Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA. THURSDAY MORNING, : JULY 21, 1870.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION The Democratic electors of the several Elec-The Democratic electors of the several Election Districts of Cambria county, will please meet at their respective election houses, on SATURDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 6 o'clock, P. M., and elect two delegates each, to attend the County Convention to be held in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1870, to place in nomination a County Ticket, to be supported by the people at the ensuing general election, and to transact such other business as the interests of the party may require. ests of the party may require. By order of the Committee.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Chairman. Ebensburg, July 11, 1870.

An Explanation.

When one editor denies the truth of a any question that may be the subject of controversy between them, and calls for the proof, and when the latter furnishes of honor, as well as by the well recognized rules of the profession, to withdraw his original denial.

asserted, some time ago, that when GEO. N. Smith represented Cambria county in the Assembly, a bill had been sent to him, providing for the erection of a "District Court" of Cambria county at Johnstown. It was also stated by the same paper that during the five years that Mr. PERSHING represented this county in the lower branch of the Legislature, two bills of the same ple. character were sent to him. We denied the truth of both of these allegations. Before we undertook to question the truth of these statements made by the Tribune, we took the precaution of consulting the oldest members of the Ebensburg Bar, and their uniform reply to us was, that they had never before heard of anything of the kind, and that they did not for one moment believe it to be true. The last Tribune, in reply to our denial, published the first section of the bill sent to GEO. N. SMITH, as well as the first section of one of the bills sent to C. L. PERSHING, from which it would appear that bills had been sent to each of those gentlemen in favor of a "District Court" at Johnstown,

ty of the doctrine, that a misstatement, religious faith-an Industrious, sturdy, selfalthough honestly made, if persisted in is as good as the truth. We never deny or and our commingled blood is purer for the without the least hypocricy, there is more ator Vickers very justly termed a "concatenquestion the full force and validity of a record, which ought and usually does import absolute verity. We, therefore, as in duty bound, withdraw all that we said touching the particular point involved in this centroversy, but now declare that these several bills in regard to the "District Court" must have been prepared in elevate, and old age to provide for. They that while the white delegates are stopping Johnstown with remarkable and unusual have homes which they love, and wives at the hotels, the colored delegates are eatsecrecy. Whatever may have become of them, it is quite certain that they were permitted by both Mr. Smrn and Mr. PERSHING to sleep the sleep of death at Harrisburg. If they had been urged to a ful and contented, because fairly compensa- ing, so long as he does not tresspass on othfinal passage, they would have been promptly and properly attended to by the receive its just reward. This country needs "obsolete village" of Ebensburg.

It is said that the rule is a poor one that will not work both ways. Let us practically test its truth. The Tribune of July 1st asserted that, during the legislative session of 1851, a bill for the erection of "Conemaugh county" passed the House, in committee of the whole through the influence of James Porrs, and that it was defeated by Dr. WM. A. SMITH of Ebensburg, who then (1851) represented Cambria county. In our last issue it was proven, from the official journal of the House for 1851, that both of these allegations were without a shadow of truth. As this was perfectly manifest and so plain that "he who runs may read," we now ask the Tribune to imitate the course of the Freeman and correct its own stupid

ed on last Friday, the President sent a special message to that body, in which he in politics as in war, that a man ought referred to the great probability and imminence of war in Europe. He urged the increase of our navy, just as if that question had anything at all to do with the contemplated war between France and Prussia-an emergency that never in the world could affect the United States. He also demanded the passage of the Indian appropriation bill, which was subsequently passed, thereby settling that vexed question, so far as GRANT'S adminis-Wm. C. Guffey and A. A. Stewart, Esqs. Fayette county—H. J. Gilmore, Robert any question of public policy. He also asked Congress to prolong its session a short time beyond the 15th of the present month. His own friends in Congress, of Indiana county, appointed Secretary. WM. D. KELLY, of this State, conspicuous among the Radical members, could not see the meaning of GRANT's message. -The matter went by the board, and this appeal, like all of GRANT's recommendations to Congress, was treated with the utmost contempt by his own political friends-Great is U. S. GRANT.

