THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, - - JAN. 21, 1876.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There, and the Other Place.

—How about the ice crop?

—Huntingdon borough is to have an axe factory.

—Ex-Governor Bigler has been restored to his wonted health.

—The Johnstown Water Company has declared a dividend of four per cent.

—Singular as it may seem, there is only one hotel in Harrisburg that has a Bolt-on.

—A convention of the dental fraternity of Central Pennsylvania met at Huntingdon on Wednesday.

—A twelve-foot vein of cannel coal has been discovered on the farm of Mr. Samuel Long, in Grant township, Indiana county.

—The Japanese and Chinese contribution to the Centennial passed Cresson eastward Sunday morning. It filled nineteen freight cars.

—An agent of the New York Insurance Bureau was last week made a draft of Ebensburg, from actual surveys, for insurance purposes.

—The stealing of coal from the P. R. R. has been carried on so systematically of late at East Conemaugh that a special policeman has been appointed to put a stop to it.

—The number of persons who went hence to Harrisburg to be present at the Governor's inauguration Tuesday was not so great as to require the running of an extra train.

—An infant child of Esquire Cox, formerly of Cherry Tree, died of whooping cough in Punxsutawney borough last Tuesday. That disease is reported to be quite prevalent in that section.

—It was Brother Sansom, of the Indiana Democrat, who called for three cheers for Governor Hartranft after his Excellency had finished the reading of his inaugural address.

—So far as heard from, the challenge of the Blair county chap to spell against any one whose residence is Cambria county, "the County Superintendent excepted," has not been taken.

—A watchman on the Pa. R. R. at Braddock's station, Wm. Bennett by name, was run over and instantly killed about 2 o'clock on Tuesday morning last. He leaves a wife and family.

—A trial of skill was participated in by a score of our crack shots last Saturday. The rifle contested for was a fat hog, which was won by a young man named Burkey, of Cambria township.

—For various public documents and for other courtesies extended to us while in Harrisburg on Tuesday last, our gentlemanly representatives, Messrs. Hannan and Buck, will please accept thanks.

—A case of bride-snatching has recently been developed at Livermore, Westmoreland county. The grave of Mrs. Kirtland, buried a number, last, having been desecrated because of debt prevailing.

—Gen. Huntington *Globe* was sold by the Sheriff last Friday, for $1,500. His wife and father were the purchasers, from which we infer that the paper will continue to remain under its old management.

—A dairyman in Milford township, Somerset county, recently sold 765 pounds of butter from the milk of three cows during seven months, besides having used six pounds a month from the same source.

—"Star Scale, or Golden Wonder, a medical preparation renowned for its curative power, is sold by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, A. J. Christy, Loretto, and Christ, Roth, Summitville. [1-21,-4t.]

—The Johnstown *Tribune* says that Hon. Jim Kelly has secured an appointment for Mr. Wm. Gould, of that place, at a salary of $720 for the session. We will believe the thing when it reaches us from a more reliable source.

—A dwelling house in Indiana borough, owned by a lady named Mrs. Zent and her children was destroyed by fire a few days ago, and, horrible to relate, one of the children was suffocated to death by the smoke.

—This is the first number of the tenth volume of the FREEMAN, but absence from home has prevented a more extended allusion to the fact in this issue. Next week we shall have something more to say on the subject.

—Victoria C. Woodhull will lecture on "Love and the False Socially" in Johnstown this evening. Her lecture is said to be free of all that would naturally be expected from that source, and replete with important food for thought.

—If a law was enacted providing for the hanging to death of all human beings devoid of personal beauty, what a fearful mortality there would be among the women folks who will attend the inauguration platform at Harrisburg on Tuesday last.

—Two literary societies in the south of the county lately debated the question, and find as many exercises more influence on society than knowledge. And then, we presume, they went home and burned all the candles they had and raised the price of butter.

—Two young children of Mr. Franklin Gaither, of Taylor township, died within twenty minutes of each other last Saturday, and to add to the affliction of the family, the father himself is not expected to recover from an attack of scarlet fever from which he is suffering.

—It is not too late we hope to announce that our down-town neighbor, Brother Swope of the *Herald*, has changed his publication day from Thursday to Saturday. We miss a week here but he will gladly return to principles ere long, Saturday being a good day for some of the mails.

—An interest in the Altoona *Tribune* establishment has been purchased by Mr. Jas. Pershire, well known in railroad circles, and the business will henceforth be conducted under the firm name of Dern & Pershire. Our best wishes attend both gentlemen in their new departure.

—The proprietor of the Leonard House, Mr. J. P. Stewart by name, attempted suicide on Tuesday night last by throwing himself in front of a freight engine, and had it not been for the interposition of Fireman Burley, who is a burly policeman, would probably have succeeded.

