Cambria Freeman.

H. A. M'PIKE, Editor and Publisher.

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VOLUME 6. EBENSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1872. NUMBER 20.

1872. SPRING. 1872.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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MILLINERY GOODS,

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HATS AND CAPS,
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Together with all manner of Western Produce, such as FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, CARBON OIL, &c., &c.

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Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

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AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES GENERALLY KEPT IN A COUNTRY STORE.

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LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS!

BOOTS AND SHOES

For Men's and Boys' Wear.

The undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calfskin boots to the coarsest brogan, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.

Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.

☞ Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors, I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

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Ebensburg, April 28, 1869.

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May 30th and 31st, '72.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

GREAT AND GLORIOUS RESULTS!

A Ticket that Cannot be Defeated.

Buckalew, Thompson, Hartley, and Victory.

A SOUND DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Not in the history of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, says the Pottsville *Standard*, has there ever assembled a convention equal in numbers, intelligence and enthusiasm, to the convention of Thursday. From the mountains of the interior, from the valleys of the west, from the fair fields of the east, the representatives of the Keystone Democracy assembled in their strength. It was, indeed, a grand outpouring, a demonstration that in its essence and numerical strength is an ample answer to the silly taunt that the Democratic party is dead. It has demonstrated the inherent strength of the Democratic party and its determination to overthrow the corrupt and rotten "rings" that now control the State administration, and which have been and are plundering the people of their substance to enrich a corporation of thieving scoundrels.

Early on Wednesday morning, or indeed, on Tuesday night, it became evident that the attendance would greatly exceed that of any previous State Convention, and as train after train brought in its hundreds of people, the streets of Reading became more and more densely crowded, while hotels and private boarding houses overflowed with a mass of surging, enthusiastic Democratic humanity. During the afternoon processions headed by bands of music paraded the streets, and in the evening immense mass meetings convened at different points and were addressed by prominent Democratic speakers. Everywhere the enthusiasm was intense and the universal sentiment was for an unexceptionable State ticket. As leaders of the State ticket in the pending campaign, Buckalew, Cass, McClelland, Noyes and McCalmont seemed to have a large number of friends and ardent supporters. While personal preferences were quite strong, there was an absence of rancorous or bitter feeling, the universal sentiment being for harmony and a union of all honest men in opposition to the corruptions of the present State administration and the venal crew managed by Mackey, Quay & Co., who, to the shame of the State, be it said, "run the machine."

MEETING OF THE CONVENTION.

At precisely 11 o'clock A. M., the Hon. William A. Wallace, Chairman of the State Central Committee, called the Convention to order. Mishler's new Opera House, not yet completed, had very generously been temporarily fitted up by the proprietor, for the use of the Convention, and within its capacious walls, at least three thousand people were gathered to participate in and witness the deliberations of the Convention.

R. B. Brown, of Clarion, was nominated temporary Chairman and made a brief address.

Mr. Carrigan, of Philadelphia, moved that the Convention proceed to select committees on organization and resolutions, which was agreed to, when the following were appointed:

Committee on Organization.—1st district, Wm. McMullin; 2d, C. D. Mauley; 3d, John Fullerton; 4th, W. F. Schuber; 5th, A. Bunting; 6th, John Y. Fritz; 7th, Charles Miller; 8th, Charles A. Gleim; 9th, W. A. Morton; 10th, Frank Rahn; 11th, James Sweeney; 12th, H. C. Wayman; 13th, J. L. Coolbaugh, J. F. Cressler; 14th, T. J. Halm; 15th, J. G. Fries; 16th, A. H. Boynton; 17th, J. Woods Brown; 18th, Philip Collins; 19th, A. Duncan; 20th, W. D. Bailey; 21st, George B. Kerper; 22d, John S. Miller; 23d, John S. Lair; 24th, B. M'Cauley; 25th, C. F. Warden; 26th, Dr. A. Patton; 27th, J. W. Rohrer; 28th, D. S. Morris; 29th, L. F. McLaughlin; 30th, W. W. Lyle.

