THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, - November 15, 1872.

THE complete official vote of the State at the late election has not yet been announced at Harrisburg. It will be, however, before our next issue. GRANT's estimated majority is put down at 135,000. ----

We believe it is now definitely asce r tained that at the late election Honace GREELEY carried the electoral votes of the following States: Maryland, 8; Kentucky, 12; Tennessee, 12; Missouri, 15; Texas, 8; Louisiana, 8; Georgia, 11-making in all 74. GRANT has all the balance-192.

THE city of Philadelphia, at the recent election, polled 118,000 votes, and out of that number JAMES BLACK, Temperance candidate for President, received exactly ten. Ebensburg gave him precisely the same number of votes sight in the East conception of the princely wealth of the Ward and two in the West Ward.

The Centennial Commission has issued States, signed by the President, Joseph R.

THE Constitutional Convention assemby the first of August, which would give the people ample time to discuss and reflect upon the new Costitution before the October election. A committee of nine the queen city of New England. was appointed to report what subordinate officers were necessary and to fix the amount of their salaries. The committee reported on Wednesday. Every name on the list is and satisfactory termination.

GRANT 2,841-just 17 of a gain for GRANT. is Mr. GREELEY's announcement: BUCKALEW received 3,530 and GREELEY 2.547-showing that 983 Democrats refused to go to the polls at the late election .-These figures fully and satisfactorily demonstrate the reason why GRANT has a majority of 294 in the county, and any further comments are entirely unnecessary. The cause and effect are perfectly apparent. It will also be seen that in every election district in the county GREELEY loses on BUCKALEW's vote, with the exception of where he gained one, and in Summitville, in November that BUCKALEW did in Octoif every radical vote is polled, and it is not GRANT. She has proven her ability to give it good in the future, if wise and prudent of

counsels prevail. In view of the admitted fact that about eight hundred thousand negroes voted for GRANT at the recent election, that element in the radical party has commenced the assertion of its right to Presidential recognition. It demands a seat in the Cabinet G. MEADE, of this State, has caused a feelfor one of its own race and color. John ing of profound regret throughout the M. Langston, a colored lawyer in Ohio, is country. His death took place at his resithe coming man, and it is said that his po- dence in Philadelphia on last Wednesday litical ambition will not be satisfied with week, after an illness of only six days. He anything less than the Attorney General- was in the 56th year of his age. His miliship of the United States. We have heard tary career is familiar to the whole country. of Langston as a clever stump speaker. He commanded for a short period the but are not well informed in reference to Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, which emhis abilities as a Constitutional lawyer .- braced a company of young and gallant men We presume, however, that they are at least from this county. He was a thorough solequal to those of A. T. ACKERMAN, that dier of the very highest type of the military bright legal luminary from Georgia who, character. He was brave and self-reliant, until very lately, held the office to which and few, if any, officers in the army, were

think that the colored troops are right. - the army of the Potomac in Gen. MEADE Eight hundred thousand voters are not to was unbounded. He had risen steadily in be sneezed at or treated with contempt. it and had rejoiced with it in its victories They are a political power now and will be and sympathized with it in its defeats .so in the future. But will GRANT appoint His name will be forever associated in his-Langston? There is the rub. If he has tory with the bloody and stubbornly conany of the milk, not of human, but of po- tested battle of Gettysburg, at which he litical kindness in his veins, he ought to do was the Commander-in-chief and where so from a sense of gratitude to the "man be displayed military skill of the very highand brother." WILLIAMS, the present At- est order. He was a soldier, pure and simtorney General, says that he could have ple, and loved his profession; and, unlike been elected United States Senator from many of the would-be heroes of the late expose Oregon if he had wished, but that he pre- civil war who now control the radical party, ferred remaining in his present position. If he cast politics far behind him. The name LANGSTON is successful, then WILLIAMS of MEADE will rank in history as one of the The destruction of coal has been very great. of the 9th ward in Philadelphia from 993 will not be in the Senate and will have to greatest and most distinguished officers of All banks except the Seventh National are counted, for 2,993 returned for Hartranft. vacate the Attorney General's office-all of the great rebellion. which would be very hard on WILLIAMS. In this LANGSTON business GRANT will be SCRANTON gained 264 votes at the No-

The Great Boston Fire.

