HE CAMBRIA FREMAN

EGENSBURG, PA., Friday Morning, - - Feb. 23, 1877.

DAN VOORRERS, of Indiana, the brilliant Democratic orator, well says that "the Republicans, having stolen everything they e sald lay their hands on, have now stolen the Presidency"-the last and biggest steal of all.

Tue election for Mayor in Philadelphia, · on Tuesday, resulted in the re-election of Stokly by a majority of 2.800. Caven, his opponent, is, like Stokly, a R.p. phlican, but an enemy of the city ring, and as a e assequence was endorsed by the Demociats. In Pittsburgh, Liddell, Dem., was elected Mayor over Humphreys, Rep., by 1 200, as were also Kilgore, Ind. Rep., for City Treasurer, and McCarthy, Independent, for Comtroller, by large majorities. All this means the perfect crushing out of the corrupt Pittsburgh ring.

THE present Republican Legislature of this State has been in session over seven weeks, and so far as heard from has not passed and sent to the Governor a single bill for his approval. This is not the legislative entertainment to which the people of the State were invited by that party during the campaign of last fall, but, on the contrary, looks like anything else than retrenchment in the annually increasing expenses of the Legislature; and yet it proposes to return to Harrisburg next January and go through the same process of doing just nothing at all, after an infinite amount of talking. A great Swedish chancellor said to his son, who was about to enter upon a tour through Europe, "Go forth, my son, and see with what little wisdom the world is governed."

DUNCAN F. KENNER, one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of New Orleans, was examined last week be fore the Congressional committee at Washington, in reference to an offer made to him last November by Wells, of the Lon isiana Returning Board, to sell the vote of that State to the Democrats. We present the following extract from Mr. Kenner's seoundrel, J. Madison Wells: About November 30th another meeting

took place, and Wells asked what I expected him to do. I replied that all that was wanted was a fair count of all the votes cast. Wells answered that he could not do that; that he must throw out some parishes; but that he could leave enough votes in to elect Nicholls. He said he \$200,000 in greenbacks. I replied that I had not the money. This ended the interview, and I did not see Wells again until after the promulgation of the vote. Some four or five days after the promulgation I met Wells and some other gentlemen at Red river steamboat landing, and asked Wells whether he was going home. Wells replied that he was going the following week. In talking I expressed astonishment and regret at Wells' course. Wells turned, and looking me full in the face, said, "What could I do? You had no money. I said I hoped that Wells had not trusted any promises from Keliogg or Packard, but had made himself safe. To which Wells replied, "You bet," or words to that

Ir President Hayes, for by that title we may now style him, has any gratitude in his breast, he will see to it as one of his very first official acts that the four immortal members of the Louisiana Returning Board are amply rewarded for the great and unequaled service they have rendered in clevating him to the chief executive office of the Union by the most infamous frauds ever perpetrated in this country. Wells deserves aspecial and prominent recognition, and as it is said that the opportunities for plunder are much greater in the Interior Department than in any other at Washington, Hayes ought to appoint him the successor of that pure and unselfish statesman, Zach Chandler. Anderson, who was a rebel General, would make an admirable Secretary of War of the radical stripe, and in that position he could successfully run all the post-traderships in the manner peccliar to Babesek. Cassanave should be appointed Collector of the Port of New Orleans, while the least that ought to be done for Kenner would be to confer upon him the position now held by Wells, that of Surveyor of the same port. By all means let these four worthies be fully rewarded, for without their "aid and comfort" Hayes would never have attrined to the unenviabe position of the first Fraudulent President of the United States.

