ARTICLE VIII. SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS.

bers shall be elected.

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty one years of age, passessing the following qualifi-cations, shall be entitled to vote at all cleations: First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States of least one mouth. Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, has ing previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and active be shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the Third. He shall have resided in the election

istrict where he shall offer to vote at least two diately preceding the election. cards, he shall have paid within two years a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least SEC. 2. The general election shall be held an-imally on the Tuesday next following the first donday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds all the members of each house consenting

SEC. 3. All elections for city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of

F. bruary.
SEC. 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by buildt. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received. and the number recorded by the election offi-cers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the elector who presents the ballot. Any elector may write his tame upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon and attested by a citizen of the district. The election officers shall be sworn or afficined not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do sons witnesses in a judicial pro-

e. eding. SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except trensen, felony, and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendon elections and in going to and returning

therefrom.
Sec. 6, Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in noticial military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all clea-tions by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if y were present at their usual places of elec-

SEC. 7. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name no:

being registerest.
SEC. 8. Any person who shall give, or promise or offer to give to an electo, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his or who shall give or promise to give such con-sideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote, or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive, for himself or for snother, any money, reward or other valuable consid ration for his vote at an election, or for with holding the same, shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election, and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall

SEC. 9. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, f and, or willful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding any office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth and any person convicted of willful violation of the election laws, shall, in addition to any penal-ties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years. Sec. 10. In trials of contested elections, and in proceedings for the investigation of elections, no person shall be permitted to withhold his testimony on the ground that it may crim-inate bimself or subject him to public Infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding. except for perjury in giving such testimony. Townships and wards of cities or boroughs shall form or be divided into election dissuch manner as the Court of Quarter Sessions of the city or county in which the same are lo-cated may direct; but districts in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants shall be divided by the Courts of Quarter Sessions having jurisdiction therein whenever at the next preceding election more than two hundred and afty votes shall have been polled therein; and other election districts whenever the court of the proper county shall be of opinion that the convenience of the electors and the public in-

terests will be promoted thereby.

SEC. 12. All elections by persons in a representative capacity shall be viva voce. SEC. 13. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a reside: a by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence while employed in the service, elther civil or military, of this State or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navi-gation of the waters of the State or of the United States, or on the high was, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while cept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, for while confined in public prison. SEC. 14. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one clerk. The first election board for any new istrict shall be selected, and vacancies in elec-ion board-filled as stail be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon lays of election and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of thereof for an election fraud, for feloay, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

NEC. 15. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall

within two months have bed any office, appointment, or employment in or under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or county, or of any mu-nicipal board, commission, or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public, and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil; thee to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices below the grade of city or county offices as shall

be designated by general law.

Sec. 16. The Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties of the Commonwealth shall have power within their respective jurisdic-tions to appoint overseers of election to super-vise the proceedings of election officers, and to make report to the court as may be required; such appointments to be made for any district in a city or county, upon petition of five cur-zens, lawful voters of such election district, setting forth that such appointment is a reaonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of elections; overseers shall be two in number for an election district, shall be residents therein, and hall be persons qualified to serve upon election boards, and in each case serve upon election boards, and in each case members of different political parties; whenever the members of an election board shall differ in opinion, the overseers, if they shall be agreed thereon, shall decide the question of difference; in appointing overseers of election, all the law judges of the proper court, able to act at the time, shall concur in the appointments made.

SEC. 17. The trial and determination of con-sted elections of electors of President and Vice President, members of the General Assembly, and of all public officers, whether State, Judicial, municipal, or local, shall be by the courts of law, or by one or more of the law fudges thereof; the General Assembly shall, by general law, designate the courts and Judges by whom the several classes of election contests shall be tried and regulate. tests shall be tried, and regulate the manner of trial and all matters incident thereto; but no such law assigning jurisdiction, or regulating its exercise, shall apply to any contest arising out of an election held before its passage.

ARTICLE IX. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

Section i. All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial hmits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation publi perty used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and in-stitutions of purely public charity. SEC. 2. All laws exempting property from taxation, other than the property above enu-

so construed as to permit corporations to conduct their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well become suspended by any contract or grant to which the State shall be a party.

SEC. 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt, and the debt created to supply existing debt, and the property above their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well being of the State.

Sec. 4. In all elections for director or managers of a corporation each member or shareholder may east the whole number of his votes for one candidates, as he may prefer.

Sec. 5. No foreign corporations to conduct their business in such manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well being of the State.

Sec. 4. In all elections for director or managers of a corporation each member or shareholder may east the whole number of his votes for one candidates, as he may prefer. existing debt, and the debt created to supply dedelencies in revenue shall never exceed in

the aggregate at one time one million of dol-SEC. 5. All laws authorizing the borrowing of money by and on behalf of the State shall specify the purpose for which the money is to be used, and the money so borrowed shall be used for the purpose specified and no other.

SEC. 6. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in its charter, nor shall it take or hold any real estate, except such as may be necessary and proper for its legitimate business.

SEC. 7. No corporation shall issue stocks or bonds

shall never exceed seven per centum upon the asshall never vacuum as the taxable property therein, nor shall by such mandepality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed val-nation of properly without the assent of the elect-ers thereof, at a public election, in such manner as shall be previded by law, but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such as-sessed valuation, may be authorised by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate

at any one time upon such valuation.