which struck a sympathetic chord throughthe terrible conflagration which on Saturday night and Sunday last scourged the fair and wealthy city of Boston. The very business heart-the commercial centre-of that city has been destroyed, and where a few days ago stood massive and solid granite buildings in all their splendor, with their millions of dollars' worth of rich and costly contents, nothing now remains but ashes and ruins. The fire commenced at half-past seven o'clock Saturday evening and raged for fifteen hours with unabated fury. It extended over about sixty-fire acres of ground and destroyed nearly one thousand stores and other buildings, involving a loss variously estimated at from \$80,-000,000 to \$100,000,000. When the comparatively small extent of the ground burned over and the enormous loss sustained are taken into consideration, an adequate the ground swept by the fire at Boston is not more than the one-sixteenth of the exan address to the people of the United tent of that burned over at Chicago, yet the aggregate loss is very nearly, if not Hawley, for subscriptions to the fund of quite, half as much. In Chicago a large ton million dollars required to make the proportion of the houses burned were frame, contennial such a success as the patriot- or otherwise of little value, while in Boston ism and pride of every American demands. | the finest and most substantial mercantile We shall publish the full address next structures in the country fell a prey to the devouring element. Buildings of solid granite, with iron doors and shutters, and which were supposed to be fire proof, were bled at Harrisburg last Tuesday. Hon. melted like so much lead, and were swept first broke out, and was occupied by Mafin. WILLIAM M. MEREDITH, of Philadelphia. away by the fire in its onward progress as who was a member of the Convention of 1837 though they were stubble. Unlike the which framed the present Constitution, conflagration in Chicago, where thousands dealers in dry and fancy goods. This was was unanimously elected President. A of poor people lost their houses and their motion was made and carried that after all, the destruction at Boston has been conthe 1st of January next the Convention fined almost entirely to costly and elegant would held its sessions in Philadlphia. In edifices occupied for mercantile purposes, our judgment this is a grave and serious and although many wealthy men have been mistake. Why not provide for an adjourn made poor, yet as a general rule most of ment immediately preceding the meeting the sufferers will no doubt rebuild and of the Legislature in January, and meet again resume business. It is a dreadful again when that body adjourned, which visitation, but as indomitable western ought not to be later than the first of April. | courage and perseverance have caused The Convention could then finish its work | Chicago to rise from her ashes with increased splendor, so will Yankee energy, sustained by Boston capital, speedily restore her to her former proud position as

-----Greeley and the Tribune.

It will be seen from the following eard all, must go. Within thirty minutes the that of a Radical, with that well known that Horace Greeney resumed the ediand accomplished blackguard, the notori- torial control of the New York Tribune ous Jim Onslow, of Pittsburgh, for Ser- even before the smoke of the late political geant-at-arms. If the Convention is to be battle had cleared away. He gladly rerun as a Radical machine, and not in the turns to his first love, for it was not to be interest of the people, it were better it had expected that after having been an editor block stood, a solid wall of granite, sevenever met. Its first day's proceedings are for thirty years, and having spent two- ral minutes after the inside fell, but the by no means indicative of an auspicious thirds of his life in a printing office, he heat warped it and two million dollars soon would willingly relinquish a business or In our local department will be found nature. Mr. Greener's avows his intention drove everything before it. Every buildthe official vote of this county at the late of making the Tribune an independent Presidential election, as well as the vote journal, treating all parties and political east for Buckalew and Hartranft in movements with "judicial fairness and October. The same table will likewise candor." The Tribune was a great and show the Democratic and Radical losses in | controlling power in the land-its pen was November on the vote polled in October. mightier than the sword-and it is not a It will be seen that the entire vote of the question of doubt that under the managecounty in October was 6,353, while in No- ment and control of Mr. Greeley it will vember it was only 5,388, or 965 less .- | again become one of the foremost, if not HARTRANFT received 2,823 votes and the foremost, journal of the country. Here

> A CARD.—The undersigned resumes the editorship of the Tribune, which he relinquished on embarking in another line of business six months ago. As heretofore, it shall be his endeavor to make this a thoroughly independent journal, treating all pares and political movements with judicial and deprecating the wrath of no one.
>
> If he can hereafter say anything that will

tend to heartily unite the whole American people on the broad platform of universal amnesty and impartial suffrage he will gladly do so. For the present, however, he can best command that consummation by silence the immortal East Ward of Ebensburg, and forbearance. The victors in our late subject of Southern rights and wrongs into where he received precisely the same vote | early and earnest consideration, and to them for the present he remits it. Since he will ever again be a candidate for any office, ber. As we said last week, Cambria coun- and is not in full accord with either of the ty is Democratic by a clear majority of 700. parties which have hitherto divided the country, he will'be able and will endeavor to give a wider and steadier regard to the proto be denied that they were all cast for gress of science, industry and the useful arts than a partizan journal can do, and he will not be provoked to indulgence in those bitter that majority in the past and she will make | personalities which are the recognized bane ionrnalism.

