

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA., Friday Morning, - - Sept. 14, 1877.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE: JOHN TRUNKEY, of Venango County. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: WM. P. SCHELL, of Bedford County. FOR STATE TREASURER: AMOS C. NOYES, of Clinton County.

Democratic County Ticket.

PROTHONOTARY: CHAS. F. O'DONNELL, of Loretto Bor. DISTRICT ATTORNEY: W. HORACE ROSE, of Johnstown. POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: JACOB KIRKPATRICK, of Chest Twp. CLERK: JAMES MORELAND, of Wilmore Bor.

Democratic State Committee.

- WILLIAM McLELLAN, Chairman. SENATORIAL DISTRICTS: 1. Chas. L. Leisinger, 25. Wm. H. Ham. 2. John Murray, 26. H. P. Davis. 3. Isaac S. Cassin, 27. W. F. Bay Stewart. 4. Charles W. Keith, 28. J. S. Newell. 5. W. A. Dale, 29. Charles F. King. 6. James A. Larkin, 30. H. C. King. 7. Charles H. Joyce, 31. W. A. H. Brown. 8. D. H. McDermick, 32. M. A. Emick. 9. Thos. J. Johnson, 33. J. C. King. 10. J. H. Murphy, 34. Patrick Rodgers. 11. Garrett H. Stevens, 35. Robt. A. McDonald. 12. James Tracy, 36. H. C. Smith. 13. E. A. Steinhorn, 37. Jacob Truhy. 14. W. George Grier, 38. James C. Clark. 15. Robt. L. Murray, 39. Isaac S. Cassin. 16. H. H. Grier, 40. John Martin. 17. George T. Gross, 41. John Martin. 18. Henry C. Smith, 42. Wm. Pitt Debell. 19. Thos. C. Franks, 43. James G. Widom. 20. Robt. Knapp, 44. John Coy. 21. Thos. C. Franks, 45. James G. Widom. 22. Joseph K. Robert, 46. George W. Miller. 23. A. E. Lewis, 47. F. B. Finckhert. 24. John A. Strayer, 48. G. M. Allen. 25. Wm. J. Buckwalter, 49. G. M. Allen. 26. Walter Struwick, 50. C. M. Donoh.

A STATE LABOR convention met at Harrisburg on Monday last, adopted a platform, and nominated the following ticket: Judge of the Supreme Court, Judge Wm. Elwell, of Columbia county; Auditor General, John M. Davis, of Pittsburgh; State Treasurer, James L. Wright, of Philadelphia. About 35 delegates were present, representing that many different labor organizations in the State.

The election in California on last Wednesday week resulted in a complete Democratic victory. The Legislature will contain a Democratic majority on joint ballot at about 40, thus securing a United States Senator in place of Sargent, Republican. What wonderful vitality the Democratic party possesses, and what a grand future it holds in its hands, is shown by the fact that the "Old Guard" of Napoleon, it never surrenders, and although fraudulently cheated out of its President, it returns to the contest with renewed strength and determined purpose.

MR. HAYES will soon rival Grant as a Presidential traveller. He left Washington yesterday week for Ohio, accompanied by Postmaster General Key, the "impenitent sinner," and Mr. Deves, the Attorney General. On Friday they gave an exhibition at Marietta, in that State, where a soldiers' reunion was in progress, and each repeated to the crowd that same old, thread-bare speech about one constitution, one flag and one destiny. The Ohio election will occur in less than four weeks, but of course Mr. Hayes does not visit that State to violate his own circular against office-holders interfering in election campaigns. The trip will be extended to Louisville, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, and the valley of Virginia. We imagine that the addresses which Mr. Key will deliver when he stands upon his native bench will differ materially from his recent discreditable efforts in that line in Vermont and New Hampshire. Unlike Grant, who always carried a general assortment of railroad passes about him, Hayes refuses to dead head his way over the roads, but pays for his ticket like the generality of travellers and for doing so is warmly to be commended.

