

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN. EBERSBURG, PA., Friday Morning, - July 28, 1876.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT: SAMUEL J. TILDEN, of New York. FOR VICE PRESIDENT: THOS. A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana.

Democratic County Ticket.

STATE SENATOR: F. A. SHOEMAKER, Esq., Ebersburg. (Subject for District Conference). ASSEMBLY: JOHN DOWNEY, Johnstown. JAMES J. THOMAS, Carroll Twp. SHERIFF: JOHN RYAN, Cambria Borough. ASSOCIATE JUDGES: JOHN FLANAGAN, Stony Creek Twp. JOHN D. THOMAS, Ebersburg. POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: ISAAC N. WISSINGER, Blacklick Twp. JURY COMMISSIONER: JOSEPH CRAMER, Allegheny Twp.

THINK of Zach Chandler as the leader in a reform campaign, and then weep.

The Pittsburg Dispatch, one of the few decent Republican journals of the present day, says that Secretary Robeson has been guilty of worse things than Belknap. And yet the Cincinnati platform endorses Grant's administration and Hayes endorses the platform.

The Radical organs are in great tribulation because the Democratic party is going to destroy itself by repealing the resumption clause of the act of 1875. That they are entirely sincere in their expressions of grief cannot of course be doubted, though it does seem entirely unaccountable that they should manifest such a deep interest in the welfare of the Democratic party.

The Johnstown Democrat is right about the willingness manifested by the Republicans of this county to sell out all the other candidates on their ticket in order to secure the election of Tom Davis for Sheriff, and it therefore behooves the Democrats to keep a sharp eye on them and see that this little game is nipped in the bud wherever attempted. Every man on the Democratic ticket can and must be elected, and there is certainly less excuse for trading at this time than there probably ever was before. Beware, therefore, of the traders and their little tricks.

A SPECIAL DISPATCH from Pottsville to the Phila. Times, under date of July 24th, says that one of the Molliers imprisoned there made a confession to the authorities on Saturday. It is supposed that Michael Lawler is the "squealer," and that he has given a full and detailed account of the bargain made last fall by which the entire Mollier vote of Schuylkill and Carbon counties were secured for Governor Hartranft. Lawler and Kehoe were the ambassadors of the Molliers to Harrisburg, and if Lawler has told all he knows about it there will be a story revealed which will make every decent citizen of this Commonwealth blush for shame.

How much reliance can be placed on the average statements made in the Radical press about prominent Liberal Republicans declaring themselves in favor of the election of Hayes and Wheeler, may be inferred from the fact that the N. Y. Tribune classes ex-Gov. Curtin among the friends of the Republican candidates, while the truth is, as the Bellefonte Watchman declares and has a right to know, being printed at the home of Mr. Curtin, that the voice of that eloquent and able gentleman will ere long be heard at various points in the State of Indiana on behalf of the Democratic standard-bearers, Tilden and Hendricks, and in favor of an honest administration and a thorough reform in all departments of the government.

It is noted as a significant fact, and one worthy of special attention at this time, that in the political history of the country it has never been known to fail that the party which has had the good fortune to secure a majority in the national House of Representatives two years preceding a Presidential election, has invariably elected its candidate for President. That there will be no exception to this rule in the present contest we feel perfectly safe in concluding, as the Democratic majority in the House has fully merited the confidence of the country by investigating the corruptions and iniquities of administration, by exposing and impeaching dishonest officials, and by reducing the public expenditures to the enormous amount of nearly \$40,000,000 in one year.

A SPECIAL telegram from the New York World declares that the question of the impeachment of Secretary Robeson will certainly be brought before the House of Representatives this week. The Naval Committee have already agreed on their report, which recommends his impeachment and refers certain questions of a legal character to the Judiciary Committee. It is not improbable that an effort will be made to press the impeachment to a vote without any reference. The Glover Committee will also bring in a resolution of impeachment on the ground that Robeson used the funds of the government in violation of law. The Secretary is reported to be very uneasy on the situation and his friends are making every effort to prevent a direct vote on impeachment.

