Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

STATE. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: GENERAL WILLIAM M'CANDLESS, Of Philadelphia.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL: CAPTAIN JAMES H. COOPER, Of Laurence County. DISTRICT.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE: THADDEUS BANKS, Esq., Hollidaysburg. FOR STATE SENATOR: Hon. WM. A. WALLACE, of Clearfield.

COUNTY. Assembly-W. HORACE ROSE, Johnstown. Prothonotary-J. K. HITE, Ebensburg. Assoc'te Judges Assoc te Judges | R. J. LLOYD, Ebensburg.
District Attorney - W. H. SECHLER, Ebensb'g.
Treasurer - JOHN COX. Conemaugh Borough.
Commissioner - W. D. M'CLELLAND, Johnst'n.
P. H. Direc'r - JAS. FARREN, Washington Tp.
Co. Surveyor - H. SCANLAN, Carrolltown.
Auditor - W. A. B. LITTLE, Allegheny Twp.

THE following letter of instruction from the Chairman of the County Committee explains itself, and in accordance therewith we add the name of H. SCANLAN, Esq., of Carrolltown, (a gentleman who needs no introduction from us.) to our ticket as the candidate for County Surveyor-the withdrawal of Mr. STORM's card following as a matter

EBENSBURG, Sept. 11, 1871. TO THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN -- Whereas there was no nomination made by the late Democratic County Convention for County Surveyor, and whereas I have corresponded with the members of the County Committee upon the subject, and there being a large proportion of those who responded in favor of the nomination of HENRY SCANLAN, Esq. I, as Chairman of the County Committee, authorize you to place his name on the ticket as the candidate for that office F. A. SHOEMAKER, Chairman D. C. C.

DID the editor of the Johnstown Tribune, when he published his paper on last Friday, and the warrant for the arrest of Evans hav Ossa. ing been delivered by Gov. Hoffman to offifor trial and punishment ?"

a quarter of a million of dollars, is master of vote in favor of calling a convention. If the the situation and still at large. The Harris- project is sanctioned by the people at the burg constable, or whatever official title he ballot-box, as it undoubtedly will be, and if bore, who went to New York armed with the Legislature will throw aside its narrow Geary's requisition, made no serious effort to partisan prejudices and provide for the elecarrest him. Indeed it is fair to presume, tion of delegates to the convention so as to from all the surroudings of this dirty and produce as nearly as possible an equally didisgraceful affair from its first exposure, that | vided political sentiment among its memthe State officials at Harrisburg instructed bers, and thus divest it of the odjectionable the officer not to give himself any unnecessa- character of a purely political assemblage, ry trouble in his attempt to find out Evans' | the most beneficial and happy results may be hiding place. He could and ought to have confidently expected from its deliberations, been arrested in Harrrisburg weeks ago, if Geary, Brewster, Hartranft and Mackey had done their duty or desired his arrest. But instead of this, they coolly permitted him to escape, and then Geary demanded and procured the dismissal from office of McClure, the Assistant Attorney General, who had unearthed and made public the defalcation. If there was not some powerful reason why Evans should not be arrested, and if the warrant for that purpose had been delivered to Allen J. Pinkerton, the New York detective, the criminal would have been promptly secured, if he is still in the country. The end of this shameless robbery is not yet, and the people will demand to know why the State Treasury has been swindled out of a quarter of a million of dollars with impunity and with the apparent connivance of men high in authority. One thing is certain-it has damned the present State administration and all connected with it for all time to come, and will stick to it like the fabled shirt of Nessus.

