A CURIOUS COMMUNITY.

THE LEPER SETTLEMENT IN THE ISLAND OF MOLOKAI.

A Sandwich Islands correspondent writes: The most startling and extraordinary community on the face of the earth is to be found on the Island of Molokai, one of the small islands comprising this group. The community is composed of the lepers found among the inhabitants of the other islands and compelled by law to reside on Molokai. Of the many foreigners who visit Honolulu there are few who have an opportunito to visit the leper settlement. The government is very strict in granting permission, and but few prominent journalists, scientific men and an occasional tourist of distinction can receive the necessary pass.

A WEIRD MUSICAL GREETING.

The passage by the steamer from Honolulu to the Island of Molokai occupied about ten hours, the channel being some eighty miles wide. The first point reached is Kalaupapa, the landing for the lepers. At this place, when distinguished visitors are expected, a string band, composed of lepers, greets the visitors with plaintive, mournful music, well fitting their insolation from the world and the grief, as we should think, within their hearts. As we look on the faces of the musicians the music seems weird at times, and as if coming from the mysterious caverns of death. For we can hardly imagine that intelligence, that the divine harmony of music, can be attributes of the unfortunates standing before us and, strange to relate, apparently "as happy as the day is long." The flesh on their faces is rolled up in masses of a ruddy, copper-colored hue, the eyes protrude through smaller layers, and the hand, looking short and stunted with the disease, seems as if it could not hold the instrument. The players are young, middle aged and old, all in the medium stage of leprosy; that is, the affliction is painfully visible, but there are no running sores, nor have holes been eaten through feet, hands or body. When these native musicians have finished playing they rush to greet old companions, and many is the hearty "aloha" (love to you) which passes between the lepers and their friends. Crowds of native lepers are on the beach extending their hands and expressing a hearty 'aloha" to those they greet.

STRANGE PHYSICAL REACTION.

The unfortunates express the greatest joy at meeting old friends, and, as is common with Hawaiians and other Polynesian tribes, will sit down and cry with excess of pleasure for a quarter of an hour at a time. When the flood of tears has passed they are in an instant transformed into the most laughter-loving mortals. They seem to forget their physical condition and revel in the most unbounded joy. The contrast from tears to smiles is a very strange physiological reaction. The foreign tourists who look on at all this are often subject to the wit and badinage of the lepers, an respecially of the young women. Sometimes a young and roystering leper girl will approach a foreigner and extend her hand for a regular pump-handle shake, but it often happens that the foreigner, though not lacking in gallantry, will fail to respond, through fear of the leper's touch. Then the girl will burst out in saucy laughter, and finish up with the expression of "Maken oe" (you are afraid). All the natives join in and exclaim, "Makua kela haole" (that foreigner is afraid.). "Mai nei oe a me honi honi kana" (come here and let us kiss lovingly), was the taunting salutation of a charming little lepress, whose affliction had not blotted out the traces of beauty in her cheeks nor dimmed the lustre of her large, soft, dreamy eyes. The gentleman addressed courteously declined the proposed nectar, when all the lepers present, men and women, had a hearty laugh at his expense.

A POLISHED LEPER GOVERNOR.

The leper Governor is a man of undoubted intellect, a lawyer by profession, and the best orator in the Hawaiian Kingdom, whites included.—Whoever has visited the Sandwich Islands has heard of "Bill" Ragsdall, as he is popularly called by foreigners, but officially known as Governor Ragsdall. He it is who is chief executive at Kalawod. He is a half-caste, his mother being a native and his father an American. He speaks English and native with perfection, and has some knowledge of French. His knowledge of history is remarkable, and he is well read in general literature. He is apparently forty-five years of age, of light, graceful build, polished in his manners, and, like all Hawaiians, hospitable to a fault. He first discovered that he was afflicted with leprosy in a peculiar way. It was on the Island of Hawaii, at his home, while hunting up points in a law case. By accident the chimney of his lamp fell off, and although it was almost red hot, he suddenly picked it up and placed it on the lamp. Looking at his hand to see if it was burned, as any person would under the circumstances he discovered that there was not a trace of a burn, much less the first painful sensation. It flashed upon his mind that he was afflicted with leprosy, and at once, with true heroism of soul, he informed the authorities and voluntarily consigned himself to prepetual exile from wife, family, friends and the world. Owing to his talents and high position, being slightly afflicted, he might have escaped, but he preferred to obey the law.