Those among the leaders of the Republican party who for several years past have been taking a good deal of stock in the deceptive radical cry of peace, reconciliation and good will towards the people of the South, are not at all happy now that the lack of anything like argument to sustain a sinking cause has forced them to embark once more in the bloody shirt business. Conspicuous among these troubled spirits is Col. John W. Forney, editor of the Philadelphia Press, who not many years ago was very energetically striking lands across the bloody chasm, but who now beholds in his mental vision a threatening army of Confederate traitors whom he feels it his bounden duty to denounce and misrepresent to the utmost of his ability, which is by no means inadequate to so congenial a task. Of the same ilk also is ex-Gov. Dix, of New York, who has of late been flaunting the bloody shirt in some of his public utterances with such a total disregard for his former well known peace and reconciliation pretensions, that the Philadelphia Times has been prompted to give him the following reminder, which is exceedingly cruel to say the least:

In August, 1866, a political convention, formerly entitled the National Union, but familiarly known as the "arm-in-arm" convention, was held in Philadelphia. Those were the early days of the reconstruction troubles, when the constitutional amendments were still a subject of agitation and when the breach between President Johnson and his party had not yet become an impassable gulf. It was stated in the call for the convention that "the war having ceased, war measures should cease, and should be followed by measures of peaceful administration." In fact, its ostensible purpose was reunion and harmony, which was typified by the delegates from Massachusetts and South Carolina entering the hall arm in arm, and by the choice of officers, when the nomination of General John A. Dix, of New York, was seconded, with a greeting of loud cheers, by the Confederate General Dick Taylor. General Dix made a speech on the occasion, the tenor of which is expressed in this declaration of the convention:

"The people of the late rebellious States having surrendered to the national authority, and having shown a readiness to return to the Union and to abide by the principles of government put forth by our common fathers, it is our duty as brothers of one national family to forget the past, and strive by true conciliation to re-erect the principles of American civilization."

GENERAL HAYES has written to say that he will accept the Republican nomination for the Presidency. This is what the Pittsburgh Post calls cheering. Hayes is a good natured gentleman, and he will run. He has nothing to say of the present incumbent, and does not promise to follow in the footsteps of Grant. But General Hayes says very adroitly, but with great apparent innocence, that he don't believe in odious the doctrine, "to the victors belong the spoils." Therefore, General Hayes, if elected, will not make any disturbance among the present office-holders, but will let just as many of Grant's dependents remain as are honest, capable, and faithful! Exactly! Now this simply means that he will not remove anybody—for we all know that all Grant's present office-holders, including brother-in-law Sharp, and brother-in-law Casey, and Babcock, and all that sort of people, are acceptable to the Radicals, and Hayes will retain them of course. For who among the "victors" at his election, will be able to show that they are more competent, or honest, or truthful than the present incumbents? Besides, you perceive that they have what untried aspirants cannot have—experience—they know how to perform all the complicated duties. If this manifesto of Hayes's does not mean an assurance that he will retain Grant's officials in place, what does it mean? It is not possible that he intends to put any Democrat into office, although it is certain that none of that stripe will be among the "victors" if Hayes should be elected.

At a Democratic ratification meeting held in Louisville, a few evenings ago, one of the speakers suggested that the party symbol of this campaign should be a "new broom"—typical of reform. The Courier-Journal indorses the idea. "These are sweeping times," says that paper. "Honest men have gone in for a sweepstake against corrupt men. The Democrats mean to make a clean sweep of the Republicans. Ours will be a sweeping victory, and a sweep all around through every department of the public service is to be had as the result of it. So the housewife's familiar implement, 'New broom,' furnished by the Democratic party and flourished by our excellent Uncle Samuel, is just the figure to inspire the people. Let every Democratic club provide it 'A New Broom.' It is a useful thing to have about a family and will come in nice and handy next 4th of March. Brooms to the front! By battalions, by brigades, march!"

The Other Side.

GEN. M. C. BUTLER'S REPLY TO GOV. CHAMBERLAIN ON THE HAMBURG RIOT.

