the adventures of his canine friend. The

liable authority that official information has been received in St. Petersburg that the 23d of January. The Princess Mercedes Chinese have massacred 15,000 men, women Ohio river, municipal commission, and and children at the Kashgarian town of Maras, committing most frightfal atrocities.

> -Kiron Carroll, a lawyer of Rome, N. Y., aged fifty years, dropped dead on Sat- given to a thousand of the poor of Madrid urday while on his way to the funeral of his brother, Hon. Geo K. Carroll, of Camden, N. Y., who dropped dead Wednesday. Their father and brother both dropped dead.

-Victor Emanuel, King of Italy, died on last Wednesday afternoon, in the 58th year of his age. The full name of the deceased, with all the titles attached, was about two yards long, though it was not that, but military emption, whatever that is, that caused his death.

-A telegram from Rome says Cardinal Manning has submitted to the College of Cardinals a proposal, that on the death of young wife of the accused was put on the Pius IX. the conclave assemble at Malta. stand to testify as to bis recent peculiar The Sacred College is divided in opinion conduct and oddities. The jury acquitted on the matter. The Italiau Cardinals are the accused on nineteeu indictments and indisposed to accept the proposal. convicted him on two-one for stealing a beefsteak and the other for walking off

-Probably the tallest man in the United State is Henry Thurston, a native of Missouri, now residing in Titus county, Texas, formerly a confederate soldier, who stands 7 feet 6 inches in his bare feet. Barnum offered him a large sum to join his exhibition, but he very modestly declined.

-Even dried acorns have their uses. Sparks from a defective flue set fire to some clothing in an upper room of a house in New Hampshire, when a lot of acorns or the floor were made by the heat to pop so loudly that the family heard the noise, and running up stairs extinguished the fire.

Mary's Roman Catholic church, Newark, called on a firm of carriage-makers in that city, on Friday, and banded them \$80, which one of his parishioners had admitted in the confessional to have stolen from them while in their employ several years 800

seem that the sire has the best right to the smashed the windows of their diving room money, and as to his title to his bride there and the glass of the pictures, tore down the curtains, killed two birds, broke a dog's leg, whipped a servant girl, Their case is to be considered by the church of which

hunters were loading up a team preparatory to starting for Wichita, when one of the men threw an ax into the wagon, which discharged a shot-gun loaded with buckshot. The charge entered his head, and he was killed instantly.

caught a live weasel at that place which the tip of its tail, which was black. About a year ago the same gentleman caught a similar one there which he disposed of for the snug little sum of fifteen

insurance officials has come. Two Presidents-Case and Lambert-of New York companies have just been sent to State's Prison for crookedness, and now a Connecticut Grand Jury has indicted the President, Secretary and General Manager of the Charter Oak for conspiracy to defraud the policy holders.

coffin just as he had seen it there years becently with but one leg, and that was cov- fore. The same features-almost the very ered alternately with red and white stripes. same expression. But what he saw was the latter being a brighter color than the

the Basilica of Atocha, at Madrid, on the FRAZIER, sole proprietor, Claveland will arrive at Madrid only one hour before DON'T NECLECT A COUG the ceremony. The fetes are to last five or Cold, when 25 ets. will buy a hot gler's Cough Syrup at any drag # days, during which time theatrical representations and buil-fights are to be providis pleasant as honey, and alwits day ed for the people free. A banquet is to be

-- The Ottawa Times says that some time

mystery is now explained. The husband

had homesteaded 160 acres of fine farming

joining not yet taken up. The pair were

divorced, the widow entered the vacant

quarter section, and established her claims

as the head of a family. When this was

done the pair were remarried, and now

Uniontown, Pa., who, like Nimrod of old,

is a mighty hunter, and keeps a pack of

fifteen hounds, captured an earless wild

hog in the mountains of Fayette county.

The animal not only has no anricular ap-

pendages, but has no orifice in the head

for the admission of sound, and is conse-

quently totally deaf. It also has but one

eye, which, however, is large enough for

two, being nearly two inches in diame er.

The animal will weigh about one hundred

pounds and is as ferocious as a bear. Mr.

Miller will send it to the Zoological Garden

to be distributed among the poor.

with sugar that belonged to somebody

else. He was sentenced to nine months'

Wheeling, W. Va., on Thur day night.

Henry Daub, a well-known citizen of that

her, and her band was sought in marriage

even before she was of marriageable age.

At last she was won by William Pinkney

Murray, whom she had known long and

Josiah Johnston, intending to return to

North Carolina, whence he had removed

with his brother-in-law, Mr. Murray, dis-

interred the body of Mrs. Murray for the

agine how amazed he was to find it in the

purpose of carrying it back with him. Im-

-A singular case of suicide occurred at

in Philadelphia.

imprisonment.

