THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, September 8, 1876.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, of New York

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana.

Democratic County Ticket.

STATE SENATOR:
F. A. SHOEMAKER, Esq., Ebensburg.
(Subject to District Conference.)

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN DOWNEY, Johnstown.
JAMES J. THOMAS, Carroll Twp.

SHERIFF:
JOHN RYAN, Cambria Borough.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES:
JOHN FLANAGAN, Stony Creek Twp.
JOHN D. THOMAS, Ebensburg.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
ISAAC N. WISSINGER, Blacklick Twp.

JURY COMMISSIONER:
JOSEPH CRAMER, Allegheny Twp.

WHILE our article of last week met with very general approval so far as Grant's unhappy postmaster at Johnstown is concerned, our only error in his regard being the fact that he was *elected* and not *appointed*, as stated by us, to the District Court clerkship, some very respectable Republican friends think that we cast a reflection upon the memory of Hon. Samuel Henry, deceased. Far be it from us to do anything of that kind. Mr. Henry was one of our warmest personal friends, and now that he is dead, God forbid that we should say aught against him. His tragic death awakened the best impulses of every heart, and no man of honor would now desire to beclout his memory, much less impugn his motives while living. It was not Samuel Henry who caused the ruinous collapse of Lloyd & Co.'s bank in this place, but the *ring* that surrounded him. If Mr. Henry was imposed upon and his confidence abused, as we have no hesitation in saying was unfortunately the case, let the authors of that great wrong answer for the evils that followed in its wake. He was surrounded by a *ring* whose political influence ruined him and the bank he represented, and in that fearful ruin the laborer, the widow and the orphan became equal sufferers. No, Samuel Henry, liberal, clever and kind hearted, as all will admit, was, like Laocoon in the fable, crushed to death by the serpents that coiled themselves about him.

Nor do we wish to be understood as having charged upon Mr. Henry the expenditure of the $171,000, or $57,000 per year, which the books of the defunct bank aforesaid seem to indicate were used to secure his election for three terms to the Legislature. The *ring*, and not Mr. Henry, is responsible for this wholesale robbery of the widow, the orphan and the laboring man, and the members of that unprincipalled cabal will find when the great day of reckoning comes that the man they deceived and drove to desperation will stand before the throne of God much more justified in the eye of omnipotent mercy than they who imposed upon his generosity, preyed upon his bounty, and allured him to his ruin.

As Thomas Davis, the present Republican candidate for Sheriff, is a member of that *ring*, which it is truth to say owns and controls Geo. T. Swank, who is *their* creature and—Grant's postmaster—and as Mr. Davis was chairman of the Republican county committee when Samuel Henry was elected, it is not venturing too far to presume that he could if he would account for a great deal of the people's money squandered for that purpose, and tell the world how and where and for what object it was expended. Our columns are open for any explanation he may see fit to make. He knows, because he is in it, that there are influences at work here in this *ring* whose contact is political, moral and financial death to all who touch it, and when he finds, as he will find when the verdict of the people of this county is recorded against him at the ballot-box, that the power of this infamous political combination has departed forever, he can console himself with the thought that his defeat was well earned and the natural sequence of such support as is now being accorded him by his fellow ringsters and their recognized mouthpiece, the Johnstown *Tribune*.

MR. JOHN RYAN, the well known merchant of Johnstown, Pa., has the nomination for sheriff of Cambria county on the democratic ticket. He is a popular man of extensive acquaintance and held in high esteem, insuring him a large vote outside of party lines.

The above, which we clip from Monday's issue of the Harrisburg *Patriot*, is true to the letter, save and except the assertion that Mr. Ryan is *the* well known merchant of Johnstown, which, by the way, the reader would be led to infer from the above item has only one; nor is he a merchant of Johnstown at all, his home and place of business being in Cambria borough, nearly two miles below Johnstown, where for many years he has been engaged in mercantile pursuits, and where he has earned a reputation for honesty and integrity which has never been and never can be successfully.