It was true, as we stated in our paper last Friday, that the annual joint resolution swindle providing for the purchase of a copy of Purdon's Digest for each member of the two branches of the Legislature had men defeated in the House on the previous Tuesday, but it is equally true that on the very next day a motion was made to reconsider the vote, which was agreed to, and on the final passage of the bill the yeas were 118 and the mays 69. This shows that in the matter of legislation at Harrisburg, some things can be done as well as others," to use Sam. Patch's homely saying. The proposed steal is an outrage and totally inexcusable, and ought to be sternly esented by the constituents of every member who voted for it. Of course we cannot even guess what was the inspiring cause of this sadden and most astonishing change front on the part of the House. If it but that they act upon their knowledge. was the right thing, and who will gainsay it, to defeat the plandering scheme on Tuesday, it was worse than a crime to resurrect it on Wednesday and sanction it by a vote of almost two to one. If this Digest is to be furnished to each member, ocra's in Congress, who are now sore nnit will cost the State over 3,000—by no der their disappointment. The Bank of that city, was shot in the head the stove, causing an explosion, demolishing the house and blowing the woman into it will cost the State over 3,000-by no der their disappointment, shall do any named Kate Noonan. Sidle was a young means an inconsiderable item. It is not the thing as a party to induce factions or business of the State to make a present of tion to the decisions of the commission this or any other book to members of the they will make a dire mistake. The or-Legislature, but it is their business, if they der, and peace, and exemption from fac- then deserted her. The shooting occurred out of their number salary. We hope the stitution of the commission should be and was witnessed by several persons. on fire, followed by tables, chairs and other number of the measure maintained in good faith, even though the The woman was immediately arrested and er household utensils. Of course the house dered to the parties in the capitol base, with those of the deceased. The most when it comes before it, and thus earn the majority of the commission have abdicated betrays no remove for the deed. Sidle was totally ruined and taking fire burned; ment, who are suffering for doing that generally accepted theory seems to be that gratitude of the people, , their duty."

The Crowning Infamy.

The unparalleled found of Wells and his three confederates on the Louisiana Returning Board, in disfranchising nine thousand legal Tilden voters at the last Presidential election in that State, was ratified on Friday last by the packed Elec. toral Commission of fifteen, elected or chosen, as was supposed, to ascertain the true and honest vote of the people at the last November election. On that day the Commission formally decided that the eight votes of Louisiana should be cast for Hayes and Wheeler. This conclusion was reached by the same party vote of eight to seven which consigned the vote of Florida to the Republican column. But this decision of the Commission in the Louisiana case is even more sweeping than that rendered in the Florida contest, for it not only excludes all evidence of the villainies of the Returning Board, and refuses to go behind them, but declares that the Board was legally constituted under the laws of that State, and even decided not to allow evidence or inquiry into the eligibility of any of the Hayes' electors. To say that this decision has shocked the whole country and utterly astounded the best men of both parties is only to express what has been made manifest in every quarter.

When the Florida case was before the Commission, Judge Bradley, one of the three Republican Justices of the Supreme Court, voted, and by his casting vote decided, that the tribunal would receive evidence as to the eligibility of Humphreys, one of the Haves electors in that State. After an investigation into the matter, it as ruled, correctly as we believe, that Humphreys was not disqualified. But when it was offered before the Commission last Friday, by the counsel of the Democrats, to show by clear and convincing testimony that two of the Louisiana Hayos electors, Brewster and Levisce, were not eligible under the well known provision of the constitution, this same Judge Bradley went back on his record in the case of Humphreys and by his vote decided that no evidence whatever should be received in regard to the Louisiana electors. This decision makes Hayes the next President of the United States in bold and unblushing defiance of the overwhelming vote of the American people. We will not speak of Oregon, as Bradley will fully meet the testimony relative to the base and corrupt case of Watts, the admitted ineligible proposition made to him by that notorious | elector from that State and will be true to his partisan and back-handed vote, by which be sanctified the Louisiana fraud. If Bradley could swallow, as he did, the Louisiana Returning Board, his judicial stomach will not guln at Watts of Oregon. The count of the electoral vote after disposing of Louisiana will, as we have said, cheat the people out of Tilden, their choice for President, and inaugurate Hayes.

Is there no remedy for this flagran wrong? We say there is none, and that the decision is final and conclusive of the whole question. Such is the action of the commission virtually appointed by Democratic votes in both branches of Congress, houestly as they thought at the time, but which has proven to be vain, merely keeping the promise to the ear only to oreak it to the hope. This is the end, and all that we need say on the subject for the present at least. It is enough, as our readers, without expecting us to go into further details, will to their sorrow and amazement fully understand.