Sustained by a generous public, he will do his best to make the Tribune a power in the broader field it now contemplates, as when arena of political partizanship

HORACE GREELEY. New York, Nov. 6, 1872.

THE sudden death of Major Gen. GEO. more completely versed in the science and In making this demand from GRANT, we art of his profession. The confidence of

The great and appalling calamity which

Wealthy Men Left Penniless.

out the country, has had its counterpart in Immense Destruction of Property.

The most destructive fire ever known in ew England broke out in Boston on Sat-

urday evening last at 7 o'clock. There was hardly a breath of wind stiring when the alarm was sounded-about half-past seven o'clock-followed by a second, third and fourth in rapid succession; but the first engine was hardly on the ground when the fire broke out from the fourth story of a large four-story granite store on the corner of Sun mar and Kingston streets, occupied by Tebbets, Baldwin & Davis, wholesale dry goods dealers. It had caught in the engine room, and the flames spread with lightning rapidity up the large elevator, and were first seen climbing underneath the woodwork of the roof. Engines were fairly at work before any other store had caught.

The buildings in the vicinity were all of granite, four stories high, and each surmounted with a mansard roof, none of them being over five years old. The decity will readily suggest itself. Although tached splinters flew readily as the air was warmed by the terrible heat, and soon flames began licking the mansard roof on the opposite side, far above the reach of streams directed upon it from all quarters. Fire was constantly in the air, and one building after another caught on the roof and flames skipped lightly along from one window sill to another, so that in less than thirty minutes every check was blanched as it became evident that the whole city in one direction was at the mercy of the flames, which were leaping gayly from roof to roof and from one building to another. The second building to succumb was directly opposite to that in which the fire Mullen & Elms, Harding Brothers & Co., Bowen, Moors & Co., George Lide, Carter & Co., and Conant Bros., all wholesale at the corner of Otis place. The heat now became infernal. The street ran rivers of water and every moment was heard the sound of granite blocks exploding and falling in the streets, making them impassable. The firemen were driven from one station to another and many engines were kept nobly at work, while hydrants were used by hand hose. The engineer could only hold his place while a stream of water was kept playing upon him. Blocks of granite weighing tons were split as if 'by powder, and harled across wide streets, and planks went flying through the air as if they were feathers.

The firemen erected barricades, and worked behind them, but they were burned almost as soon as erected. An hour had hardly elapsed before it was evident that Beebe's block, the finest business structure in the city, built of granite, five stories in height, with mansard roof over flames were coming out in fiery billows from every window, and up the stairway leading to A. T Stewart's rooms was a perfect column of flames. Pieces of dry goods went whistling across the square. lodging on the window sills of the magnificent stores on Devonshire streets. Beebe's lay a heap of stone, bricks and mortar. A hurricane now raged, and owing to the ing was now heated as if in a furnace and caught like timber. Four-story granite blocks seemed like shavings, and deafening explosions were constantly heard. A new terror was added to the babel of confusion. Tenement houses at the upper end of Federal street were fast being licked up by the flames, and women crazed and fainting were rushing to and fro, carrying children, crockery, clocks and bedding in their hands. One ran screaming through High street with a stove funnel in her hand, while another was tugging a heavy chest, which would have been a heavy weight for a strong man. Now and then a few pieces of goods might be saved by volunteers who ran in and spent five minutes, during which they could work, in bringing out perhaps a hundred pieces of cloth. One man, Marshall Cotter, got out \$25,000 worth of kid gloves, and had them placed on the sidewalk in a damaged condition. He offered a hackman \$500, in vain, to take the goods to a place of safety. In less than an hour he had to flee for his life, and the flames were not again cheated of their prey. The fire was now in Federal street, and the wool houses were now going like oil factories. They could never have been attacked at a more dangerous time, crammed from cellar to garret with goods. Hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth were on hand that might have been delivered to customers had it not been for the horse disease. In one store alone there was a hundred thousand dollars' worth of Minor, Beal & Hackett had their store packed full, having only put their winter's stock in three hours before the fire enveloped it all. March Brothers & Pierce had just put their Winter goods in the cellar and sent their Summer goods up stairs to be made up. The paper houses came next. With the end of Federal street went the majority of the large city dealers. It had been hoped that the fire could be stopped short at Franklin street, but the stores there were as vulnerable as any other .-Freeman's National Bank went at 10 o'clock, and an hour later the National Bank

Boston, November 11 .- At ten o'clook this morning the fire was thoroughly under control. Upward of fifty engines were working, pouring continuous streams of water. The wind has not increased, and it is believed the fire will not again break out. The firemen, police, military and citizens, committees and others, are all horoughly exhausted by the superhuman efforts of the past thirty-six hours. The city presents a strange and excited scene. State street is still piled with goods, now being removed, and everybody appears to be on the streets. Sleep and rest are un-