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR, acting on the advice of his physician, has positively declined the nomination for Governor tendered to him by the New York Democracy. The convention will be called together again and another candidate chosen.

THE fact that not a few of our people are interested in the question of the right of way for the proposed pipe line from the oil country to the seaboard induced us last week to make editorial mention of the objections urged against this great enterprise by parties interested in its defeat, and by whom it seemed to us some very cogent reasons, apart from their own personal interests, were given for the stand taken by them. Having no prejudice in the matter, however, and being perfectly willing that both sides should be heard, we deem it simple justice to say that the friends of this monster movement represent that the oil business of the State has been controlled for some time by a ring, which includes many prominent railroad officials—a charge which derives support from the fact that a Vice President of one of the leading railroad lines was lately summoned before a committee of Congress to answer in reference to certain alleged discriminations in favor of this very ring, and the witness refused to testify. It will be difficult, say the friends of the measure, to satisfy the public that if there was no crookedness there would have been any motive for concealment.

The oil producers, oppressed by the exactions, as they declare, of the ring, seek an outlet to tide-water, and have undertaken to lay a line of pipe, with the necessary stations and machinery. This movement is earnestly resisted by what the producers claim to be a monopoly, who have hired agents to go along the proposed route to falsify and misrepresent the Company and obstruct settlements for right of way. They have published articles, it is said, in papers controlled by the combination and republished them in others, paying therefor large sums as advertisements to manufacture an adverse public sentiment. The pipe line, its advocates tell us, can do no harm to the farmers. Where it crosses fields it will be buried out of reach of the plow, and contracts, they declare, will be given to land owners to dig the trenches and haul and distribute the pipes, as well as supply stations with fuel and provisions for employees. More than this, the projectors of the enterprise promise that the pipe line will harm no one. It will not be destructive to fields or highways, will not burn buildings or kill stock, and as it is unquestionably to be constructed in the interest of cheap transportation and against what are conceived to be rings, monopolies and speculators, it looks from that standpoint to be worthy of encouragement and deserving of the fewest possible obstacles in the way of its construction.

Having said this much in its favor, and with no more reserve than we presented the other side of the question in our issue of last week, we drop the subject so far as our editorial columns are concerned, still leaving, however, to the friends and opponents of the movement the opportunity to discuss the matter in a proper spirit through the medium of our advertising department, for which the usual rates will be charged.

THE interview of President Grant with a *Herald* reporter at Long Branch on September 1st, discloses a state of facts worthy of the most dispassionate consideration of all voters. General Grant definitely declares himself President, not of the United States, but of the Republican party, and particularly of his own branch of that party, as exemplified in his own set, of which Robeson and Babcock are the exemplers. The Sioux war he treats as of little moment as compared with the Indiana election. It seems to us that President Grant's oath of office does concern the Indian war, and has very little to do with the election in either Indiana, West Virginia, or the Carolinas, until some case is presented to him by the proper authorities requiring his definite official action, under the constitution and laws. If General Grant prefers to be President of a party, or of a faction of a party, from now to March 4th, 1876, rather that Chief Executive of all the United States, he must not be surprised if his acts are criticized and his motives investigated. In this view, why should President Grant be so anxious for the election of his successor, chosen by the convention of his party, not only as against a Democrat, but as against any Republican like Blaine, or Bristow, not of his own particular stripe and not of the particular set who either shared the intimacy of the White House or were to be depended on for absolute adherence to the views prevailing there? Is there anything to be covered up which it is not merely unsafe to trust to Tilden, but even to Blaine or Bristow? If so, who has deceived the President so greatly as to lead him to put himself forward at once as the denouncer of the Cattells and the defender of Robeson, who fostered the Cattells, made for them their opportunities of plunder, and profited by their swindles to the extent of owing to them his residence, built by them, and still unpaid for by him, which stands within two miles of the Presidential cottage where the interview occurred? General Grant's language as to Bristow and Wilson is particularly noticeable. He accuses the late Secretary of the Treasury of direct falsehood, and nothing could be more pointed than his sneer at Solicitor Wilson. Into the merits of Republican family quarrels it is not our business to enter, but it is proper to notice that whatever the deserts of Bristow and Wilson, whom Grant denounces, these two men were the only ones under his last administration, who succeeded in exposing fraud and sending defrauders to jail. We trust Mr. Bristow will appreciate General Grant's opinion of his services in the intervals of the Vermont campaign. The people will understand the whole subject clearly enough before election.