AT the election held in California on the 5th instant, the Radicals elected Booth, their candidate for Governor, by about 5,000 mafority. We are not at all surprised at this result, for we can truthfully say that we expected it. There are a great many pigheaded Democrats in every State, but in California their name is legion. Upon all such the severe lessons of experience are thrown away. They are men who prefer defeat, provided their favorite candidate is nominated, rather than a victory with a new man. Governor Haight, an able man, was serving out the remnant of his first term of four years. Against his renomination there existed a powerful and well organized opposition in the ranks of his own party. Whether it ought to have been so is quite unimportant now. It was a fact not to be ignored by the nominating convention. During the election of delegates to the State convention. there was more excitement and a greater degree of personal bitterness manifested by the friends of the rival candidates than was ever displayed in a Presidential contest. It was a fatal omen, the ominous hand-writing on the wall. It was disregarded. Haight in the convention became lukewarm and in- and affidavits that outrages upon various citidifferent, if not positively hostile—armed the Committee of which you are Chairman left nentrals in the campaign-the canvass was the said county, and that you had thereupon dull and spiritless, and the natural result is recommended the proclamation of martial law a Democratic defeat, instead of a victory | in this county, feel constrained to make this speedy issue." with a new and unobjectionable candidate. The lesson which it teaches is full of instructhat California will be debateable ground in in a state of profound peace and quiet,"

Vote for the Convention.

Our readers are aware that in pursuance of an Act passed by the Legislature at its last session, the people of the State will have THURSDAY MORNING, : SEPT. 14, 1871. | an opportunity at the approaching election of voting for or against the calling of a convention to amend the Constitution. In one of the resolutions adopted by the Democratic State Convention, which assembled at Harrisburg last May, the project of a Constitutional Convention was fully endorsed and recommended to the favorable consideration of the party throughout the State. It is a question of great and paramount importance to the people, irrespective of party. and overrides all issues of a purely political character. In the action of the Convention every taxpayer in the commonwealth has a direct interest which far transcends everything of a mere party nature. The reasons why a convention should be called are so numerous and at the same time so obvious, that a detailed statement of thom at our hands is not at all necessary. They are apparent to every thoughtful and intelligent man, and if heretofore there existed any doubt about the propriety of such a convention, the disgraceful history of Pennsylvania legislation for the last five years, admitted on all hands, has effectually removed that doubt and clearly demonstrated the absolute necessity of a reform convention in order to protect the interests of the people and speedily arrest the shameless and triumphant advance of legislative plunder and corruption. The blighting curse with which our State is and for years has been afflicted, is unlimited special legislation. More than three-fourths of the time of each session of the Legislature is devoted to it, and it will go on constantly increasing, unless it receives an effective check through the restraining force and power of a constitutional prohibition. That is the only sure remedy to arrest this growing evil-the only balm that will heal this spreading and festering legis-

No more conclusive argument in favor of know that Governor Hoffman of New York a Constitutional Convention could be pre had on the previous Monday signed the ne- sented than an inspection of the huge and cessary warrant or process for the arrest of ponderous volume just published, containing George O. Evans, in obedience to the requi- the laws passed at the last session. It consition of Governor Geary for that purpose? tains 1,670 pages and one thousand four If the editor did not know it, some of his hundred and fifteen acts of a public and prifriends ought to request him to read the pa- vate nature, besides twenty-two Joint Resopers. The fact being as we have stated it, lutions. It is literally piling Pelion upon

We are firmly convinced that our legisla-Hoffman of "complicity in fraud," and also tution ought to be amended so as to bring country, that the "world is governed too Alexandria, D. C. much." We trust, therefore, that the Dem-GEORGE O. EVANS, the embezz'er of over ocrats of the county will cast a solid, united

John Scott and Martial Law.

John Scott, a Senator from this State and chairman of the Congressional Ku-Klux committee, recently made a hurried visit to Washington for the purpose of urging the President to issue a proclamation declaring martial law in the counties of York and Spartanburg, in South Carolina. This is a very scurvy business for Senator Scott, or any other man not a Senator, to be engaged in. It was represented that Grant was at first willing to comply with this modest request of the Pennsylvania Senator, and to let loose the dogs of war, but the timely counsel of some men, wiser and more discreet than either Grant or Scott, prevailed.