Committee on Resolutions.—1st district, E. Carter; 2d, John Hamilton; 3d, T. A. Sloan; 4th, E. R. Worrell; 5th, R. E. Monaghan; 6th, Charles Ernst; 7th, George Ross; 8th, W. B. Griesemer; 9th, I. T. McGough; 10th, W. A. Marr; 11th, H. K. Hartzell; 12th, J. W. Harbison; 13th, B. R. Brundage, C. L. Lamberton; 14th, E. B. Hawley; 15th, Thos. Chalfant; 16th, J. C. Backus; 17th, Wm. Bigler; 18th, C. E. McLaughlin; 19th, W. A. Duncan; 20th, W. Hartley; 21st, C. D. Keller; 22d, J. H. Bailer; 23d, W. D. Moore, E. J. Roberts; 24th, Bates M. Cauley; 25th, A. E. Wilson; 26th, Wm. Levan; 27th, Wm. Abrams; 28th, Samuel Griffiths; 29th, F. B. Guthrie; 30th, R. Taggart.

A resolution was offered that when the convention adjourns, it adjourns to meet at 3 o'clock, P. M., and that it then proceed to the nomination of Judge of the Supreme Court, Governor, Congressmen at Large, Auditor General, Electors at Large, and six Delegates at Large to the Democratic National Convention.

Mr. Coffroth, of Somerset, moved that the number of Delegates to the National Convention be eight, with two provisional delegates, which was agreed to.

Mr. Brundage, of Northampton, moved to strike out all after the words "Resolved, that when this convention adjourns it adjourns to meet at 3 o'clock, P. M.," which was agreed to.

Mr. Sloan, of Philadelphia, offered a resolution that a committee, consisting of one member from each Senatorial district, be appointed on credentials.

Mr. Bunting, of Philadelphia, moved that the committee consist of seven members.

Mr. Moore, of Philadelphia, moved that the committee on contested seats consist of five persons, which was agreed to, and the chairman named the following: T. A. Sloan, Philadelphia; D. O. Barr, Allegheny; G. W. Skinner, Franklin; T. Chalfant, Montour, and G. Search, Luzerne.

On motion, adjourned until 3 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention was called to order at three o'clock.

Mr. Barr, of Allegheny, Secretary of the Committee on Contested Seats, reported that Hannibal Sloan, of Indiana, and John Miller, of Chester, were entitled to seats from those districts as delegates.

Mr. M'Mullen reported the following permanent officers:

President—Hon. Heister Clymer.

Vice President—1st district, Edw. Dougherty; 2d, Charles Thomas; 3d, A. H. Ladner; 4th, John H. Chadwick; 5th, Stewart Leech; 6th, Charles Earnst; 7th, C. Glanz; 8th, E. Penn Smith; 9th, James Duffy; 10th, James Mahan; 11th, R. A. Packer; 12th, William B. Kreider; 13th, Henry S. Mott; 14th, William M. Piatt; 15th, H. H. Cummin; 16th, Walter Sherwood; 17th, W. E. Smith; 18th, William Linton; 19th, George W. Skinner; 20th, P. L. Wicks; 21st, William A. M'Gonigle; 22d, Dr. A. J. Fisher; 23d, Philip H. Stevenson, C. H. Ferritt, John H. Bailey; 24th, William Maher; 25th, A. E. Wilson; 26th, W. B. Dunlay; 27th, Grier C. Orr; 28th, B. Magoffin; 29th, J. B. Brawley; 30th, David Olin.

Secretaries—John C. Barr, H. C. Cummin, Herman Kretz, W. H. Grier, John O'Connor, G. W. Waddell, W. P. Farey, C. W. Carrigan, J. W. Bowman, D. W. Maratta, H. M. Stewart, J. R. Snowden, E. J. Roberts, W. C. Plumm, F. A. Devitt, and J. Howard Beach.

The temporary Sergeants-at-Arms were retained.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Lycoming, a committee of two were appointed to inform Mr. Clymer of his election, and escort him to the chair.

SPEECH OF HON. HEISTER CLYMER.