A VERY quiet election for State officers was held in Arkansas on Monday last, and although Boutwell claimed the State for the Republicans, it elected the Democratic ticket by about fifty thousand majority. In Vermont, on the following day, the Republicans carried everything before them, the Democrats gained nearly fifty per cent. on their votes, as compared with the Presidential election of 1872.

TILDEN, HENDRICKS AND REFORM!

CAMBRIA TRUE TO THE GOOD OLD FAITH.

A Tremendous Outpouring of the Democracy—Great Enthusiasm and Able Speeches.

The meeting held in the Court House on Monday evening last, in pursuance of the call of the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, was in every respect a most gratifying success. Notwithstanding the heavy rain which commenced falling at about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, delegations from various parts of the county came pouring into town long before the hour appointed for the opening of the meeting, and ere the shades of evening had enveloped the earth our streets were filled with honest and intelligent voters—farmers, mechanics and laborers—from many of the outlying districts, who had left their homes, miles distant, to come to the meeting to hear discussed the great and important issues of the day, and the remedy proposed by the Democratic party for the terrible hard times which now parlyzes the industries of the country and affects all classes of our people.

At 7 o'clock in the evening the Ebensburg Silver Cornet Band appeared upon our streets and played a number of fine tunes, in the meantime proceeding to the Blair House, where they halted and filled the air with sweet strains of patriotic music. While the immense multitude of people stood around listening to the music and anxiously waiting for the meeting, a large delegation from Loretto, headed by the excellent martial band from that place, came marching up Main street and joined the cornet band, and ere long both bands, followed by a large and well conducted procession, wended their way to the Court House, into which the immense crowd pushed its way, filling the large room so completely that it was impossible to gain an entrance, nearly if not quite one-half of those desiring to listen to the speeches being obliged to remain outside.

Mr. L. D. Woodruff, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, called the meeting promptly to order at 8 o'clock, and in a very neat little speech not only sounded the keynote of the campaign but congratulated the Democracy of the county on the evidence presented by the large number in attendance that they were still determined to fight on and fight ever for the great and good cause which had brought them together. At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Woodruff read the names of the following gentlemen who had been selected to preside at the meeting, and on motion the report was adopted without a dissenting voice. Here is the list:

President—R. L. Johnston, Esq., of Ebensburg. Vice Presidents—Francis Bearer Esq., Carrolltown; Jacob Z. Nagle, Clearfield township; D. A. Luther, Carroll township; Wm. Litzinger, Loretto; Christian Walters, White township; W. W. Harris, Jackson township; John Widmann, Cosmaugh borough; John Rintz, Cambria borough; Wm. Strouse, Johnstown. Secretaries—A. J. Christy, Loretto; Jacob Zimmerman, Esq., Johnstown; Henry Mellon, Chest Springs.

On assuming the duties of the chair, Mr. Johnston took occasion to thank the vast assemblage for the honor that had been conferred upon him, and then gave rein to his thoughts in one of those witty and masterly efforts, too brief indeed, for which he is so proverbial, remarking among other things, as an excuse for his brevity, that he did not feel in the best of condition physically, and although he might have strength enough to address a common sort of a meeting, such as our Republican friends would be able to get together, he felt entirely unequal to the task of holding forth to so large a crowd as confronted him on this occasion.