—Mrs. George Miller, of Cherryhill township, Indiana county, as announced in a portion of our edition last week, was so unfortunately burned by fire communicated to wearing apparel from a cooking stove, on Wednesday, the 5th inst., that she died from agony on the following day.

—For the first time in our life we were present at the inauguration ceremonies in Harrisburg on Tuesday last, and if the Court knows itself, and we think it does, we will never again be guilty of such a folly. We were crushed almost out of shape, and saw little that we would not be just as well off if we had not seen.

—In the inauguration procession at Harrisburg on Tuesday, Capt. Samuel W. Davis, of this place, acted as an aid to Gen. Howard Reeder, Marshal of the First Division of the Second Grand Division, and Col. J. P. Linton, of Johnstown, as an aid to Col. William B. Mann, Marshal of the Second Division of the same Grand Division.

—The lecture of Victoria C. Woodhull, in Altoona, on Tuesday evening last, although not very largely attended, seems to have given universal satisfaction. It is said to have been an eloquent, forcible and very truthful representation of the true and false socially, and was devoid of any expression to which truly modest people could file an objection.

—The Democratic Representative Delegates of this district met at Altoona on Tuesday and selected R. L. Johnston, Esq., of this place, to fill the vacancy on the Democratic State Committee occasioned by the removal of Capt. John Porter to Westmoreland county. Mr. Johnston left Wednesday evening for Harrisburg, where a meeting of the State Committee was held yesterday.

—The "Cham"-pion boy baby of the centennial year 1876 put in an appearance the other day, and considering that he was preceded by three of the feminine persuasion, it may well be conceived that a hearty welcome greeted his advent, and fair it is to presume that he will be cherished as a *jewel* of the household and carefully *watched* over for many a day to come. Long may he live and prosper.

—In the Senate, Col. John Lemon occupies the position of chairman of the Committee on Accounts and is also a member of the Committees on Railroads and Agriculture, and in the House, Hon. John Hannan has been placed on the Committees on Local Judiciary, Railroads, Elections and Counties and Townships, while Hon. John Buck has been assigned to the Manufacturing and Agricultural Committees.

—A lad named Slater Murdoch was drowned near Ligonier, Westmoreland county, on Saturday last. He and two or three of his associates were amusing themselves skating, when the ice parted from the shore, carrying its living freight to the middle of the stream, where it subsequently broke to pieces, precipitating the boys into the water, from which, however, all but young Murdoch succeeded in making their escape.

—At the convention of Poor Directors in Altoona, on Wednesday last, twenty-five districts of the State were represented, the number of delegates present being sixty-five. The convention met at 10 o'clock, a. m., and after electing the necessary officers, among whom R. L. Johnston, Esq., of this place, was chosen as one of the Vice Presidents, the meeting adjourned until 2 p. m., since when we have heard nothing in regard to its doings.

—Monday's Altoona *Mirror* says: "Rev. Daniel Devlin, president of St. Francis' College, Loretto, passed through this city from Williamsburg this morning. In conversation with him he referred to a book in his possession which, for age, is certainly worthy of note. It was published in Rome 350 years ago, is eighteen inches long and ten inches wide, bound in wood about an inch and a quarter in thickness. It is a Latin theological work."

—Despite several days of cold weather which visited us during the past week, a vast multitude of wild pigeons populate our woods, in quest of beechnuts and other qualities of food. A renowned Nimrod gives it as his opinion that they will remain with us during the residue of the winter, or as long as the supply of mast holds out, and the sportsmen are happy, even though the birds are extremely wild and the number brought to pot per day is not alarmingly large.

—Miss Fannie E. Hamlin, whose lecture at the Congregational church Wednesday evening last gave unbounded satisfaction to an appreciative audience, has consented to deliver a lecture at the Court House on Monday evening next, under the auspices of the Cambria Guards. The subject announced for the coming lecture is "Faces at the Window," and an admission fee of 25 cents will be charged.

—The fifth annual report of the Johnstown Savings Bank, shows that institution to be in a most satisfactory financial condition. As a proof of the high esteem in which it is held by the public, it may be mentioned that the number of depositors is in excess of two thousand, while the dividends for the past five years have reached six per cent. Would that *all* the banks of the country were based on a like measure of solidity and prosperity.

—Cellar thieves are annoying some of our citizens. One of the victims requests us to announce that he will in no wise hold himself responsible for damage done on his premises to the depredators by the going off of steel-traps or spring-guns in places visited by them, while another suggests that if the idea had not been first promulgated by the Johnstown *Tribune*, many years ago, he would be sorely tempted to cure his beef-steak with strychnine. A word to the wise and the otherwise ought to be sufficient.