THE Philadelphia Ledger, an independent paper of the strictest sect and most unquestionable reputation for ability and fairness, gives expression to its sentiments in a long editorial in regard to the action of the electoral tribunal which cannot fail to strike every honest mind as a true pic ture that is sad indeed to contemplate. We are only sorry that want of space forbids the reproduction of the entire article, but the following extract, which is the concluding portion of the editorial, will serve to show the drift of the Ledger's sound reas oning on this most stupendous iniquity:

"This tribunal was, from the outset,

trusted with the patriotic hopes and hon-

red with the fullest confidence of three-

fourths of the people of the United States, in the belief that the solemn circumstances attending the necessity and the act that brought it into being, would cause all its members (with possibly three exceptions) to rise above all party considerations in the discharge of their momentous duty. In the light of this antecedent hope and confidence, and in view of the votes written on the record of the commission, it is pitiable to observe that every important question thus far submitted to the commission has divided the commissioners, eight to seven, on strict party lines, accordingly as the decision would help the case of Governor Hayes, or hurt the case of Governor Tilden. It was not believed by fairminded, intelligent men that such a division could come about. The outside adherents of each party mutually charge this as a discredit on the opposing members of the commission. The zealons Democrats reproach the Republican commissioners, and the zealous Republicans retort by pointing to the partisan votes of the seven Democrats on the commission. This is about what might be expected from that kind of discussion. But that which will live in history and in the minds of the vast majority of the public is this: that the seven voted to look into the evidence, voted to take testimony, and voted to let in light. so as to get at the truth; and that the eight voted all the time to turn away from evidence, to shut out the light, and so to close the door upon all efforts to find the truth. The seven voted in a way to promote the great object for which the commission was created; the eight voted in a way to make the commission utterly useless for the principal purpose for which it has any reason for being in existence at all, The senator, the judge, the presidential aspirant, the party that supposes the eyes of the American people can be clossed to this vital aspect of the matter is making a signal and perilous mistake. The American people know what is honorable, fair, manly and just; and their ultimate decisions always show that they not only know,

The single good influence resulting from the act creating the commission, is that the process of counting the vote and arriving at a result has been orderly and in pursuance of statute law; instead of turbulent, lawless and anarchical, as it threatened at one time to be. If the DemOur Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19, 1877. IT PASSES SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE. THE NATIONAL RETURNING BOARD,

On all sides is heard the expression of that righteons indignation at the action of the Electoral Tribunal which animates the breasts of all not blinded by partisan bigotry. Even the extreme men of the Radical party, while gloating over their wicked riumph, evince some shame for the manner in which it was won, and while they are willing to accept the fruits of the work of the Tribunal, they do not undertake on any principle of justice or equity to defend the action or motives of the men by whom that work was wrought. Hours before the vote was taken in the Tribunal, the devil-datefaced Morton had telegraphed to his pimps at home that the vote would be \$ to 7. The most bitter disappointment at the action of the Tribunal is exhibited by those who supported the electoral bill in good faith and who builded, blindly as it is now seen, on the supposed non partisan attributes of the Supreme Court Justices, more particularly Bradley. Both in the House and Senate, on Saturday, little else was discussed, and whilst there were unsparing words of condemnation the majority were of the opinion that nothing in the way of dilatory measures to defeat the conspiracy should be resorted to.

THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS. It was agreed that the understanding as to the true intent and meaning of the electoral bill had been most shamefully violated, and it was concluded that the country should be made acquainted with all the facts bearing on that point. The almost unanimous sentiment was that the decision of the Tribunal should be acquiesced in, but at the same time its enormity should be held up and exposed to the public gaze without ceasing, day after day, and that the conduct of the Supreme Court Judges should be made most prominent. The joint Democratic caucus was not largely attended, at least seventy-five Senators and Members not being present. Among those who stayed away were a number who are disposed to exert the power possessed by the Democrats to prevent any declaration as to Hayes's election, and who averred in advance that they did not intend to be bound by any caucus decision. Some of them have prepared strong denunciatory resolutions on the action of the Tribunal which they are determined to offer. A motion made to break up summarily the further count of the electoral vote received a strong support. There was entire meanimity at the damning treachery and deception which had been practiced. The Democratic Senators and Members think now that the time has come for the members of the committee which framed the electoral bill to state publicly the assurances as to the reception of testimony which were given by the Republican members of the committee, and which assurances have been so audaciously violated. Had it not been for these assurances the electoral bill never could have passed the House.

