Cambria Freeman.

SATURDAY. : : : APRIL 15, 1871.

LECTURE!

Cecilia, or a Virgin Martyr of the Early Christian Church.

Rev. W. POLLARD, Pastor of St. John's church, Cresson, will deliver a lecture upon the above subject in St. Mary's church, Loretto, on Monday, April 20th, at 3½ o'clock, P. M.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Items and Mishaps at and near Home.

Mr. P. F. Collins and family are with us on a visit sojourn. Truly welcome.

Seedy looking tramperts abound in great variety lately. They will bear watching.

Charles Gore, (reddy,) of Johnstown, has purchased out of the Western Penitentiary.

Our Carrolltown letter did not come to hand last Friday morning. Too late of course.

A dozen of trout rewarded five fishermen in five hours fishing on Thursday. Big fish and small trout.

Jackson Stuckey sticks to a farm in Bedford, to which the Stuckeys have stuck since May 29, 1767.

No announcements of candidates for office will be inserted after this unless a two dollar note accompanies the request.

A bill providing for the increase of the pay of Poor House Directors to $3 per day is before our State Legislature.

A lady doctor or doctoress, daughter of a worthy citizen of this place, has hung her professional shingle in Ebensburg.

The celebrated California Vinegar Bitters have cure for all the ills for which it is a cure. Oatman & Co. sell it—one dollar per bottle.

The Catholic church premises here have been adorned with beautiful evergreens and have adorned this spring. Such taste is worthy of emulation.

Ladies, have you seen the new style skirts received at M. L. Oatman & Co.'s? They are very nice and very cheap, and are sure to please the fair sex.

The man Richardson, noticed by us last week as having been terribly injured in a coal mine near Hemlock, only lived a few minutes after being taken from the mine.

Another chance to invest in Cambria county bonds, bearing a yearly interest of six per cent., now offered to capitalists. See advertisement of county commissioners.

The Cambria Iron Company have paid $700 for a farm in South Woodberry township, Bedford county, and expect to get their pay back over and o'er in iron ore.

A lady of this place was accidentally thrown from a buggy and considerably bruised on Tuesday evening last, while returning home in company with her husband.

The store house of Mr. Samuel Rager, in Armstrong, Indiana county, was burned to the ground, with all its contents, on Monday night last. Loss, $3,000; insurance, $1,000.

The second annual calico ball of the Young Ladies' Library Association of Johnstown is to have been a very pleasurable affair, notwithstanding the fact that we got no invite.

The firm of Stupp & Wilkinson, of Loretto, has been dissolved, and Mr. W. is now sole proprietor. What Jim can't make out of a bankrupt's worth making, but more of this anon.

Somerset county has just drawn her first school mistress—Geo. Jillason, of Borrill township. Let us wait and see what she will do with the elephant she has done so much toward coaxing into existence.

Jacob W. Wallace, a farmer living near Salem, Westmoreland county, reports that he was waylaid and robbed of nine hundred dollars by three masked men, in the vicinity of his home on Saturday night last.

Mr. John S. Lomereaux, of Blacklick township, expresses a willingness in a card published here to accept the democratic nomination for county commissioner. He is a representative of the Young Democracy.

Two legs were broken in East Mahoning township, Indiana county, last week. A horse fell on one—that of a little girl named McCreary—and a big stone did the same for a young man named Hill.

The "some nor' wester held sway in this latitude for several days this week. It blew a gale and several other things around seriously for a time, and the weather has been renovered from its chilling effects.

M. L. Oatman & Co. claim the proprietorship of the cheapest and best stocked store in Ebensburg, and the fact that they are almost daily receiving new goods and new customers would seem to verify that assertion.

"All the world is the affairs of all men" some of by Shakspeare has struck us. We paid a five cent silver piece in a pouch of tobacco the other day. Oatman & Co. keep that kind of tobacco and we keep the kind of prizes.

The Williamsburg Temperance Vindicator says "gone where the woodbine twineth," deserved a better fate, but water power exclusively is a poor motor for newspapers. It need a more spirited support than temperance men give them.

The music of the new Catholic church choir, now composed of the Sisters of St. Joseph, is the most exquisite that has ever been rendered by any choir in this high latitude. No lover of sweet symphony should fail to hear the new choir.

Capt. G. Nelson Smith, late of the Johnstown echo, is in luck. The market value of a section of land in Texas won by his valor in the Texan revolution, has advanced to almost fabulous figures, and the indication is that the Captain will soon rate among the lumber men of the country.

Williamsburough has a wonderful psycholo-phenomenon in the person of a boy named Charles Jones. His psychological powers are said to be extraordinary, and he exercises them by hypnotizing other boys and making them laugh with joy or howl with fear, just as the operator wishes him.