—We congratulate the fraternity upon the return of our much esteemed friend, E. B. M'Crum, Esq., late senior editor of the Altoona *Tribune*, to the ranks journalistic, he having recently purchased and assumed control of the Mifflintown *Independent*, which will henceforth be published as a Republican newspaper. Mr. M'Crum is an able editor, an accomplished printer and a thorough gentleman, and under his management the *Independent* cannot fail to be worthy of a liberal support, albeit the political principles it proposes to advocate are not what we conceive to be for the best interests of the country.

—By invitation of Rev. J. Boyle, pastor, twenty-four persons, principally young men, approached the sanctuary railing at the Catholic church, in this place, on Sunday afternoon last, and on bended knees pledged themselves to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors for a period of two years, and also to discourage the use of the same by others. The temperance association thus formed is to be fully organized this evening by the election of officers, etc., and there is every reason to hope that ere long it will embrace nearly every male member of the congregation. A cadet society for boys of ten years and upwards is also to be organized forthwith, and a reading room and library will be established at an early day, if all goes well.

—If things keep on as they do we will have to station a special reporter at every saw mill in the county, in order to enable us to record the destruction of the aforesaid mills before the news becomes stale, as has been the case in two instances of late. The last of these was the burning to the ground, on Tuesday night, January 11th, of the water saw mill of Mellon Brothers, in Chest township, and the loss of a great deal of valuable personal property, including machinery, turning lathe, shingle mill, stave machine etc. The origin of the fire or the amount of the loss we did not ascertain, but learn that there was insurance of $1,134 on the mill, which will in part at least make good the damage.

—Notwithstanding the constant efforts of the Johnstown *Tribune* to belittle our representatives at Harrisburg, there are no legislators who stand higher in the estimation of their fellow members than do Messrs. Hannon and Buck, the gentlemen who represent Cambria in the lower House, as we have reason to know from personal observation. There is no question about the integrity and honesty of either of them, and of the former especially it may with truth be said that he is a universal favorite among all respectable classes in and out of the Legislature. The latter, being more retired in his disposition, does not figure so conspicuously, but he is none the less appreciated for his worth and amiable disposition.

—And now comes a Bennington correspondent of the Altoona *Mirror*, who declares that the FREEMAN erred in takig back what it had said about the shooting of four men at a ball at Bennington on New Year's eve, and not only further asserts that two of the men were from Tunnel Hill, and the other two from what is known as "The Patch," both of which localities are in this county, but clinches his statement by publishing the names of all the parties concerned, among whom are two others from Gallitzin, neither of whom were injured. The information on which our denial was based reached us from a source we had no reason to doubt, but as "Ben Nington" seems to know what he is talking about, we guess we will have to acknowledge the corn, even though he should go back of his promise to be for us for county treasurer.

—On Monday last, Mr. Joseph Owens concluded that it would be a nice thing to go hunting. Accordingly, he repaired to a forest a short distance south of town, and while looking for a flock of several million pigeons which are popularly supposed to have their boarding-house in that quarter, his eyes became centered on the proportions of a huge black bear. Though the bear saw him not, yet the alacrity with which Mr. Owens executed a retrogressive movement has not been paralleled since the time Early went whirling down the Shenandoah Valley in advance of Sheridan. Returning safely to town, he spread the alarm, so to speak, and the following morning all the available guns to be found were pressed into requisition and chase was given. Plenty of "signes," we are told, were found, but that was all. The animal that made them had gone on an excursion—probably to New York, to hear Moody and Sankey. About fifteen years ago, a bear was killed in the immediate neighborhood of where this one was only seen.

—On Friday of last week, a young man, well dressed and in possession of a small sum of money, arrived at East Conemaugh in a box-car. He gave unmistakable evidences of insanity, and making his appearance in Johnstown shortly after, he was arrested and placed in the lock-up. Here he acted in so outrageous a manner that it was found necessary to iron him to prevent him from doing harm to himself and others, and on Monday evening he was brought to the Poor House and committed. Whether his insanity has been superinduced by an attack of the jimjams, or is the result of natural causes, is an open question. Before he left Conemaugh, he was robbed of an overcoat and what money he had. Though the man is and evidently has been for some time unfit to run at large, yet it is susceptible of proof that he was turned loose on Cambria county by the authorities of an eastern county, to the end of a saving of care and expense to that county. To be sure, he might in his frenzy have killed one of our people, but such a minor possibility does not seem to have entered into the calculation of our neighbors over the border, and likely would have given them very little concern.