THE OREGON CASE will bring the proceedings of the joint convention to another stop and will give the majority of the Electoral Tribunal another chance for a partisan decision, which of course will be heartily embraced by the posed to sale at any time. Judas Iscariots of the Tribunal. The Democratic counsel intend to bring all Oregon case, although now perfectly aware of the fact that they might as well scream themselves hoarse at the chairs on which the imaginary embodiments of justice sit. The Republican counsel will of course go square back on their position in the Florida and Louisiana cases, but such a little matter as that cannot be expected to trouble them or to have any effect on their partisan friends who constitute the majority of the Tribunal.

SOUTH CAROLINA. It is not improbable that when the vote of this State is called in the joint convention an objection will be made, and it will also be referred to the Electoral Tribunal, as there are two sets of returns, which will the fate of its unfortunate predecessors.

It is somewhat reported that the President will shortly issue his proclamation recognizing the Packard government in Louisiana, basing his action on the decision of the Tribunal awarding the vote of that State to Haves. It is very certain, should he do so, his decision will not be acquiesced in. The people of Louisiana are determined to have no more carpet-bag government. If they cannot have that which a large majority of the people elected they prefer and will have a military government. Packard's authority will be resisted by force, "come weal or come woe."

DIVIDED ON THE PRACE QUESTON. The vote by which the Democratic caucus passed the resolution to go on with the electoral count is considerably less than a majority of that party, and the fact is adverted to by the Democrats who opposed the resolution as one reason why the decision of the cancus should not be respected.

PRO-TEM FERRY says he has no alternative under the electoral bill but to submit to the Tribunal the cases of both the South Carolina and O:egon votes, whether objections are made to them or not.

MR. HEWITT will attack Mr. Hoar for voting in the Tribunal in direct opposition to the views he expressed as a member of the committee which framed the electoral bill. He and others who have heretofore been considered as the moderate men are now among the most violent. Mr. Hewitt also applied some very forcible language to Mr. Baker, of Indiana. It is said that before the final act in the Hayes conspiracy is consumated, the Democrats will issue an address to the country setting forth in scathing review all the details by which the people are to be cheated of their choice.

BISHOP WILMAN.

in his recent interview with the President. assured Grant that the recognition of the Nicholls' government by him was the only way possible to secure future peace in Louisiana, and that the people could not be brought to stand the carpet-bag government of Packard. The President informed the Bishop that he did not feel called upon to do anything as yet, that the public mind was at present in too great a state of excitement, and he should wait future developments. He gave the Bishop a personal letter to Mr. Hayes, whereupon the Bishop immediately left for Columbus to consult with Hayes upon the situation in Louisiana. This looks as if Grant intended to leave the settlement of affairs in the Southern States to his successor, not withstanding the rumor alluded to above.

-At Minneapolis, Minn., last Friday evening, about 6:30 o'clock, Wm. H. Sidle, assistant cashier of the First National nan highly connected, and the affair credied soon after 12 o'clock next morning.

Another Stay Law.

The Harrisburg correspondent of Philadelphia Bulletin, writing under date of Feb. 16th, says that the House was occapied at its afternoon session the day previous in the consideration of another stay bill, which has passed second reading after a thorough discussion of its essential provisions. No formidable opposition was developed to the measure, but its principal supporters have a fear that it may share the same fate as its predecessor, which passed second reading by a large mejority, but was signally defeated when it came to

be finally considered. Fellowing is a sy-

popsis of the bill as reported; The act provides that in all cases where lands, tenements, or hereditaments have been or hereafter shall be levied on by virtue of any writs, and an inquest of twelve men summoned by the Sheriff or Coronor of any county shall find that the suits, issues, and profits of such property are not sufficient beyond all expenses within seven years to satisfy the damages and costs on he debt interest and costs in such writ it shall be the duty of the Sheriff to summon six men of his bailiwick to go on the premises, value and appraise the said property. and in all cases where the defendant shall consent to a condemuation agreeably to the act of 1836; and in any case where an inquisition and condemnation of such estate shall not be deemed necessary in law, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff or Coronor to summon an inquest of six good and lawful men, who shall go on the premises and value and appraise them, and such valuation or appraisement shall be conclusive in any future execution which may be levied on the same property; and in case any writ shall issue for the sale of such lands, etc., and the same cannot be sold at public vendue for two-thirds or more of the valuation or appraisement, the Sheriff or Coronor shall not make sale of the premises, but shall make return to the court from which the execution issued, and all further proceedings for the sale of such lands, etc., shall be staved for one year from and after the return-day of the writ for the sale of the premises. In case the property is not sold, the Sheriff or Coronor is not

entitled to privilege.