Hon. Heister Clymer, on being introduced to the convention, spoke as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: I am profoundly grateful to you for this, as you will bear me witness, unsolicited honor. It adds another to the many debts of gratitude I owe to the democracy of Pennsylvania, and did I not know that the honor was paid to the county of Berks, unconquered and unconquerable, I could not discharge the great debt. This is a solemn hour. From all parts of this Keystone State, from our rivers, which flow to the gulf, from the southern borders, from the northern line, men have come up here together to consult for the deliverance of the land. For twelve years, long, dreary, bitter years, the people of the whole land have suffered worse than an Egyptian bondage. Good men everywhere to-day are consulting together how there may be a deliverance from the gripe of military power, from this oppression and wrong, from suffering which we endure patiently, because we hope and believe that in the democracy and in the good men of the whole land there can yet be deliverance from them. We are about to appeal to the whole people of the whole State and to the whole country. I will not say how you are to appeal to them. It will not be my pleasure for one moment to indicate to this convention what they shall do. I can only ask that your convention shall be conducted in the interest of the right, and it will and must bear abundant fruits. I have nothing to say to you with reference to men, nothing with reference to him who should fill the high position of Governor. It is my pleasure to know every gentleman mentioned in connection with that office and to know them personally. Whoever he may be he will be immeasurably the peer of his opponent. You are about to begin your deliberations. You will allow me most reverently to humbly ask the divine blessing of Him without whose aid and guidance the labors of men are in vain. I have but one more word to add, that you will pardon any error I may make and believe it to be an error of the head and not of the heart. I am done, gentlemen, and am ready to receive any motions that the convention may have to offer.

The roll was called by the Secretary, and the following resolution was offered:

Resolved, That a committee of thirty three be appointed, one from each senatorial district, to report the names of fourteen persons at large as delegates to the constitutional convention, and ten persons as delegates to the democratic national convention.

The first part of the resolution was adopted.

The proposition to send ten delegates at large to the national convention was opposed by Mr. Lamberton, of Luzerne. He was not in favor of a committee choosing the delegates to the national convention. That power should be exercised by the convention itself.

The consideration of the second portion of the resolution was, on motion, postponed indefinitely.

Mr. Carrigan desired to ask of the chairman of the committee on resolutions what progress they were making in their duties.

Governor Bigler, chairman, said that the committee were not ready to report. The committee would hardly be ready to report before to-morrow morning.

A motion was made to proceed to nominate candidates for Governor. It was agreed to, and the following nominations were made: General G. W. Cass, Hon. C. R. Buckalew, D. M. Fox, J. S. Wharton, Col. A. C. Noyes, W. P. Schell, H. T. Wright, Hon. William M'Clelland, General M'Calmount, Hon. E. L. Acker, John R. Reading and M. C. Trout.

Mr. Carrigan of Philadelphia, nominated Hon. Heister Clymer. Mr. Clymer remarked—I am not insensible to the kindness of my friend from Philadelphia, but he knows me too well to think that his kindness would permit me to do anything that would jeopardise our victory. I am at the service of the democrats of this State rather as a private; I am ready and willing to serve, and to follow its marches, firmly believing and earnestly praying for a great and glorious victory. You will allow me to decide the motion nominating me to be out of order.—Let this convention nominate a man who will lead us on to victory.

On motion of Mr. Randall the nominations were closed. Messrs. Acker and Reading were withdrawn.

The convention then proceeded to balloting, with the following result:

First ballot—Cass, 47; Buckalew, 23; McClelland, 13; Noyes, 12; McCalmont, 10; Wright, 8; Fox, 8; Schell, 6; Wharton, 3; Trout, 2.

Second ballot—Cass, 54; Buckalew, 24; Noyes, 16; M'Clelland, 14; M'Calmont, 11; Wright, 10; Schell, 3; Trout, 1.

Third ballot—Cass, 58; Buckalew, 32; Noyes, 14; M'Clelland, 10; M'Calmont, 9; Wright, 7; Schell, 2; Trout, 1.

Fourth ballot—Cass 56, Buckalew 35, McClelland 14, Noyes 14, Wright 7, M'Calmont 5, Trout 2.