During the past summer, Mr. Scott, with two other members of his committee, Stevenson, radical, and Van Trump, democrat, spent several weeks in the two counties named, and examined a large number of witnesses, black and white, in reference to the existence of Ku-Klux organizations and their alleged outrages. It was not in consesequence of the evidence then elicited that Mr. Scott hastened to Washington and demanded that martial law should be proclaimed in the York and Spartanburg districts, but because he had received certain letters containing statements and affidavits to the effect localities since the sub-committee had left there, and that the most terrible and inhuman outrages were being perpetrated. That by a few lying scoundrels and villains in Spartanburg county, is conclusively proven by the following letter addressed to him, signefl by twenty of the most prominent citizens of that county, all radicals, including the United States Commissioner, the United States Assessor, Probate Judge, Sheriff, Clerk of the Court, and the Representatives at home. of the county in both branches of the Legis-

SPARTANSBURG, S. C., Sept. 4. To the Hon. John Scott, Chairman of the Ku Klux

"We have made diligent inquiry, and have been unable to hear of a single outrage having ly adopted. It appeared in some of the tion and should be remembered. It shows mittee left it. On the contrary, the county is

Scott, that he has been imposed upon by the | Two of these meetings were remarkable for ommunications and affidavits upon which he and his recommendation that martial law be declared in the county.'

This letter very fully disposes of the false and fraudulent statements contained in the letters of Senator Scott's correspondents, and ought to serve as a lesson to that ambitious but impulsive statesman. It is out of such miserable stuff that stories about Klu Klux outrages are manufactured by southern radcals to fire the northern heart. There will be a plentiful supply of them until after the October elections have taken place, and then

they will cease to be beard of. We are opposed to all species of violence, whether in South Carolina or elsewhere, but when we reflect upon the present deplorable condition of that State, in which ignorance, stupidity and venality frame the lawswhere sixty negroes, fifty-one of whom can neither read nor write, occupy seats in the Legislature-whose State debt has been increased in four years from six millions to eighteen millions of dollars-where taxation practically amounts to confiscation-we are astonished at the moderation of the victims of such wholesale robbery and oppression. It is enough to stir a fever in the blood of age or to cause a rebellion in a State as loyal even as Massachusetts.

Hon. Thaddeus Banks. As it behooves every Democrat at least in the district to know what manner of man candidate for President Judge is, we give place to the following brief biographical sketch of him furnished by the Hollidaysburg Standard. Having known Mr. Banks from our earliest boyhood we can truthfully say that he is a man among men-an honorable, upright and true-hearted gentlemen, and one who is eminently fitted for the positlon for which he has been named and for whose election every Democrat ought to consider it not only a duty but a pleasure to labor with his utmost ability. He is worthy of the office and would perform all the duties pertaining thereto with honesty and ability. Let him therefore be elected.

Mr. Banks' ancestors, who were of the Scotch Irish stock, settled in this country at of the vote of any and all of his fellow citian early day. His father was Hon. Ephraim | zens. Banks, who was the son of Gen. James Banks, of York county. Ephraim Banks, recently deceased, was for many years one of the most popular and distinguished citizens of the State, having at different times filled high positions of responsibility and trust.

at Lewistown, he was admitted to the bar under Judge Burnside. The following winter he passed at Huntingdon, with the late | ions. Gen, A. P. Wilson, who was a warm friend of the family, and in the spring of 1840 he came to Hollidaysburg, where he has since resided. At that time Mr. Calvin was the only practising lawyer here. James Crawford had been Mr. Calvin's only antagonist, but being in failing health and dying soon after, his administrator sold his library to Mr. Banks, who shortly succeeded to the principal portion of Crawford's practice .-Col. McMurtrie came soon afterwards, and

the business was divided among the three. Since his residence here he has always been in full practise, and since the erection of this county, in 1846, he has been retained on one side or the other of almost every important cause; and whether in the courts of the county, or in the Supreme Court of the State, he has been remarkably successful. Of the numerous and important criminal cases tried in this county, he has been concerned in nearly all, and he has generally been of counsel for the prisoners, except in certain cases where he was employed by the county to assist the prosecution.

Mr. Banks, although often spoken of for office, and presented by his county, never was a candidate before the people until 1861, when he was elected to the State Legislature. It is a remarkable fact in his history that, in 1850, when he had only been at the bar about ten years, and was under thirty-five years of age, the Democrats of this county nominated and instructed conferees for him and the contemplated proclamation has thus for President Judge, and had he not declined to allow his name to go before the conference, he might have been nominated and elected, as many Whigs declared their preference for Again, in 1853, this county instructed her

conferees for Mr. Banks for State Senator. Mr. Banks declined and recommended his friend, Col. John Cresswell, Jr., who was nominated and elected.