in all cases where lands, etc., have been heretofore levied on and condemned or extended or that bereafter may be extended in virtue of a writ, and in all cases where estates for life or for a term of years in any lands, etc., have been or shall be seized and levied on by virtue of any writ or execution. In cases where personal property shall be taken in execution by virtues of any writ, it shall be the duty of the officer to whom such suit shall be directed, when requested by the debtor, to summon three reputable freeholders, who shall value and appraise the personal property. In case the property cannot be sold for two-thirds of the amount of the valuation or appraisement, the sale shall be stayed for twelve mouths. The defendant is required to execute a bond with one or more sufficient sureties, to be entered on record, and shall be a lieu of said period of time, in a penalty double the amount of the valuation or appraisement, conditioned for the delivery of the property, on the expiration of the stay of execution, to the proper office. On the execution and delivery of the bond the property shall be returned and re-delivered into the possession of the defendant. Nothing in the act shall be construcd to prevent any judgment creditor

from having the property of any debtor ex-

An almost similar procedure is prescribed

THREE CHILDREN MUNDERED BY THEIR MOTHER.-A large degree of excitement has been caused in Penrith for the past eight days by the discovery of the dead bodies of two newly-born children in a box left in the Griffith Inn there by a woman named Elizabeth Kirkbride, a person who for several years kept a school at the village of Langwathy, in Cumberland. She was residing at Tuebrook, near Liverpool, and on Sunday night she was transferred to Penrith, a startling discovery was made regarding her at Tuebrook. Her eldest son, a young man of nineteen, having become annoyed at some remarks of the people with whom be and his mother lodged regarding a coat which they alleged had gone amissing, proceeded to search her boxes on Monday night in their presence afford a basis of an objection to counting and in one of these—a japanned tin case, the Hayes vote, but it will evidently meet which was strongly padlocked and had to be broken open-a sickening spectacle presented itself. Its contents were three (or the remains of three) newly-born children, wrapped in several folds of sheeting and pieces of carpet. One of the bodies was perfect, the flesh being shrivelled only, and none of the joints dismembered; the second one had the head and the leg bones separated at the joints; whilst the third was merely a skeleton. They had evidently been in the box for a long time. One f the bodies had a piece of string attached to the neck, round which it had evidently been tightly fastened. The authorities were at once apprised of the affair, and the box and its contents were removed to the police station to await the inquest. The people with whom Mrs. Kirkbride lodged had not the slightest suspicion of anything being wrong. On the police searching her apartments several letters were found, which reveal the name of the person who is the father of the childen, a well-to-do tradesman in the neighbordood of Penrith. The unfortunate woman has four living children, the eldest of whom is the young man above mentioned. - Edinburgh Cour-

FRIGHTFUL FALL OF FOUR HUNDRED FEET DOWN A SHAFT .- John Hartland, a very prominent resident of Wilkesbarre, met with a horrible death Thursday morning in the Diamond shaft of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre coal company's mines, located in the suburbs of Wilkesbarre. Mr. Hartland was the foreman of the masonry work for the company, and had recently been superintending the constructien of a foundation for an engine in the Diamond mine. Yesterday morning, as he was at the top of the shaft waiting to descend, he heard the engineer's bell ring, which is the usual warning given before the carriage descended into the mine below. He at once stepped out to go down with the carriage. In some mysterious manner, and with none to see him, he missed his footing at the mouth of the pit, and failing between the carriage and the shaft he was hurled downward a distance of over 400 feet to the bottom. A miner crossing the foot of the shaft a short time afterward discovered the remains of Mr. Hartland and gave the alarm. The body was mangled into a horrible mass, and was subsequently taken in charge and conveyed to his residence in that city. He was a native of Staffordshire, England, but has been a citizen of Wilkesbarre for the last twenty years. He leaves a wife and one arrested, but the father is still at large.

-The Tidioute News says : Last Saturday the wife of a Swede named Auderson, living at New London, was seriousy burned by a singular explosion. She was engaged in cleaning the wood work in her kitchen with benzine, the room was shut no close with a fire in the stove. It is supposed that the evaporation of the benzine filled the room with gas, which took fire from

News and Other Notings.