Upon the heads of those charged with the execution of the laws rests the responsibility for this collision. If it is true that Governor Scott placed these arms and this powder in the hands of these ignorant people, it was a crime against them and the white people that he did so. It was a crime in Governor Moses to have allowed them to remain in their hands, and it was more than a crime in Governor Chamberlain in the light of his experience upon that subject. It was a cruel and execrable wrong, an unpardonable sin against the peace of the country and the lives of the people that he should have allowed these guns and ammunition to remain in their hands. The jurisdiction and responsibility proportionally increased, at an important point on our border, like Hamburg; and a man of the greatest discretion, fidelity and firmness, could and should have been procured to fill the office; but instead of that, this man, Prince Rivers, wholly unfit for so important a station, is the only acting Trial Justice in Hamburg, and I believe the next nearest in Aiken county is about twelve miles distant. Now, if there had been a Trial Justice accessible, who would have given Mr. Rivers Butler justice, and have admitted the powder to be appealed to him to protect members of his family against this so-called militia, "this horror" would never have been chronicled. Not only does he not afford him protection, but the ruffian constable of this Trial Justice, one Bill Nelson, a copperhead negro, who has been in the county when I approached him in a perfectly respectful manner, to inquire about the whereabouts of the Trial Justice in order to begin the investigation. I was more or less buffeted and trifled with for hours by this man, Prince Rivers, who only until this armed company of outlaws had time to concentrate in their army, where they could successfully maintain their attitude of armed insurrection, armed with guns which this same Prince Rivers admitted in my presence had been taken from him by the negro, who shot and killed the town had a negro intended, and negro aidmen, negro marshals. It was almost a terror to every white man whose business required him to pass through it. They had harbored thieves and criminals from every direction. They had arrested and fined negroes, and had been systematically receiving them, the parties knowing them to have been stolen. For nights previous to the collision offending white citizens were halted by the pickets of these militiamen, armed with State guns and loaded with shells. In one instance five or six of them were taken, their bayonets on the palms of a gentleman, and upon his remonstrance cursed and abused him in the hearing of his wife and some visiting ladies. The names of all these persons can be given.

Why did this Attorney General and these "swift denouncing" newspapers not put themselves to some trouble to ascertain the provocations on both sides? That this was not a company of State militia, but a band of negroes organized contrary to law, or that the State property was not taken, that "Company A, Ninth Regiment, National Guard of the State of South Carolina," had been disbanded for several years, and that this band had usurped their organization without authority, that they were not lawfully armed, but had constructed the public highway, but had broken up a civil court, defied its process and resisted its mandates, and insulted its officers and riotously threatened the lives of peaceable citizens.

REMARKABLE EXPERIENCE WITH A RATTLESNAKE.—A Terrible Battle with the Reptile.—A dispatch from Milford, Pa., dated July 24th, says that a four-year-old boy named Riley, residing on the old Millford and Oswego roads, near the village of Grove township, that county, came into the house on Saturday last, carrying a rattlesnake. He had one hand clasped tightly about its neck, and the other above its rattle. The mother of the child was very much alarmed, and she tried to throw the snake on the floor, which he did not do until a second, and filled the room with the din of its rattles. Mrs. Riley seized a broom and soon dispatched the serpent. Her little boy cried over the death of the monster, and said there were more than he had got that, and he would go after another one.

Mrs. Riley summoned her husband from an adjoining field. He asked the child to show him where he got the snake. He led the way into the scrub oaks about a quarter of a mile from the house, to a small ledge of rock, in which there were many fissures. There, basking in the sun, the farmer saw dozens of rattlesnakes. He took his child in his arm and hurried away from the spot. Procuring the assistance of a hired man, the two, armed with axes, proceeded to the den. They attacked the serpents, but in the contest waged, the noise made by rattles of the snakes being almost deafening, Riley and his man killed twenty-one of the reptiles, and many escaped into the fissures in the rock. Riley's little boy had been left alone to this dangerous place, and had captured the snake and taken it home. It was two feet and a half long and had seven rattles.

THE MOLLIERS MAGUIRES.—Some Very Plain Talk from a Catholic Priest.—At first mass Sunday morning, in the Church of the Holy Infancy, South Bethlehem, the pastor, Rev. M. C. McEwen, paid his compliments to the members of the Holy Bethlehem district, and Order of the Molliers, or "Molli Maguires." He said that recently one Sunday some of the members of the order went to the furnace at Freemansburg, took whiskey with them, made drunk the workmen there, and then endeavored to induce them to join the Acacia lodge, a secret society. The history of the order, and the same was not exclusively flattering. He said the very constitution of the order was a fraud. It demanded that members must be Irishmen and Catholics, must commune once a year, and be non-resistant citizens. Then naming half a dozen of the members present in the order here, he asked, "Who that has been here for the past ten years has seen —, and so on and so commune?" He scarcely saw how they claimed to be Catholics, and they honest and reputable? Go to the shops and stores throughout the borough and see." Father McEwen's remarks on the subject at length; gave the "Molliers" to understand that there could be no half way measures, no compromise; that he meant to follow them, that all true Catholics would support him, and that, for one, he was not afraid of the dead "Molli Maguires." The denunciation was so vehement as it was unexpected, and it has mollified the "Molliers" considerably.—Shenandoah (Pa.) Herald.