THE FIRE DROWNED OUT. At two o'clock this afternoon the fire is still under control, and is now considered thoroughly subdued, although the engines still continue at work. The crowds of people about the burnt district are immense. Telepraphic communication is seriously interfered with, and it is almost impossi ble to send dispatches on either line, all the companies having sustained severe losses. Everything is at a stand-still, business is neglected, and the terrible disaster is the all-absorbing topic. The outlook for

to a series of hardships unless promptly asopen and doing business this morning.

few months. The fire most probably will

SEVEN HUNDRED BUILDINGS BURNED.

Terrible Fire in Boston. the promptitude of authorities in explod- Father Burke's Reply to Froude. the fire was speedily checked. The entire befel Chicago thirteen months ago, and The Great Chicago Disaster Repeated. district burned over is sixty-five acres of ground, embracing the best business portion of the city. Upward of seven hundred buildings are in ashes.

LOSS OF LIFE. But little definite information can yet be gathered concerning the loss of life. Many have perished in attempting to save goods. The falling of walls and timbers crushed to death numbers whose bodies will never be recovered. The police stations are crowded with anxious inquirers for missing friends and relatives. TWELVE THOUSAND MEN OUT OF EMPLOY-

MENT. The engines from other cities did most effective service, and the people are grateful. It is estimated that over twelve thousand men are thrown out of employment.

DOINGS OF THE THIEVES. The owl train from New York, due at o'clock this morning, arrived at 7 o'clock, with several car loads of roughs and thieves. who cleaned out all the refreshment saloons en route, with other robberies and outrages. The military force in Boston will be increased if necessary. A battalion of cavalry has been added to the military guard of the burnt district, which now numbers bery and incendiarism will be summarily dealt with. The streets are almost impassable from the crowds of people in the vicinity of the fire.

ESTIMATES OF THE LOSS. The morning papers are almost exclusively filled with details of the great conflagration. The Advertiser estimates the total loss at \$80,000,000; the Post, on authority of a leading insurance company, at \$100,000,000. The Journal gives a full list of individual losses, and estimates the total at consiberably over \$100,000,000.

STILL LATER. Boston, November 12 .- The number of firms and business houses burned out is nine hundred and thirty; the number of dwelling and lodging houses sixty-four.

The fire is now confined to the ruins and no fears are felt of a new outbreak. A of my assertions! This glorious and grand large number of steamers continue to work, reliefs of firemen taking them. Among the newspaper offices burned are the Pilot, Traveler, Globe, Journal, Transcript and Post.

JOHN W. FORNEY in his Press of yesterday week speaks as follows of the return be until the day of judgment a Catholic of Horace Greeney to the Tribune. It nation. [Cheers.] Her history proves is alike creditable both to the editor of the that never did Ireland in her darkest hour Press and the veteran of the Tribune :

Horace Greeley, the greatest editor that Her history proves that all the powers on America has ever produced, comes back to earth aided by all the devils in hell could his old place at the head of the Tribune. We warmly welcome him on his return to journalism. Like all else that he has written or spoken, his card, published in today's edition of his paper, has the strength and ring which ever accompanies the words of a true man. "Courting the favor and deprecating the wrath of no one" has been Horace Greeley's life long motto. When no woman's love to come in to share it-n , he has arrived, after long and careful thought, at any conclusion on matters of governmental or party policy, he has never feared to put that conclusion into his own strong, terse language, and give it to the ready and willing to abide by and take the full consequences might be. the subject of my love, and therefore I He is, in a word, a true and honest man. speak as a friend, a lover, and an Irishman ent high position-under his rule it will continue to rise, and will ever be the exponent of views which, although possibly not in accordance with those of a majority of his fellow-countrymeh, will at least be honest, able and pure, the result of patient investigation and profound conviction.

May his success as a journalist be as great in time to come as it has been in the time this man may bring forth to-day on the that is past; may he long continue to give question of the hour, while he is drawing those "sabre cuts of Saxon speech" which have won for him fame and honor, and may he stand for many, many years at the head of the list of the editors of