Messrs. Hess & Bro., proprietors of Oak Hall Clothing S ore, Johnstown, sent us a big advertisement, but we find it really impossible to make room for it this week. They propose the reception of an immense stock of seasonable clothing, and we proclaim their ability to please all tastes and suit all purses. 257 Main street is their abiding place.

Fifty pieces of carpets and an endless variety of other goods is what Geis & Foster announce to the Johnstown talk about in large type in our columns this week. The old firm is to be connected with Mr. Foster as business manager, and the old way of selling for cash and giving reasonable bargains will still hold sway at well known and well patronized store of Geis & Foster.

Messrs. Mayer of Johnstown announce in special department the opening of an elegant stock of dry goods, dress goods, millinery goods, clothing, etc., for the Spring trade, and make an announcement that should prove interesting to many of our readers. The Messrs. Mayer are widely known as heavy dealers and first class business men, and that they can sell goods cheap is beyond doubt or question.

The Cantina Brothers will appear once more at the Ladies' Fair Hall, on this (Saturday) evening, in a grand variety entertainment that will be well worth seeing. They have refitted and beautified their stage very much, and are determined to do their "level best" on the occasion. A professional vocalist and musician from Pittsburgh is to assist them, and the orchestra is to be under the leadership of Prof. A. J. Maguire. Such attractions ought to secure a full house. Admission, 25 and 15 cents.

The eleventh annual entertainment of the Independent Star Dramatic Association of Johnstown, given on Monday evening last, was well attended and well received. The performances of Messrs. Wm. and Frank Bradley, and a lad named Yinger, were really meritorious, while the efforts of other members of the troupe evinced considerable proficiency in the art. The orchestra was such as Andy Rhoades knows how to get up and handle.—The troupe talks of visiting Ebensburg soon, and if they do we bespeak for them a cordial welcome.

THE COLEMAN CHILDREN.—It is with real pleasure we announce the fact that the Coleman Children, the youngest troupe of dramatic performers, vocalists and musicians that has ever traveled, will give two of their brilliant and unequalled entertainments in this place, at Ladies' Fair Hall, on Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week, April 17th and 18th. Admission 35 cents for adults and 25 for children. Of these remarkable young performers the Williamsport Daily Gazette and Bulletin has this to say:

AN ASTONISHING PERFORMANCE.—Of all the persons who witnessed the performance of the Coleman Children at Elliot's Academy of Music last evening, we presume there is not one who did not exclaim "astonishing!" "admirable!" "excellent!" as they were treated to one after another of the various parts of the entertainment. Their proficiency in music is wonderful and their performance on different instruments takes the audience by surprise. If their musical acquirements are so rare, what shall we say of their histrionic abilities. It can only be expressed by the word "wonderful." That such little children should acquire such correct stage deportment, such appreciation of the characters they represent, with such admirable rendering of all their parts, is truly a marvel. It must be seen to be appreciated, and if the people generally had any adequate idea of the real merit of the entertainment to which they are invited, there would not be an empty seat in the Academy this evening.

THIRTEENTH TOWN COUNCIL.—March 17, 1837, the following named persons were elected to dispense justice, without fear, favor, or affection, to Ebensburg: Burgess, M. D Maghan; Town Council, James Murray, James Fenlon, D. T. Storm, William Rainey, Rob't Young; High and Town Constable, Charles Litzinger. B. D. Bausford was appointed Clerk; John Lloyd, Treasurer; Nicholas Nagle, Street Commissioner; George J. Rodgers, Superintendent of Weigh Scales; John J. Davis, Assistant Bell, and John Williams, Street Regulators; Johnston Moore, Richard Lewis, and D. H. Roberts, Firemen. "July 24, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, the Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Ebensburg met at James Fenlon's, in said borough"—and adjourned without performing any business. As appeareth by the record, only two meetings were held by the Council, and no work was done at either of them. Perhaps it put in the spring making garden—the summer, trout fishing—the fall, drinking cider—the winter, sleigh riding.—That would account for it.—Alleghanian.

SUICIDE.—John Smearmard, a young man about 25 years of age, who kept a billiard saloon and eating house in this borough, committed suicide on Friday afternoon last, by shooting himself through the heart with a pistol. About two o'clock in the afternoon he went to Noble's brewery, across the river, and he made threats there that he would shoot himself. A short time after this he rode through town in a buggy, unaccompanied, and shortly after passing through the neighboring village of Smithfield he shot himself and died almost instantly. On being examined a bottle of whisky and a tumbler were found in his boot, and a considerable sum of money found in his pocket. It is not positively known what led the young man to commit the rash act, but liquor had the most to do with it, while a religious difficulty is rumored as one of the incentives. He had a considerable sum of money in bank. He leaves a wife and two children.—Huntingdon Globe.