A dispatch from Eureka, Cal., says that, about 9 o'clock Sunday night, a cloud burst on Diamond Range Mountains, thirteen miles east of San Francisco, which resulted in the death of thirteen Chinese woodchoppers, and probably of a large number of Italians camped in the canon getting out timber. The Italians were the two, and were not afraid of the rain, and as no trace can be found it is feared they all have perished.

A Terrible Lame-Kill.

A MOTHER AND HER TWO CHILDREN SUFFOCATED TO DEATH.

John E. Cameron, residing near Pittsville, Pa., put a fire in his lime-kiln on the morning of the 16th inst., and then went to work in his field some distance away. Soon after one of his children, a boy about nine years of age, conceived the idea of lowering his little sister, aged five years, into the kiln by means of a bucket and windlass used for that purpose. Acting upon this impulse, he induced the little girl to get into the bucket, and before long she found herself at the bottom of the pit. The fire had by this time heated the stone, which emitted poisonous gas, and the little girl, becoming alarmed, screamed to be drawn up. The boy tried to accomplish that feat, but not being able to do so, ran home and acquainted his mother and grandmother with the condition of affairs, both of whom hastened to the scene. Looking down into the pit the distracted mother saw her little daughter lying on the bottom, she having fallen out of the bucket, and thinking to save the life of her offspring, she drew up the bucket and putting her son into it, left him down into the noxious pit, telling him to put his sister in the bucket and get back into it himself as soon as possible. The little fellow succeeded in getting the body of his little sister, and he himself was drawn up a few feet, when the gas overcame him and he fell back unconscious to the bottom. The bucket was drawn to the top and the body of the little girl quickly removed and laid on the ground. Mrs. Cameron then called for the neighbors, and in twenty years of age, that she must lower her into the kiln, as she must go down to rescue her son. The old lady seized the crank and Mrs. Cameron got in the bucket. The weight was more than old Mrs. Cameron could bear, and she slipped from her hands, and a whirling around struck her on the head, stretching her, bleeding and senseless, on the ground. The mother of the children was precipitated with great force to the bottom, and no doubt rendered unconscious before the poisonous gases had time to enter into her lungs. About this time the Pittsville stage, John Kane, driver, came along by Cameron's farm. Kane discovered the body of old Mrs. Cameron, lying bleeding by the kiln, and that of the child lying near her. He stopped the stage and jumped out to see what was the matter with the children. He found the bodies of Mrs. Cameron and the other child were discovered at the bottom of the kiln. Kane told the passenger to turn the windlass as soon as he gave him the word, and then rapidly descended into the pit, hand over hand, down the rope. He picked up the mother, and she was able to sit up, and she was pulled quickly up and placed on the ground. The bucket was then lowered and Kane succeeded in getting into it with the boy's body. Kane was unconscious when he reached the top, and it was a long time before he was able to sit up. Kane's companions soon restored her to consciousness, but her daughter in law and two grandchildren were dead. As soon as Kane was able to walk the three corpses and old Mrs. Cameron were put in the stage and taken to the house, and Mr. Cameron was summoned to the scene, where he was working all unconscious of the terrible tragedy. Mrs. Cameron was about thirty five years old. This kiln is a singularly fatal one. No longer ago than last fall two men working for Mr. Cameron were suffocated in it, and circumstances similar to the above, and three persons besides have met their death in it at different times during the past seven years.

News and Other Notings.

—A turkey, dropped from a balloon at a height of three miles, alighted in New Bedford unharmed.

—A Methodist journal says that there are 4,173,047 members of the Methodist Church in the world.

—The Bellefonte Watchman says ex-Governor Curtin will speak in Indiana for Tilden and Hendricks.