THE CHICAGO AND BOSTON FIRES .- The Boston fire burned over sixty-five acres, at them, dirty, impoverished, deli uc in, consumed about nine hundred and ninetyfour houses and buildings, and occasioned a loss of \$100,000,000. The Chicago fire If I were in Mr. Fr began at nine o'clock on Sunday evening, what I would do. Every evening I came (October 8, 1871,) and burned till midnight, Monday, lasting twenty-seven hours. The value of the property detroyed, including buildings, merchandise and house- telling God knows how many lies about hold property, was \$193,000,000. The fire Ireland a hundred years ago, I would give burned over an area of about four miles the drunken fellow a twist and sav. "Look in length, and an average of two-thirds of at him." [Applause.] Whenever I see a a mile in breadth, destroying 17,450 build-drunken Irishman reeling about in the a mile in breadth, destroying 17,450 buildings and rendering 98,900 persons houseless. The property destroyed was insured sin; but I declare, as an Irishman, I could for \$100,000,000; the losses claimed amount- toke him and almost strangle him. [Cheers.] ing to about \$4,000,000 less. Of the sum due, \$37,000,000 has been paid, and there clutions was presented by James W. O'is a fair prospect of \$12,000,000 more, is Brien, thanking Father Burke for his desome companies are not overwhelmed by the great fire in Boston. The loss of life requesting him to give a regular series of was happily small in Chicago, and the Irish historical lectures in reply to those of generosity of the world enabled the local Mr. Froude. The resolutions were adoptcommittee to disburse more than \$2,000,000 ed amid loud applause.

A BOSTON GENTLEMAN ELOPES WITH AN IRISH HEIRRSS .- Newtown Barry, County Wexford, Ireland, has been set by the ears by the reported elopement of Miss Agnes Barry, only daughter of Hon. Hugh Barry, an ex-member of parliament of this place, with an American tourist, a Mr. Fitzhenry of Boston. Miss Barry is the absolute possessor of the richest estate in the county, and heiress to over £300,000 sterling, a sum represented by \$1,500,000 gold, which she inherited from her uncle. The old gentleman refusing his consent to the nuptials the young couple left the house secretly on the night of the 21st ultimo, and were of North America was in as bad a condi- driven to the residence of a clergyman near by and married in proper form. Thence they traveled to Killarney, from which place the bride wrote a number of entreating letters to her father. The old fellow at length relented, and tendered the enraptured pair his paternal benediction.

-Monday evening week, Charles A. Kelsey, a wealthy young farmer at Huntington, Long Island, was tarred and feathered by a party of masked men. The reason was, his attentions to a certain young lady. Since then he has disappeared, and it is feared he has committed suicide, or has been murdered. He was the owner, they wanted, only to become straightway burg county, Kentucky, has in her possesof a large property, and a member of the abusive enemies; it was the worry of life Presbyterian Church of very high stand- to try to gratify one demand in a dozen ing. A shirt he is known to have worn has been found on Lloyd's Neck Beach, over a deep creek which connects with Cold Spring Bay. A large reward has troubled with cold feet. It is a source of as he departed for the army of Washingbeen offered for the recovery of his body,

-It is claimed that Grant's majority on the popular vote will be 500,000. If that is so he is the negroes' President, as their vote for Grant was far above that figure. On the white vote of the people, the vote the working class is appaling for the next that has heretofore always elected Presidents, Grant is a beaten candidate; and the people of the United States must submit to what may emphatically be called negro rule, allied to a vote procured by The blackest fraud united with the blackest men have dirtied the old flag all over.

HIS REMARKS IN NEWARK ON IRISH BISTO-RY-IEELAND'S RIGHT TO FREEDOM

NEVER RESIGNED BY HER SONS.

The Rev. Thomas Burke, O. P., the Irish orator, lectured to an immense and enthusiastic audience, on Wednesday night week, in the Rink, Newark. N. J., under the auspices of the board of government of the NewJersey Catholic Temperance Union. The Rev. Geo. H. Doane, Chancellor of the didn't carry a State. diocese, presided. The Rev. Thos. Burke. wearing the white robe and black habit of his Order, then advanced to the front of the stage, and, after the applause which greeted him had subsided, said in the

course of his remarks : My frends there is a gentleman among you who has come out all the way from England to tell the American people what he knows about Ireland [Laughter], about her people and about her history; and one thing I tell the American people, that in tracing that history, even with all the prejudice of his race and of his Protestant religion, he may be able to bring home to an Irishman many an impulsive and ill-considered and foolish act; he may prove us guilty from time to time of want of head, but I defy him or any other man to speak fifteen hundred men. Attempts at rob- of the Irish race and the Irish people to prove against them a want of heart .-[Cheers.] Your reception this evening of an Irish Catholic priest, whose only recommendation to you is that he is a Catholic priest and an Irishman, and the cheers you gave me, would be sufficient answer to him or any other man if he attempted to fix upon the Irish people the sin that comes

from want of heart. [Applause.] Father Burke spoke at length on the subject of "Temperance," again towards the close of his lecture returning to the government of Ireland by England. And you, who have been brought up in the traditions of almost slavery, who hail the glorious soil of America, which knows the springing step of freemen, which you were never able to lay upon the shamrock at home, you, I say, have realized the truth America, oh, may every blessing in the bosom of God come down on her imperial head and heart. [Enthusiastic cheers.]