PROTECTION OF GAME.—It is a well known fact that despite the multitude of legal enactments looking toward the preservation throughout the Commonwealth of game, such as deer, squirrels, rabbits, pheasants, trout, etc., yet our forests and streams are year by year being so despoiled by reckless sportsmen that, except a stop be put to this wholesale destruction by the enforcement of these laws, the manufacturers and vendors of game and fishing tackle will be obliged to go into bankruptcy. A quarter of a century ago, the woods in our immediate neighborhood were the homes of unnumbered small game, while the water-ways teemed with trout. Where is the small game now? Killed out of season, and all but exterminated. Where is the magnificent trout—most magnificent of fish, and game as it is magnificent? Banished to some locality where the foot of man seldom treads. A number of our local sportsmen have latterly taken note of this marked and disheartening condition of things, and have taken the initiatory steps to put a stop to it. A few evenings ago, a meeting was held here, at which an association denominated the "Ebensburg Sportsmen's Club" was organized, with the following officers: President, John A Blair; Treasurer, Geo. W. Oatman; Secretary, John G. Lake. A committee to frame a constitution and by-laws, consisting of Messrs. Oatman, Lake, and James M. Singer, was appointed, with instructions to report at a meeting to be held to-night.

The existing game laws, if properly enforced, are all-sufficient to prevent the wholesale destruction of fur and fin complained of. Such enforcement, as we understand it, will be the main object arrived at by the Club, and we bespeak for it in its work the co-operation of all who are not land or water pirates.

THE WILMORE BURGLARY.—The surreptitious entrance to the residence of Rev. H. McHugh, of Wilmore, at an early hour on Monday morning of last week, by two unknown burglars, as briefly referred to in our last issue, was accomplished by removing a pane of glass from one of the windows and then reaching in and unfastening the bolt and raising the window. Once inside, the movements of the burglars were distinctly heard by the inmates, but presuming that the noise was made by some other of the legitimate members of the household, neither of them made any attempt to eject the intruders or even discover who they were. True the thieves approached the bed occupied by the venerable mother of Father McHugh, and held a light close to her face, but aware though she was of their presence, she had sufficient control of her feelings not to make any outcry, and thus no doubt save maltreatment, if not death, as one of the party had a heavy club with him, which was found in one of the rooms soon after their departure. The burglars succeeded in capturing $21 in money, a good revolver, and several other articles of value.

BETHINK AND BELIEVE.—There is no doubt—there can be no doubt, that in the various investigations which science has made, she has added to the trophies of the past, and what we see in material development is also going on in the other departments of life. Consumption, once the terror of the human family, is now partly shorn of its terrors. You can meet it at the threshold and dispute its invasion by that more than wonderful medicine, DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which has done more for its cure than all the remedies that have preceded it. We read every week of cures that DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE has made. We see those on the streets in the full enjoyment of life, who once were apparently on their way to the "narrow house." DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE has again relit the lamp of life and sent these once suffering invalids on their way rejoicing. Price, $1.50 per bottle or four bottles for $5, at 240 Penn street, Pittsburgh. Dr. Keyser's private office, 120 Penn street. [1-21.-1m.]

AMERICAN GENIUS—MOODY AND SANKEY.—The great revivalists, Messrs. Moody and Sankey, who electrified staid old England with their eloquence and enthusiasm, are fair samples of American genius. Springing from among the common people, their sympathies are alive to the wants of *the whole people*, and herein lies the secret of their great success. Those who seek to be popular must study and be familiar with the wants of the masses, and prove loyal thereto. To this fact we may trace the grand success in business, as well as in religious undertakings, which many Americans have achieved. Strikingly illustrative of these suggestions is that great establishment located at Buffalo, N. Y., and known as the "World's Dispensary,"—a most appropriate name, indeed, for that vast institution, within whose walls are manufactured remedies which are in demand in every quarter of the globe, and at which a corps of distinguished physicians and surgeons, under the personal direction of Dr. Pierce, are constantly administering to the needs of thousands of sufferers every where, and whose success in the treatment of all forms of chronic ailments has become so well known that there is scarcely a hamlet in the land in which his name is not familiar. Its proprietor, says the *Herald and Torchlight*, of Detroit, "*is a man of the people*, writes for them, and to them tenders his eminent professional services." His advertisements are earnest exhortations. Like the great revivalists, his enthusiasm is multiplied by the unparalleled success of his enterprise, as well as by the efficacy of his remedies in curing disease. *The people believe in him* and his remedies, because, as the New York *Tribune* says "the sympathizes with them in all their afflictions, efforts, and attainments." Hence, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is to-day more largely employed as a blood and liver medicine, and also as a cough remedy, than any other remedial agent in the world. His Favorite Prescription, he does not recommend as a "cure-all," as is so often done by compounders of worthless, humbug nostrums, but for all disease and weaknesses peculiar to women it has proved itself so much of a specific that it now enjoys great popularity and universal confidence. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, "scarcely larger than mustard seed," have proved so agreeable and reliable as cathartic that they are rapidly taking the place of the large, nauseous pills heretofore so much in use; while his Compound Extract of Smart-Weed is a favorite remedy for Colic, Cramps, Summer-complaints, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera and Cholera Morbus, and also as a liniment. Of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, little need be said, as they are known everywhere as the greatest specifics for Catarrh and "cold in the head," ever given to the public. And besides this large measure of success, Dr. Pierce seems likely to achieve as great renown as an author as he has as a physician. His COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book of about 900 pages, which he sells at the unparalleled low price of $1.50, has already been sold to the extent of exhausting two editions amounting to forty thousand copies. The secret of Dr. Pierce's success, as well as that of the great revivalists, and scores of other Americans, who by their genius have advanced step by step from obscurity to affluence and distinction, consists in treating the people with consideration, sympathy, candor, and honesty. No man, who hopes to attain either wealth or distinction, can *afford* to deal unfairly with the world or be indifferent to the wants and best interests of humanity.