-A few days since Mr. W. Miller, of

TO CONSUSPINIS. # Tir. Fraster's Cough Syrap, and in the Prado, and there are to be historizal tion with Dr. Frazier's Root Hilton W. CONSCRIPTION STANDARD STERN LITY OF 8 processions in the Plaza de Toros, the no.

bles of Spain being invited to take part in l'eveland. cavalcades. All children born on the 23d DR. FRANKER,-Dent St. are to be dowered, and 50,000 pesetas are to softering 1 minabity to write I was sorely afficited with stuff, with every sympto--In Lancaster, last week, William A. consumptive. 1 tried different cores without finding relief; lais-Hambright, a young school teacher, who had only been married last May, was tried our most profile last one of whom proncunced i on twenty-one indictments for stealing from atorned mothed 1 hotels, market wagons, stores and houses monutes. Abunithistin a variety of goods, such as shoes, blankets, thi success. I commenced liking connection with your Bos once benefited, and sf er at vests, pantaloons, sugar and beefsteak.-The defence was "kleptomania," and the two months I find my self entir

Mr Dunn nenin writes an 4. 157 .- Dr. Fragler, Deat Sir: 1 an your medicines in restrongly than ever fact that it is now nearly one year an red. My lunge are toolay since at

baving no return of the cherase. **13.** The above Menderne speak for the DR. G.W. FRAZIER, Proprietor Card For sale by all Progrists.

The Weekly Dispat

place, who was once very wealthy, shot One of the Choicest, Cheapest and himself through the heart. He had been Family Newspapers Published married twice, and had quarrelled with his second wife, who turned him out of the EVERYBODY SHOULD READ house and is said to have commenced leading a dissolute life. Late Thursday after-The Pittsburg Workir Duraton noon he showed a revolver to a friend and

said he intended to kill himself on his first Daily, is printed from one of the choicest Fr 11 is a large follow sheet wife's grave. As he could not be found next morning, the friend went out to Mount important news of the and condensed and of Indeed, as a newspap Calvary Cemetery, and there upon his wife's grave, covered with a foot of spow, any similar p care with whi his body was found, and beside it lay the revolver with which he had shot himself. This is the third suicide among the Germans in Wheeling within three weeks.

DISPATCH are D ways full and ? Weekly Disparch \$1 (M), with H DODU

C. Byers, fifteen miles south of that place, Address

> Manhood : How Lost, How Just pt Just publish Dr. this of S

well. Soon the nuptials were celebrated and the b ide and bridegroom set out in Seminal Wenkness, MPATENCY, Mental search of a new country, following the setting sun to the Mississippi valley. There EPHARTSY and FITS. they located and began the journey of life r sexual extravagant together in real earnest. Prosperity and #Price, in a sealed The celebraled at happiness came to them, until at an unexpected moment death cut down Mrs. Mur-

practice, that the antfabuse may be ray in the very prime of life. The discongerous use of inter of the knife; poin solate widower, consigning the body of his simple, certain and el every sufferer, no mar sought "surcease of sorrow" in the wilds e, may cure himsel of Texas. A few years afterward Dr.

> youth and every ma Sent, under seni, i dress post paid, on t age stamps. AULVERNELL

Post Office Box 4586.

PENTE Rella



RHEUMATIC COMPO see it. Attempts were made, it is said, to returning to the pa at night, and if the dog Friday night, through sheer fright. He had theman had carefully concealed it, but they marriage, when the smoke was seen isso-ing from the ceiling. The plucky brids was ready to go home before the pig, he been sick two days in a room in the rear were unsuccessful. All through the war it was guarded by the father as the most sacred trust, but few persons being allowed to see it. About six years ago, however, dow-looking out he saw the fire, which it was quietly buried in the Methodist comecompletely unnerved him and he died four tery at Heudersonville, where, it is hoped, ST SOLD BY ALL hours afterward from the effects of fright, it will be permitted to rest until the "resur-10 Batra Fine Mistel Cards, with post pate. E. JON KS & CO.

-Rev. Father Mauzer, pastor of St.

-A lawyer and his wife in Lafavette,

-A singular accident occurred on Satbelieve that Lord was, just because he was chell C:eek, Kan., recently. A party of

-Mr. George Llewellyn, of Chester the vicinity dwelt a son of the patriarch's Springs, Chester county, a few days since the man of unety-four years had the ap- was entirely white, with the exception of

-The day of reckoning for swindling life deceased wife to the dust, as he supposed,

-A girl baby was born in Nebraska re-

I BE TENCIST IN fournal repiete cial, Financial a A CURIOUS STORY FROM NORTH CAROLI-NA .- It is a fact not generally known that

the cemetery of the Methodist church in Hendersonville, N. C., contains a petrified buman body. About the year 1836 Miss ica, its size an t gives considered, Adeline Byers lived with her father, Francis

Publishers Dally and Werk Firth ave in Henderson county. She was a bright, sweet girl, much beloved by all who knew

liments to Marriage.

learly demonstrates

cally. OF This Essay should