Our dear old mother, Ireland, she too was and is a nation-a nation out of whose mind two ideas have never perished and never will, namely, that she has a right to her freedom as a nation, and that she will pull down the green flag and give up and say-I am no longer a nation. [Cheers.] not tear Irish Catholicity from the hearts of Irishmen. Irishmen, hear one who need not tell you that he loves you. The master passion of my heart after the love I have for God and my religion, is that love for Ireland. There is no brother's love to divide it, or to interfere with it. There is my native land, as she was in all the vicissitudes of her history, as she is to-day in all her misery, as she will be on the day when the world will receive her among the nations [here;the audience burst into cheering which lasted several minutes]-that is gentleman who came over has come to preach this gospel: "Irishmen have been an orphan girl in Missouri, charitably badly treated, and they got what they deserved : they did not know how to govern themselves, and it was a mercy of God that some one took them in hand. [Laughter.] I tell you that no matter what arguments

the attention of all America to us Irishmen -the strongest and bitterest argument he could bring against us would be to point to the drunkards and say, "There they are, the men that are always prattling about their grievances-look at them! It is true we handled them without gloves, but look filthy drunkards-were they ever worthy

If I were in Mr. Froude's place I tell you to lecture I would try to get an Irishman blind drunk and get him on the stage, and then instead of tiring myself talking and street, as a priest I regret and weep for his

At the close of the lecture a series of resfence of the national history of Ireland and Irish historical lectures in reply to those of

CRUMBS OF COMFORT. - Mr. Greeley Contime, until now, within the last twelve years, when the Tribune was not supposed to keep, for the benefit of the idle and incapable, a sort of federal employment agency, established to get places under government for those who were indisposed to work for their living. Any man who had ever voted the republican ticket believed politician who had cheated at the caucus and fought at the polls looked to the editor of the Tribune to secure his appointment as gauger, or as army chaplain, or as which deprived him of his life. minister to France. Every campaign orator came upon us after the battle was the treasury or the loan of half a dollar. If one of our party had an interest pending at Washington the editor of the Trithat one, promote one project or stop an- Phonix like, ere yet the fire si quenchother. He was to be everybody's friend, with nothing to do but to take care of letters, and ask favors for them, and to get no thanks for it either. Four-fifths of ture, not far removed. these people were sent away without what for the other fifth.

into the paste pot section of the folding by every member of the family. room. At last we shall be let alone to

News and Political Items.

-Scranton is to have a silk factory. _A Prussian circus will visit the United States next year.

-lowa, having taken the census of her hogs, finds 1,250,000. -Grant's horses have the epizootic. Like their master, they take everything they can get.

After all Greelev isn't the worst beaten candidate in the contest. O'Conor

-A Pittsburg child lately fell into a post hole and was drowned in the little water that had collected at the bottom. Post holes should never be left without de--Grant's majority in the State of New

York will be upwards of 40,000. The Republican State ticket will have about 25,000. Mr. Greeley had 22,000 in New York city. The two strumpets, Woodhull and

laflin, do not receive any consolation from the press of the country. With one roice, apparently, it denounces them as -A New England bride and bridegroom,

on their wedding tour, were recently taken from the station to the hotel, in Boston, in a hack drawn by oxen with white ribbons on their horns -London, England, as well as Boston, had quite a serious conflagration Satur-

day night, over half a million dollars' worth of property having been destroyed in a central portion of the city.

—The negroes are as devoid of gratitude as the protectionists. Horace Greeley, the apostle of negro freedom and the

high priest of protection, owes his defeat for the presidency to the ingratitude of these classes. -At Newton, Kansas, on Friday last,

Justice Holliday was shot dead by Mich'l Fitzpatrick, a desperado. Marshal Johnson attempted to arrest Fitzpatrick, when the latter drew a revolver and Johnson

The Maritius has been lost in the North Channel off the port of Patrick, Scotland, and twenty-three of the persons on board were drowned. This may be either the ship Maritius, which cleared from Glasgow in the latter part of October for Demerara, or the steamship Maritius,

-Dr. Samuel Ashman, living in Topeka, Kansas, in a fit of drunken frenzy, on Wednesday, the 6th, shot and killed his wife, after which he chopped off her breasts in an insane attempt to cut out her heart. It required ten men to capture and take him to jail, so desperate were his struggles.