Fifth ballot—Cass 55, Buckalew 39, Noyes 15, M'Calmont 9, M'Clelland 8, Wright 7.

Sixth ballot—Cass 54, Buckalew 42, Noyes 13, M'Clelland 13, Wright 7, M'Calmont 4.

Seventh ballot—Buckalew 74, Cass 39, Noyes 11, M'Clelland 5, M'Calmont 1.

Hon. James Thompson was nominated by acclamation for Supreme Judge, after which the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock on Friday morning.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

READING, May 31, 1872.

The convention reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning, Hon. Heister Clymer in the chair.

Several substitutions of delegates were made.

The Committee appointed to introduce the Hon. Chas. R. Buckalew to the Convention, accompanied by that gentleman, were announced.

Mr. Buckalew was greeted with hearty cheers, and proceeded to address the Convention. He said that he appeared before the Convention, at the solicitation of the Committee, to thank the members, and, he hoped, the entire State, for the honor conferred upon him by naming him as the Democratic candidate for Governor of this Commonwealth. The nomination was not solicited—it came as the legitimate, healthy outgrowth of public opinion in this State; not because of pre-eminent ability or distinguished character of the candidate, but because his public life of twenty-five years had led them to the belief that he was a man neither to be seduced nor intimated, and in the performance of public duties he will stand as firm as a rock for the people in opposition to corruption and monopoly.—He hoped the nomination would be ratified by the whole people, and hoped, although not prompted by selfish motives, that the movement would go forward to triumph. The people desire that this government shall be pure and honest, fair and equal, in all its acts, and the old motto would be amended to read, "Principles, and Men to maintain them." There was a failure in State and National affairs, because of the need of men to carry out the grand and fundamental principles, and he urged it as the great work of the mission of reform of this year to secure men to carry out these principles. His opinion of a Governor of a State was that he was a mere magistrate; that he should not know that he had been elected by a party, nor release prisoners from jails and the penitentiary because of the urgent appeals of party friends, and to secure political advantage. He thought there was a disposition to cut loose from the strict party ties, and a feeling among all good men to unite to carry out the grand principles and issues which are at stake. "In view of this general disposition for State and national reform," he said, "we are entitled to appeal to all men of all parties to aid in establishing a new departure which shall insure a pure, honest and faithful government." He referred to the fact that the nomination of the Convention had been endorsed by all of the candidates for the position, and hoped their friends would stand by him, hold up his hand, and like a band of brothers, march forward to victory. In concluding, he said he would have an opportunity of meeting the citizens of the State during the canvass and address them on State and national questions. He would do his duty, and it was expected every member of the party would do his duty.

The speech was frequently interrupted by applause, and when the speaker concluded three cheers for the candidate were given.

Mr. Clymer said at the close of the address: May a kind Providence guard and keep him; may the good people sustain and support him, and may honest men, everywhere and of every political creed, rejoice that they have struck hands, when, in him, by him and through him, imbecility and corruption is to be banished from the executive and legislative departments of this Commonwealth.

The following gentlemen were then placed in nomination for Auditor General: Gen. W. H. H. Davis, Gen. Wm. McCandless, F. M. Crane, Wm. Hartley, John Loshe, J. F. Temple, B. L. Temple, Levi Marsh, Wm. Baird.

First ballot—Davis, 26; McCandless, 8; Crane, 12; Hartley, 39; Loshe, 6; Temple, of Philadelphia, 15; Temple, of Greene, 14; Marsh, 7; Baird, 1.

The names of Messrs. Loshe, Temple, of Philadelphia, Marsh and Baird were withdrawn.

Second ballot—Davis, 29; McCandless, 8; Crane, 8; Hartley, 79; Temple, of Green, 9.

Mr. Hartley having received a majority of all the votes, he was duly announced as nominated, which was made unanimous.

General Davis, of Bucks, made a few remarks, in which he pronounced the success of the party a certainty.