-A lady was baptised at Warren last Tuesday, in the Presbyterian church, with water from the river Jordan. - In the fruit house of Nathan Hellings, near Bristol, are stored over 62,000 barrels

of apples, in addition to other fruit. -At Fort Dodge (Iowa) rat skins have One dealer, it is reported, has purchased count of cruelty. 35,000 pelts within a few mouths. -A sycamore tree, measuring twelve

feet in girth, was felled the other day in Berks county, from which thirty-two splendid butcher blocks were cut. -A bullet fired by a hunter in Texas Michigan, is to be appointed to fill the va-

struck the surface of a lake at considerable distance, glanced upward, and wounded a girl who was walking on a hill beyond. -Every little community has its pet pride. Earl township, in Berks county, is now boasting of a very young grandfather,

-Madison Macon, who died in Orange county, Va., recently, was the last of President Madison's nephews. He was eighty six years of age, and has been blind

for many years. -A loving couple at Sharon, Pa., recenty presented their fourteenth heir for bapism and named him William Centennial. The oldest child of this industrious pair is but eighteen years old.

-- Father Keenan, one of the oldest Catholic priests in the country, died at his home in Lancaster, on Sunday morning last, in the 98th year of his age. His funeral took place yesterday.

-A blacksmith is greatly exciting the region around Fresno, Cal., by curing diseases in a way that, according to the belief of the superstitious, proves him to be possessed of supernatural powers. -Mr. Andrew Stephens, the inventor of

the steam whistle, died on Christmas day in England, at the age of 81. It is a pity his ability hadn't cut him off before he invented such an infernal nuisance. -The San Francisco Alto says that, from causes not easily explained, Califor-

nia, and perhaps San Francisco in particular, furnishes more cases of paralysis than any other section of the country, if not of the world. -The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is rapidly substituting a metal known as

construction of bearings. The metal is said to be from twenty to thirty per cent. more serviceable than brass. -A colored statesman in North Carolina offered a resolution asking the Legislature to suggest some plan upon which Congress could be memoralized to set apart a territory west of the Missouri river for the col-

onization of colored people of the South. -Edith Lysle, a book agent, who had been canvassing for Custer's Life, died suddenly at a house on Wylie avenue, Pittsburgh, Thursday afternoon, She positively refused to send for a doctor, and the corener's jury rendered a verdict of death from poisoning.

-The town of Harrison, Maine, contains among many other natural curiosities, a mineral spring in which the temperature of the water never varies. Upon the hottest day of summer, or the coldest day of winter, a thermometer lowered in its waters will indicate exactly 460 above zero.

-A negro man and a white woman traveled all over Macon City, Missouri, recently, trying to get some magistrate or minister to marry them. Everywhere their request was denied, and at the house of the last person to whom they applied the refusal threw the woman into violent -Rutland, Vt., expects to become an

important mining centre. One man there thinks he has found coal; another knows where there is iron, and a third has a gold mine on Bald mountain which he stealthily visits at night, carefully concealing his tracks. Specimens of the gold ore sent to Boston for assay are said to be very rich. -A man named Wm. H. Weldon attempted to kill Gov. Packard at New Orleans on Thursday last. The Governor was in his room when the would-be assas-

sin leveled his pistol at him. Packard struck the weapon down, when it exploded and shot Packard in the knee. Weldon was wounded by a bystander, and has been committed to prison.

—Jeanette M. Robinson, of Chicago, asserted that for seven years paralysis prevented her from uttering a word, and that in an instant, in answer to prayer, she was

cured. A reporter recognized her as a

woman who under the name of Mary Da-

vis, had only a year ago been a remarkably glib witness in a lawsuit. The exposure of the fraud seems to be complete. -Theus, the Albany butcher who recently killed a boy by throwing a knife at him, pleaded guilty to mauslanghter on Wednesday, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. He said he threw the knife in anger, without intending to kill the boy, and that the white face of the boy is constantly before him, turn which

way he may, both day and night. -A student named Talford, on returning to his home in Missouri recently from college in Indiana, became insane on the cars, and leaving his satchel of books in his seat, leaped from a train on the North Missouri Railroad, as it was going at full speed, He was captured near Renick, Missouri, in a dense thicket, and was taken to be a wild man. He is beld in jail for identification.