SEC. 9. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any city, county, borded, or township, unless such debt, all have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge

of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Sec. 10. Any county, township, school district, or other municipality incurring any indebtedness, shall, at or before the time of so doing, provide for the coffection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof within thiry

SEC. 11. To provide for the payment of the present State debt and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the General Assembly shall continue and maintain the sinking fund sufficient to pay the roing interest on such debt, and annually to the neerong interest in an area of the neerong interest the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; the said sinking fund shall consist of the proceeds of the sales of the public works or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of the sale of any stocks owned by the Commenwealth, together with other two the designated by funds and resources that may be designated by law, and shall be increased from time to time by assigning to it any part of the taxes or other revenues of the State not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, no part of the said s nking fand shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt. Sec. 12. The moneys of the State, over and above the necessary reserve, shall be used in the payment debi of the State, either directly or through uking fund, and the moneys of the sinking

shall never be invested in or loaned upon th rity of anything except the bonds of the United security of anything except the bonds of the United States or of this State.

SEC. 13. The moneys held as necessary reserve shall be limited by law to the amount required for current expenses, and shall be secured and kept as may be provided by law. Monthly statements shall be published showing the amount of such moneys, where the same are deposited, and how security. Sec. 14. The making of profit out of the public

moneys, or using the same for any purpose not au-thorized by law, by any officer of the State or member or officer of the General Assembly, shall be a missismentor, and shall be punished as may be provided by law, but part of such punishment shall be a disqualification to hold office for a period of not

ARTICLE X. EDUCATION

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of public schools, wherein all the children of this Commonwealth, above the age of six years, may be careated, and shall appro-priate at least one million dollars each year for that purpose.
SEC. 2. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth shall be appropriated to or ased for the support of any secta-

SEC. 3. Women twenty-one years of age and up-wards shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of this State. ARTICLE XI.

MILITIA. Section 1. The freemen of this Commonwealth shall be armed, organized and disciplined for its defense when and in such manner as may be directed by law. The General Assembly shall provide for maintaing the militia by appropriations from the Treasury of the Commonwealth, and may exempt from military service persons having conscientious scruples against bearing arms.

ARTICLE XII.

PUBLIC OFFICERS. SECTION 1. All officers whose selection is not provided for in this constitution shall be elected or ap-pointed as may be directed by law. Sec. 2. No member of Congress from this State, nor any person holding or exercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this State to which a salary, fees, or perocall be attached. The General Asser declare what offices are incompatible, SEC. 3. Any person who shall fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abetter in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honor or profit in this State, t and contiguous territory, in | and may be otherwise punished as shall be pr scribed by law.

ARTICLE XIII.

NEW COUNTIES. Section 1. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to less than four hundred square miles, or to less than twenty thonbitants; nor shall any county b of less area, or containing a less population. shall any line thereof pass within ten miles of the county sent of any county proposed to be divided.

ARTICLE XIV. COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sportow 1. County officers shall consist of sher-iff a coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, re-corders of decis, commissioners, treasurers, sur-veyors, auditors, or controllers, clerks of the courts, time to time be established by law and no shoriff peeding the one for which he may be elected County officers shall be elected at the l elections, and shall hold their offices for in of three years, beginning on the first Morning of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be only qualified; all vacancles not otherwise provided for shall be filled be provided by law in such manner as mey

and an lunabitant therein one year next before his eted, but if it shall not have been so long erect ed, then within the limits of the county or counties

Sec. 4. Prothonotaries, clerks of the courts, recorders of deeds, registers of wills, county survey, ors, and sheriffs shall keep their offices in the countown of the county in which they respectively shall be officers.

Sac. 5. The compensation of county officers shall be regulated by law, and all county officers who are or may be salaried shall pay all tees which they may be authorized to receive into the treasury of the county or State, as may be directed by law. In counties containing over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants all county officers shall be paid by salary, and the salary of any such officer and his cierks, heretofore paid by fees, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of fees carned dur-ing his term and collected by or for him. Sec. 6. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the strict accountability of all county, township and borough officers, as well for the fees

ich may be collected by them as for all pub municipal moneys which may be paid to then Szc. 7. Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the Court of Com-mon Pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the com-missioner or auditor whose place is to be filled. ARTICLE XV.

CITIES AND CITY CHARTERS. Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a najority of the electors of any town or borough a wing a population of at least ten thousand shall any general election in favor of the same. 2. No debt shall be contracted or liability incurred by any municipal commission, except in pursuance of an appropriation previously made therefor by the municipal government.

Sec. 3. Every city shall create a sinking fund, which shall be inviolably pledged for the payment

of its funded debt.
ARTICLE XVI. PRIVATE CORPORATIONS.

1. All existing charters, or grants of

special or exclusive privileges, under which a bona fide organization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in good faith at the time the adoption of this constitution, shall thereafter have no validity.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter of any corporation now existing, or alter or amend the same, or pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation.

on, except upon the condition that such orporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this constitution.

Ser. 3. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged or so construed as to prevent the General Assembly from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies, and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the po-

power of the State shall never be abridged or

Sec. 5. No foreign corporation shall do any business in this State without having one or more known places of business, and an authorized agent or agents in the same, upon whom process may be

be used, and the money so borrowed shall be used for the purpose specified and no other.

Sec. 6. The eredit of the Commonwealth shall not be piedged or loaned to any individual, company, corporation, or association, nor shall the Commonwealth become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association, or corporation.