MILD WINTERS.—The weather thus far this winter has been comparatively mild and the topic of much conversation, and a comparison with the mild winters of "long gone by" may not be uninteresting. In 1112 the temperature was so high that the leaves came out on the trees in January, and the birds hatched their broods in February. In 1289 the weather was equally mild, and the maidens of Cologne wore wreaths of violets and corn flowers at Christmas and on Twelfth day. In 1421 the trees flowered in the month of March, and the vines in the month of April. Cherries ripened in the same month, and grapes appeared in May. In 1572 the trees were covered with leaves in January, and the birds hatched their young in February, as in 1173; in 1585 the same thing was repeated, and it is added that corn was in the ear at Easter. There was in France neither snow nor frost throughout the winters of 1598, 1607, 1609, 1617 and 1663; finally, in 1682, even in the north of Germany, the stoves were not lighted and trees flowered in February. Coming to later dates, the winters of 1819-47, when it thundered at Paris on the 28th of January, and that of 1868, the year of the great inundation of the Seine, may be mentioned as exceptionally mild.

INTERESTING TO SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—State Superintendent Wickersham in his report submitted to the Legislature at its present session, says that section 6, of the act of April 29, 1874, applies to school directors, and it is their duty to comply with its provisions. We quote from the section, as follows: The corporate authorities of every such municipality or district shall annually, in the month of January, prepare and publish in at least two newspapers of said municipal ty or of the county in which the same is situate, if so many be printed therein, a statement showing in detail the actual indebtedness, the amount of the funded debt, the amount of the floating debt thereof, the valuation of taxable property therein, the assets of the corporation, with the character and nature thereof, and a neglect or failure so to do shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—Are you suffering with Consumption, Coughs, Severe Colds settled on the breast or any disease of the Throat and Lungs? If so, go to your Druggists, Lemon & Murray, Ebensburg, or to Woleslagle & Son, Wilmore, and get a bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP. This medicine has lately been introduced from Germany, and is selling on its own merits. The people are going wild over its success, and druggists all over our country are writing us of its wonderful cures among their customers. If you wish to try its superior virtue get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Large size bottle 75 cents. Three doses will relieve you. Try it.

THE great Centennial anniversary is now at hand and it behooves everybody, whether he intends to visit the international exhibition at Philadelphia or not, to deck himself in wearing apparel worthy of so patriotic an occasion. To all who have not yet attended to this important matter we cordially commend the immense clothing house of our worthy friend Godfrey Wolff, of Altoona, the oldest dealer in that line Blair county can lay claim to. His store is on Twelfth street, next door to the post-office, and his stock is the largest and best and his prices the lowest in Central Pennsylvania.

Dr. Finney's Compound Syrup of Buchu is guaranteed to cure Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, painful or suppressed urination so frequent in old age, painful or suppressed menstruation, leucorrhœa or whites, gravel, gleet, stricture, bloody discharges, Bright's disease, brickdust deposits, dropsy-pain in the back or side, sick headache, pimples, blotches and eruptions on the face, and all diseases of a specific or constitutional nature, regardless of duration, age or sex. Compound Syrup of Buchu is a positive and radical cure. For sale by LEMMON & MURRAY, Ebensburg.

A WEARIED young lady hastened the departure of a tedious caller by remarking, as she looked out of the window: "I think we are going to have a beautiful sunrise." She wanted to go to bed early, that she might get up early next morning and go and see the new and cheap goods just received by Myers & Lloyd, High street, Ebensburg. General verdict: sensible girl!

SOMEBODY advertises in a Pittsburgh paper for "laboring work inside." We do not know what that means, but had he advertised for bargains in ready-made clothing, we would unhesitatingly recommend him to Jno. J. Murphy's, 109 Clinton street, Johnstown. The goods sold there are the best and the prices the cheapest.