SETTLEMENT AND ITS SURROUNDINGS.

The valley into which the lepers are located is nearly two miles and a half long, and apparently from a half mile to a mile and a half wide. On one side is a mountain range, impassable except at one point, and there the exit is very difficult, having to be accomplished by the aid of ropes and clinging to the branches of trees. On the other side is the forever agitated ocean. Thus the lepers are secluded not only from the world but from the inhabitants occupying the other portions of Molokai. There have been a few escapes of lepers through the passage indicated, but it has always been a wonder how they could manage to escape by so steep, precipitous and dangerous opening. When captured they are returned, but no penalty is inflicted upon them. There is an abundance of fresh water on the east side of the valley, a large water pipe furnishing a supply for the hospital and for other purposes. The valley is of volcanic origin. One of the extinct craters is about half a mile in diameter, and 150 feet deep. The middle of the crater is a beautiful little lake, emerald in its hue. The water is reported to be as salt as the sea, and contains two or three kinds of fish. The natives say that the lake is unfathomable, and that it is fed from the sea. Glancing at the valley as a whole, it is most admirably fitted for the purpose to which it is allotted. The climate is genial, and if at times warm in summer, the nights are deliciously cool. In all the Hawaiian Islands there is not another location so perfect for a leper settlement as this.

HOW THE LEPERS FIND AMUSEMENT.

The denizens of the leper settlement manage to enjoy themselves in many ways. They have their balls and parties, at which they trip the light, fantastic toe, both in native and European style. There are 227 houses in the valley, mostly built by the government, for their comfort. There are two Roman Catholic chapels and one Protestant church; also two school houses, where the young are educated. Many of the lepers who are able to work have taro patches, where they plant taro, and thus secure a supply of fresh poi, a delicacy dear to the native palate. They nearly all own horses, which they at times drive at a furious rate. The average Kanaka, no matter where you find him, is sure to ride his horse to death some day or another, and the women, in this respect, are the same as the men. But this is one of their great enjoyments, and they will indulge in it, even among the lepers. When not horse-back riding, planting taro, or otherwise engaged, the lepers do a little legitimate loafing around "the country store," where they barter and trade or keep inquiring for letters whenever a vessel touches at Kalaupapa, the only landing at the settlement. No vessels are permitted to touch there except on special business connected with the lepers. Whenever a vessel touches it is a kind of a holiday for all the natives who are able to ride down to the landing. When foreigners arrive the natives are sure to reap a rich harvest, because, although they charge nothing for the use of their houses, it is the custom to pay the owners whatever you see fit in return for this kindness. Some of the natives manage to accumulate a little money by trading and speculation.

EBENSBURG
HARDWARE
—AND—
HOUSE-FURNISH'G STORE
IS THE PLACE TO BUY
STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, IRON.
NAILS, GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, &c.
[6-18.] GEO. HUNTLEY, Prop'r.

FARMERS AND OTHERS, if you intend to build a house or barn, or other wise improve your property, go to HUNTLEY for NAILS, GLASS, PAINTS, HARDWARE &c. Money saved by buying for cash.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BEST CORN FODDER AND STRAW CUTTER ever sold in this county. Their cost more than saved in one year by cutting your feed with it.

HUNTLEY will sell you WALL PAPER as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other dealer in Ebensburg, and trim it into the bargain without extra charge.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BLANCHARD CHURN, the best in the world. Sold for Cash at manufacturer's prices.

BLACKSMITHS, HUNTLEY will sell you Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Carriage Bolts, Bar Iron, Nail Rod, Cast Steel, &c., VERY LOW FOR CASH.

THE BEST SILVER-PLATED WARE in the market at 25 per cent. less than city retail prices. Sold for cash at [6-18-'75.-tf.] HUNTLEY'S.

CARPENTERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your TOOLS and BUILDING HARDWARE. Pay cash and save 20 per cent.