-In Cincinnati on Saturday a young man named Abel Rothschild attempted to commit suicide by shooting. It has trans. pired that he murdered his mistress, named Bessie Moore, in Jefferson Texas, some time ago, where they had been stopping at a hotel. Rothschild was a commercial traveler for a house in Cincinnati. His wound is not fatal, and he will be taken to Texas for trial.

-Mary Paul, of Cincinnati, had an appetite for alcohol that she could not master. She tried hard to reform, but her husband told her, finally, that if she ever got drunk again he would separate from her. She kept sober for awhile, but at length, finding that she could not resist any longer, she drank a glass of brandy. But she put arsenic in the brandy, and died of the poison.

-The wife of J. Marzenius, was fatally shot, stabbed and kicked by her father, Antonio Leon, at her residence, No. 48 President street, Brooklyn during the absence of her husband on Friday last. Her father-inlaw, aged 65, attempted to shield her from the inturiated father, and was dangerously stabbed. John Leon, brother of the woman, and present at the attack, has been glass.

-A bank book was presented at the Springfield (Mass.) Institution for Savings, one day lately which had not been seen by the bank officials since the original deposit was made, thirty-two years ago. The amount of the deposit was \$300, while the interest alone has amounted to \$1,649. During all this time the owner of the book had never entered the bank or asked a question as to her property, which she now comes to claim.

-Gov. Hayes spent Saturday in receiving the congratulations of his friends upon an the open air. Her clothing took fire and unexpected triumph. Among other conman highly connected, and the affair cre- she was seriously burned on the body, gratulatory despatches he received one several places on her clothes. She seems ales a great deal of excitement. Miss arms and face. A neighbor, who lives from Barnum, the showman, who wants to have been an entire stranger in that viratulatory despatches he received one several Noonan says that Sidle had seduced and close by, heard the explosion, stepped to then deserted her. The shooting occurred the door and saw the unfortunate woman on the street in front of Nicollett's hotel, flying through the air with her clothes all Hayes was not elected. He was counted railroad track about six weeks ago, the want the Digest, to buy it and pay for it tious proceedings expected from the con-

thing which he thanks God for.

-At Oregon, Holt county, Mo., on Friday morning, John F. Simers shot his wife and then shot himself. He was accustomed to abusing his wife, and made home so intolerable that several grown children were compelled to leave. The evidence shows he decided several days ago to commit the deed. Simers left a letter charging

the blame on his wife, because she wanted become an important article of commerce. a divorce and had applied for one on ac--The Detroit Evening News claims to have information of a scheme to put Zach, Chandler once more in the national Senate. The plan is that upon the resignation of senator-elect Judge David Davis from the supreme court, Senator Christiancy, of

cancy upon the bench. This will leave a

vacancy in the Senate from Michigan,

which is to be filled by the present Legis-

lature by the election of Mr. Chandler. -The Catholic Church has missions at about forty Indian agencies in the United viz., Nathan Rae, who is not yet 35 years States, only eight of which, however, are assigned to Catholic missionaries by the Government, the rest being assigned to the various Protestant denominations, A Catholic commissioner, General Charles Ewing, has been established at Washington by the Archbishop of Baltimore, acting in concert with the bishops of the United States. His duty is to protect the rights of Catholic Indians.

-Seven spans of the Lewistown and Sunbury railroad bridge crossing the Susquehanna river at Selinsgrove, Snyder county, were destroyed by fire on Sunday night. On the Selinsgrove side the flames were prevented from spreading further by sawing through the timbers of the eighth span, which fell into the water. When first discovered the bridge was burning at two places, having evidently been set on fire by an incendiary. The loss is about \$35,000, all of which is covered by insur-

-The New York Herald published Saturday a fac simile of a letter received from an anonymous person claiming to be the wife of the real murderer of officer Brock, at Newark, New Jersey, a crime for which two men suffered death on Thursday, one by poison and the other by banging, both protesting their innocence to the last. 94 Deeds to Cambria Court The letter declares the writer can no longer keep back her guilty secret. She desires the friends of the victims of circumstantial evidence to know that they are not the "phosphor bronze" for brass in the

-Martin Windle, a native of Germany, aged 22 years, about 5 feet 5 inches tall, light brown hair, smooth face, light complexion, has been missing from his late nome at Chickies, since December 10, 1876. He peddled notious about the country, carrying them in a red box, swung on his back. Any information as to his whereabouts will be thankfully received by Joseph Lip, Chickies, Pa., to which ad- OUTSTANDING DUE FROM OF dress information should be sent. Papers copying this will confer a great favor ou the family and friends.