THE Johnstown *Tribune* tells of a great curiosity that can be seen at the Oak Hall Clothing Store of S. J. Hess, Nos 241 and 243 Main street, Johnstown. It is the spectacle of the proprietor selling ready made goods at prices which astonish everybody. Call at Oak Hall, and see if this is not a fact.

Our Puzzle Department.

CHEST SPRINGS, Jan. 15, 1876.

DEAR FREEMAN—I will commence at the bottom of the column, this time, and come up.

Answer to B. C. D.'s problem. Taking the force of gravity at 32 1-6 and supposing sound to travel at the rate of 1,142 ft. in a second, the stone was 20.56 seconds in dropping, and it took the sound 5.98 seconds, nearly, to reach the top; and as the total distance through which a body falls varies as the square of the time, 20.56×8 square multiplied by 16 1-12 gives 6758.5 ft. nearly, for the depth of the shaft.

Answer to S. Little's problem: 7 and 5 and 3 are 15, and place two ones so as to form a V, and you have 20.

J. C. Seanlon's problems: 1st. Taking the circumference and diameter of the earth at the round numbers 25,000 and 8,000 miles, in going round the earth, the wheelbarrow turns round 32,286,650⅔ times more than the cart, and in going through the barrow wheel turned 16,-325,333⅓ times more than the cart wheel.

2nd. As 100 per cent. of the rum bears 100 per cent. of cash, so 1 per cent. of rum bears 1 per cent. of cash; and if he is willing to lose 20 per cent. of the whole cash he must have lost 20 per cent. of rum, and that taken from the whole of the rum leaves 80 per cent., which 80 per cent. must be sold at cost price, or $1.25 per gallon, to lose 20 per cent. on the whole cost.

About that bottle puzzle. I would say to Loretto that the bottle was empty and corked, so, I imagine, it could have no influence on human mind or body, for bottles are useful for many purposes.

About that trapezium, I would say that it was gotten up extemporaneously, and the equal should have been left out.

PROBLEM.

If a clock lose 10 minutes in 24 hours, how much must the pendulum be shortened in order to keep correct time?

Yours, A. D. H.

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JANUARY, 17, 1876.

DEAR FREEMAN—Permit me to make a few remarks on the problems in your last issue. First if "A. D. H." can calculate the solidity of a piece of timber without knowing the length of it he is certainly entitled to the first premium; and as there is no length given for his stick of pure timber, all I can do with it is to tell the specific gravity of it; and that is (as I make it) 5; 2-5 lbs per cubic foot. Then let that be multiplied by the solidity of the stick, and the product will be the weight of the stick. As to J. C. Seanlon, I think it an unwarrantable way to find his second problem. I will simply remark that he will have a happy time of it driving his wheelbarrow around the earth. He will have to get some bridges built, and have the distance measured, for he has given no length for the circumference either real or assumed. Then a difficulty still will make a tunnel through the centre of the earth, then measure the length, for he seems not to be aware that the diameter of a circle is not one third of the circumference. When he has all these things done, his problem will be a practical one.

Solution to Rob Roy's first problem, as corrected (first C) counting from outside to centre of the land:

Ploughed, 1st day	2.886998 rods	—	20	acres.
" 2d "	2.949.03 "	—	20	"
" 3d "	3.015834 "	—	20	"
" 4th "	3.086230 "	—	20	"
" 5th "	3.160265 "	—	20	"
" 6th "	3.214100 "	—	20	"
" 7th "	3.323384 "	—	20	"
" 8th "	3.440887 "	—	20	"
" 9th "	3.567092 "	—	20	"
" 10th "	3.703574 "	—	20	"
" 11th "	3.853205 "	—	20	"
" 12th "	3.925918 "	—	20	"
	39,999.999 rods		240	acres.

If Rob Roy can go nearer to the true answer, let your readers hear from him.

The author's decimals carried out to the fifth figures, but to be more correct I carried out six decimals.

Yours, &c., LORETTO.

P. S. J. C. Scanlan says neither "Loretto" nor "A. D. H." answered his problem correctly. Well let him give a different solution and be right. I, for one, will then submit, but not until then. C.

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GLENWHITE, Jan. 17, 1876.

DEAR FREEMAN—I answer J. C. Seanlan's wheel problem thus: The one wheel of the cart will make 26,400,000 revolutions in going around the earth, and the two together will make twice as many, or 52,800,000 revolutions. The wheelbarrow wheel will make 58,653,968⅔ revolutions more than the wheels of the cart in going around the earth. Each wheel of the cart will make 8,800,000 revolutions in going through the earth. The wheelbarrow will make 19,-553,555 5-9 revolutions, or 1,555,555 5-9 more than the cart wheels in going through the earth.