Mr. William Hartley, the candidate for Auditor General, was introduced to the convention and spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the convention and fellow citizens, I have no language to express to you the feelings of my heart, for the honor which you have conferred upon me, knowing that as a politician, as a party man it is entirely unmerited, and though I have lived forty years I have never held an office of trust or emolument. No matter what sins I may be guilty of, I do not think that I have thought more highly of myself than I should have thought, and it is a great gratification to me to day to know that my friends and neighbors have thought better of me than I have myself. I stand before you without any prepared speech. I expected merely after my name was used in connection with this office a complimentary vote. A few weeks ago I never dreamed of being presented to the people of Pennsylvania by this convention for so honorable a position. As you have seen fit in your wisdom, or folly, to place me before the people of the State, I will endeavor with the help of God to pursue the same course of life, guided by the same rules that I have ever been guided by, and I will cause you no shame. I hope to become better acquainted with you and if the people of this great commonwealth see proper to make me the guardian of their treasury, I will endeavor to figure up the accounts by the old rules that were taught me in the old school arithmetics. I have never been in the Pennsylvania legislature. I have endeavored to attend to my own business. I do not mean to cast any reflections upon the members of the legislature who have followed the course of right and honesty. I want you to understand that I come fresh from the people. My speech is over. I thank you.

The following nominations for Congressmen-at-Large were then made:

James H. Hopkins, Richard Vaux, Seldin Marvin, Robert L. Johnson, J. H. Brinton, G. W. Skinner, C. E. McLaughlin, H. B. Wright.

First ballot—Vaux, 81; Hopkins, 81; Marvin, 61; Johnson, 35; Brinton, 23; Sherwood, 11; McLaughlin, 11; Wright, 60; Skinner, 38.

Messrs. Hopkins and Vaux were nominated on the first, and H. B. Wright on the second ballot.

Col. Wright and Mr. Hopkins were introduced and thanked the Convention for the honor conferred, after which the convention adjourned till 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 2 o'clock, Hon. Heister Clymer, President, in the chair.

Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan called for the report of the Committee to select fourteen delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention.

The Committee reported the following names: Jeremiah S. Black, Geo. W. Woodward, Wm. Bigler, Franklin B. Gowan, R. A. Lamberton, A. A. Purman, James Ellis, Geo. M. Dallas, John H. Campbell, Wm. L. Corbit, Wm. H. Smith, Wm. J. Baer, S. H. Reynolds and S. C. Dodd.

Mr. Olin, of Erie, moved to strike out the name of Franklin B. Gowan and insert in its place that of Jas. C. Marshall, of Erie. Lost.

Mr. Wharton moved to strike from the list the name of John H. Campbell, of Philadelphia, and insert the name of Edgar Cowan, of Westmoreland. Lost.

The report of Committee was agreed to.

Mr. Dunlap, of Beaver, moved that the Convention proceed to the election of ten delegates to the National Convention.

Mr. Bailey, of Allegheny, moved to amend that after the second ballot, those gentlemen having the highest number of votes be declared the delegates chosen.

The amendment was accepted by the mover of the resolution, and the resolution agreed to.

Mr. Brown, of Clarion, moved that Hon. William A. Wallace, Samuel J. Randall, George W. Cass and Philip Collins, be declared Senatorial delegates at large to the National Convention. Carried unanimously.

Nominations were then opened for six Congressional delegates at large to the National Convention. The following gentlemen were nominated: S. B. Wilson, of Beaver; L. A. Mackey, of Clinton; M. M. Allen, of Crawford; Asa Packer, of Carbon; Chas. W. Carrigan, of Philadelphia; John H. Brinton, of Chester; H. D. Smith of Lancaster, B. Markley Boyer of Montgomery, John Robins of Philadelphia, Wm. H. Hutter of Northampton, John D. Stiles of Lehigh, S. D. Ancona of Berks, Samuel G. King of Philadelphia, William E. Dougherty of Dauphin, Richard Hummel of Dauphin, S. B. Wilson of Beaver, John C. Barr of Allegheny, Edward S. Golden of Armstrong, Joseph E. Schell of Bedford, and John B. Bratton of Carlisle.