THE Johnstown correspondent of the Alleghanian tells this story: Your correspondent was shown this week two pieces of dress goods, one of which was a strip torn from the silk dress in which the first wife of a prominent citizen of this place was shrouded at her burial, twenty four years ago, and a piece of cloth shrouding the remains of his second wife, who was interred sixteen years ago. Both silk and cloth were as strong as the day they were manufactured, the silk retaining its bright colors and general appearance. The cloth had originally been blue, but had faded to a dark brown, although its texture was as strong as ever. The gentleman spoken of removed the remains of his two wives from the old Union to Sandy Vale Cemetery, and on exhuming the bodies, their respective shrouds were found as above stated, although within them was contained but dust and bones.

LIFE, ACCIDENT AND FIRE INSURANCE.—Kerr & Co., Insurance agents, 1316 Tenth Avenue, Altoona, Pa., offer extra inducements to those contemplating Fire, Life or Accident Insurance, and being masters of the profession in every particular, are eminently qualified to suit their patrons. Their experience in the business extends over a period of fifteen years, and what may be given as somewhat of a coincidence, they represent fifteen first class Companies, among which may be ranked the London, Liverpool and Globe, with a combined capital of $18,000,000 in gold, and other safe and valuable Companies. Any communications addressed to them will receive prompt attention.

This firm also deals largely in Foreign Exchange and Shipping, and are always prepared to ticket from and to all points in the world.

AN UNFORTUNATE FAMILY.—Speaking about the fatal accident which befell young Frank Bair in that city, and of which our correspondent T. J. M. gave an account last week, the Altoona Tribune says: There appears to be a strange fatality connected with the history of the members of this family. A brother of this boy was instantly killed, some five years since, by the blowing up of a boiler at Lowther & Wagner's saw mill, about eight miles from this city; and several years previous to that the person of his father, (who died since,) was terribly mutilated in the Pa. R. R. Co.'s shops, by being caught in the belting used for turning a grind stone.

—A serenading party stood beneath our window or windows at a late hour on Wednesday night last and invited us in sweet strains of vocal music to "Put me (them) in my (their) little bed," but, to be Frank, we had no little bed 'Andy just then to Phil in that way, and they had to go away unaccommodated. We enjoyed their music, however, none the less, and they are now at liberty to enjoy our thanks.

—A complimentary ticket to the Spring Stock Fair of the Highland Agricultural Society, to be held in Johnstown on Thursday, April 27th, although filled out in favor of the "Editor of the Democrat & Sentinel," has come into our possession, will be used by us, time permitting, let the consequences be what they may. We are obigled for the compliment, which was doultless intended for us anyhow.

HAPPY PEOPLE.—Happy the man who in wedding a wife takes to himself a treasure, and happy the woman when married for life who has not to repent at her leisure. But happier still these two happy folks, when to housekeeping they turn their attention, if they buy all their dry goods, groceries, notions and other things needless to mention, at the cheap cash store of A. J. Christy, in the town of Loretto, where the full worth of your money can be had always, you bet, oh.

IF you count nine stars each night for nine nights at nine o'clock, the ninth person you shake hands with after that will be your ninth husband or wife, as the case may be; but if you count nine dollars, more or less, out of your pocket-book, and make nine visits or less to C. T. Roberts' great jewelry and fancy goods emporium, and invest your money, nine chances to one if you don't be the best pleased man, woman or child that this nineteenth century has yet produced.

YE OLDEN TIME.—One of the great hardships of the early settlers of this region was that of traveling many miles over rugged and tortuous roads to and from mill. Now anybody can go to Mills with the greatest ease imaginable, and when they get there they can buy the best flour, feed, bacon, lamps, corn, beans, and other things, at prices cheaper than the most of dealers ask for such articles. Of course we mean E. J. Mills, whose store is on High street, near Centre.

THEY, and that means all whom it may concern, don't get up any finer stocks or greater varieties in the way of boots, shoes, hosiery, etc., than can be found at Vinroe's new cheap boot and shoe store, Cambria House building. Mr. V. has really the most superb assortment ever displayed here, and we mean what we say when we declare that he sells as cheap as any dealer in like goods in any of the larger towns. He deserves a liberal patronage.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, April 11, 1871.

DEAR FREEMAN—During the recent absence of Mr. W. Keim, who was out west for a few weeks, the strap was taken from the engine house of his tannery in the Fifth Ward. This strap was about seventy feet long and one foot broad, and valued at from fifty to sixty dollars. When Mr. Keim came home he missed this strap and another smaller one. After search, portions of it were found in sundry shoemaker shops about town. The proprietors of these shops stated that they had purchased the leather from a young man named Frank Shearer, a resident of the Fifth Ward. Frank was just about this time missed, but was traced to Harrisburg, arrested, brought home, and after a hearing was sent to jail in your place, not having been able to procure the two thousand dollars security demanded for his appearance at court to answer the charge.