THE Pittsburgh Post, in referring to General Foster's nomination, makes use of the following appropriate language:

Coolie Labor.

ams, in Massachusetts, of about seventyfive natives of China, called Coolies, who of Charleston: were brought there from California for the purpose of taking the place of other workmen in the same establishment at reduced prices, has caused unusual excitement amongst the laboring class of people, not only in that State, but throughout the entire country. It is regarded by them as an effort which will eventually and disastrously interfere with the labor wages of the American mechanic. It is likely to become a very important question in the political economy of this country.statement made by another in reference to | We do not ourselves propose, at this time, to discuss it, but will submit to our readers the following extract on the subject from a speech made by one of the it, the former is bound by every principle | brightest intellects in this country, GEO. H. PENDLETON, at his home at Clifton, near Cincinnati, on the 10th of last September, in reply to a call of his friends. The editor of the Johnstown Tribune irrespective of party, who had asked him for an expression of his views on the various topics of the day:

> and parcel of a scheme to flood the country with a forced importation of an immense number of Chinese-of coolies-and thus for a second time to bring into our midst an alien race and to repeat in a more difficult form the social and governmental questions which have so unhappily divided our peo

set and have but a single holiday in the ter.) Now they are gentlemen or leisure! the importance of this movement.

I protest against it now, IN TIME, before it carried out-before we are confronted with duties and obligations and interests growing out of their presence. They are an alien, an inferior and idolatrous race. They have not our tastes, or habits, or manners, or developments, or religion. They are not fit to ecome citizens or to enjoy the right of sufrage. Amalgamation would injure both heir race and ours. Isolation will give rise to the great troubles. England, Ireland, Germany, Norway, France have an overflowing population of our own race, similar We do not believe in the loose morali- to us in blood, in manners, in habits, and in reliant, self repecting people. They are fit to become citizens. They will mix with us. association. Let us invite them with open arms to come us. Let us people our ountry with the best races of men.

But the Chinese will give us cheap labor -CHEAP HUMAN LABOR. I despise the word. signifies a crime and a shame. It signifies squalor, degradation, ignorance, vice. Are not laborers men-our fellow men ?generation. And can you remember these uties and see these aspirations; can you contemplate the patient hopefulness of cheerted industry, and talk of CHEAP LABOR ?-Labor is too cheap now. Labor does not that such labor shall not be cheap, but that as a class. (Applause). I know them and it must be bountifully rewarded.

It must command the efforts of an advancing civilization, and the favor of a just God. until at last the human intellect, and hand and blood, as they constitute the nobler, shall also be the better paid member in the partnership of labor and capital.

Henry D. Foster.

We publish herewith the proceedings of the Congressional Conference at which Hon. HENRY D. FOSTER was unanimously nominated for Congress. Gen. FOSTER is amongst the very foremost men of either party in the State and has a national reputation of the highest order. He is honest and possesses unquestioned ability, and the result of the election in his district will be looked to by the Democracy of the State with more than usual interest; and we cannot doubt that he and his A FEW HOURS before Congress adjourn- friends will inaugurate a speedy, vigorous and determined campaign. It is as true never to trust to the supposed weakness of his opponent. But here are the proceedings of the Conference which cominated him without a dissenting voice:

The Democratic Conferees for the Twentyfirst Congressional District, composed of the counties of Westmoreland, Indiana and Fayette, met at the St. Charles Hotel, in this city, yesterday. The following named gentlemen represented the respective counties: Westmoreland county-James C. Clark,

Hogsett and A. N. Gibson. Indiana county-Joseph M. Thompson, B. Sansom and Silas M. Clark.

H. J. Gilmore, Esq., of Fayette county, was called to the chair, and Silas M. Clark, After the organization of the Conference, A. M. Gibson, Esq., of Fayette county, offered the following resolution, which was

unanimously adopted : Resolved, That the act of a partisan majority, n refusing a seat in Congress to the fairly and legally elected representative from this district, of Hon. Henry D. Foster for Congress, and declaring him the nominee of the Democratic party of this (the Twenty-first) District.

Or, cur imp suggests, as Brainard and immediately without waiting for their significant and prevent of the Democratic party of this (the Twenty-first) District.

A Colored Man's Speech.