-Announcement was made in the Columbia churches on Sunday morning that John Dellinger, jr., a boy of ten years, was missing since Wednesday, the 14th inst. He left school on that day and has not been seen or heard of since. He is large for his age, of light complexion, auburn bair, and had on a new dark blue vest. black overcoat and dark brown skating cap, blue pants well worn, and boots. Information addressed to John Delliuger, copying this notice, will be greatly appreciated by his heart-broken parents. -In Shamokin the other day a party of

three young men played a trick on a young girl, with whom it is alleged one of them had become too intimate, by going through a "sham" marriage ceremony, one of the scoundrels personating the "squire" and performing the mook reremouy, which the girl thought made ber lover and herself husband and wife. After the ceremony they returned to their several homes. But in a few days she learned to her sorrow that her supposed husband had no thought of supporting her, when a little investiga tion convinced her that she had been made the dupe of three mean men, who tricked J. D. Martin her into the belief that she was a wife-The trio of worthless have fled the town.

-Hon. Henry W. Williams, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State. died at his residence in Pittsburgh, on Monday last, after an illness of many months. He was born in Connecticut and and when a young lawyer went to Pittsburgh where he was afterwards elected Judge of the District Court of Allegheny county, and in 1869 was honored with a seat in the Supreme Court of this State. Mr. Williams was a gentlemen of excellent character, and as a Judge was considered pure and without reproach. His successor will be appointed by Gov. Hartranft, to continue in office until the first Monday of January next, an election for his successor to take place at the general election in November of this year.

-Governor Grover, telegraphing from Oregon, denies in the plainest and most peremptory way, that he ever received any despatches from Governor Tilden signed "Gobble" or "Governor;" and proneunces all such pretended telegrams to be fabri cations. It is hardly necessary to say, remarks the World, that in all human probability, not one of the many Radical Galittin B editors who have been beating the tom-tom over this alleged wickedness of the Democratic candidate believes a word of the story. A charge levelled at Gramercy Park by way of Salem, on the Pacific coast, Yoder Twp is, however, a convenient weapon at this stage of the proceedings in Washington, and this consideration may, perhaps, re lieve its authors from an else inevitable imputation of sheer fly-gobbling idiocy. -The Mifflintown Sentinel says : Last Friday a bird hawk, in passing over town, swooped down at a bevy of English spar-

rows that were feeding in the street at the corner of Main and Bridge streets. The nimble little birds were too quick for the hawk and scattered, One little fellow nearest the hawk curved around the glass corner of the Belford building. The pursuing bird not being acquainted in that locality, and knowing nothing of the glass corner, which to his eye seemed like an open space, concluded to take the short cut on the little bird that was describing so nice a curve in front of his hawkship. The hawk directed his course straight across the corner and encountered the outside glass with such force that it passed through to the inside by a hole of its own making, only several times larger than its own body, and then dropped dead to the music of quivering window and falling

-A Crawfordsville, Ind., special to the Cincinuati Gazette says : Yesterday morning the remains of a young woman were found lying near a stump in a field, about two miles east of Maceville, in this county. The body was terribly mutilated, being half eaten by dogs. A Coroner's jury was at once convened, but an examination of the body failed to give any clue to how she came to her death. Suspicions of foul play were freely entertained, but were not justified by the examination, She was well dressed and seemed to be about twentyfive years old. The name "Ferdica Bodine" was written with indelible ink in she was frozen to death.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDED of Cambria County, Pa., for day of January, 1856, to the 281 13.18.

N. J. FREIDHOFT, Esq., Tressus 5 per cent. To am't recrived to To am't received on Cococost am I received . To am I received from sources

By amount paid

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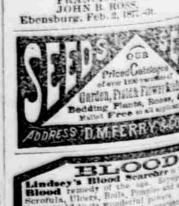
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JOSUE D. PARRISH. Commis JOHN CAMPRELL. carefully examined the

day of January assets and JAMES A. PORTEI FRANCIS P. M'CON JOHN B. ROSS Ebensburg, Feb. 2, 181, -31



SELLERS' LIVER PILLS

\$66 ht free. H. HALLETT & CO.