Hon. Samuel Josephs, of Philadelphia, nominated Dr. C. E. Kimerly of Philadelphia.

The vote resulted in the election of Messrs. Mackey, Carrigan, Wilson and Smith.

On motion, Messrs. Brinton and Boyer, the candidates receiving the two next highest number of votes, were declared the fifth and sixth Delegates at Large to the National Convention.

On motion of Mr. Lamberton, of Luzerne, Messrs. Edgar Cowan and George W. Skinner were elected Senatorial Electors at Large, and Selden Marvin, John S. Miller and S. Gross Fry, Congressional Electors at Large.

Alderman McMullen moved that the Convention go into an election for a Chairman of the State Central Committee.

Mr. Brundage moved that the President of the Committee appoint thirty-three members of State Central Committee and the Chairman of the State Central Committee.

It was finally agreed that each Senatorial district select one member of the State Central Committee, and that the President of the State Convention, in consultation with the candidates for Governor, Auditor-General and Congressmen at large, select the Chairman of the State Central Committee.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Ex-Governor Bigler, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, submitted the following:

Resolved, That the Democratic party, while in the future as in the past, firmly upholds the Constitution of the United States as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the General Government, and the safe shield of the liberties of the people, demands for the citizen the largest freedom consistent with public order, and for every State the right of self government; that to uphold the former and practice the latter the Democracy of Pennsylvania can find no better platform upon which to stand than the great leading principles enunciated in the inaugural address of President Jefferson and the farewell address of the immortal Jackson. Upon these two great State papers we plant ourselves and enter the contest of 1872.

Resolved, That abused as the public confidence has been by a long period of official mismanagement, waste and fraud, this Convention invites the co operation of all citizens of the Commonwealth in the earnest effort which the great constituency it represents is about to make to remove from our State administration every taint of political corruption. The interest of every Pennsylvanian is directly and vitally concerned in the eradication of all unjust usages and practices by which individual fortunes may be created at public cost; and the attempt to do this can be made certainly successful by the union of upright and fair-minded men of all parties, and by sustaining candidates of unquestioned abilities and unspotted names.

Resolved, That this Convention appeals to the people of Pennsylvania for the support of the candidate for Governor whom it has placed in nomination, because his election will secure at once a correction of existing wrongs, and the permanent future prosperity of the State. It asks for his support, not because he has been nominated to subserve the views or the interests of any section or faction, but to meet the requirements of an urgent and common need; because he fully represents, and in his life and character fairly illustrates the true spirit and principles of popular government; because he has been an earnest, sincere and efficient opponent of the fraudulent practices and false doctrines of the party that has held power through many long years of misrepresentation and misrule; because he stands pledged by the record of his whole life to administer his office, if elected, for the benefit, and only for the benefit, of the people; because he can be trusted to secure careful, economical and responsible control of the agents and officials and the Treasury of the Commonwealth; because he can be relied on to withstand unfounded and unjust demands to the prejudice of public right, to oppose with vigor the encroachments of powerful corporations and energetically resist the grant to aggregated capital of privileges which could be used to injure, hamper and impede the efforts of individuals in the various enterprises and fields of labor which the State affords, and because his action in the past is proof that his official influence will be used hereafter to prevent the mischief of special legislation, and to destroy the possibility of procuring the enactment of any statute by the use of money or any other corrupt means.

Resolved, That the grant by the Radical Legislature of this State of the numerous charters in creating such corporations as the South Improvement Company, Continental Improvement Company, and other of a similar character, is unjust to the interests of trade, is dangerous to the rights and liberties of the people, and as such meets with our unqualified condemnation.

Resolved, That in presenting the Hon. James Thompson for Judge of the Supreme Court, we have only to invite the consideration of the people to the integrity, impartiality and pre-eminent legal attainments which have characterized the discharge of his judicial duties during his fifteen years' service upon the bench of the Supreme Court.

Resolved, That in the persons of the candidates presented for the offices of Auditor General, Congressmen at large and Delegates to the Convention to amend the Constitution, we have candidates eminently worthy of the confidence and support of the people.