In 1858, when S. S. Blair was elected to Congress, the conferees from Huntingdon and Blair counties in the congressional conference voted six votes for Mr. Banks (the present Senator, John Scott, among them.) for one hundred and ten ballets. The conferees of site to sustain an infant a single day. The Cambria voted three votes for Cyrns L. Pershing, and those of Somerset county voted a similar number for Judge Kimmell. Mr. that a reign of terror had broken out in those | Banks, finding the minority declined to come to him, magnanimously withdrew his name and desired his friends to vote for Mr. Pershing, who was at once nominated.

In 1861 the war broke out, and Mr. John Scott has been made a willing dupe Banks at once took side with the cause of the Union; and though we know that unscrupulous partisans have been in the habit of the people. of indiscriminately charging upon Democrats treasonable sympathies and practices, no one can successfully impeach his patriotism or Democratic ideas and theories to the adminhis unalterable devotion to his country. His sympathies were constantly with the Union soldiers in the field, and, in more times and of a Government of the people. ways than one, with their suffering families

> At the commencement of the war, Mr. Banks was a member of the Democratic county committee, and on the 20th of Au- the rich and the poor." gust, 1861, offered, among others, the following resolution to said committee:

We the undersigned citizens of the said "Resolved, That the present horrible civil Plewas renominated—those who opposed him newspapers that you had received statements South, and now must be fought through—and to that end, we hereby pledge our party in Blair county, so far as we have power, to support the government in all constitutional measures to accomplish its successful and

> This resolution he supported by a strong and vigorous speech, and it was unanimouscounty papers of that time, and immediately meetings were held all over the county to to be sufficient to prove to the mind of Senator | with leading Republicans, to address them, | last.

their enthusiasm and numbers-one at Wilfounded his statement made to the President, liamsburg, addressed by Mr. Banks and Mr. Blair, and the other at Frankstown, by Mr.

Banks and Col. McMurtrie. In the same fall, many Republicans, being

dissatisfied by the course pursued by their representative in the Legislature the year three persons and injuring three others seribefore, agreed with the Democrats to vote for Mr. Banks if he could be induced to be a - W candidate. His consent was obtained, and he beat his opponent, whose majority the preceding fall had been over 800. The Legislature was controlled by Repub-

licans, but Mr. Banks was appointed chairman of the committee on corporations, and on the committee general of the judiciary, of which Mr. John Scott was chairman. There was but little exhibition of party spirit during the winter, but all the members-Democrats as well as Republicans-maintained the general government. In Merch, 1862, news came to Harrisburg of the terrible slaughter of the 84th Regiment, at the bats tle of Winchester, and the death of Col. Murray, Capt. Gallagher, Lieut. Ream, and others. Mr. Banks at once announced to the House the loss of these brave soldiers, and had appointed a joint committee of the House and Senate to accompany their remains to their late homes. It may not be amiss to remark here that the legislature appropriated several hundred dollars to pay the | have done this in their unbounded compasexpenses of these committees, but at the instance of Mr. Banks, it was paid over to a committee of our citizens for the use of the wives and children of our wounded and fall- \$100 of his papa's money and "dug out" en soldiers.

Since the winter thus passed in the legislature, Mr. Banks has been at home, practising his profession, and engaged in agricultural pursuits, and at present there is no one in our midst more popular as a man and a citizen. He is emphatically a self-made man. All that he has, he achieved by his own exertions. He was early in life thrown upon his own resources, but an undeviating career of integrity and economy, added to habits of show a change sufficient to wipe out the industry and sobriety, has enabled him, though far from being rich, to rear and educate his children, and at the same time to dispense a liberal hospitality to one and all who might come, and for which he is well and justly known. He has for years been a his Sunday clothes, saying he would work consistent member of the Presbyterian for man no more, as the Lord had promised church, and in all the walks of life he has to provide for him. He was found nearly conducted himself to the approbation of his starved to death and so weak that he could fellow citizens. He is possessed of a vlgor- not crawl, having eaten only two peaches ous health, and thus, with a rich experience, and a pear in twelve days. Not a single a ripe intellect, fixed principles, and a mature age, he is admirably qualified for the high position in which his friends seek to Wabash, Indiana, murdered her three chilplace him, and he is in every way worthy dren on Wednesday forenoon. She took