HOUSEKEEPERS GO TO HUNTLEY'S and save 25 per cent. by paying cash for Table Knives Forks, Spoons, &c.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your Stoves and Tinware. PAY CASH AND SAVE MONEY.

GO TO HUNTLEY FOR CLOTHES WRINGERS. He sells them at greatly reduced prices for the ready cash.

A LARGE LOT OF POCKET AND PENKNIVES very cheap for cash at HUNTLEY'S.

Ebensburg INSURANCE AGENCY.
T. W. DICK,
Gen'l Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
Ebensburg, Sept. 22, 1875-1y.*

PARKE'S MARBLE WORKS
139 Franklin Street, Johnstown.
MONUMENTS, HEAD and TOMB-STONES, COUNTER and CABINET SLABS, MANTELS, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in price, design and character of work.
Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the very lowest cash rates. Try me.
April 24, 1873.-tf. JOHN PARKE.

Boyd & Gamble,
ARCHITECTS
And Superintendents
Cermania Bank Building,
Corner Wood and Diamond Sts.,
[2-3.] PITTSBURGH, PA. [1y.]

JAMES WILKINSON.....H. T. O'FRIEL.
WILKINSON & O'FRIEL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLE!
Loretto, Pa.
Work executed promptly and satisfactorily, and as cheap as the cheapest. (4-12—tf)

WM. H. SECHLER, Attorney at Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Colonnade Row, (recently occupied by Wm. Kittell, Esq.,) centre street. [4-21.'76.-tf.]

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-NINE YEARS.
F. W. HAY & SON
Manufacturers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—OF—
TIN, COPPER,
—AND—
Sheet Iron Wares
AND DEALERS IN
HEATING PARLOR and COOKING
STOVES,
Sheet Metals,
—AND—
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.
Jobbing in
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Wood, Morrell & Co.,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near PENN'A R. R. DEPOT,
Johnstown, Pa.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS
MILLINERY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
IRON AND NAILS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
Provisions and Feed
OF ALL KIND, TOGETHER WITH
WESTERN and COUNTRY PRODUCE
such as Fresh Meats, Flour, Bacon, Fish, Salt, Butter, Eggs, Carbon Oil, &c., &c.
Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & Co.
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, Penn'a.
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
MONEY LOANED, COLLECTIONS MADE,
AND A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
Special attention paid to business of correspondents. A. W. BUCK,
Nov. 19 1875.-tf. Cashier.

CARD.—HARRY JACOBS would respectfully inform his many friends in Cambria county and elsewhere that the undersigned firm, of which he is a member, has opened a NEW ESTABLISHMENT at No. 319 Market Street, Philadelphia for the sale of the very best grades of WINES and LIQUORS, for domestic use, and will at all times keep an assortment (of the very best brands only) which will compare favorably with any ever offered to the trade. All persons visiting the city are cordially invited to inspect our stock. ACOBS & CO.,
319 Market Street, Philadelphia.
P. S.—We will also keep on hand a fine stock of choice brands of Cigars. [6-16.-tf.]

BONNER HOUSE, LORETTO, PA.—Having just completed and furnished this commodious and elegant hotel, the subscriber respectfully solicits from the public in general and summer visitors in particular a fair share of patronage. The house is supplied with all modern improvements, and has a fine ten-pin alley attached, as well as abundant provisions for the accommodation and amusement of all who may favor the house with their custom. Terms only $10 per week.
W. J. BONNER.
Loretto, May 19, 1876.-tf.

Miller House
LATE "CAIN HOUSE,"
Corner Main and Pittsburgh Sts.,
GREENSBURG, PA.
Very centre of town. Fronts the south entrance to the Court House.
[9-4.'76.-tf.] JOHN PORTER, Lessee.

M. A. WESNER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CARROLLTOWN, P.
Office recently occupied by M. J. Buck, M. D., in rear of John Buck's store. Night calls may be made at Mr. Buck's residence. [5-12.'76.]

ALEX. TAIT, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, (late of Carrolltown,) now located at St. Augustine, Cambria county. Night calls should be made at the Post-office. July 14, 1876.-tf.