Mr. Johnston concluded his short but well received speech by calling on the other officers of the meeting to come forward and take the places assigned them. This done, a motion was made and unanimously adopted that Aug. S. Landis, Esq., of Hollidaysburg, whom we are proud to say was a schoolmate and companion of our own in childhood days, be invited to come forward and address the meeting. Loud cries of "Landis! Landis!" followed in quick succession, and in response to these repeated calls that gentleman stepped to the secretaries' desk, and in a clear, ringing, earnest voice, accompanied by becoming gestures, held the immense audience spellbound, as it were, for a half hour or more by his matchless eloquence. He expressed himself as pleased to meet so many of the citizens of Cambria county, and referred to the efforts he and others then present had made in the Presidential campaign of four years ago, which resulted, despite their efforts, in the election of Grant for a second term. People had regretted this since the general prostration of business had fallen as a pall upon the country. Ten years ago war ceased and peace was declared. How long, he asked, were our brethern in the Southern States subject to the rule of the bayonet? No one can picture the sufferings of there people, because they had not a fair and free election. Just as fast as these States were permitted to have free elections they ranged themselves on the side of Democracy, and the only two States in which lawlessness now exists are South Carolina and Louisiana, and in those two Republican authority is supreme.

Mr. Landis then criticized the action of the Secretary of War in withdrawing troops to send into the South to control the elections in those States. If the people did not endorse such a course, if they wished to put an end to such disgraceful doings, they must vote for Tilden.

The issue now is Reform. This is the platform of the Democratic party. He thought sixteen years long enough to try any party or any policy that did not give us a good government and honest officials. It is time for the people to say that this corrupt party shall be hurled from power, and a new leader, whose very name is synonymous with Reform, should be chosen to succeed the present incompetent and imbecile occupant of the White House.—The speaker then referred to the public affairs of New York, and claimed that Tilden had effected immense reforms in that State. He claimed, what all know to be true, that Mr. Tilden had caused Boss Tweed and all the other rascals of New York to flee, and a purer and better era to dawn. Such was the man the Democratic party had offered as their candidate for President. The Republicans had no other reply to make to our arguments in favor of Tilden than to flaunt in our faces the "bloody shirt." Mr. Landis then proceeded at some length to criticise the action of the Republican party, its candidates and platform, in an able and eloquent manner, and concluded with the hope that a better and brighter day would soon dawn for the American people.

At the conclusion of Mr. Landis' masterly effort, Mr. Woodruff moved that Mr. N. Horne, of Johnstown, be invited to address the meeting. The motion was unanimously agreed to, and Mr. Horne took the floor and made the most spirited address of the evening. He said he had no idea of being called upon to speak, but nevertheless he would endeavor to make a few remarks. In the first place, the contest in which we are engaged, when we get down to the real merits of the case, is one on which both Democrats and Republicans are a unit.—We are all agreed that there is extravagance in the expenditures of the national administration, and a cry for reform goes up all over the land. Republicans and Democrats say so in their platforms, and Reform is therefore the watchword of the day. Mr. H. then discussed in an able manner the way in which reform was to be brought about. What do we want? We want reform in the expenditures of the national government; we want the expenses reduced. The country cannot bear these large taxes in order that the office-holders of the Radical party may bag thousands of dollars more than they are entitled to. Where are we to look for the realization of our hopes in this regard?—The speaker referred to the great reduction made in the expenses of the government by the present Democratic House of Representatives and argued that duty and sound policy alike dictated that the people should vote for and elect Tilden and Hendricks to the office of President and Vice President of the United States.

When Mr. Horne had taken his seat, F. P. Tierney, Esq., of Altoona, was called upon and delivered a speech full of excellent points and many witty allusions. He was followed by John S. Rhey, Esq., whom nobody need be told knows how to interest and instruct an audience on almost any subject. His speech was indeed a happy effort, and his allusion to the historical fact that none of our Presidents, all of whom he named and referred to in detail, ever sported whiskers except the present shameless and unworthy occupant of the White House, produced a great deal of merriment at the expense of us fellows with the heavy beards.

This ended the speech making, although several other parties were loudly called for, and at about the hour of 10 o'clock the meeting adjourned with three rousing cheers for Tilden, Hendricks and Reform.

Truth Ahead of Fiction.