before the people of this District a sketch of our townsman who has been nominated as a candidate for President Judge. And in this husband having died last winter. She seems connection we would only say that this office is and should be far removed of partisan The subject of this sketch was born in Mif- politics, as we confidently assert that should cer Heopes of Harrisburg on Monday, the ture should not meet oftener than once in November, 1815 His father being after- of the office, he will in the discharge of its Harper, owner of the race horse Longfellow, 4th instant, what becomes of the Tribune's | theo years, unless convened by the Governor | wards appointed by Governor Findley Pro- duties, exclude the passions and prejudices | near Mdway, Ky. Jake and Betsey Harcharge on Friday, the 8th, against Governor | for some special reason, and that the Consti- | thonotary, removed to Lewistown, where the | of politics which, while they seem necessarison, under the supervision of Dr. James S. ly to spring from the existence of parties, throats cut by some unknown person, sup-Woods, pursued his classical studies for a can add nothing to the wise and healthy ad- posed for the purpose of robbery. Some of its false and unfounded allegation, that about that desirable result. It is a wise number of years, which were finally com- ministration of justice. And so, although negroes living within a few feet of Harper's Governor Hoffman "refuses to give up Evans maxim and especially applicable to this pleted at Benjamin Walworth's academy at presented as a candidate for judge through residence knew nothing of the occurrence In 1837 he commenced the study of law will, nevertheless, be treated as a candidate tained to the perpetrators of the bloody deed. in his father's office, and in the fall of 1839, above and beyond party lines, and will, we believe, receive the votes of all classes of the people, regardless of their political opin-

EIGHTEEN MONTHS WITHOUT FOOD -"A very peculiar case," says the London Times. which has baffled several doctors, and which in a strange manner shows how life can be prolonged without anything in the shape of ordinary nutrition, has just come to light at a place near Preston. In the fold of Ennell-lane, which closely adjoins the village of Walton-le-Dale, and which is about a mile and a half from Preston, there is a cottage wherein for three years a young woman has been lying bed-ridden, and for between one and two years has had nothing to eat. Her name is Ann Riding. She is thirty-three years of age, and resides with her aunt. Prior to being taken ill she was a strong, healthy woman, never losing a day's work, and was employed as an operative at the mill of Messrs. Horrocks, Miller & Co., Preston. Shortly after sickness set in she left work, was compelled to take to her bed, was medically attended, and for three years has been gradually sinking .-Several doctors have at times attended her, but none of them have been able to give her any substantial relief, and six months ago remedial operations were abandoned, and the case left to itself, the idea of the aunt being that the 'Almighty had to do with it,' and that it was useless continuing to incur expenses for medicines without any hope of a cure. For sixteen months the young woman has had no food at all, the only thing she could bear being a drop of water to moisten her lips. She is frequently asked if she will not have food, but always refuses it-she has no desire for it, and how she has for such him over the gentleman who received the a long period existed without anything possessing the least affinity to meat is a mystery. She is conscious, but very weak, gets little sleep, and cannot bear a lighted candle in the room at night time. It is supposed that she is suffering from abdominal atrophy. but the exact nature of the case is not positively understood, and it puzzles every one who is made acquainted with it, and especially when it is recollected that for a year and four months she has not had as much meat and drink as would have been requirelatives in charge of the young woman are humble, honest people, and make no 'show' of the case, which is hardly known in the

> WHY SHOULD A MAN BE A DEMOCRAT ?-Because Democrats are in favor of an honest, intelligent administration of the govern-

Because the Democratic party is the party Because the nation owes all it has in greatness to the early and judicious application of

Because the Democratic party is in favor

istration of its affairs.