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, Attorney-at-Law, Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange Building, (up stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

A VALUABLE ANTIQUE INSCRIPTION.—In the Hippodrome at Constantinople may still be seen the remains of a venerable trophy of the Persian war, the bronze serpent which, with the gold tripod it supported, was dedicated to the Delphian Appollo by the allied Greeks after the victory at Platæ as a tenth of the Persian spoil. On the bronze serpent which served as a base for the tripod the Lacedæmonians inscribed the names of Hellenic States which took a part in repelling the barbaric invader. The golden tripoid perished long ago in the sacrilegious plunder of Delphi by the Phocians, but the bronze serpent remained in its original position until removed by Constantine the Great to decorate, with other spoils of Hellas, his new seat of empire at Byzantium. Here it has remained in the Hippodrome till our own time, not unscathed, for the last of the three heads of the serpent has long since disappeared, but the list of Greek States inscribed on the intertwined folds of the body remains perfectly legible to this day, having been fortunately preserved from injury by the accumulation of soil in the Hippodrome. This earth concealed about two thirds of the serpent till the excavation made in the Hippodrome in 1855, when the inscription was first brought to light. As the date of the battle of Platæa was B. C. 479, it may be assumed that the setting up of the tripod took place shortly afterward. Thus the inscription would not be later than B. C. 476. Of hardly inferior interest is the bronze hemlet found at Olympia early in this century, which, as its inscription tells us, was part of a trophy dedicated by Hiero I., of Syracuse, after his great naval victory over the Tyrrhenians, B. C. 474. If Olympia continues to yield results as promising as the discoveries which have distinguished the first months of this enterprise, we may hope that many similar records of Hellenic triumphs may be found in the rich soil of the Altis.

HOT WATER FOR INJURIES AND BRUISES.—The New York *Medical Journal* reports this case: The patient was engaged in a machine shop, and while his hand was upon the anvil of a trip hammer, the hammer—weighing 700 pounds—fell. It so happened that a file was on the anvil, and in this way the force of the hammer was arrested about half an inch before it reached its bed. When the hand was examined it was found that the whole palm was a mass of pulp. The metacarpel bones were comminuted extensively, and there was apparently but small chance of saving the hand. It was, however, placed in hot water, and kept there for two or three weeks, and then taken out and dressed.

In three months the patient was sufficiently well to leave the hospital, and now—nine months after the accident—he is able to move the fingers, and has quite a useful hand. Bruises and injuries do much better when treated with hot than with cold water. The temperature should be about 103 degrees F. Another case is reported of compound fracture and dislocation of the ankle joint, in which the proximal end of the first metartarsal bone protruded from the foot. The dislocation, was reduced and the foot placed in hot water. At the end of a week it was taken out and dressed in the ordinary manner. The foot is now doing well and promises a good result.

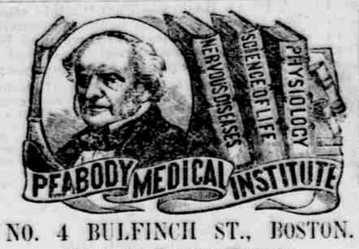
AGE OF ANIMALS.—A bear rarely exceeds twenty years; a dog lives twenty; a fox sixteen. Lions are long lived; the celebrated Pompey lived to the age of seventy. The average of cats is fifteen; a squirrel or hare, seven or eight; rabbits, seven; elephants have been known to live to the age of four hundred years. When Alexander the Great had conquered Porus, King of India, he took a large elephant which fought valiantly for the King, and naming him Ajax, dedicated him to the sun, with the inscription, "Alexander, the son of Jupiter has dedicated Ajax to the sun." He was found with this inscription three hundred and fifty years after. Pigs have been known to live to the age of thirty years; the rhinoceros to twenty. A horse has been known to live to the age of sixty-five, but the average is twenty-five to thirty. Camels sometimes live to the age of one hundred. Stags are long-lived. Sheep seldom exceed the age of ten, and cows live about fifteen years.