SINCE CAMERON'S State convention had not the courage the platform which it adopted, and which we publish in full in another column, either to approve or condemn the civil service policy of Mr. Hayes, nor had it any opinion to express on the important question of Congress voting enormous subsidies to railroad corporations. Of course the Cameron plan, which has monopolized the government patronage in this State, is hostile to Hayes' circular prohibiting office-holders from personally interfering in election campaigns, and the convention rebuked Mr. Hayes by treating his boasted civil service reform with studied contempt. The subsidy question, however, is one that promises to occupy a prominent place at the coming session of Congress, and it is therefore most remarkable that the convention was afraid to show its hand on the subject, though it was not afraid to damn the President's Southern policy with feint praise. This Southern policy, about which so much has been said and written, and to which the Democratic party was pledged long before Hayes was ever thought of as a Presidential candidate, consisted simply in the withdrawal of the Federal troops from the Southern States in which they had been quartered by Grant, thereby leaving the people free and untrampled in the management of their own affairs. They were removed by Mr. Hayes from South Carolina and Louisiana, where they had only been used to prop up the tottering governments of Chamberlain and Packard. The wisdom of the policy has been fully vindicated in its results, and the country approves it. It is an accomplished fact and the Republican military method of governing the Southern States can never be restored. It is therefore a matter of supreme indifference what may be said about it by a Republican convention in this or any other State. The policy will stand in defiance both of Juke's praise or upon denunciation.

Nathaniel Horne.

Prior to the last Democratic county convention the gentleman whose name heads this article had never sought a nomination for the office of Prothonotary. The object of his ambition had been a seat in the Legislature, for which he was a candidate before the county convention in 1872, and also before every subsequent convention up to and including that of 1876. He was well qualified for the position, and was always, except in 1873, generously supported by the Democracy of the northern section of the county. Although unsuccessful in securing a nomination from either of the four conventions before which he was a candidate, his failure was not due to any special objection at any time urged against him, but was brought about by the same misfortune that has overtaken many others in the past, and will continue to do in the future—want of votes in the convention. That is "the devil's rock" in the sea of Democratic politics in this county against which the banks of scores of hopeful office-seekers, oneself among the number, have been lately dashed to pieces. Mr. Horne, as an honorable party man, was under both an express and implied promise to submit to the decision of the convention. If it were not so, and had not been so understood by every member of that body, he would not have received a single vote. Confiding, however, in his sincerity as a Democrat he received the second highest number of votes, which was a marked compliment paid to him in his first effort to reach the Prothonotary's office. Others quite as competent as himself, were distinguished in the race, but they have offered no word of complaint, much less are they engaged in the dishonorable work of party disorganization. What motive then impelled, or what outside influence induced, Mr. Horne to stultify his past political record and forfeit the confidence of the Democracy of the county by becoming an independent candidate for Prothonotary? Did he expect for a moment that he would stand the ghost of a chance of being elected if the Republican party put a candidate in the field? To say that he did would be to charge him with political insanity, an imputation which would promptly resent. He knew perfectly well, as every other man knew, that the only frail hope of his election rested, first, on the refusal of the Republican vote of the county. All this is so plain that he who runs may read, and the one thought uppermost in the mind of Mr. Horne at the time he took his fatal leap into the unknown region of political independence, was that both these contingencies, and especially the first, could be brought about. He was fortified in this delusion by the advice and promised aid of certain Republicans in Johnstown who were willing enough to a tempo, but had not the ability to control, Republican opinion in the county. Mr. Horne's theory was exploded last week by the Republicans making a nomination of their own, which suspends him between the nominee of each party just as Mahomet's coffin is said to have been suspended between heaven and earth. A Republican nomination was the very thing Mr. Horne neither wanted nor expected, but as he has made his own political bed he must content to lie in it. Being now utterly without hope of election, his future continuance in the field will strip him of his independent guise and show that his sole motive now is personal hostility to Charles F. O'Donnell. If there is one Democrat in Cambria county who, more than any other, ought to be the warm supporter of Mr. O'Donnell, it is Nathaniel Horne. In 1872, when he was before the county convention as a candidate for Assembly, and when he sorely stood in need of friends, he repeatedly and openly declared after its adjournment that Mr. O'Donnell, who was one of the delegates from Loretto, had proven himself to be his true and steadfast friend, and that he would never forget his devotion to him in that convention. Five years have passed away, during all of which time Charles O'Donnell worked for Mr. Horne's nomination, and his reward is an ungrateful effort by the latter to defeat him. Mr. Horne will learn that the Democracy of the county are not in the humor to be seduced from their allegiance to party organization, and that they will stand at the back of Charles O'Donnell because he was honorably and fairly nominated and because he is both competent and deserving.