Sec. 7. The General Assembly shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township or incorporated district to become a stockholder in any company, association or corporation, or to obtain or appear, association or corporation, or to obtain or appear, association or corporation, or to obtain or appear, association or corporation, or to obtain or appear to the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock first obtained at a meeting to be held after sixty days, notice given in

by the construction or enlargement of their works, highways, or improvements, which compensation s mil be paid or secured before such taking, injury, s into the part of the General Assembly is hereby or destruction. The General Assembly is hereby prohibited from depriying any person of an appea proninted from any preliminary assessment of damages against any such corporations or individuals, made by viewers or otherwise; and the amount of such damages, in all cases of appeal, shall, on the demand of either party, be determined by a jury according to the course of the common law. SEC. 9. Every banking law shall provide for the

registry and countersigning by an officer of the State, of all notes or bills designed for circulation, and that ample security to the full amount thereof shall be deposited with the Auditor General for the redemption of such notes or bills. 10. The General Assembly shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul any charter of incorporation now existing, and revocable at the adoption of this constitution, or any that may hereafter be created, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of this Commonwealth, in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators. No law hereafter enacted shall ereate, renew, or extend the charter of more

shall create, renew, or extend the charter of more than one corporation.

Sec. 11. No corporate body to possess banking and discounting privileges shall be created or organized in pursuance of any law without three months' previous public notice at the place of the intended location, of the intention to apply for such privileges, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law, nor shall a charter for such privilege be granted for a longer period than twenty years.

Sec. 12. Any association or corporation organ-Sec. 12. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose, or any individual, shall have the right to construct and maintain lines of telegraph within this State, and to connect the same with other lines; and the General Assembly shall, by general law of uniform operation, provide reasonable regulations to give full effect to this section. sonable regulations to give full effect of this sec-tion. No telegraph company shall consolidate with or hold a controlling interest in the stock or bonds of any other telegraph company owning a competing line, or acquire, by purchase or other-wise, any other competing line of telegraph. SEC. 13. The term "corporations," as used in this article, shall be construed to include all joint stock

viduals or partnerships. ARTICLE XVII.

companies or associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by indi-

BAILROADS AND CANALS. Section 1. All railroads and canals shall be public highways, and all railroad and canal com-panics shall be common carriers. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad be-tween any points within this State and to connect the State line with rallroads of other States Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with, or cross any other railroad, and shall receive and transport each the others' passengers, tonnege, and cars, loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

SEC. 2. Every rallroad and canal corporation organized in this State shell maintain an office therein, where transfers of its stock shall be made, and where its books shall be kept for inspection by

any stockholder or creditor of such corporation, in which shall be recorded the amount of capital sto 's subscribed or paid in, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock and the amounts owned by them, respectively, the transfers of said stock, and the names and places of residence of its

SEC. 3. All individuals, associations, and corporations shall have equal right to have persons and properly transported over railroads and ca-nals, and no undue or unreasonable discrimination shall be made in charges for or in facilities for transportation of freight or passengers within the State, or coming from or going to any other State. Persons and property transported over any rallroad shall be delivered at any station at charges not ex-ceeding the charges for transportation of persons and property of the same class in the same direc-tion to any more distant station; but excursion tion to any more distant station; but excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special

Sec. 4. No railroad, canal, or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers, or managers of any railroad or canal corporation, shall consolidate the stock, propersy, or franchises of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the works or franchises f, or in any way control any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line, nor shall any officer such railroad or canal corporation act as an offieer of any other railroad or canal corporation own-ing or having the control of a parallel or cometing line, and the question whether railroads or mais are parallel or competing lines shall, when manded by the party complainant, be decided by inry as in other civil issues.

Sac. 5. No incorporated company doing the business of a common carrier shall, directly or indirectprosecute or engage in mining or manufacturing articles for transportation over its works, nor shall such company, directly or indirectly, engage in any other business than that of common carriers, or hold or acquire lands, freehold or leasehold, directly or indirectly, except such as shall be necessary for carrying on its business; but any mining or manufacturing company may carry the products of its mines and manufactories on its railroad or canal not exceeding fifty miles in length.

Sec. 6. No president, director, officer, agent, or imployee of any railroad or canal company shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnish-ing of material or supplies to such company, or in the husiness of transportation as a common carrier of freight or passengers over the works owned, leased, controlled or worked by such company.

Sec. 7. No discrimination in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made between transportations. ation companies and individuals, or in favor of ither, by abatement, drawback, or otherwise, and no railroad er canal company, or any leasee, mana-ger, or employee thereof, shall make any prefer-ences in furnishing cars or motive power. Sec. 8. No railroad, railway or other transportaon company shall grant tree passes or passes at a scenar, to may persons except officers or employ-

SEC. P. No street passenger railway shall be con-structed within the limits of any city, borough or township without the consent of its local authori-

on company, in existence at the time of the adoption of this article, shall have the fencit of any fu-ture legislation by general or special laws, except on condition of complete acceptance of all the provisions of this article.

Sec. 11. The existing powers and daties of the Auditor General in regard to railroads, canals, and other transportation companies, except as to their accounts, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Internal Affairs, who shall have a general su-pervision over them, subject to such regulations and alterations as shall be provided by law; and in addition to the annual reports now required to be made, said Secretary may require special re-ports at any time upon any subject relating to the ousiness of said companies from any officer or offi cers thereof.

SEC. 12. The General Assembly shall enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this ar-

ARTICLE XVIII. FUTURE AMENDRENTS.

Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in the Senate or flouse of Representatives, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, such proposed amendment or amend-ments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and mays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be pub-lished three months before the next general election in at least two newspapers in every county in which such newspapers shall be published; and if, in the General Assembly next afterwards chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, the Sceretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same again to be published in the manner aforesaid, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State in such manner and at such time, at least three months after being so agree to by the two houses, as the General Assemble shalf prescribe; and if such amendment or amend ments shall be approved by a majority of those voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted oftener than once in five years; when two or more amendments shall be submitted they shall be voted upon separately.

SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the changs in the constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation it is hereby declared that:

SECTION 1. This constitution shall take effect on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for all purposes not otherwise provided for therein.

SEC. 2. All laws in force in this Commonwealth at the time of the adoption of this constitution not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions, and contracts, shall continue as if prosecutions, and contracts, shall continue as if this constitution had not been adopted. SEC. 3. At the general election in the years one housand eight hundred and seventy-four and one housand eight hundred and seventy-five Senators

shall be elected in all districts where there shall be vacancies. Those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four shall serve for two years, and those elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five shall serve for one year. Senators now elected, and those whose terms unexpired shall purposent the districts whose terms unexpired, shall represent the districts in which they reside until the end of the terms for which they were elected.

SEC. 4. At the general election in the year one

thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, Senators shall be elected from the even numbered districts to serve for two years, and from old numbered distriets to serve for four years.

SEC. 5. The first election of Governor under this constitution shall be at the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, when a Governor shall be elected for three years; and the term of the Governor elected in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and of those thereafter elected shall be for four years, according to the control of the control according to the provisions of this constitution.

Sac. 6. At the general election in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four a Lieutenant Governor shall be elected according to the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 7. The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be elected at the first general election after the adop-tion of this constitution; and when the said officer shall be duly elected and qualified, the office of Surveyor General shall be abolished, and the Sur-veyor General in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which he was elected.

ing any State office for a first official term inelli-gible for re-election at the end of such term. SEC. 10. The judges of the Supreme Court in of-fice when this constitution shall take effect shall continue until their commissions severally expire. Two judges in addition to the number now composing the said court shall be elected at the first general election after the adoption of this constitution. SEC. 11. All courts of record and all existing

courts which are not specified in this constitution shall continue in existence until the first day of mber, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, without abridgement of their pre-sent jurisdiction, but no longer. The Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin is hereby abolished; and all causes and proceedings pending therein in the county of Schuylkill shall be tried and disposed of in the Courts of Over and Terms iner and Quarter Sessions of the Peace of sale

country 12. The registers' courts now in existence Sec. 12. The registers' courts now in existence shall be abolished on the first day of January next succeeding the adoption of this constitution.

Sec. 13. The General Assembly shall, at the next session after the adoption of this constitution, designate the several judicial districts as required by this constitution. The judges in commission when such designation shall be made shall continue during their unexpired terms judges of the new districts in which they reside. But when there shall be two judges residing in the same district. shall be two judges residing in the same district, the president judge shall elect to which district he

the president judge shall elect to which district he shall be assigned; and the additional law judge shall be assigned to the other district.

SEC. 14. The General Assembly shall, at the next succeeding session after each decenial census, and not oftener, designate the several judicial districts as required by this constitution.

SEC. 15. Judges learned in the law of any court of record holding commissions in force at the adop-tion of this constitution shall hold their respective offices until the expiration of the terms for which omees until the expiration of the terms of which they were commissioned, and until their successors shall be duly qualified. The Governor shall commission the president judge of the Court of First Criminal Jurisdiction for the counties of Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphinas a judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill county for the unstable town of his office.

expired term of his office,
Sec. 16. After the expiration of the term of any president judge of any Court of Common Pleas in commission at the adoption of this constitution, the judge of such court learned in the law and oldest in commission shall be the president judge thereof, and when two or more judges are elected at the same time in any judicial district, they shall dielde by lot which shall be president judge; but when the president judge of a court shall be re-elected he shall continue to be president judge of that court. Associate judges, not learned in the law, elected after the adoption of this constitution, shall be commissioned to hold their offices for the term of five years from the first day of January next after ed term of his office five years from the first day of January next after

Sec. 17. The General Assembly af the first session after the adoption of this constitution shall fix and determine the compensation of the judges of the Supreme Court and of the judges of the seve-ral judicial districts of the Commonwealth, and the provisions of the lifteenth section of the article Legislation shall not be deemed inconsistent rewith. Nothing contained in this constitution shall be held to reduce the compensation now paid to any law judge of this Commonwealth now in

SEC. 18. The Courts of Common Pleas in the SEC. 18. The Courts of Common Pleas in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny shall be composed of the president judges of the District Court and Court of Common Pleas of said counties until their offices shall severally end, and of such until their offices shall severally end, and of such other judges as may from time to time be selected. For the purpose of first organization in Philadelphia the judges of the Court number one shall be Judges Allison. Pierce and Paxson; of the Court number two, Judges Hare, Mitchell and one other judge to be elected; of the Court number three, Judges Ludlow, Finletter and Lynd, and of the Court number forr, Judges Thayer, Briggs and one other judge to be elected.