Furs Wanted

JOSEPH WEISSER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
IS prepared to buy FURS of all kind, for which he will pay the highest price in CASH. Red and Grey Fox, Bear, Raccoon, Otter, Mink and Muskat skins are specially desired.
P. S.—A large assortment of elegant CLOCKS on hand and for sale at the very lowest FIGURES. Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c., promptly repaired and warranted, and that too at lower rates than has heretofore been charged in this community. Those who have tried me know what I can do and those who have not are respectfully invited to give me a call. JOSEPH WEISSER.
Dec. 1, 1876. Colonnade Row, Ebensburg.

WATCHMAKING.—Having taken the room formerly occupied by H. Kinkead, Esq., in the rear of the old FREEMAN office and next door to M. L. Oatman's store, High street, the undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to repair clocks watches, jewelry, etc., at short notice, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living prices. Please give me a call. CARL RIVINIUS.
Late with Mr. Jos. Weisser.
Ebensburg, Oct. 20, 1876.-1y.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T. J. Lloyd's new building, Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. [10-1.-1y.]



NO. 4 BULFINCH ST., BOSTON.
(Opposite Revere House.)
The SCIENCE of LIFE;
Or, Self-Preservation.
More than One Million Copies Sold.
Gold Medal Awarded to the Author by the "National Medical Association." March 31st, 1876.

JUST published by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, a new edition of the celebrated medical work entitled the "SCIENCE OF LIFE; or, SELF PRESERVATION." It treats upon MANHOOD, how lost, how regained and how perpetuated; cause and cure of Exhausted Vitality, Impotency, Premature Decline in Man Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Losses (nocturnal and diurnal). Nervous and Physical Debility, Hypochondria, Gloomy Forebodings, Mental Depression, Loss of Energy, Haggard Countenance, Confusion of Mind and Loss of Memory, Impure State of the Blood, and all diseases arising from the ERRORS or YOUTH or the indiscretions or excesses of mature years.

It tells you all about the Morale of Generative Physiology, the Marriage, of Wedlock and Offspring, Physical Contrasts, True Morality, Impiricism, Perversion of Marriage, Conjugal Precept and Friendly Counsel, Physical Infirmity, Its Causes and Cure, Relations between the Sexes, Proofs of the Expansion of Vice, the Miseries of Imprudence, Ancient Ignorance and Errors, MEANS OF CURE, Cure of body and Mind, TRUE PRINCIPLES OF TREATMENT, Address to Patients and Invalid Readers, The Author's Principles. The price of this book is only $1.00.

This Book also contains MORE than FIFTY PRESCRIPTIONS for the above named and other diseases, each one worth more than the price of the book.

Also, another valuable medical work treating exclusively on MENTAL AND NERVOUS DISEASES; more than 200 royal octavo pages, twenty elegant engravings, bound in substantial muslin. Price only $2.00. Barely enough to pay for printing.

"The Book for young and middle-aged men to read just now, is the Science of Life or Self Preservation. The author has returned from Europe in excellent health, and is again the Chief Consulting Physician of the Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass."—*Republican Journal.*

"The Science of Life is beyond all comparison the most extraordinary work on Physiology ever published."—*Boston Herald.*

"Hope nestled in the bottom of Pandora's box, and hope plumes her wings anew since the issuing of these valuable works published by the Peabody Medical Institute, which are teaching thousands how to avoid the maladies that sap the citadel of life."—*Philadelphia Enquirer.*

"It should be read by the young the middle-aged and even the old."—*New York Tribune.*

The first and only Medal ever conferred upon any Medical Man in this country, as a recognition of skill and professional services, was presented to the author of these works, March 31st, 1876. The presentation was noticed at the time of its occurrence by the Boston Press and the leading journals throughout the country. This magnificent Medal is of solid gold, set with more than one hundred India diamonds of rare brilliancy.

"Altogether, in its execution and the richness of its material, and size, this is decidedly the most noticeable medal ever struck in this country for any purpose whatever. It is well worth the inspection of Numismatists. It was fairly won and worthily bestowed."—*Massachusetts Ploughman, June 24, 1876.*

Catalogue sent on receipt of 6c. for postage. Either of the above works sent by mail on receipt of price. Address PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, (or W. H. PARKER, M. D., Consulting Physician,) No. 4 Bulfinch St., Mass., opposite Revere House.

N. B. The author can be consulted on the above named diseases, as well as all diseases requiring skill, secrecy and experience. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. [7-7.-1y.]