Because it is in favor of a plain system of government, "void of pomp, protecting all, and granting favors to none, dispensing its blessings alike upon the high and the low,

Because the Democratic party is in favor of a Government not of force but of princi-

State and county, having seen through the war was immediately forced upon us by the Because it is not a sensational party, but Raritan, Ill. Two wretches, while the famione whose principles are alike sacred to the people of the North, South, East and West. Because it is a party opposed to "any kind of tyrrany over the minds of men."

Because the Democratic party is in favor of maintaining the General Government in the exercise of its Constitutional powers, and of perpetuating to the States all the liberty commensurate with the maintenance of a sound civil government.

News and Political Items.

-A boiler exploded in a hat factory in Newburyport, Mass., on Monday last, killing six men and badly injuring several others. -The boiler of a flour-mill at New Ha-

W. H. H. McClintock, Esq., and Dr. R. A. Simpson, of Perry county, announce in the Perry County Democrat their withdrawal from the Radical party. Other important changes are noted in various parts of

-The marriage of Colonel Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, of Paris, and Mrs. Caroline Leroy Appleton Edgar, grand-daughter of Daniel Webster, was celebrated in St. Mary's church Newport, on Thursday, by Rev. Father Grace.

-Benjamin S. Schindle, of Lancaster, has a singular bunch of apples, grown on the farm of Mr. John McFalls. Five perfect apples seem to have spiting from one blossom, and to have grown together on the top of a small sprig.

-On the coarse blanket which protects the poor laborer from the pinching frosts of winter, grasping and greedy radical monopolists have imposed the enormous tax of two hundred and forty per cent. They sion for the poor! -A twelve year-old boy in Cincinnati

stole a trunk full of his sister's clothing and with his sweetheart, aged eleven. They have been gone a week, and all the authorities of Ohio have been unable to obtain the first clue to their whereabouts.

-The nomination for governor of Cornelius Walsh, a millionaire, by the radicals of New Jersey, is regarded as equivalent to a democratic victory in the State. Walsh is very unpopular among the poorer classes -It is thought that Hudson county alone will 4,000 radical majority of last year.

-A colored man, named George Troupe, in Alexandria, Va., recently attempted to play Elijah and get fed by the ravens. Two weeks ago he left his employer, dressed in raven came to feed him

-Mrs. Margaret Finley, living near her babe by the feet and beat its brains out on a stone. She cut the throats of her two We have thus briefly endeavored to lay cldest children, aged nine and eight years respectively. The woman was arrested and lodged in jail Thursday. She is a widow, her perfectly sane, and says she killed the children to get rid of them.

-A terrible murder was committed on flintown, Juniata county, in this State, in this gentleman be called to be the incumbent M nday night last at the residence of John per, brother and sister of John, had their the machinery of party management, he till the morning, and no clue has been ob-

-A dreadful tragedy occurred in Wilkinson county, Georgia, about midnight on Wednesday last. A party of unknown men gagged and killed Matthew Deason, sheriff of Wilkinson county, and also a negro woman in his employ, and threw their bodies into a mill pond near by. The bodies were recovered on Friday morning. The sheriff had a gun shot wound in his head and the remains of the woman gave evidence of having been mutilated with a knife. No arrest have been made so far.

-Dolly Love, aged 97 years, the widow of Robert Love, who served as a private in the Revolutionary war, is living at Lloyd. opposite this city, where she has always resided, in terrible affliction. Up to the first of last April she had enjoyed uninterrupted good health; but since then the flesh on her limbs has cracked open, and some parts of her body have commenced mortifying. She is really dving alive. She is as patient and submissive as a lamb under all her mental faculties .- Poughkeepsie Press.

-A terrible accident occurred between 9 and 10 o'clock on Saturday, at the crossing of the St. Louis and Vandalia Railroad and the Collinsville plank road, two miles from East St. Louis. A party of pic-pickers, composed of sixteen grown people and several children, left the city in a large furniture wagon to spend the day in Illinois -When at the crossing they were struck by an excursion train going to Highland. Three in the wagon were killed outright, two were nortally, and four or five severely, wounded.