The judge first named shall be the president

The judge first named shall be the president judge of said courts respectively, and thereafter the president judge shall be the judge oldest in ommission; but any president judge re-elected in he same court or district shall continue to be president judge thereof. The additional judges for Courts numbers two

and four shall be voted for and elected at the first general election after the adoption of this constitution in the same manner as the two additional judges of the Supreme Court, and they shall de-cide by lot to which court they shall belong. Their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. Sec. 19, in the county of Allegheny, for the pur-

Sec. 19. In the county of Allegheny, for the purpose of first organization under the constitution, the judges of the Court of Common Pleas at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall be the judges of the Court number one, and the judges District Court at the same date shall

of the District Court at the same date share by judges of the Common Pleas number two.

The president judges of the Common Pleas and District Courts shall be president judges of said Courts number one and two respectively, until their offices shall end, and thereafter the judge oldest offices shall end, and thereafter the judge oldest in commission shall be president judge; but any president judge re-elected in the same court or distriet shall continue to be president judge thereof SEC. 29. The organization of the Courts of Com on Pleas, under this constitution, for the countie of Philadelphia and Aliegheny, shall take effect on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and existing courts in said counties shall continue with their presen powers and jurisliction until that date; but meen suits shall be instituted in the Courts of Nis Prins after the adoption of this constitution

SEC. 21. The causes and proceedings pendiffy it the Coart of Nisi Prius. Coart of Common Pleas and District Coart in Philadelphia shall be tries and disposed of in the Coart of Common Pleas The records and dockets of said coarts shall be transferred to the Prothonotary's office of said 22 The causes and proceedings pending it

the Court of Common Pleas in the county of Alle-ghenys hall be tried and disposed of in the court number one; and the causes and proceedings pend-ing in the District Court shall be tried and disposed of in the court number Two,
Sic. 23. The Prothenotary of the Court of Common Please of Philadelphia shall be first appointed by the judges of said court on the first Monday of December, in the year one thousand eight hun-

dred and seventy-five; and the present Prothone tary of the District Court in said county shall be the Prothonotary of the said Court of Commen Pleas until said date, when his commission shall expire, and the present Clerk of the Court of Over and Yerminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Philadelphia shall be the clerk of such court until the expiration of his present commission on the first Monday of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

SEC. 24. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants (except Philadelphia) all aldermed in

office at the time of the adoption of this constitu ion shall continue in office until the expiration of their commission, and at the election for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hun-dred and seventy-five one alderman shall be elect ed in each ward, as provided in this constitution, Sec. 25. In Philadelphia magistrates in lieu of aldermer, shall be chosen as required in this con-stitution at the election in said city for city and ward officers in the year one thousand eight hun-dred and seventy-five; their term of office shall commence on the first Monday of April succeeding their election.

The term of office of aldermen in said city, hold

ing or entitled to commissions at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall not be affected Sec. 26. All persons in office in this Common wealth at the time of the adoption of this constitu-tion, and at the first election under it, shall hold their respective offices until the term for which they have been elected or appointed shall expire, and until their successors shall be duly qualified, unless otherwise provided in this constitution. SEC. 27. The seventh article of this constitution, prescribing an oath of office, shall take effect on and after the first day of January, one thousand sight bunded and contribute.

eight hundred and seventy-five. SEC. 28. The terms of office of county commission-sioners and county auditors chosen prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nve, which shall not have expired before the first Mon-day in January in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, shall expire on that day. Sec. 29. All State, county, city, ward, borough, Sec. 29. All State, county, city, ward, berough, and township officers in office at the time of the adoption of this constitution, whose compensation is not provided for by salaries alone, shall continue to receive the compensation allowed them by law until the expiration of their respective terms of

SEC. 30. All State and judicial officers heretofore elected, sworn, affirmed, or in office when this con-stitution shall take effect, shall severally, within one month after such adoption, take and subscribe an oath (or affirmation) to support this constitu-

SEC. 31. The General Assembly, at its first ses sion, or as soon as may be after the adoption of this constitution shall pass such laws as may be neces-ry to carry the same into full force and effect. SEC. 32. The ordinance passed by this convention. entitled "An ordinance for submitting the amended constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the electors thereof," shall be held to be valid for all

the purposes thereof. SEC. 33. The words "County Commissioners" wherever used in this constitution, and in any ordinance accompanying the same, shall be held to include the Commissioners for the city of Philadel-Phia,
Adopted at Philadelphia, on the third day of No-

vember, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three. OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, I certify that the foregoing is a correct copy of the new Constitution, proposed to the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection, as the same appears of record in this office.

M. S. QUAY.

Secretary of Commonwealth.

AN ORDINANCE

FOR SUBMITTING THE AMENDED CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA TO A VOTE OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS THEREOF, AS PASSED SECOND READ-Be it ordained by the Constitutional Convention of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as fol-

1. That the amended Constitution prepared by this Convention, be submitted to the qualified electors of the Commonwealth for their adoption of rejection, at an election to be held on the third Tuesday of December next; except as hereinafter ordered and directed, the said election shall be held and conducted by the regular election officers in the several election districts throughout the Commonwealth, under all the regulations and provisions of existing laws relating to general elections: rated district to become a slockholder in any company, association or corporation, or to obtain or appropriate money for or to loan its credit to any corporation, association, institution or individual.

SEC. 8. Manicipal and other corporations and instruction or individual.

SEC. 8. Manicipal and other corporations and institution or individual.

SEC. 8. Manicipal and other corporations and institution or individual.

SEC. 8. Manicipal and other corporations and institution or individual invested with the privilege of taking private property to public use shall make just compensation for property to public use shall make just compensation for property to public use shall be censured to render any person now hold.

least twenty days notice of said election by procla-

mation.

2. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, at least twenty days before the said election, furnish to the Commissioners of each county, a sufficient number of properly prepared circuiars of instruc-number. The Commissioners of the several counties shall cause to be printed at least three times as many ballots of affirmative votes as there are ve-ters in each county—and the same number of nega-tive votes; and the said Commissioners shall, at tive votes; and the said Commissioners shall, at least five days before said election, cause to be fairly distributed to the several election districts in their respective counties, the said ballots, tally-lists, returns, circulars of instructions, and such other books and papers as may be necessary. The ballots shall be printed or written in the following form: On the outside the words "New Constitution;" in the inside for all persons giving affirmative votes the words "For the New Constitution," and for all persons giving negative votes the words tive votes the words "For the New Constitution, and for all persons giving negative votes the words "Against the New Constitution."

3. If it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled are for the new Constitution, then it shall be the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-

vania on and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; but if it shall appear that a majority of the votes polled were against the new Constitution, then it shall be rejected and be null and void.

4. Five Commissioners of Election, viz: Edwin
H. Fitter, Edward Browning, John P. Verree,
Henry S. Hagert, and John O. James, are hereby
appointed by this Convention, who shall have direction of the election upon this amended Constitution in the city of Philadelphia. The said Commissioners shall be duly sworn or affirmed to perform their duties with impartiality and fidelity. They shall also have power to fill vacancies in their own number. It shall be the duty of said Commissioners, or a majority of them, and they shall have authority to make a registration of voters for the several to make a registration of voters for the several election divisions of said city, and to furnish the lists so made to the election officers of each precinct or division; to distribute the tickets for said city provided for by this ordinance to be used at the election: to appoint a judge and two inspectors for each election division, by whom the election there-in shall be held and conducted, and to give all necessary instructions to the election officers regarding their duties in holding the election and in making returns thereof. No person shall serve as an election officer who would be disqualified under Section 15, Article 8, of the new Constitution. The general return of the elections in the said city shall be opened, computed and certified before the said Commissioners, and with their approval—which approval shall be endorsed upon their return.— They shall make report, directed to the President of this Convention, of their official action under this ordinance and concerning the conduct of the said election within the said city.

The Judges and Inspectors aforesaid shall conduct the election in all respects conformably to the

general election laws of this Commonwealth, and like powers and duties to those of ordinary election officers. Each Inspector shall appoint one clerk to assist the Board in the performance of its duties, and all the election officers shall be duly sworn or affirmed according to law, and shall possess all the qualifications required by law of election officers in this Commonwealth. At said election any duly qualified elector who shall be unregistered, shall be permitted to vote upon making proof of his right to the election offices, according to the general election laws of this Commonwealth. Return in-spectors and their clerks and an hourly count of the votes shall be dispensed with, but overseers of election may be relected for any precinct by said Election Commissioners, whose duties and powers shall be the same as those of overseers of election said city under existing election laws applicable hereto. Returns of the election shall be made in said city as in the case of an election for Governo but a triplicate general return for said effy shall be made out and forwarded to the President of this onvention at Harrisburg, as is hereinafter provi-

led in case of county returns.
5. In each of the Counties of the Commonwealth. (except Philadelphia,) the returns of the election shall be made as in the case of an election for Gov-ernor, but the return judges in each county shall make out a triplicate county return and transmit the same, within five days after the election, rected to the President of this Convention, at Har-

Done in Convention this Third day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three JNO. H. WALKER, President. D. L. IMBRIE, Clerk. A true copy of ordinance of submission

M. S. QUAY, Secretary of the Commonwealth G. C. K. ZAHM,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES GENER-

ALLY KEPT IN A COUNTRY STORE. WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. Store on South Side of Main Street. Ebensburg, Pa.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE. Cooking Stoves,

Heating Stoves.

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE Having recently taken possession of the new-ly fitted up and commodisus building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is etter prepared than ever to manufacture all rticles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves of the most approved designs. SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and ma-terial. REPAIRING promptly attended to. All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance

and increase of patronage is respectfully solici-tel, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.
VALLIE LUTRINGER.
Rbensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

A CARD. EBENSBURG WOOLEN FACTORY A 8 interested parties have been reporting in the northern part of this county that our rates for manufacturing Woolen Goods, &c., are much higher than they really are we deem

it necessary for our own protection and for the information of the public to publish the LIST OF PRICES. ...\$3.50 per pair.

Flannels 30 and 35 ets. per yard. Cassimeres......50 cts. per yard. Satinetts 50 cts. per yard. Carding and Spinning 20 cts. per lb. Carding.....T. M. JONES & SONS, July 18, 1878 .- tf. Rhensburg Woolen Factory.

CRAWFORD HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.

John Fitzharris, - Proprietor. AVING leased and refurnished the above well known and popular hotel, the proprietor is now amply prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The best that the market affords will be served at the Table at all seasons, the Bar will be kept constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and the commodious Stable will be under the AVING leased and refurnished the above and the commodious Stable will be under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler. No effort will be spared to render guests comfortable and well pleased in every particular, and by proper attention to business and a moderate scale of prices the modernic stable and well pleased in every particular, and by proper attention to business and a moderate scale of prices the proprietor hopes to win his way to public favor. (May 2, 1873.-tf.)

EBENSBURG

WOOLEN FACTORY HAVING introduced new machinery into our Woelon Factory, we are now prepared to manufacture on short notice, CLOTHS, CASSI-NETS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS of all styles
STOCKING YARNS, &c., &c.
Wool taken in exchange for goods or
worked on shares. Market price paid for wool.
Rbensburg, Feb. 24, 1872.-11.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & CO., BANKERS, Ebensburg, Pa.