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Much serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into action. Thus incipient disease is changed into health, the value of which change, when reckoned on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be comprised. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution, or diet, or occupation.

Full directions are given on the wrapper to each box, how to use them as a Family Physic, and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings**, they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression**, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists.
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

EBENSBURG
BOOK, DRUG and VARIETY STORE.
HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb Pure: pices, &c.

Cigars and Tobaccos.
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.
We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.
Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,
July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

E. H. PLANK, M. D., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office adjoining residence and immediately in the rear of Hon. R. J. Lloyd's drug store. Night calls can be made at the residence of Mrs. Bunn, on Crawford street, Ebensburg. [4-24.-tf.]

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Ebensburg, Pa. Office and residence in new building on High street, one door west of Blair House.
Aug. 25, 1876.-tf.

TO ALL!
DR. SWAYNE,
The discoverer and compounder of the far-famed
DR. SWAYNE'S
COMPOUND
SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY,
And other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the important advantage of a regular Medical Education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia and perhaps in the world. He subsequently served a faithful term of practice in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended also in the Hospital. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms as well as for ascertaining the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruits of his extensive professional experience in the medical companies as the best results of his skill and observation, that he feels that he is but performing a boon to every family throughout the land, trusting, as he does, confidently, in the merits and efficacious virtues of the remedies he herewith commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven "Dr. Swayne's Compound of Wild Cherry" the most efficacious remedy known, and it is admitted by our most eminent physicians, and all who have witnessed its wonderful healing properties. The Wild Cherry, in all ages of the world and in all countries where it is known, has been justly celebrated for its wonderful medical qualities, but its great power to cure some of the worst and most distressing diseases among us, was never fully ascertained until the experiments of that skilful physician, Dr. Swayne, had demonstrated its high adaptation, in combination with Pine Tree Tar and other equally valuable vegetable ingredients, which, chemically combined, renders its action tenfold more certain and beneficial in curing all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs. Dr. Swayne's Wild Cherry Compound strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy actions, invigorating the nervous and shattered constitution. It does so without prostrating or weakening the body in any way. It cures not only the lungs and liver, but every organ dependent upon a wasted or impoverished state of the blood.

A REMARKABLE CURE.
ABRAHAM HUNSICKER, two miles from Skippackville, Montgomery county, Pa., contracted a serious cold, which settled upon his lungs, with a violent cough, pains in side and breast, and short breath. The symptoms became very alarming; an abscess formed in the lungs and made its way through the side, and discharged large quantities of pus constantly, so that his physician thought that the power or functions of one of his lungs was totally destroyed, and therefore supposed the case entirely hopeless. This mournful state of things continued for a long time, until he was wasted and worn to a skeleton. He was advised to make use of Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and through its use was restored to health.

In every section of the country there are persons who have been cured of consumption, in its several stages, by the use of Dr. Swayne's Medicine. Many have been restored to health after being confined to their beds, reduced to mere skeletons, and troubled with coughs, night sweats, hectic fever, and all other indications of an advanced stage of disease. It is true that in all cases where cures are effected the patient must have some lungs remaining, but thousands of

VICTIMS OF CONSUMPTION
have descended to their graves who might have been cured if they had used "Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry" in time.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT.
DR. ISAAC H. HERBEIN, Strausstown, Berks county, Pa., says: I have made use of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry for many years, and it always proves effectual in curing long standing coughs and all pulmonary affections. I believe it to be the very best remedy of the kind in the market.

DR. THOS. J. H. RHOADS, Boyertown, Berks county, Pa., writes: Your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry I esteem very highly; have been selling and recommending it to my customers for many years, and it always proves effectual in obstinate coughs, bronchial and asthmatic affections. It has made some remarkable cures in this section, and I consider it the best remedy with which I am acquainted.

Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice.