FIRST CLASS MATERIAL FOR A SENSATIONAL NOVEL.

Mr. Charles Reade, who is too honorable to steal plots, and too sensitive to newspaper criticism to renew his early practice of purchasing them, has let the world into the secret of his scrap-book system. The files of out-of-the-way American newspapers would give him many hints like this story which comes from Honesdale, Penn. Thirty years ago John Seitz, a German clerk in a New York store, was engaged to a young girl named Katherine Rief. The California gold fever broke out, and he joined a party of adventurers. The first letter that he received from home bore the tidings that his sweet heart was soon to become the mother of his child. He pledged himself to return as soon as possible and marry her. She went to Honesdale to live with her brother, and to wait for her lover's return. Two or three letters came, and then there was silence for years. A young blacksmith named Wendt professed great love for her, and after putting him off for four or five years, she accepted him, fully convinced that her gold hunter was dead. She took her child to New York and lived with her husband. He was a brute. He abused her, and threw her into consumption. Meanwhile Seitz, instead of writing letters or dying, had made an enormous fortune, and returned to Honesdale after his sweetheart and child. The news of her marriage stunned him. He went to New York and found her dying in a tenement, with no one near her but her baby—his child. Seitz buried her in Greenwood, and a week afterward Wendt, overcome with remorse, shot himself over her grave. The child was left in Honesdale with her brother's family, and his father returned to San Francisco, where he married, built a fine house, with an elegant apartment known as "Johnny's room," and provided liberally for the boy in his will. "Johnny" was a frail lad, with his mother's consumptive tendencies. He never occupied that palatial room; he died a week ago Tuesday, as rich as a prince. But he did not know of his good fortune, for the father died in San Francisco barely an hour before the son's death. The boy's inheritance goes to his aunt.

FRENZIED FANATICS.—*Horrible Doings of the Cobbites.*—A correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe Democrat* writes from Kensett, Ark., as follows:

At Gum Spring, one and a half miles south of Searcy, a lot of religious fanatics known as Cobbites have been acting very strangely. C. D. Humphreys, of Searcy, and Mr. Blake, of El Paso, went out to investigate.

The former was seized, cut to pieces and decapitated, his head being impaled on a fence picket. Blake escaped and brought the horrible news to Searcy. A posse started out, and found the fanatics gesticulating frantically around Humphreys' head. They started to attack the posse.

Black, the leader, ordered his men to fire, and two Cobbites were killed. Four men, four women and three children were arrested, taken to Searcy and subsequently released, as they were crazy from the combined effects of religion and starvation. Their leader is a man named Cobb, who they think is Christ. His doctrine is adultery, claiming that by that means only can the souls of women be saved. One Dover acted the principal part in the murder of Humphreys.

GOVERNOR HAYES who a few years ago inherited an immense fortune, has made oath for three years past that his property amounts to less than $6,000. This fact is not advanced as any argument against Governor Hayes as a Presidential candidate, but as the Radical leaders base their whole argument against Governor Tilden on the ground that he only returned something ever $7,000 *income* fourteen years ago, it may be well for them to explain why Governor Hayes swears that his *whole fortune* in 1876 was less than $6,000, when it is known that he received $100,000 by inheritance only four years ago a fact shown by the records of the Probate Court. Has Governor Hayes habitually committed perjury in making his return to the ward assessors in Fremont?—*Pittsburgh Post.*

LATER advices from White county, Ark., say a coroner's inquest has been held on the body of Humphreys, who was killed by religious fanatics, and the jury returned a verdict that L. B. and J. M. Dover, Thomas Gainley, and John and Elizabeth Nelson are guilty as principals of the murder of Humphreys, and John and Lee Dover and Clementine Dover guilty as accessories. It appears that Cobb came from Michigan, where he taught his atrocious doctrines until driven out. He first settled in Southeast Missouri, where he made new converts, and, it is said, offered up infants as sacrifices. He was driven away from there, and with his fanatical followers went to White county, Ark., and induced a few more ignorant people to join them.