We hear it whispered around that a certain "onpleasant" transaction took place last week on Canal street which was not very creditable to the parties concerned. It is said that the police interfered and the frail one was attended to. We mention no names, but believe that she is not the only frail one in town who gives great grief to families and friends. There are too many lecherous scoundrels, too, left run at large for the safety of society, some of whom disguise their disgraceful doings so effectually as to pass for respectable, virtuous citizens.

Mr. James Benford has fitted up the Black House, on the old Island, for hotel purposes. This house is "catercornered" from Union Hall and "fornenst" the new school house. It is easily found, as his name is blazoned in large letters in front. Every room, and there are some twenty of them, is newly papered and painted, and well furnished. When you come down, Mr. Editor, this will be a good place to get a cheap, substantial dinner.

The Houston House has also changed proprietors as well as names, it being now inhabited by a gentleman from Blairsville named Martin, who has christened it the Merchants' Hotel. When you come down this will be an excellent place to get a good supper.

NEW CHANGES AND NEW ENTERPRISES.

Mr. Baumer, of the firm of Akers & Baumer, goes to Kansas and Frank M'Cullough has taken his place. I wish the new firm success.

Wm. M'Cintock of Pittsburg, formerly of Ligonier, an old pupil of mine, has established a new boot and shoe store on Clinton street, opposite St. Mary's school. I used to "leather" him gratis, now he might "boot" me—for nothing, if so minded.

David Dibert & Son have established a boot and shoe store in the room recently occupied by Mr. Carroll, Main street. As we used to make Scott dance in his younger days, he might give us a pair of "pumps" now.

Thomas Gallagher has removed his store to the room formerly occupied by Hess's furniture depot. He is another old pupil of ours, and is from Westmoreland county.

Mr. Kress is to remove from Clinton street to the Houston House room vacated as above.

Elder J. F. Reynolds of Somerset has come here to preach for the Disciples. He is no relation to Frank Reynolds of Harrisburg.

George Thomas has moved from the Fifth Ward to Clinton street, next door above Geis & Foster's big store.

NEW BUILDINGS.

Cyrus Elder, Esq., is having a large double frame house put up on the rear of his lot.

Mr. J. Bloch is putting up a new house on Railroad street. It is not to be a block house, though Bloch is the owner.

Mr. Stemmer is having a new house erected on the site of his former residence.

John Thomas is pushing forward the work on a new store building on Main street.

Wm. Orr is erecting a new building near where his old chair manufactory stood.

David Mainhart is building a new house on Market street and Daniel Tantlinger is putting up one on Napoleon street.

THANATOPIC.

The remains of several persons long since dead were removed last week from different graveyards to Sandy Vale cemetery. There were two remains whose long flowing hair was perfectly life like.

A NOVEL DISSOLUTION.

Two men in the Sixth Ward were until recently joint owners of a three story frame tenement. They disputed not long since, when one of them sawed the house in two and took his half away, leaving the other half high and dry. How is that for high?

A CHECK SWINDLER WHO OUGHT TO BE CHECKED.

A sharper giving his name as Chas. Stoner swindled a couple of our business firms with forged checks on Monday last. From one firm he obtained $21 in cash and $4 in goods, and the other he victimized to the amount of $20. Beware of strangers with checks to cash.

[ORIGINAL.]

MY LIZZIE.

BY S. B. M'CORMICK.

Rest, Lizzie, in yon churchyard rest,
And may sweet flowers bloom o'er thee;
I was not near to see thee die—
Would I had died before thee!

My tears would often wet the mound
Where thy young ashes slumber;
When I but think how thou art missed
From out that orphaned number.

It seemed not meet that one should die,
In years so young and tender;
But thy account before the throne
Is less severe to render.

Rest, Lizzie, rest, a few months more,
Till I shall pass the river,
And she who had to leave thee here
Will *love* thee, then, forever.

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, according to its late statement, has a capital of over six millions of dollars, securely invested for the benefit of its policy holders. This Company has stood for the past fifty years at the head of the Fire Insurance Companies of the country in the matter of capital, promptness and reliability. Alexander Brothers, 420 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, are its only authorized agents for this section of the State. They will insure property at lower rates than can be obtained from any other truly reliable company. Give them a trial and be convinced of this fact ere you insure your property with any other of the many insurance agents. [2-11.-1m.]

KIND READER, we have the pleasure of introducing to your notice our enterprising friend James J. Murphy, of Johnstown, who keeps an immense Clothing establishment at No. 100 Clinton street, where the outer wants of men and boys may be supplied to please the most fastidious taste or brilliant fancy. An hour spent with James, if you don't forget to spend your money at the same time, is an hour well spent. One may readily save three or four dollars in less than an hour by purchasing cheap ready-made clothing from James J. Murphy.