WILL receive money on deposit, discount and collect notes, and attend to all the business usually dene by Bankers.

Sept.28.tf. JAS. B. ZAHM, Cashier. GEO. M. READE, Attorney-at-Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, third door from High street. fang 27.1

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED

Ebensburg Honse-Furnishing STORF. IME undersigned respectfully informs the I citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES TO CASH BUYERS on all goods in his line, consisting of

MOWING and REAPING MACHINES AND OTHER FARMING IMPLEMENTS COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES

prices and qualities: TINWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION of my own manufacture;

HARDWARE, ALL KIND! such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Table Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nalls, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Ta-ble and Tea Spoons, Meat Cutters, Apple Parcrs, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Hatamers, Area Hat her, Paring Machines August, Chis-Azes. Hatchets, Bering Machines, Augurs, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Filos, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panei and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh-Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax, Bristles, Clothes Washers and Wringers, Patent Churns and Patent Muchines generally, Grind-Stones, Patent Mo-Steel Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, Horse Shoes and Nails, Old Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks,

Well and Cistern Pumps, &c., &c.; Harness and Saddlery Ware of all kind, in great variety : WOOD and WILLOW WARE beyond description;

CARBON OIL and OIL LAMPS, Pish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar. Paints. Varnishes, Turpeutine, Alcohol. &c.; Silver-Plated Ware, Glassware, &c. Family Groceries,

such as Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Syrups Molasses, Spices, Dried Peaches. Dried Apples, Hominy, Fish, Crackers, Rice, Pearl Barley, &c. Tobacco and Cigars. Paint, Varnish. Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Stove, Dusting, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed-Cords, Manilla Ropes, and many other articles, at the lowest rates for cash.

HOUSE SPOUTING made, painted and put up as cheap as possible, FOR CASH. PS A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware by wholesale. GEORGE HUNTLEY.

Bbensburg, July 25, 1873.-tf. DROCLAMATION—NOTICE OF ELECTION, TUESDAY, DEC. 16TH, 1873. Pursuant to an act of the Generally Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratifies ion or rejection, a proposed amenoment to the constitu-tion," approved the eleventh day of April, 1872, and in pursuance of the ordinance for submitting the new constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the new constitution of Pennsylvania to a vote of the qualified electors thereof, passed by the Con-stitutional Convention, I. W. B. Boxacken, High Sheriff of the County of Cambria, State of Penn-sylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the qualified electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said County of Cambria, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19th, 1873, at which time the aforesaid amended constitution at which time the aforesaid amended constitution

will be voted for. I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid election in the several Wards, Boroughs, Districts and Townships within the County of Cambria are as follows, to wit: The electors of the district composed of the Township

Alleghany, to meet at Brady's School House, in said wnship. The electors of the district composed of the Township. of Adams, to meet at the School House at Moses Kring s, n said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Township

of Barr, to meet at School House No. 11, in said town The electors of the district composed of the Township of Blacklick, to meet at the house of Abram Makin, de-seased, in the village of Belvano.

The electors of the district composed of the Township of Cambria, to meet at the Court House in the Borough

of Ebensburg.
The electors of the district composed of the Township
of Carroll, to meet at School House in Carrolltown orough.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough
(Carrolltown, to meet at the School House in said rough.

The electors of the district composed of the Township of Chest, to meet at School House No. 3, in said township. The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Chest Springs, to meet at the house of Jacob Wagner, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the Township of Clearfield, to meet at School House No. 3, adjoining

the village of St. Augustine, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Township of Conensuch, to meet at the School House at Singer's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Conemangh, to meet as follows: First Ward, at the house of Peter Multzie, in said First Ward; Second Ward, at the house of Henry C. Dishong, in said Second

The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Cambria, to meet at School House No. 2, in said The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Coopersdale, to meet at the School House in said The electors of the district composed of the Township

of Croyle, to meet at School House in the village of Bummerhill, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Bast Conemaugh, to meet at the house of Daniel Confer, in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough

of Rhensburg, to meet as follows: East Ward, in the Court Room, in said Ward; West Ward, in Grand Jury Room, in East Ward.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Franklin, to meet at School House in said borough. The electors of the district composed of the Township of Gallitzin, to meet at the School House in tewn of itzis, in said township. The electors of the district composed of the Township

of Jackson, to meet at the house of Henry Rager, in The electors of the district composed of the Borough The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Johnstown, to meet as follows: First Ward, at Public School Room No. 5, in said Ward; Second Ward, at the office of Jos. S. Sirayer, Esq., on Market street, in said Ward; Third Ward, at the house of John Brady, on Franklin street, in said Ward; Fifth Ward, at the house of John Trefts, in said Ward; Fifth Ward, at the Karnvilla School House in said Ward; Sixth Ward.

house of John Trefts, in said Ward; Fifth Ward, at the Kernville School House, in said Ward; Sixth Ward, at the Johnstown Pottery, in said Ward. The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Loretto, to meet at School House in said borough. The electors of the district composed of the Township of Munster, to meet at the warehouse of Aug. Durbin, in the village of Munster, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Millville, to meet at the Franklin House, in said The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Prospect, to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the district composed of the Township f Summerhill, to meet at the School House in the Borough of Wilmore. The electors of the district composed of the Borough of Summitville, to meet at the School House in said The electors of the district composed of the Township of Susquehanna, to meet at the house of Michael Platt,

in said township. The electors of the district composed of the Township of Taylor, to meet at School House near William Headof Taylor, to meet at School House near William Headrick's, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Berough
of Woodvale, to meet at School House in said berough.
The electors of the district composed of the Township
of Washington, to meet at the School House at the Foot
of Plane No. 4, in said township.