-Horace Greeley beats Winfield Scott, on the Presidential track, by twenty-five per cent. In 1852, Scott carried four states: Vermont, Massachusetts, Kentucky and Tennessee. In 1872, twenty years later, Greeley carries at least five States: Georgia, Maryland, Missouri, Tennessee and Texas. -Avery Plummer and wife, an aged

couple of Ellsburg, New York, stepped from a train on the Vandalia Railroad, while crossing a tressel near Marysville, Indiana, and fell on the rocks fifty feet below, instantly killing them both. They had mistaken the slowing of the train customary at that place for their station. -Western windfalls are becoming more

numerous than ever. Simultaneously come I the reports of an Indiana farm laborer who has inherited nearly \$500,000, and of adopted from the Home of the Friendless, who unexpectedly turns out to be the rightful owner of an English estate worth £30,000.-A Mrs. Berchoffsberger and Simon

irentz, her brother-in-law, have been held for examination on a charge of incarcerating her husband, who is wealthy, in Trenton Insane Asylum, during the past six months, in order to obtain, as is alleged, possession of his property. The superintendent of the Asylum and some other parties are implicated. -A special dis; atch from Youngstown,

Ohio, of the 12th inst , says : Two of the new boilers recently set up in the place of new boilers recently set up in the place of lustrated circular and terms and the those which exploded three months ago great work at once J. M. STODDART 200 at Brown, Bonnell & Co.'s rolling mill, blew up yesterday afternoon, instantly killing the firemen, James Wallace and Michael O'Mallery, and wounding a number of other persons, three seriously.

-General Grant's friends have not even decency enough to conceal "the fact that it. during the campaign the Republican National Committee had a picket in every Greeley camp of any consequence from one end of the country to the other, and he (Grant) knew day by day every phase of the coalition situation as well as the coalition managers themselves." seem even proud of their infamy.

-Colonel Titus Rice, a recluse, who has been living in an old barge at Fortress Monroe since the war, committed suicide on the 8th by shooting himself through the head with a Henry rifle. Some twenty years ago he was a prominent citizen of Richmond, and Colonel of the famous black horse cavalry during the war; he gratulates Himself .- There has been no acted as a government pilot on the James river. He was a native of Connecticut, and was about seventy years old. -Tobias Horst, a young man, 21 years

old, residing at Farmersville, Lancaster county, a few evenings since committed suicide by taking a dose of strychnine. Mr. Horst was engaged to a young lady and had purchased a farm, to which he that it was the duty and the privilege of had intended to move after being married. the editor of this paper to get him a place. His marriage was to have taken place one in the custom house. Every red-nosed day last week, but the young lady refused to join with him in matrimony. This weighed upon his mind so much that in his melancholy he took the deadly drug

-After a fierce fight with the furious fire fiend, Boston is herself again, and over for a recommendation as secretary of confidently casts about, with true Yankee grit, for the speediest and most certain methods of resurrection. Already plans have been set on foot for rebuilding the bune was telegraphed in frantic haste to burned districts on a more lavish, but at come to the capitol, save this bill, crush the same time more secure, scale than ever. ed, Boston is shaking off the burning embers, and with head erect and spirit unother folks' business, sign papers, write daunted, looking forward over countless obstacles to a bright and prosperous fu-

-Mrs. Drake, a widow lady, of Muhlension an apple which has been in existence since the beginning of the Revolutionary war. The Greenville Gazette gives this The man with two wooden legs con- account of it: "The soldier, Mr. Drake, gratulated himself that he could never be received the apple from his betrothed just profound satisfaction to us that office seek- ton; kept it during the whole war, and, reers will keep aloof from a defeated candi- turning after the surrender of Yorktown, date who has not influence enough at married the fair donor. The apple is sa-Washington or Albany to get a sweeper credly preserved in the family. It is dry appointed under the sergeant-at-arms, or and shriveled, nothing remaining but the a deputy sub-assistant temporary clerk woody fiber. The heir-loom is highly prized

-The Hazelton correspondent of the mind our own affairs and manage our own | Morning Republean gives the following newspaper, without being called aside particulars of a shocking accident: "At every hour to help lazy people whom we Laurel Hill Breaker, on Friday, a lad don't know and to spend our strength in named Charles Depuy, aged about 14 years, efforts that only benefit people who don't undertook to more firmly fasten the seat deserve assistance. At last we shall keep on which he was sitting with a pick. our office clear of blatherskites and politi- The instrument fell from his grasp, and cal beggars, and go about our daily work in reaching for it he lost his balance and with the satisfaction of knowing that not fell headforemost into the jaws of the the most credulous of place hunters will breaker. The great teeth of the breaker In this Langston business Grant will be compelled to show his hand, so that it can vember election over the election of Octobar Language of the configuration and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation, and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation, and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation, and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation, and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation, and requested one of his companions not little fellow realized his horrible situation. suspect us of having any credit with the closed on him and his body was pierced to tell his mother."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DOWN Redectived, but for coughs, co

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLE Worthless Imitallongire but the only scientific propagate Acid for Lung diseases is when ch bined with other well known

these TABLETS, and all parties are against using any other.