—Recently a young Englishman, Tom Walker, swam from Whitby to Scarborough, a distance of twenty miles, in twenty one hours.

—A boy in New Haven, the other day, in diving, struck a rock and lost his scalp. The scalp was found and replaced and the boy recovered.

—Murder will out. Ned Harris, a colored man, was arrested in Richmond, Va., Friday, on a charge of having murdered his nephew ten years ago.

—A colored Tilden club has been organized in Richmond, Va. The organization is composed of the most intelligent and respectable colored men of the city.

—"Nig" died of stroke at Lake George. He was a dog, and his death is lamented, because, by performing in a circus, he earned \$20 a week for his master.

—A Camden man lodged a butcher-knife around for two hours threatening to kill any one who said he wasn't Moses, of Biblical fame. Every one said he looked just like Moses.

—Signiorina Spelterini, having succeeded twice in crossing Niagara on a rope, will repeat the performance twice a week during the summer. An obituary should be kept ready by every newspaper.

—The largest sponge ever found in the Florida is exhibited at a store in New York. When wet it is twelve feet in circumference and when dry eight feet, and weighs nineteen pounds.

—Suppose Grant should take it into his head to resign and leave the country in the hands of Ferry and the Republican inflationists. Where then would be the canvass for Hayes and Wheeler?

—A little boy was attacked by three water snakes in Voluntown, Conn., the other day, and when his father, who rescued him, came up, all the snakes were wound around the child's body.

—John Pear, of Mt. Washington, Allegheny county, has caused George Joyce to be arrested for criminal intimacy with Mrs. John Pear. Joyce is a married man, and both parties are prominent citizens.

—Northampton, Mass., is proud of the fact that she was the first town in that State to pay taxes in support of the Revolutionary government, as the treasurer's records, dated December 10, 1774, show.

—The Cincinnati Gazette explains the average nightmare at present to be a red-headed man with a Sioux's head on a flourishing a mad dog, and demanding that you instantly vote for Tilden and Wheelricks.

—If we knew where it started we should give credit for this item, which is going the rounds; A. wag, noted for his brevity, writes to his friend in the selection of his diet. He says, "don't eat Q-quackers; they'll W-wag."

—The four Molliers—McGeehan, Roariby, Carroll and Boyle—who were on trial at Pottsville for the previous ten days for the murder of Policeman Yost, at Tananqua, in 1875, were on Saturday last convicted of murder in the first degree.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have decided to establish an office of their own in London, and President Scott has selected Edmund Smith, Esq., the second Vice-President of the company, to make all the needed arrangements.

—The United Herald says that a party of hunters threw away a bad potato in their camp in the North Woods. The potato sprouted in a day or two and within a few days it was a bushy plant.

—The Boston Post says that the printer's ink enough in this country to blot out Gov. Tilden's record as a statesman, a reformer, and honest man. Voters don't bamboozle worth a cent this year. Republican voters can't see their hats.

—The Cincinnati Enquirer says that Governor Hayes signed the bill increasing the fees and emoluments of Ohio officials \$5,040,000 per annum in the aggregate. Such a man may be anxious for reform, but he gives us no promise of retrenchment.

—Mr. George Gellbach, who resides near Baltimore, owns the carriage in which Lafayette rode when he passed through that city during his visit to this country in 1824. The old relic is still in good condition and capable of doing further service.

—An old resident of Norris town, mysteriously disappeared from his home on the 27th ult., and has not been heard from since. He is about sixty years old, tall and stout, with a ruddy complexion, dark hair and eyes, and side whiskers.

—In East Saginaw, Mich., was literally cut over the boys, turning both of them trippingly. O'Brien, it is thought, will die, if not already dead, and Miller will lose his eyes.

—The Globe Democrat's special from St. Joseph, Mo., says while James C. Cross was boating with five young girls on Centray Lake, near that city, on Sunday afternoon, the boat was upset and all the girls were in the water, and he was unable to save his daughter, who was seized with cramps, and was rescued only with great difficulty. The girls were from 7 to 16 years old, and were named Zetter, Kratt, Seitz, Cross, and Sumner.

—The talk about making Mr. Everts the Republican nominee for Governor of New York, says the Brooklyn Eagle, "is not likely among the friends of the party wing of the Republican party." "But," according to the Eagle, "the evidence that Mr. Everts will support Tilden is not wanting, and it will probably be shown in a short time beyond mistake."