The recent introduction into a shoe The following is the sensible speech manufactory in the town of North Ad- made in the late South Carolina reform convention by Rev. Jonas Byrd, colored,

Mr. President, I came untrammelled to this convention, but if I ever was in earnest I am now. (Applause). I believe every word which has fallen from the lips of Gen. Butler and Gen. Kershaw. Sir, I have full. unlimited confidence in South Carolina and her sons. (Applause). I see here Col. Simmons and Mr. Mikell. Their fathers were my associates, and these, their sons, have been born and raised since I lived in Charleston. I came to that city in June, 1815, fifty-five years ago. Certainly, I should know my people from A to Z, and that I do; and what a South Carolinian tells you he is going to do, that he will do. (Applause.) They don't say one thing and mean another. They regard their honor too much for that. (Applause.) I know the people of whom I am speaking, and had I not faith in them I never would have put my foot in this convention. (Applause.) Some folks told me I was going back on my race. Said I, "pooh-poon! nonsense!"—
(Applause.) If I take a brick out of your use, I must take it out of mine also : for do you not see that if I am running my race into any risk, I should run myself into the same risk? I see my way clear. I know what I am doing. If I thought there was the least intention on the part of the Reform party to do otherwise than what they have laid down in their platform, I would suffer I object to its adoption because it is part my right arm to be severed from my body before I would become a delegate to its convention." (Applause.)

And now, Mr. President, in reference to the other party in this canvass, we have no animosity against them. They came to our State in swarms from the north, when the smoke was scarcely cleared from the battle field. What was their purpose in coming Their skilled laborers get three or four here? They had next door to nothing when dollars per month, and with this they seem | they made their appearance among us; and content. They work from daylight till sun- as for their morals, they had none. (Laughyear. Their food consists of rice, salt, a few (Renewed laughter.) They had a full hand vegetables and semetimes fish. The plan of trumps, and are getting high, low, jack proposed is to bring immense numbers of and the game at every deal. (Prolonged these people here to supply the demand for laughter.) They adopted as a motto, "lands abor in the fields, and the factories and the for the landless." Well, money was voted shops. We in Ohio have not appreciated by the Legislature to purchase lands for those who had no land, and commissioners appointed to make the purchases, and the money put in their hands. They purchased land, paying the owners therefor \$30,000, and pocketing \$90,000, themselves in the same transaction. (Applause and laughter.) Only keeping three times as much for themselves as they expended for the poor-good Samaritans that they were. (Laughter.) And yet we must say nothing of these things at all, because they are the acts of your "friends," the Republicans! Well, I am a Republican, but I want to know if any gentleman who calls himself a Republican will condescend to shake bands with a man who, (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. President, God being my judge, I say prejudice felt against the negroes, as you call us, in the North than there is in the South. (Applause.) The South has played with an even hand, and has shown you her cards .-But when Northern people come among us -(I do not say all, for there are good and bad among all classes) - they say one thing to us when they mean another. In a Radi-They have bodies to clothe and stomachs to cal paper of yesterday it is stated that the ed, and minds to educate, and spirits to colored delegates are paid to come here, and whom they cherish and children whom they | ing in the kitchens. Sir, I am well situated tope to make worthy citizens—the honest in a nice boarding house. It is true we are Courts. fathers and virtuous mothers of a succeeding | not at the Columbia Hotel; but as for myself I prefer to stay where I am; and I have always had the desire to let every man enjoy himself according to his own mind and feelers. I know of many northern men who have come south and married southern ladies, and they have been more rigid and exskilled laborers, zealous industry-it needs | acting of their slaves than southern masters could call names, but I forbear.

COL. JACOB ZEIGLER, editor of the Butler Herald, one of the most wholesouled, genial and affable gentlemen it has ever been our good fortune to meet, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Assembly in Butler county, and we trust that he will be triumphantly elected, as he eminently desserves to be. Honors are accumulating rapidly upon "Uncle Jake," as he is familiarly called, for in addition to his having been chosen permanent chairman of the Democratic Editorial Convention recently held in Altoons, he was unanimously elected President of the Democratic Editorial State Association then and there brought into him to represent them in the lower branch of the State Legislature. "Uncle Jake" Zeigler is fit for any position, and is just the kind of a man that can be trusted and will always exert influence in any emergency and under all circumstances. We shall take special pride in announcing his

TO THE GENERAL RELIEF of the whole country, and especially of the tax-payers, the late Congress, of infamous memory, adjourned on last Friday. What it did, and what it failed to do, we can not now precisely say. Some sort of a bill in reference to the admission of Georgia was passed. It was the spawn of Ben Butler not, it allows an election to be held in that | right to Chinamen? State next fall, seems to be doubtful, and yet only three weeks ago, Grant appointed Ackerman, from that so-called State, and who was a rebel officer, Attorney General of the United States. For doing so we honor Gen. Grant; but why annex conditions to the admission of Georgia, which will practically perpetuate the no- Ilerald. Upon motion of Jas. C. Clark, Esq., the the people from saying by their votes who steal process. officers of the Conference were appointed a shall rule over them. Is this a despotism committee to inform General Foster of his or a government ruled by a Congressional

The War Between France and Prussia.