The electors of the district composed of the Township
of White, to meet at the house of John Beers, in said
township.

township.

The electors of the district composed of the Township of Yoder, to meet as follows: First Division, at the house of William A. Hicks, in said township; Second Division, at Beam's School House, in said township.

The general election in all the Wards, Townships,
Districts, and Borongia of the County is to be opened
between the hours of 6 and 7 o'clock in the foreneon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until 7 o'clock in the evening, when all polls shall be

And I further give notice, as in and by the 13th Section of the aforesaid Act I am directed:
That all persons, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiwho is or shall be employed under the legislative, judi-ciary, or executive departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of Congress, or of the State Legisla-ture, and of the Select and Common Councils of any city.

ture, and of the Select and Common Councils of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any Election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, or Judge, or any other officer of any such election, shalf be eligible to any office then to be voted for. Also, by the 4th Section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to Elections and for other purposes," approved the 16th day of April, 1856, it is enacted that the foregoing 13th Section shall not be so construed as to foregoing 13th Section shall not be so construed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as Judge or inspector at any general or special election held in this Commonwealth.

The general, special, city, incorporated district, and township elections, and all elections for Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, shall be held and conducted by the Inspectors and Judges elected as aforesaid, and by Clerks appointed as here.

The inspector and index of the Commonwealth of

The inspector and judge of the elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the elections in the district to which they respectively belong, before 7 o'clock in the morning, and each of said important

PIRST AND SECOND SECTIONS OF ALT IN CO. er shall out City, Parish, To or other territorial ented

of race, color, or previous constitution, faw empty State or Territory, or by contrary notwith Sec. 2. And be ir the laws of any Toto be done as a preor shall be charged furnishing to chizen the duty of every p of the most popular designs and of all styles, of the United States perform such prep ote, without dis dition of servitorie tion, he shall, for sum of five hundre full costs and such court shall deem just offence, be deemed go

dred dollars, or be in nor more than one year, or ; the court. SECTION 10 OF AN ACT OF THE PERSO LATERS OF APRIL 6. A Sec. 10. That so much of prevides that only white

or be registered as voters. and the same is hereby re freemen without die and registered according Section of an Act, ap Elections of this Commonwealth qualified under the existing low-all general and special electrons shall appoint one cierk, who also of such district.

In case the person who shall have highest number of votes for on the day of any elhave received the next b judge at the next preced received the highest number not attend, the person elect-spector in his place. And judge shall not attend, th

have received the highest

fixed by law for the op-

a judge in his place, and it in the board for the space

fied voters of the towns such officers have been election, shall elect some In case any clerk appoin this Act shall neglect to ath the said year, it shall be the appointed said clerk, or the such inspector, to forthw clerk, qualified as aformald, a the year. It shall be the duty of tively, to attend at the place special, or township election election is kept open, for the tion to the inspectors and wote at such view

to the assessment of vot-either of them, shall from one years or more, who she least one year, and in the election, and has within two fax, which shall have been a form the election. But a who has previously been and removed therefrom resided in the election distra-shall be outlised to vote als United States, between years, who have resided in an said, shall be entitled to ween, a

not contained in the list of taxable by Commissioners, unless First, for the payment within two vean, usuasind agreealily t isfactory syndence, either another, that he has paof. Second, if between the two years, he shall depose has resided in this State his application, and make age aforesaid, and the like notes

shall not be sufficient ore than ten days rex residence, in pursuate district, and that be did Every person qual make due proof, if rest the township, ward or dis If any person shall prove elections, or use or threaten officer, or shall interrupt a him in the execution of hi window or avenue to any window election, or shall use a violence, with design any elector, or to prove the freedom of choice. be fixed in any sum more than twelve me

wate is found a

that the person so city, ward, district or t onviction, he shall less than one hundred more than two years. If any person not by vote at any election of otherwise qualified shall or if ony person knowing shall aid or procure su-fending shall, on convi exceeding two hundred any term not exceeding If any person shall district, or otherwise fa on the same day, or she to the inspector two illegally to vote, or shall they so offending shall. The electors of the district composed of the Township of Richland, to meet at the house of Joseph (isis, in said sum not less than fifty lars, and be imprisoned for nor more than twelve mon If any person not qualwealth agreeably to law citizens) shall appear at

purpose of influencing

shall, on conviction, for

the court where the to

imprisoned for any term CHANGE IN THE MUII An Act regulating the mtions in the severe SECTION 1. Be if end Representatives of the General Assembly me eral counties of this township, borough after authorized and or written, or partly ally classified as for names of all Judges outside "Judicia: names of all State of State of county officers and one ticket shall emb ticket shall embrace voted for, and be labelle shall be deposited in a s

AMENDMENT TO TH Section 1. The right to vote shall not b States or by any State vious condition of seri DUTIES OF

said districts shall pertificate or retu ive districts, and of the judges fro on FRIDAY. there to do and i of said judges. of said judge un

of the United State Sheriff's Office, Els J. GALLITZIN L.

Attorney-at-1 Ebensburg, Cambria