—Steel freight cars are the latest and most important railroad novelty, the object being to make the cars lighter than the present wooden ones, and thus save the wear and tear of the rails. It is claimed that the new steel freight cars can be made weighing not more than five thousand pounds that will carry from twelve to fifteen tons of freight, and that by using steel trucks a car weighing twenty thousand pounds can be made to carry twenty-five tons of freight, and that steel passenger and freight cars can be made stronger and more durable than wooden ones.

—The Cleveland Plain Dealer publishes a call for the formation of a Tilden club, which is copied from the Watchman and Citizen, and signed by 44 German-American citizens, only 58 of whom have heretofore affiliated and acted with the Democratic party. The notice published in the Watchman does not comprise more than one-half who have signed the call for the formation of this club. This call is not the work of mere politicians; it emanates from men who feel the importance and necessity of administrative reform.

—A large building at Lachine, Quebec, used by Mr. S. Oursay for a boat building, was burned on Tuesday night, with the boats of the Lachine boating club and several large and small sailing yachts. A child of the proprietor perished in the flames, and two workmen, in endeavoring to save their boats, were badly burned. They died next morning.

METHODS OF BUSINESS POINTS

METHODS OF BUSINESS POINTS OF ADVANTAGE

IN THE PURCHASE OF

CLOTHING

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL

THE PURCHASING PUBLIC

- WE have but One Price for All
WE receive Cash Payment from All
WE give a Guarantee protecting All
WE Return Money when we cannot suit All
WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash.
WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell.
WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments.
WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price.
WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure.
WE employ first-class workmen in every department.
WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money.

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Magnificent assortment of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Underwear, at Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

—Rev. James E. Welch, for forty years pastor of the Baptist church at Mount Holly, N. J., while visiting Sea Side park, N. J., with a pleasure party, went into the surf to bathe, and after remaining in the surf for twenty minutes went back to the beach, where he was taken sick and died in a short time.

—For twenty five days preceding Sunday last the deaths of children under five years of age averaged nearly one hundred daily in New York city. In Brooklyn, last week, the deaths were 533, the largest death rate ever recorded there. Of this number 290 were children under five years of age. There have been many fatal cases of strychnine.

—A clergyman of Oxford, England, has been sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment with hard labor for having assaulted a girl of fourteen whom he had only a few months before prepared for confirmation. The case has aroused the more indignation in England as, owing to a defect in the law, the girl's parents have had to pay the whole of the costs.

—By the swamping of a small steam yacht in the Hudson river, near Troy, N. Y., on Friday evening, August 1st, Mr. Thomas Edgely, Geo. Bloomfield, James Faulkner and Henry Maniche were drowned. Four others, who composed the party, were saved by swimming ashore. Edgely was drowned while attempting to save Fox, who could not swim.

—Scraper's recalls the every day mass of thick ice filed the point of Lake Erie from which the Niagara river starts, damming the falls effectively for nearly a whole day. The falls soon drained the river above leaving only a deep creek to run over the American side, and the British channel reduced to less than half its ordinary size.

—The present is the fourth invasion of the Big Horn country by United States troops. Gen. Connor went there in 1865, and destroyed a village of hostile Cheyennes and Arapahoes. In 1866 Gen. Carrington entered the field, and left it with the Indians in charge; and in March last, Gen. Crook led an expedition thither, which did not yield practical fruit.

—The Harrisburg Patriot states that the school department is now distributing the annual appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the maintenance of the public schools of the State at the rate of from \$20,000 to \$25,000 a day. The amounts are sent to the various treasurers of the 2,100 school districts in the State. It requires about \$75,000 to pay the salaries of the teachers.

—Two ladies, Mrs. J. O'Brien and Robert Milner undertook to drive an express wagon at Englewood, N. J., on Tuesday, but the whiffletree broke, the horses ran away, the wagon was upset and a corbay of vitriol was broken, scattering the fluid over the boys, turning both of them trippingly. O'Brien, it is thought, will die, if not already dead, and Milner will lose his eyes.

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ONCE Price means of... CARE has extensive... THE Guarantee... WE rely on... DICKERING... OUL... WE'll... NOT a... SAVING AND... A CARD...