A MOONLIGHT SCENE.—The moon rising in cloudless majesty and smiling down on the hosts of customers who are constantly leaving Cohen's Hat Parlor, No. 227 Main street, Johstown, with fashionable Spring hats for next Sunday at meetin'. Cohen & Brother have already ordered a large number of the most fashionable hats and caps, and furnishing goods of the most approved styles—the very tip-top of the city fashions, which they offer at very low prices to every man and boy in the county.

WHAT HESS HAS.—Hess has goods. S. J. Hess & Brother have clothing—good clothing—ready-made clothing—well cut clothing—well sewed clothing—clothing for men and boys—all kinds of clothing—vests, pants, coats, shirts, drawers, etc.—at No. 241 Main street, Johnstown. Hess has? Has Hess! All wool—fast colors—durable clothing—cheap clothing—all sizes—Spring Clothing. Now do. If you do not get bargains at Hess's where will you get bargains?

BIG BUSINESS.—Since taking hold of the Howe Sewing Machine, only a couple of weeks ago, Vallie Barker has disposed of some six or eight of these valuable and greatly improved household conveniences, and the indications are that he will sell them as fast as he can get them so soon as their great merits become generally known. Great is the Original Howe Sewing Machine, and Vallie Barker is its prophet.

THE way to "make both ends meet" is to ask the butcher to take out the bones, and the way to save money is to deal exclusively with Geo. Huntley when you want to buy anything in the form of Hardware, groceries, farm implements, tinware, stoves, and sich like, for George permits no man to undersell him, and everybody knows that his stock is varied, plentiful and first class.

STONEROAD'S CATHARTIC SYRUP. used in all cases instead of PILLS, EPSOM SALTS, CASTOR OIL, &c. Highly flavored. Pleasant to take. Children like it. Price 50 cents. Wholesale, R. E. SELLERS & Co., 45 Wood Street, Pittsburgh. Sold by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, and by Druggists and Country Store-keepers generally. [June 16, 1870.-1y.]

COMMUNICATION.

SUMMERHILL TWP., April 12, 1871.

Friend Moe—After two weeks' preparation Mr. Maggie addresses me again through the columns of your paper of last week. He is not to the point, however, and seems to forget that I advanced facts in my last communication which claimed his attention. But stubborn facts are not easily bridged over, and my friend no doubt concluded that it was wiser to avoid than to approach them. I admire his prudence, but hope that he will not always remain a victim of bad faith.

I am asked how I know that Miss Black is not the author of the letters published in the *Freeman* over her signature. I will tell, but Mr. Maggie must be blamed if my reply makes a laughing stock of somebody. In the first place, then, I am aware that Miss Black has not the ability to write an article for publication, for she and I are not entirely unacquainted, the bold assertion of her champion to the contrary notwithstanding. Secondly, Miss Black is well known to this community, and I have heard young and old persons repeatedly declare that she was a miserable scholar and unfit to teach a school. Thirdly, several teachers told me that her bad spelling elicited general remark at an examination of teachers held some time since. Fourthly, a reverend friend of hers, in whom she implicitly confides, and who knows her abilities or rather lack of abilities well, and who is no doubt fully posted about her pretended communications, told me that he did not believe she was capable of composing them. Lastly, I have ocular demonstrations and even tangible evidence that she is not the author of them. Her genuine letters are at my command, and they furnish ample testimony as to her incapacity. Those who read the one published in the *Freeman* of the 25th ult. need not be told that the merits of Miss Black's composition are on a par with a leg of mutton pronounced to be as bad as bad could be—ill fed, ill killed, ill kept, and ill dressed. Are not these reasons satisfactory?

The second paragraph in Mr. Maggie's epistle is irrelevant, and too personal to deserve more than a passing remark. Abuse may gratify the cravings of a corrupt and polluted heart, but must and will fail to make a favorable impression on an honest and upright mind. Let my opponent recollect, however, that I left my teens years ago, have always resided here, and am too long and favorably known in this community to need to defend myself against his personal attacks. If his record is as clear as mine, though I do say it myself, there is no reason for saying that his presence is a curse or his absence a blessing to any community.

To tell me that he was born a Lutheran is to exhibit his ignorance of the first principles of Christianity, and even of his own sect. But this matter is too trivial for further comment. I am astonished, however, that a man who pretends to have read St. Jerome would make such a profession. He calls Jerome holy, and holy men tell the truth. The following passage from the writings of St. Jerome show that the Saint and my friend do not sail in the same ship—that a wide and deep chasm lies between the religions of the two: "I am united with your Holiness—that is with the Chair of Peter; on that rock I know that the Church is built.—Whoever eats the lamb out of this house is profane. Whoever is not in the ark of Noah must perish in the deluge." Such is the declaration of holy Jerome. What does my opponent think of it? Is he in union with his Holiness, the immortal Pius IX, successor to St. Peter and Vicar of Christ on earth, as was Jerome? Where does he eat the lamb? In what ark does he take refuge? Can he say, like the early martyrs—"Christian is my name and is my surname"? If not, let him see to it in time—let him take care and change his course, lest the rapid current of error and unbelief may one day carry him into the gulf of perdition.