-Mrs. Margaret Finley, the triple murderess at Wabash, Ind., attempted to commit suicide on Monday. She broke the amp chimney in her cell, and with a portion of it cut a frightful gash in her throat, almost severing the windpipe. The sheriff had a severe struggle in trying to take the glass from her, and was compelled to call assistance and bind her to the bed before the physician could dress the wound. She said that she had sent three children to hell and was going there herself. She was not expected to live till morning.

-The Lawrence (Ks.) Journal contains the particulars of the killing by Dr. Marsh of himself, wife, and child. About 5 o'clock in the morning, hearing unusual sounds in the doctor's room, the servant went in and found him lying on the floor, bleeding profusely from a wound in the neck. On the bed ay Mrs. Marsh bleeding, and near her was her little daughter completely covered with blood. Before medical aid could be obtained they were both dead. The deed was done with a razor. Dr. Marsh has been partially insane for some time on account of the death

-A hail-storm passed through Rockingham county, Va., a few days ago. The hail in many places drifted from five to seven feet deep. Linville creek was so banked up with hail that the fish became frozen, and were picked up along the banks in great quantities; but the strangest of all is, that apple trees in orchards were stripped of all their fruit and leaves, and now have a new foliage heavier than before, and the trees are perfectly white with bloom. One large apple tree was only partially stripped, and now it is ful! of bloom, intermixed with large and nearly ripe fruit.

-Western crimes are happily less frequent than atrocious. Almost a parallel to were at church, visited the house of a prosperous farmer, and finding only a lad at home, demanded all the money in the house. The boy knew of but \$1,50, which did not satisfy the robbers, of course, and they threatened him with death if more was not forthcoming. The lad opened a bureau drawer, and snatching a pistol, intrepidly leveled it at the bandits, ordering them to leave. They dashed towards him, and he resolutely fired at the nearest man, missing the Presidential contest in 1872—that and lishing the above, says: "This statement ought lishing the above, says: "This far escaped,



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Cambria county Bonds.—The commissioners of Cambria County are now prepared to sell to those desiring the same, the BONDS of said county is prepared to sell to those desiring the same, the BONDS of said county, in sums of \$100, \$200 and \$500. These Bonds are issued by authority of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, for the purpose of raising money to build the New County Jail, and pay interest at the the New County Jail, and pay interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum—said interest being payable semi-annually—and are redeemable at the pleasure of the Commissioners after the 13th day of December, 1874, and payable the 13th day of September, 1881.—Coupous are attached to each Bond for the semi-annual instalments of interest.

Parties desiring to invest in this Loan will please call on the Commissioners at their Office in Ebensburg.

Witness our hands this 16th day of April, A. D. 1871.

D. 1871.

MAURICE MCNAMARA, JAMES E. NEASON, FRANCIS O'FRIEL, Attest-J. A. KENNEDY, Clerk. (apr.15.-tf.) 1871. Fall Trade. 1871. I am now prepared to offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

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My stock consists in part of every variety of Tin, Sheet-Iron, COPPER AND BRASS WARES

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c. COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARD-

WARE OF EVERY KIND. Spent's Anti-Dast HEATING AND COOKING STOVEN EXCELSIOR COOKING STUVES, NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOK-ING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will st when ordered at manufacturer's prices Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for t pairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; other will be ordered when wanted. Particula attention given to

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Special attention given to Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron, at lowest possible rates.

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now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person Hoping to see all my old customers m2 many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very illeral pl

eudeavor to please all who may call, whath er they buy or not. FRANCIS W. HAY. Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

tronage I have already received, and will

REAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! TO CASH CUST OMERS! AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE. The undersigned respectfully interns the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction ! prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stores, of the most popular kinds; Til ware of every description, of my own misufacture; Hardware of all kind, such B Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hings, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Witdow Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Baring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Con passes, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Viets Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Sawis Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs. Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molases Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Bifles, Shoe Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridge der, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Castern Pumps and Tubing: Harness and Saddley Ware of all kind; Wooden and Willow Wart in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Vamish-

es, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c. by House Sponting made, pain ed and put up at low rates for cash. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware GEO. HUNTLEY wholesale. Ebensburg, Feb, 28, 1867.-tf.

wholesale.