—A New York lad, of seventeen, gave a remarkable exhibition of coolness and nerve the other day. He was a passenger on a train on the Harlem railroad, and when it stopped got out to stretch his legs on the up track. While so engaged he was run down by a freight train and so pinned in that his foot was caught under the wheels. To move either way would have thrown his whole body under the train, and the brave lad, with rare courage and presence of mind, stood stock still until the whole train had passed and his foot had been crushed to a shapeless mass.

News and Other Notings.

—There are 41 Roman Catholic churches in Brooklyn, against 6 in 1850, and 18 in 1860.

—A young lady of Pittston is a student of law, and will soon apply for admission to the bar.

—Dr. Hostetter, of Pittsburgh, it is said, has made $1,000,000 recently by the increase in the price of oil.

—James Whitlock of Kickapoo, Kansas, has an apple bearing pear tree, which last year bore nothing but pears.

—A New London lady has taught her large Newfoundland dog to hold up her train when she is crossing muddy or dusty streets.

—Pennsylvania is to have her own particular Centennial day on the 28th of this month, the anniversary of the signing of her first State Constitution.

—Mrs. Lovina Messer and her daughter were struck by a locomotive while crossing the Lehigh Valley track at Allentown, and both were killed instantly.

—Mt. Upton, Chenango county, N. Y., has a first class scandal case, and the papers say the result is the woman folks can't even get time to wash their dishes.

—Ald. Blodgett, of Marysville, Cal., has a one and a one quarter acre lot on which he had raised this season 960 bushels of choice potatoes, weighing 45,000 pounds.

—Sister Mary Lange, the first superioress of the colored Oblate Sisters of Providence, in Baltimore, still retains that position, though over 90 years of age. She is a native of Cuba.

—Governor Tilden and Mr. Wheeler are Presbyterians; Governor Hayes attends the Methodist Church with his wife, who is a member thereof; and Governor Hendricks is an Episcopalian.

—Gen. Banks made a speech for Hayes and Wheeler at his home, Waltham, Mass., last week. Every mention which he made of Tilden's name was greeted by the audience with a burst of applause.

—Armed bands of negroes, incited, they say, by whites, have been scouring Louisiana for two weeks past, firing buildings and assassinating whites without apparent cause. Four murders were committed on Saturday.

—Some thieves stole one hundred thousand dollars worth of tickets from the Pennsylvania railroad office, at Princeton, New Jersey, but the company at once cancelled the tickets, and afterward secured the arrest of the thieves.

—Joseph S. Lare, one of the proprietors of the Pittsburgh *Post*, we regret to learn, has been taken to Kirkbride hospital, Philadelphia, for treatment. For some months he has had softening of the brain and lately has been quite demented.

—In a battle around Alexinatz Tuesday the Turks were signally successful, destroying several outstanding villages and driving back the Servians, but they did not succeed in capturing Alexinatz or Krugevatz or in intercepting the road towards Belgrade.

—On Wednesday night last at Bulkley, Illinois, while a wedding was being celebrated between George Sleeper and a lady named Hamlinton, Sleeper was called to the door by Burt Fleming and shot dead. Fleming had been a rival for the lady's hand.

—The largest lantern ever made will soon be erected at Galley head, on the coast of Cork. It will consume 1,600 feet of gas per hour, and the flashing light will be visible through the fogs. The power of the light will be equal to 2,000,000 candles.

—Since the revival of the oil business, Superintendent Cordier reports that the Allegheny county workhouse barrel factory is making a profit of from $230 to $250 per diem. He also states that he could give work to at least forty more men if he had them.

—John Chiddy lost his life in rolling a stone out of the way of an English railroad train, thus averting a great disaster. Praise of the deed was general; yet an appeal for money to save his family from want resulted in raising only about £4, the railroad company giving nothing.

—A passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad ran into the wrecks of two coal trains, near Weverton, Maryland, on Sunday, throwing three cars and the engine into a canal. The engineer was drowned and several passengers severely injured. The mails were saved.