Sold by Druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Itching Piles
Are generally preceded by a moisture like perspiration; distressing itching, as though pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum, particularly at night when undressing or in bed after getting warm; oftentimes shows itself around the private parts and frequently to anal sore sorely afflicted, extending into the vagina, producing very distressing. Those of long standing are permanently cured by simply applying

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.
HERE IS THE PROOF:
Dr. Swayne & Son: Enclosed please find one dollar for two boxes of your ointment for Itching Piles. These are for some of my friends who are afflicted with this distressing complaint. The box you sent me a year ago I am glad, yes, I am proud to say it made a perfect cure. I think its efficiency should be published through the length and breadth of the land. You can publish this if you think proper.
DAVID GROSSNICKLE,
Ladiesburg, Frederick Co., Md.

Reader! If you are suffering with this annoying complaint, or Pimples, and eczema, scaly, itchy skin disease, go to your druggist and get a bottle of Swayne's All Healing Ointment. It will surely cure you. Price, 50 cents a box; 3 boxes $1.25; 6 boxes $2.50. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. Prepared only by
DR. SWAYNE & SON,
330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia.
Sold by all Prominent Druggists.

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which it has attained and the large number of testimonials which are constantly being received, are conclusive proof of its great value.

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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

STRANGE SUBSTANCES IN HORSES' STOMACHS.—Somewhat over a year ago Mr. Henry Bemethum, [illegible] dealer, of Reading, was compelled to kill a horse, which had been under medical treatment for some time, suffering with an unknown disease. A post-mortem examination was made, and there were found in the [illegible] and intestines of the animal a number of stones of different shape, of a calcareous nature, and exceedingly hard, which had been worn smooth and become highly polished by constant attrition. How the stones came there was a subject of much conjecture. In many it was supposed that they had been mixed with the hay or feed and swallowed by the animal accidentally. The composition of the stones however, exploded that theory and the matter remained as much of a mystery as ever.

More recently about a peck of stones of the size of turnips, bearing a striking resemblance to that vegetable, were found in the intestines of a horse owned by Mr. Daniel Levan, city scavenger, of Reading. These were supposed by some to have been petrified bones, although a subsequent examination of them showed that they must have been formed inside of the stomach in successive lumps, which gradually increased in hardness, and finally found their way into the intestines, causing death. These show that these phenomena are not only ones of the kind that have been discovered in this country, we reproduce the following taken from the *Tribune* (N. Y.) *Press*:

John Brown, Superintendent of the Troy and Lansingburg Horse Railroad, has in his possession two specimens of natural phenomena which are somewhat curious. As this peculiar substance would do well to examine and if possible, render some line of explanation. One is a large round stone having the appearance of a highly polished piece of marble, mottled in appearance and beautiful in color. It is as hard as flint, and exceedingly difficult to scratch or mar in any way, and weighs one and one-half pounds. This was taken from the intestines of a horse that died in this city. Some time ago, and is probably formed from secretions of the animal and which by the process of time had become formed into a concrete into this beautiful and [illegible] polished marble. It had passed through the stomach, and in its passage through the intestinal channels had evidently caused the animal's death. Another more singular still in its shape and formation, was taken from the stomach of a horse that died at Cohoes last week. This substance is about as large as a man's clenched fist, and in shape and appearance of a cubic nucleus. In size, shape, and general appearance it resembles a petrified sponge. That it is so can of the animal's death is evident, and in some manner as the preceding. The only theory advanced thus far in explanation of this stone is that some time the horse had swallowed a piece of sponge, and it had lodged in the stomach and in time had petrified. This is a successful completion his undertaking justly proud.—*Geneva Gazette.*

TO TAN THE SHEEPSKIN WITH THE WOOL ON.—If you wish to tan a sheepskin with the wool on stretch it to its full size in all directions and nail it on a board to dry. Pare off the flesh side with a mixture of equal parts of rock salt and alum, dissolved in water, with coarse flour added to make it the consistency of thick cream. Spread this all over the skin to the depth of an inch thick or more, and let it remain after which scrape off with a blunt knife. If the skin does not appear to be sufficiently tanned, repeat the operation. Do not when well cleaned, rub the wool side of the skin until it is soft and pliable.

CHARCOAL has been discovered to be a sure cure for burns. By laying a small piece of charcoal upon the burn the pain subsides immediately, the fire leaving the charcoal on one hour. If the wound is healed, as has been demonstrated on several occasions.