No one who reads the telegraphic decable, can fail to see that the Emperor of France has forced war upon Prussia, when it might have been easily and honorably avoided. He has objects at stake ulterior to and entirely apart from the question of the occupancy of the Spanish throne by a petty German Prince. That has been used as a mere pretext, and Prussia went as far in her cannot be found. The persons most interdisclaimer as she could reasonably have been expected to go. The alleged insult to the unearthed a trial which leads to the horrid French Minister by the King of Prussia fur- suspicion that the child was carried off to be nishes no justifiable cause for a declaration sacrificed to Obi, in the performance of the of war; or, at least, it would afford none disgusting rites of that superstition. It is

war is to repossess himself of the territory must be offered to him on the blood-stained on the river Rhine, which was once attached altar each year, or the whole black race will to France. Mingled with this is the desire be remanded to slavery. This has alarmed to settle the Napoleon dynasty firmly, by the superstitious negroes, and they are ready wiping out the discontent at home and to obey their dread deity, and sprinkle his smoothing the way through a path of mili tary glory for the peaceful succession of his of innocent children. The case reported son to a permanent throne. Napoleon com- from New Orleans is not the only one of the plains with some justice, that Prussia has kind which is said to have occurred. Other violated the treaty of Prague. This viola- children are missing in various parts of the tion consists in the failure of Prussia to pro- | South, and their end is supposed to be simivide for the taking of a free vote by the lar to that feared for their New Orleans sispeople of Northern Schleswig, by which they were to determine for themselves whether their country should be attached to Prussia gods, have been elevated to the rank of or united to Denmark. This article of the treaty remains a dead letter in consequence of the action of Prussia, that State having shown a decided tendency to territorial aggrandizement. When France reminded Bismark that the course of Prussia was in flat violation of the balance of power principle case of the missing child in New Orleans has recognized by the Congress of the Great opened a momentous question for white men, Powers, that wily diplomat retreated into and they must meet it as men should in this his shell and remained silent.

France has long looked upon the conduct of Prussia with a jealous eye, and has regarded her growing power as a constant menace. The war now begun will reach back even beyond 1866, and the questions that disturbed Europe in 1815, may be brought up in the present struggle. That the war is popular in France cannot be denied, and her military power is enormous. Prussia may find herself very severely taxed in this contest, and it is difficult to predict what will be the result if the other nations of Europe maintain a position of neutrality. It may be that the whole of Europe will yet be involved. France will make haste to deliver severe blows, and we may look for reports of a bloody battle shortly.

The probabilities are that the sympathies of our people will be largely with Prussia, but it is alike our duty and our interest to avoid all complications in this unfortunate affair .- Lancaster Intelligencer.

THE NATURALIZATION LAW .- The Press ation of enormities." The following infamous features of the projected legislation

1. To strike the word "white" out of the Naturalization laws. 2. To extend their provisions to the Chi-3. To take away all the jurisdiction of the

4. To put the naturalization of foreigners in the hands of Commissieners of Bankruptcy, and authorize them to disfranchise citizens, hitherto naturalized by the State

5. To heap cumbrous and troublesome forms upon the hitherto simple practice. 6. To authorize "any Attorney at Law" to intervene against any foreigner seeking

All these features were in the bill. have been stricken out of it, through the vigorous Democratic opposition to them .-The law as it stands creates new penalties against frauds in naturalization. It authorizes the Federal Courts to appoint "watchers," one from each political party, and the Marshal of the United States to appoint deputies, to supervise the election of members of Congress, It also adds to the word "white" in the naturalization laws the comical and contradictory proviso that it shall not exclude immigrants coming from Africa! We see much to except to in these provisions, but they fall so far short of the revolutionary aims of the framers of the first it has been rewarded with a substantial suc-

WOOL VS. PIG TAIL -Senator Trumbull attempted to stem the African torrent the other day in the Senate on the naturalization question, by interposing a word for Asia, but wool kept ahead of pig tail. He said :

I ask Senators to look at the position in being, and now his friends at home want now by a distinct vote placed upon this bill Gazette. a provision that any person of the African race or of African descent may be naturalized. We have struck the word "white" out of the naturalization laws so far as it applies to the Hottentot, to the pagan from Africa. Now, it is proposed to deny the right of naturalization to the Chinaman, who is infinitely above the African in intelligence, in manhood, and every respect.