In all cases of irritation of the second control nembrane these TABLETS should be their cleansing and healing properties

tonishing.

Rewarned. Never neglect a cid. It is not cured in its incipient state. When it bear chronic the cure is exceedingly diment.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets as a specific.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St. New Y. Sole Agent for U Price 25 cents a box.

Young Men, Teachers, Ludies or Ministers wented in every county for "The People's Prospectus free. Address Zirgier 4 No. 518 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. TO THE WORKING CLASS, male or to

a week guaranteed. Respect ment at home, day or evening necessing quired; full instructions and valuable of goods to start with sent free by ma dress, with 6 cent return stamp. M CO., 16 Courtlandt St., New York

ADIES and Gentlemen, Agents want Protean Button Hole Catte ble, 25cts.; Morocco Needle Book and 5 papers small Needles. \$1: THORNTON & CO., 599 Broad way &



A Great Offer! Horace Water 481 Broadway, N. will dispose of NEW PIANOS, ME.

Waters', at very low prices for ca eash, and balance in small month! New 7-octave first-class PIANO provements, for \$275 cash. Now a CERTO PARLOR ORGAN, the astyle and perfect tone ever made. Illi ognies mailed Sheet Music and Musi AGENTS Wanted for the great a tory;" handsomely flustrated Nast of Harper's Weekly, and

title and contents will insure of readers—why? Because milling ever been published. For prior of stamp and see circulars and terms gaging elsewhere. E. B. TREAT 805 Broadway, New York. FREE TO BOOK ACENTS

An Elegantly Bound Canvassing the best and cheapest Family little lished, will be sent free of charge to agent. It contains nearly 500 f lustrations, and agents are meeting precedented success. Address said ence, etc., and we will show you a hat are doing. National Publishing to., Phil

BOOK, The LIFE OF THE GREAT BIL LIVINGSTONE and his RESURRECTION from a Living in

STANLEY. For full description and terms, address meditely HUBBARD BROS., Publisher, Port Boston.

among all classes. Old podle-aged, those who are life, and youth of both so read with the greatest. ead with the greatest mot

DIO LEWIS' last not best

"God grant that this precious los ag to nent reformer, of T.S. ARTHUR SET Three Years in a Man-Tran Notwithftanding its immenses

Orne, Neal Dow, and others. Will than any prohibition law ever for beyond parallel. Agent have doing splendidly with it. One has a less. Owing to its great success we to offer especially large discounts

TE GB-EB The Great Illustrated People's Weekly, cheapest paper published. 1910 LE corps of most popular authorswriter.

Agents wanted to canvass for the gr

JUST SO HICH. to every subscriber. Agents take from five to thirty names a day. No business, this. Send for terms, and secure terms

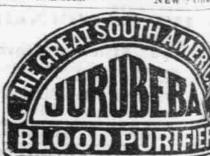
DUTY OFF TEA THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA have business connections with all the consumer from five to eight p

now about 12 years since the Cor-

The Best and Purest God and distributed them to our oparts of the United States, for only, between the Tea-grower at consumers in distant parts of the Teas, at New York Cargo Prices. plan. And since we adopted this plant saved the people of this country will bolk assannually, in the cost of this

every day necessity.

Send for Club efreuiar, which condirections, premiums, etc. THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA 31 & 33 Vesey Street. P. O. Box 5643.



nor is it a doctored liquer, wh popular name of "Bitters" is paimed off on the public as sover but it is a most powerful Tonic and

robounced so by the leading miles of London and Paris, and used by the regular physic tries with wonderful remed DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF

retains all the medicinal virtues ; plant and must be taken as a peri Is there want of action in your Live

Unless relieved at once, the block pure by deleterious secretions, pro-ulous or skin diseases. Blotches. Take JURUNEBA to closuse . pu the vitiated blood to healthy

Have you a Duspeptic Stomach! It Take it to assist Digestion without It will impart youthful vigor to wear, Have you weakness of the Intestines In danger of Chronic Diarrhea or the da Inflammation of the Boweis. Take it to allay irritation and ward of

dency to inflammations.

Have you weakness of t Organs? You must procure in you are liable to suffering worse. Take it to strengthen organic

Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Off