In May last, Crazy Horse, the noted Sioux warrior, under the advice of Spotted Tail, went to Camp Robinson, Nebraska, and surrendered himself and his band to the commanding officer of the post. He and his followers were then placed on a part of Red Cloud reservation. Becoming troublesome, he was arrested and brought to Camp Robinson, and in attempting to escape received a bayonet wound from one of the men guarding him, from the effects of which he died on last Wednesday week. What effect his death and the cause of it will have on the numerous bands of reservation Indians remains to be seen. The affair is regarded at Washington as very unfortunate. Crazy Horse was only thirty-five years old, and in ability and influence was second only to Sitting Bull, with whom he was acting at the massacre of Custer and his ill-fated party. It is very certain that when Sitting Bull learns the manner of the death of his former trusted friend, it will not act as an incentive to induce him to surrender to the army, but will only now on its way to interview him in British Columbia, for the purpose of securing his return across the boundary line, not as "a big Indian," but as a prisoner of war.

WITH its issue of Saturday week the Lancaster Intelligencer entered on the fourteenth year of its publication as a daily newspaper. The Intelligencer is a fearless, reliable, thorough-going Democratic journal, and is edited with an ability and spirit which places it in the front rank of American journalism. We are glad to know that its merits as a live newspaper are properly appreciated, and that it is meeting with success it so well deserves. Long may it live and prosper.

Republican Platform.

The following series of resolutions adopted by the late Republican State convention were prepared by a few party leaders at Senator Cameron's residence, in Harrisburg, on the night preceding the meeting of the convention, and are more remarkable for what they do not contain than for anything they promulgate. Gov. Hartranft demanded a square endorsement of Hayes' Southern policy and civil service reform, but was overruled by the majority. The platform as it contains some things that are sensible, but a great deal more that is utterly senseless. Here it is: 1. While we recognize and respect the differences of opinion existing among us as to the course pursued by President Hayes towards the South, we do not believe that the present policy is wise, and we respectfully request the President to modify his policy, and to issue a proclamation to the effect that he will support the equal rights of all men in every section of the country, and to the effect that he will support the principles of the platform upon which he was elected. 2. The electoral commission having been created at the urgent solicitation of the Democratic party, and the Democratic party being in the majority in both houses of Congress that party should not acquiesce in the appointment of that party upon the august tribunal of its creation, because its decisions would be subject to the expectations of official patronage. Such assaults, so far as they seek to impair the confidence of the people in the President, and his high office, are equally childish and foolish, but may become extremely injurious to the country, and we respectfully request the President to issue a proclamation to the effect that he will support the decisions of the electoral commission, and to the effect that he will support the principles of the platform upon which he was elected. 3. The national and state legislatures to assist the reform of the present system of taxation, and to provide for the equalization of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, keeping both in circulation. 4. That the Republican party, in passing the act to add to the public lands, and to create a market for its surplus products and manufactures, should have provided for the equalization of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, and that the act should have provided for the equalization of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, and that the act should have provided for the equalization of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar. 5. That the administration of Governor Hartranft calls for our warmest approbation. He has endeavored to do for the people of this Commonwealth, and has amply justified the confidence placed in him by the people. He has discharged his duties with integrity and ability, and has shown himself to be a man of high character and high ability. We therefore support his re-election to the office of Governor of this Commonwealth. 6. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in its present position, is unworthy of the confidence of the people, and that it should be expelled from the Democratic party of this Commonwealth. 7. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in its present position, is unworthy of the confidence of the people, and that it should be expelled from the Democratic party of this Commonwealth. 8. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in its present position, is unworthy of the confidence of the people, and that it should be expelled from the Democratic party of this Commonwealth. 9. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in its present position, is unworthy of the confidence of the people, and that it should be expelled from the Democratic party of this Commonwealth. 10. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in its present position, is unworthy of the confidence of the people, and that it should be expelled from the Democratic party of this Commonwealth.

A LESSON FOR PASSMORE.—Out in Missouri the claim of a lightning rod man who has seen the evil of his way, and reformed. This statement should be taken with caution on account of its evident improbability. But rather than create any unpleasantness with Missouri people, perhaps it is well to accept the extraordinary assertion of a fellow-countryman, who has seen the evil of his way, and reformed. This statement should be taken with caution on account of its evident improbability. But rather than create any unpleasantness with Missouri people, perhaps it is well to accept the extraordinary assertion of a fellow-countryman, who has seen the evil of his way, and reformed. This statement should be taken with caution on account of its evident improbability. But rather than create any unpleasantness with Missouri people, perhaps it is well to accept the extraordinary assertion of a fellow-countryman, who has seen the evil of his way, and reformed. 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