I now arrive at a point in which I find a little of everything and not much of anything. I will but briefly notice it out of compassion for your compositors. To say that I represented Columbus as the first discoverer of this country is to state a falsehood, and I refer the reader to my last letter, published in the *Freeman* of the 25th ult., which will throw some light on the love my adversary has for the truth. This is only one, however, of the many false statements contained in the communication I review, but having made up my mind to treat the others with silent contempt, they pass unnoticed. I have heretofore said, and now repeat it, that Catholics, and Catholics alone, discovered this continent. Not a single Lutheran participated or could have participated in that grand achievement, simply because Lutheranism had neither a habitation or a name even at that late period.

Mr. Maggie would like to exonerate the Hessians if he could, but failing in that, he endeavors to divide the disgrace between the Catholics and his own co-religionists. It is all of no use. Hesse Cassel is a hot bed for his particular sect, and we all know the spirit with which that base principality has always been animated.—Wherever the flag of liberty has been raised the Hessians have gathered in eager haste to tear it down. Their Lutheran prince hired them out, like so many beasts of burden, to the highest bidder, not only for the purpose of adding to make slaves of some of the peoples of Europe, but even of citizens of this free land of America. Nothing like this ever occurred in the Papal States, yet Mr. Maggie, with all the swagger of stump orator, impudently styles Papal Italy the greatest despotism the world ever saw. When he made use of that superlative he must have forgotten all about Hesse Cassel, where his sect and despotism have always mutually sustained each other.

George III, the Mr. Maggie, was born of Lutheran parents, and hence was a Lutheran, and as none but Catholics are excluded from the throne of England, of course he was eligible. Mr. Maggie's historical knowledge, I see, is somewhat muddled. Pity it is he could not enter Maynooth College for a brief period in order to get his rusty ideas brushed up.

He contrasts the religious and political conditions of North and South America. How he is to be benefitted by this is more than I can see. If this nation is great, glorious and free, Catholics helped to make it so. Our seminaries and colleges abound for the education of the rising generation in art and science, and those who graduate from them are scholars in reality. Our churches are grand and majestic in design—our charitable institutions are found everywhere in the Union. Can Mr. Maggie say so much for his denomination? Certainly not. His churches are mere shanties compared to ours—he has scarcely any schools or colleges, and in vain would he try to point out his charitable institutions. These are the bone and sinew of a nation, and those who erect them are the most useful and deserving citizens. It is selfish, then, for Mr. Maggie to arrogate to himself, at the expense of decency and truth, that to which he has no right. All help to elevate this nation, and facts and figures show that we are not behind any in our efforts to benefit our country. If South America is not materially prosperous, it is not owing to the religious faith of that country, but to causes which I am not going to explain now. I believe, however, that Spanish America is more Christian to-day than the United States. Most people in this country profess nothing, and outside of the Catholic church there are no fixed religious principles. Then morality is at a discount and could not be lower anywhere than in this country. I could substantiate my assertions with historical facts, but it is not worth while to undertake to show what needs no proof.

Mr. Maggie waxes warm and gets eloquent when he speaks of St. Bartholomew's. I am sorry, however, that he makes statements which are not sustained by any respectable historian. Every intelligent school boy knows that the whole transaction had its origin in politics.

I will say nothing about the penal laws of Great Britian, or the blue laws of New England, but if Mr. Maggie reads them over, even in his veins will the blood run cold, if he has not grown too callous for such emotions.

If my opponent thinks that his sect existed prior to Luther, he labors under a serious mistake. Where had it an existence? Who believed in it? Who preached its tenets?—Does not Luther himself tell us that he was the only one of his kind in the world, when he commenced, in his vexation and anger, to reform the church of Christ? Mr. Maggie may say as much as he pleases about his being in heaven, but let me remind him that "birds of one feather flock together." Lucifer and Luther sound very much alike, and their revolts and dispositions were also somewhat similar, and the consequent presumption is that God did not spoil two houses with them. Luther deserves not the gratitude of mankind. He and his followers have yet to convert the first pagan nation to Christianity. If I am wrong let the Wilmore gent show it. He reflected a large portion of the New Testament, and gave the Landgrave of Hesse permission to have as many wives at the same time, thus giving his approbation to polygamy, which is practiced even now on our own soil, to the ruin of families and in opposition to the Gospel.—These are the works of Luther and my friend is welcome to all the glory attached to them.