The answer to S. Little's problem in setting 5 figures each of 3, 5, 3, 5, 3, 5, 1, to make 29, simple addition, is as follows: 7—7—5—5—5=29.

Allow me to give one for the benefit of your readers and myself also: A tree 80 feet high stands one hundred feet from the bank of a river. On the top of the tree there are two pigeons. One of them flew over the river and went to the river, and the other jumped up and came down the hypothenuse and traveled the same distance. How high did he jump?

Yours, &c., T. J. S.

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WILMORE, Jan. 18, 1876.

DEAR FREEMAN—Some person who thought himself well versed in the science of numbers remarked in the hearing of a Wilmore lightning calculator that the number of pigeons that passed over the Middle and Eastern States lately would aggregate one tridecillion. Now, our friend asserts that supposing him to be correct in his estimate, and supposing each pigeon to occupy 4 cubic inches, they would be of sufficient magnitude to form an oblong parallelopipedon to the height of 390 billion miles, which our friend thinks a little too steep, and would like some of the contributors to the puzzle department to figure it out and see what conclusion they can arrive at—the number given supposed to be correct, and each pigeon to occupy four cubic inches.

N. B. The person first answering this to the satisfaction of the author will be presented with a palm leaf fan or a $10 bill on a bursted bank.

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Some weeks ago, A. D. H. had a problem inserted in the FREEMAN, regarding a field of land in the form of trapezium, 2 sides of which were parallel, 80 and 100 perches respectively, and the other two sides 40 perches each. Now, it is required to divide said trapezium into two fields of equal size as to quantity by a line beginning at one of the acute angles. When so divided, what will be the length of each boundary line of each field?

Loretto, January 17, 1876. W. H. Y.

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DEAR FREEMAN—As there are so many contributing to your puzzle department, permit me to contribute a simple problem on the division of land:

John owns a tract of land, of which he wishes to sell fifty acres to Jonathan, the fifty acres to be in the form of an oblong piece, to be 72 rods longer than wide, what will be the length and width of the piece?

Loretto, Jan. 17, 1876. O. P. R.

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PROBLEM.

I have a garden in the form of an oblong square, 50 feet by 160 feet, I wish to make a gravel walk half way round in it that will just take up one-half of the ground. Required, the width of the walk? O. P. Q

Letter from the West.

NASHVILLE, Brown Co., Ind., Dec. 29, 1875.

DEAR FREEMAN—I now propose to give you a brief sketch of the early and natural history of Brown county, it having fallen to me to write up the same as a member of the Centennial Committee from this county.

Brown county is situated in the interior of the State, the surface of the soil is generally hilly, almost mountainous, but about one-fifth part consists of valleys and rock bottoms, with a like amount of level table lands in the south-western corner. It contains an area of three hundred and twenty square miles, or 204,800 acres. The soil is well adapted to the vegetable and cereal productions. Salt creek, the principal street, is composed of three main branches, the middle and south fork, which unite near the south-western corner of the county, and flows thence through Monroe and Lawrence counties into the east fork of White river. Highland ridges, approaching the square form of the county surrounds it on the cardinal side, while east to the south-west three other ridges traverse the county, all connecting on the divide near Iowa, called Trafalgar, in Johnston county, all these ridges slope gradually south and west but present steep and rugged faces to the north and east.

Gold is found on the bars of the brooks that flow into Beanblossom from Indiana creek ridge, and on the streams that flow from the foot of the "Drift Backbone," in the north-eastern part of the county, as South Beanblossom and North Salt creeks.

Iron stone concretions have been discovered, but not in sufficient quantities to be of economic importance. There are numerous quarries in various parts of the county, from which are taken stone that is extensively used for architectural purposes, and perhaps as fine as can be found in this country. Lead has also been found, but not in sufficient quantities to pay for working. There has also been recently uncarthed a continuous quartz ledge, said to contain gold and silver. Prof. Collett, Assistant State Geologist, says manganese has been found in abundance, and in the course of time will make this county one of the wealthiest in the State. There has also been found many precious stones, including diamonds, cornelians, *small* rubies, garnets and opals. Prof. Wylie, of the State University at Bloomington, is of the opinion, formed from examining specimens forwarded him, that topaz are also found here.

EARLY SETTLEMENTS.