—O'Brien's and Forepaugh's circuses pitched tents at Marysville, Ohio, on the same day, and the rivalry was exciting. Prices of admission were reduced to five and ten cents, and, in the street parades, a man stood on the top of each animal cage, shouting the merits of the show to which he was attached.

—Soldiers who lost arms or legs in the army and received $24 per month pension have not heretofore been entitled to commutation for loss of limbs. Congress at its last session amended the law so as to give the class referred to limbs or commutation therefor. Applicants should apply to the Surgeon General of the army.

—A destructive fire broke out in St. Hyacinthe, Canada, on Sunday afternoon, in the bakery kept by M. Chaput, near the post office, and spread rapidly till it reached the river, near the Grand Trunk Railway bridge. In about two hours the entire business part of the town was destroyed. Six hundred houses were burned.

—A woman in Council Bluffs, Iowa, has sold out her husband for a brindle cow, calf and $20 to boot. A former wife, from whom he had been twice divorced, coaxed him to return to his allegiance and the second wife, actuated by a spirit of accommodation agricultural enterprise, consented to a separation for the consideration named.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial's* Lewisburg (Ohio) special says Press Palmer, City Marshal, was shot and instantly killed on Thursday night by N. A. Wireman. The latter's wife confessed to her husband that day that she had been having criminal intercourse with Palmer, and Wireman shot him at sight. The murderer is now in jail.

—Advices from Decatur, Texas, say Rev. W. G. England, a Methodist minister, his wife, a step daughter and four sons were murdered at their homes, six miles from Montague, last Saturday night, by a party of disguised men. No particulars of the fiendish affair are received, but it is supposed the butchery was committed for money, as the family is rich.

—A fire occurred at Mansfield, Allegheny county, at 1 o'clock Monday morning, destroyed fifteen houses on the Main street. Among them are the American Hotel, Barnard's bank, J. Walch's butcher shop, Heil's saddler shop, A. A. Adams' drug store, and A. McNeil's dry goods store. The loss is variously estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000. Insurance not known.

—A water nymph, by name Ida Steele, of Bloomington, Ill., has challenged her sex generally for a ten-mile swim down the Mississippi River. A Miss Pauline has accepted the challenge, and so has a third young lady; and the match, it is stated, will certainly come off at an early day. It is predicted that "there will not be steam boats enough to contain the crowds that will flock to see the sport."

—Pomeroy, the boy murderer in Boston, whose sentence has been at last commuted to imprisonment for life, will be placed in the State Prison in a cell by himself, and therein compelled to labor for his own support. The new prison now building will have several of these cells, and to one of them, when finished, Pomeroy will be taken, and there spend the remainder of his life. He has made several ingenious attempts to escape.

++METHODS++POINTS++

METHODS OF BUSINESS ++ POINTS OF ADVANTAGE

++++ IN THE PURCHASE OF ++++

CLOTHING

—AT—

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL

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—THE PURCHASING PUBLIC—

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WE receive Cash Payment from All.

WE give a Guarantee protecting All.

WE Return Money when we cannot suit All.

WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash.

WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell.

WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments.

WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price.

WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure.

WE employ first-class workmen in every department.

WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money.

POINTS:

ONE Price means A [illegible] on [illegible]

CASH saves [illegible] losses to [illegible]

THE Guarantee [illegible] buy [illegible]

We rely on [illegible] profit [illegible] age of profit.

It is easy to buy [illegible] Office, [illegible] are denied [illegible]

DIRECT [illegible] by [illegible] out having [illegible]

OUR large [illegible] in lowering [illegible]

WE fill [illegible] for particulars.

NOT a part [illegible] as a man.

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Full Line of Men's and Boys' Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Children's Clothing at Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL,

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PHILADELPHIA.

—Three children were drowned in the St. Lawrence on Sunday during the great fire at St. Hyacinthe. The sufferers from the fire—six hundred families—are being supplied with provisions from Montreal.