Mr. Maggie need not tell me that he has not the advantages of a good education, for I am able to see that in all his effusions. However, he is hardly conscious of this fact himself, for the less one knows the more he thinks he knows.

Miss Black never gave general satisfaction as a teacher. Still, had she confined herself to the primer, which she was employed to teach, people would have overlooked her shortcomings. But as soon as she began to entertain the children with religious exercises in which the Lutheran preacher even led, then it was time to remind her of her duties. In doing these things she was certainly encroaching on the rights of others, and such proceedings could not be tolerated any longer. Private measures were taken to stop all this, but to no purpose.

Finally, I would say if Miss Black now figures so unfavorably in the public press she was the first to introduce her name into it, and if she is sorry for it now let her blame Mr. Maggie, who induced her to put her name to his verbose, ungrammatical and unconnected essays. SOLTERO.

THE POINTERS.—Two stars near the North star are called "the pointers," which reminds us that we should once more point out the great advantage gained by purchasing all your dry goods and fancy goods at the popular store of John J. Murphy, under the *Tribune* printing office, near the post office, formerly the Mansion House corner, now Murphy's cheap corner, where the whole country can be supplied with cheap goods of all kinds in his line.

THE BLOOD.

The *blood* is the *life* of the body. Disease is the antagonist of life. Every attack of disease is an attack upon the blood.

From the blood is secreted the urine. Every deviation from the standard quality of the blood is represented in the changed condition of the urine which is secreted from it. And as is the change in the blood, so will be the change in the urine at the time. To know the condition of the urine, then, is to know the condition of the blood and the kind of deviation or disease.

These are practical *facts* of medical science.—Propositions which have been clearly demonstrated by the labors of illustrous medical authors, Bird, Beale, Proute, Simon, &c., and which are daily being satisfied by the examination of numerous specimens of urine sent to our office, No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, representing every class and variety of disease.

Those who would obtain a knowledge of this important branch of the medical art, having a knowledge of the appearance and standard properties and qualities of the urine, as also the general pathological conditions in disease, can soon learn the chemical analysis and microscopic operations necessary to detect the precise nature of almost every malady with a positiveness amounting to more nearly mathematical precision than is possible in any other way.

These investigations and the prescribing of medicines in accordance with these facts has been the practical business of our life. So extensive has been our experience in these examinations during the last twenty years that scarcely a town or township within fifty miles of Pittsburgh, but numbers a dozen or more of patrons who have thus *sent* to us and obtained relief.

And knowing that hundreds of others are still lingering out a miserable existence without medical aid, some because they have passed through the "old ordeal" without relief, and some perhaps because they may not know where to apply to, we feel justified in making these *facts* public, satisfied that a number will seize upon these plain truths and be fully rewarded by a cure.

Our remedies in all chronic diseases are such as remove the morbid matters from the blood, and tone up the system.

To build up, not break down—to stimulate the organic system to a healthy action and strengthen the body to its full vigor of animal life—are the principles which will lead to success. If success is at all to be had. DRS. OLDSHUE.

132 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

1871. SPRING! 1871.

MESSRS. MAYER, PROPRIETORS OF THE NEW YORK DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, AND CLOTHING STORE,

have just opened the following new and desirable Goods:

250 Pieces LIGHT CALICOES, elegant patterns;
250 Suits CLOTHING, made in latest fashions;
150 Boys' and Youths' SUITS, in all styles;
100 TRUNKS, from the smallest to the largest sizes; Suspenders, Shirts, Drawers, Neckties, Bows, &c., in the largest variety. Also, the most varied invoice of Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets; Children's Hats, trimmed, in endless variety; Mourning Shawls, Crape Veils, Collars, Sun Umbrellas, and Parasols; 40 boxes of new French Flowers; 100 new Shawls; Silks and Satins in every shade; a large display of Japanese Silk Dress Patterns; latest styles of Switches, Plaits and Chignons; new styles of Lace Collars, Plaid Sash Ribbons, Sundowns, Ladies' Morocco Satchels; 50 pieces of Summer Poplins, *guaranteed to wash*, and an immense assortment of other new Dress Goods and Trimmings, which need only be seen to be admired. An examination of our prices on the above goods will convince any one that we sell **20 per cent. cheaper** than any other store in Johnstown. Remember that our large establishment is in the Opera House, Nos. 212 and 214 Main street, Johnstown, and remember also that all orders from neighboring towns and county will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to, and selections carefully made and goods furnished just as cheap as if the buyer was present in person. *L. & H. MAYER.*