Gov. Bigler was frequently interrupted by applause and the resolutions were adopted with enthusiastic unanimity.

A resolution of thanks was passed unanimously to Mr. Mishler, the owner of the hall in which the Convention met, for its use and elegant decorations without charge.

A resolution of thanks was then offered to Hon. Heister Clymer, President of the Convention for the able and impartial manner in which he had conducted its deliberation. The resolution was agreed to by unanimous consent, and provoked from the man of Berks an acknowledgment as eloquent as only his own tongue can utter.

The business of the Convention was concluded by the selection of delegates from Congressional districts to the Baltimore Convention and Presidential electors, as follows:

DELEGATES TO BALTIMORE.

1st district, William McMullen, Samuel Josephs; 2d, Wm. M. Reilly, Thomas D. Pierce; 3d, L. J. Ludner, Daniel M. Fox; 4th, Isaac Leech, John Campbell; 5th, Lewis C. Cassidy, Herman Yerkes; 6th, Ephraim J. Acker, Edw. J. Albright; 7th, Rob't E. Monaghan, Geo. H. Armstrong; 8th, J. Lawrence Getz, B. Franklin Boyer; 9th, Henry Carpenter, Rob't Crane; 10th, Wm. M. Randall, C. D. Gloniger; 11th, Isaac S. Case, Charles Kleinz; 12th, Chas. L. Lamberton, Asa R. Brundage; 13th, V. E. Piolett; 14th, Jacob Leisenring, W. K. Wilson; 15th, John Cresswell, Isaiah R. Dunbar; 16th, Augustus Duncan, A. H. Coffroth; 17th, Jas. Burns, R. Milton Speer; 18th, Edw'd Perks, M. F. Elliott; 19th, D. W. Hutchinson, Herman Kretz; 20th, P. J. Fierce, Wm. Hasson; 21st, Wm. H. Playford, John Latta; 22d, Jas. P. Barr, John H. Bailey; 23d, David Campbell, Patrick Henry Winston; 24th, James A. J. Buchanan, D. J. Morris.

ELECTORS.

1st district, Thomas J. Barger; 2d, Stephen D. Anderson; 3d, John Moffat; 4th, George R. Berril; 5th, ——, ——; 6th, Isaiah B. Houpt; 7th, Samuel A. Dyer; 8th, Jesse G. Hawley; 9th, Hiram B. Swan; 10th, B. Reilly; 11th, John Knecht; 12th, Frederick W. Gunster, 13th, David Lowenburg; 14th, James McKnight; 15th, Henry Welsh; 16th, Henry J. Stable; 17th, R. W. Christy; 18th, William F. Logan; 19th, Rassius Brown; 20th, F. M. Robinson; 21st, John R. Wilson; 22d, Phillip H. Stevenson; 23d, John T. Bard; 24th, Geo. W. Mills.

This concluded the business of the Convention.

After a stirring speech by the President, Hon. Heister Clymer, the Convention adjourned at 5 P. M.

Thus concluded the session of an assemblage of the representatives of the Democracy of the State, against whom, either within or without the Convention, neither corruption, nor time serving, nor even partizanship can be alleged.

LEGAL POINTS BRIEFLY STATED.—A note by a minor is void.

A note issued on Sunday is void.

It is a fraud to conceal a fraud.

Ignorance of the law excuses no one.

A contract made with a minor is void

Notes bear interest only when so stated.

A contract that is made with a lunatic is void.

The law compels no one to do impossibilities.

An agreement without any consideration is void.

Signatures made with a lead pencil are good in law.

A receipt for money paid is not legally conclusive.

The acts of one partner in the firm binds all others.

Contracts made on Sunday cannot be enforced.

Principals are responsible for the acts of agents.

It is not legally necessary to say on a note "for value received."

If a note is lost or stolen it does not release the maker; he must pay it.

Each individual in partnership is responsible for the whole amount of the firm.

A note obtained by fraud, or from a person in a state of intoxication, cannot be collected.

An indorser of a note is exempt from liability if not served with notice of its dishonor within twenty-four hours of its non-payment.

BEWARE of men and women who talk too much.