—Dr. J. S. Williams was arrested at Louisville, Ky., charged with having committed murder in producing an abortion upon Miss Lou Bowman. It is believed the evidence is very strong against Williams, who had been suspected previously but never detected. It is now thought that dozens of cases can be made out against him. He was remanded to prison and bail refused.

—A man, one-eighth negro, married a white girl at Newport, having convinced her that he was a quadroon. Upon learning of the deception, she wished to be freed. A Rhode Island law declares the marriage of a white person to a "negro or mulatto" void, and upon that ground a lawyer is trying to have this bond of wedlock broken. The husband, however, assumes and looks not a mulatto, but an octoroon.

—The steamer Dimmie Baker, lying at the Trenton wharf boat, Monroe, La., exploded a boiler on Friday. Eight persons were killed or wounded. Two colored deck hands were killed. The barkeeper, Joe Sintas, is expected to die. Capt. E. S. Austin, pilot, received two serious flesh wounds, but probably not fatal. The boat was worth $8,000. Hull a total loss. The cabin and hull were blown to pieces and the wreck sunk.

—In the Cumberland county court, Thursday, William, Joseph and Charles Wigelsworth, were convicted on indictments for committing the outrage on Mr. and Mrs. Abraham, near Newville, burning their feet and inflicting other tortures for the purpose of extorting from the aged couple information as to the whereabouts of a large amount of money supposed to be in their house. Charles was also convicted on two additional charges of larceny.

—Wm. L. Hirst, Esq., of Philadelphia, died at the Cramer cottages, Bedford Springs, Thursday night. Mr. Hirst was taking his annual vacation at the Springs with his family. He was taken sick some three weeks previous, and gradually sank into his last slumber. Mr. Hirst was well known throughout the country as a lawyer of great ability, and was respected wherever known for his manly character and excellent social qualities. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

—On Horace Hall's farm, in Royal Oak, Mich., while Messrs. Smith and Pomeroy were putting down a well, they struck a sort of soft stone about twelve inches thick, and after they had drilled through it an explosion occurred like the report of a cannon, throwing the tools fully thirty feet into the air. It then began throwing out stones, sand, &c. Some large stones were thrown out, one of which weighed twelve pounds. It then began to spout forth white sand and smoke, which lasted for about nine hours.

—The Omaha *Bee* says: "Lieutenant Kyle, of the twenty-third infantry, has arrived in this city, having with him a young Apache Indian, six years old, who has an interesting history. He was captured in Arizona about two years ago. All his family were killed, and the soldiers picked him up naked and carried him with them. Lieutenant Kyle, who was in command, prevented his being killed by the scouts, and is now taking him east to have him educated at his own expense. He is bright, talks English fluently and is neatly dressed in army blue, sailor style.

—Two or three weeks ago poison was administered, in food, to Jacob Stauffer and family, who reside in Cumberland county, between Shepherdstown and Mechanicsburg. Fortunately, the intended victims took an overdose of the poison, and they escaped death. On Tuesday last another attempt was made to murder Mr. S. and his family. Poison (supposed to be arsenic) was put in fish, in a cupboard, and this was subsequently cooked and eaten by Mr. and Mrs. Stauffer and their five children, all of whom have been and are still suffering intensely. As in the first instance, too much poison was taken to produce death, and the would-be murderer's object was not accomplished.

—A fearful story is reported from Lloyd's. Last January the Liverpool ship San Rafael, from Birkenhead to Valparaiso, with coals, was totally destroyed by fire off Cape Horn. Eleven of the crew were picked up a fortnight later, after having suffered fearful privations, from two of the vessel's boats, and landed in London in April by the ship Yorkshire, from Melbourne. The long-boat, containing Capt. McAdams, his wife, the carpenter, four seamen, and three boys, which left the vessel along with the other boats, parted company, and it now appears that the persons above named all landed on New Year's Island, near Cape Horn, and, as the Island is barren and uninhabited, they have evidently starved slowly to death as a vessel recently arrived at Stanley, Falkland Isles, reports having discovered the bodies of eight men and one woman on the island, and these are supposed to be the missing boat's crew of the San Rafael.