IMPORTANT TO SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—We copy the following from the late school law, for the information of some of our school boards, that they may know what the law requires of them: It shall be the duty of the board of directors to publish an annual statement of the amount of moneys received and expended, and the amount due from collectors, and setting forth all the financial operations of the district, by one or more publications in one or more newspapers of the county in which they reside. If there is an amount of tax not collected, or any amount due to the district, it is to be stated as "amount of ——yet due," at the foot of receipts, and so carried out; and if there is an amount of debt yet due by the district, it is to be stated as "amount yet due for ——," and so carried at the foot of expenditures; in order, in both cases, to balance the account in accordance with the fact. If there was a building tax and a house or houses erected during the year, the amount of the building tax, and of the portion of it expended in the year for this purpose, is to be stated in the same way, with the balance on hand, or the debt for this purpose, if any, under the proper heading of "Receipts" or "Expenditures for Building," as in case of ordinary school tax and expenditure.

TO EMPLOYERS.—A Committee of business men have organized the EMPLOYMENT BUREAU of the *Young Men's Christian Association*, and located an office at 123 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, where applications for situations are registered and so classified that at a moment's notice, Clerks, Book-Keepers, Salesmen, Porters, Lads, Farmers, Gardeners, and Laborers of all kinds can be supplied.

A great many desirable persons from other cities, and the country, and the old world, are constantly flocking to the city, and as strangers they apply to the Association to befriend them. It is often of great interest to business men to get help, and get it quickly, and the Bureau offer their services, *making no charge to either party.* Apply to or address ALEX. SLOAN, Sup't Employment Bureau, 123 South 7th Street.

Keep this for reference, and use your influence to further this practical plan of helping the worthy.

CLOSING PRICES

Of DE HAVEN & BRO 40 South Third Street, Philadelphia, at 3 o'clock, P. M., April 10, 1871.

U. S. 6's of '81	116⅛	116⅝
" " '62	112¼	112¾
" " '64	112⅛	112⅞
" " '65	112⅜	112¾
" " '65, new	111⅝	111⅞
" " '67	111¼	111½
" " '68	111⅛	112⅛
" 5's, 10-40's	108¼	108⅝
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy	115¼	115¾
Due Comp. Int. Notes		
Gold	110⅛	110¼
Silver	106⅛	108
Union Pacific R.R. 1st M.B'nds	840	850
Central Pacific R. R.	955	965
Un'n Pacific Land Gr'nt B'nds	730	740

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the Scalp, and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

JOHNSTOWN, PA. CLINTON STREET DRAPER & TAILOR, Antiew Moses,

DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between F. D. SAUPP and JAS. WILKINSON in the Marble manufacturing business at Loretto, is this day (March 1st, 1871,) dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are notified to settle and pay up immediately, and all having claims against us will present them for settlement. The books will be left at the store of F. D. Saupp.

SAUPP & WILKINSON.

P. S. The Marble business will be carried on in all its various branches by the undersigned. All wishing a highly finished job at moderate prices, will please give me a call.

JAMES WILKINSON.

Loretto, April 15, 1871.-3t.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER!—The subscriber hereby announces himself as an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for the position of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, and pledges himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office honestly and to the best of his ability. JOHN S. LOMEREAUX.

Blacklick Twp., April 15, 1871.-tc.

SILK AND VELVET RIBBONS, boundless in variety and exquisite in style, just received by E. PAUL & CO., April 15.-2t. Wilmore, Pa.

50 PIECES OF CARPETS! —OF— ALL KINDS, —AT— Popular Prices! JUST RECEIVED —BY— GEIS & FOSTER, NOS. 113 AND 115 Clinton Street, JOHNSTOWN, PA. ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS! Millinery Goods, &c., &c., At Attractive PRICES.

GEIS & FOSTER, Nos. 113 & 115 CLINTON ST., JOHNSTOWN, PA.

One Price—Cash Only—Small Profits. Johnstown, 15, 1871.-tf.

CAMBRIA COUNTY BONDS.—The Commissioners of Cambria County are now prepared to sell to those desiring the same, the BONDS of said county, in sums of $100, $500 and $000. These Bonds are issued by authority of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, for the purpose of raising money to build the New County Jail, and pay interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum—said interest being payable semi-annually—gold are redeemable at the pleasure of the Commissioners after the 13th day of December, 1874, and payable the 13th day of September, 1881.—Coupons are attached to each Bond for the semi-annual instalments of interest.

Parties desiring to invest in this Loan will please call on the Commissioners at their Office in Ebensburg.

Witness our hands this 10th day of April, A. D. 1871.

MAURICE MCNAMARA, JAMES E. TRASKEN, FRANCIS O'BRIEN, } Com'rs.
Attest—J. A. KENNEDY, Clerk. (apr.15.-4t.)

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed Auditor to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of DAVID R. JONES, hereby gives notice that he will attend for that purpose at his office in Ebensburg, on Tuesday, the 2d day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M