The first settlements made in the present territory of Brown county were made in an early day, perhaps as early as 1800, and beyond doubt as early as 1805, for we find David Schoonover, settled on Schooner creek about the same time that James Taggart, Harvey King, et. al., settled on the headwaters of Salt creek. A man by the name of Fred. Goff, settled on the middle fork of the latter creek in 1815, and there was a settlement made at Beanblossom, near where Georgetown now stands, by Christopher Stumpf and others in 1820, and Robert Henderson made a settlement near where Nashville now stands, which, by the way, is very prettily located on Salt creek, and the valley surrounding the town is very picturesque; in fact, Nashville is one of the most beautiful towns in south-western Indiana, and has a population of 4,000, or thereabouts. Another settlement was made where Sparrsville now stands about the year 1825. The first mills in the county were known as horse mills, and were operated by horses, as a treed power threshing machine is. The first one in the county of any description in the year 1829, and the first grist mill was erected by Edward Davis, about three miles east of Nashville, in the year 1837. The first religious societies were the United Brethren and Methodist, about the year 1832. This being about all that is material to any of your many readers, I presume it would be as consistent with the wish of ye printer man, as also the patrons of said paper, to conclude for the present.

Yours, truly, G. F. L.

P. S. A merry Christmas and a happy New Year to you Mr. Editor, and to all my old friends in little Cambria. May prosperity, success and happiness, both transient and eternal, attend you all whithersoever you may roam, is the wish of Yours &c., G. F. L.

NOTICE.—Having bought and left in the possession of WILLIAM GIGGEY, of White township, the following described property, viz: 1 sorrel mare, five years old, 1 black mare, eight years old, 2 sets heavy harness, single and double lines, and spreaders, all persons are hereby cautioned not to interfere in any way with the same. C. A. LANGBEIN.

St. Lawrence, Jan. 21, 1876 -3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of money in the hands of John F. Tibbott, Administrator of John G. Griffith, deceased, to and amongst the persons legally entitled thereto, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on FRIDAY, the 18th day of FEBRUARY, 1876, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties may attend if they think proper.

Jan. 17, 1876.-3t. ALVIN EVANS.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Having been appointed Auditor to report distribution of money in the hands of John Sharbaugh, Esq., Administrator of James Campbell, late of the Township of Washington, dec'd, to and amongst those legally entitled thereto, notice is hereby given that I will attend to the duties of said appointment, at my office with the Register of Cambria county, in Ebensburg, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15th, 1876, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper. J. G. LAKE, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Jan. 18, 1876.-3t.

TAVERN STAND FOR RENT.

—The undersigned offers for rent his large, well known and conveniently located Tavern Stand in Washington township, together with the necessary out-building, and a good well of never failing water on the premises. Situate in the borough of Loretto, Cambria county. This house has all the necessary accomodations required by law, such as rooms, stabling, &c., together with fee house, wash house, pumps, &c. Possession will be given on the first day of April, 1876. For terms and further particulars apply by the latter part of March to FLORIAN BENGELE.

Loretto, Jan. 14, 1876.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale by vendue or outcry, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 25th day of February next at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate;

All the right, title and interest of Emily Nagle and Owen R. Nagle, being an undivided moiety or one twelfth part, in that certain PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situate in Susquehanna township, in said County of Cambria, of which Richard Nagle died seized, described as follows: Adjoining lands of heirs of Henry Lloyd on the west, Abraham Kern on the north, Samuel Parker on the east, and John R. Nagle on the south, containing about NINETY ACRES, SIX ACRES of which are cleared.

Terms of Sale.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in one and two years, with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser. SYLVESTER J. LUTHER,

Guardian of Emily and Owen H. Nagle.

Jan. 21, 1876.-4t.

Assignee's Sale

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate!

THE undersigned will offer at public sale, at the store room formerly occupied by Geo. C. K. Zahm, in Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, FEB. 5th, 1876,

the following described real estate:

THE NORTH END OF LOT NO. 93, in the Borough of Ebensburg, fronting 58 feet on High street and extending back 132 feet to an alley, adjoining property of Mrs. Hutchinson on the east and of John Dougherty on the west, having thereon erected a two story Frame House, Frame Stable and outbuildings. Also, a two story Frame Store Room and a well finished Frame Building, the latter now in the occupancy of Collins, Johnston & Co. as a bank. Also, that certain

Square of Ground

situate in the West Ward of the Borough of Ebensburg, bounded on the north by Crawford street, on the east by Beech alley, on the south by Sample street, and on the west by Mary Ann street. Also,

65 Acres of LAND

situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., about 2½ Acres of which are cleared, adjoining land formerly owned by Phanuel Rodgers, Wm. Mary McBride, and others, and known as the McGirr Farm, having thereon erected a two story Plank House. Also,

Seven Acres of Improved Land,

under a high state of cultivation, situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Geo. Huntley, A. A. Barker, and others. Also,

FOUR LOTS

in Salina, Saline county, Kansas, known as Lots No. 60, 62 and 64 on Third street and Lot No 7 on Second street.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid upon delivery of the deed, and the balance on August 3d, 18 6.

F. H. BARK