The amendment we have adopted is not an amendment applicable to the African living in the United States, it is an amendment authorizing people from Africa to come here and be naturalized. It opens the whole continent of Africa where are found the most degraded examples of men that exist on the face of the earth, pagans, cannibals, men who worship beasts, who do not compare in intelligence at all with the Chinese. And I ask of Senators, are we now going to place ourselves in the condition of authorizing these Africans to be naturalized and become and other men of his stripe. Whether or citizens of the United States, and deny that

> THE following paragraph from that sprightly young daily, the Altoona Sun, explains itself:

> THE SUN declares for an offensive campaign, and we doubt not but that the candidates will be as offensive to the people of Blair county as the war was offensive to Democrats during the rebellion .- Tyrone

> great subisdizer and owner of the Bessemer

The Cleveland Plaindealer says the Radiels of Ohio are quartelline with an and diplomatic circles in the power and place speaks well for the authorities of that city. The abilities of the recipient are of a high order, and his charter of the place, and to make the place speaks well for the authorities of that city. The abilities of the recipient are of a high order, and his charteness. Henry D. Foster owes it to himself, to the Democracy of his District and the State, to Democracy in person and redeem District.

The proceedings of the Conterence were directed to be published in the Pittsburgh Post, and all the Democracy in person and redeem District.

The proceedings of the Conterence were directed to be published in the Pittsburgh Post, and all the Democracy in person and redeem District.

The proceedings of the Conterence were directed to be published in the Pittsburgh Cals of Ohio are quarreling with each other in the bitterest manner. The are divided purpose on a level with the best men of the nation in its glory days. His presence and 25th June, 1870, by the Pope's Nuncio,

ABOUT the time of the negro sacrificial anniversary of Voudow in Louisiana, a little white girl disappeared from the streets of spatches which come to us by the Atlantic New Orleans. Large rewards have been offered for her recovery, or such information as will give certain knowledge of her fate .-Experienced and trained detectives have been employed to unravel the mystery .-Money has been freely used in the same direction, but all to no purpose. The child rested in this case, within a few days have between parties disposed to keep the peace. known that the Obi priests have declared The real object for which Napoleon makes that a certain number of white children foul and disgusting altar with the life-blood ter. This is a terrible state of affairs. Barbarians, who immolate children to imaginary American citizens. They are to make and interpret laws in relation to the moral well being of white men and women of this country. They are to set on the beach and in the jury box one day, and butcher a white child at the command of Obi the next. This Christain age and country .- Age.

A DESERTED BARK TOSSED ON THE AT-LANTIC FCB NINE MONTHS, AND REACHES PORT AT LAST .- Late English papers report the following: The news of the arrival at Falmouth on the 23d, of the Norwegian bark Svalen, long ago given up for lost, created considerable interest and curiosity at Lloyds'. The Svalen, as has been stated in our telegraph columns, a vessel of about eight hundred tons, was abandoned by her crew on the 19th of October, 1869, a few days after sailing from Montreal for London with a cargo of timber. The crew were picked up and landed at Falmouth on the 7th of November following. But the most curious circumstance in connection with the less of the ship is that the vessel, after rolling about on the broad Atlantic, and perhaps in other seas, for nearly nine months, should be accidentally lighted on by a passing steamer near the British shores, with her cargo safe and in good condition, the ship itself being so far seaworthy as to float, and her cabin is scarcely ingenuous in boasting that the furniture and her other fittings in good taste new Naturalization law has triumphed over of preservation. Insurances had been effectthe opposition of the Democratic press .- ed, it appears, on the Svalen at Lloyds, by The law, as passed, so materially differs her foreign owners, and the question that have long since paid the amount insured, will of course, recoup themselves by the possession of the valuable derelict that has so singularly been found; but the amount of salvage due to the captain and crew of the steamer Denia, who discovered the missing ship, will have to be deducted from the un derwriters' claims. Still, the valuable cargo of timber in the Svalen will help greatly to compensate for the loss incurred by underwriting her.

AN OLD ROMANCE.-There is a young lady in Cleveland, the only daughter of a bankrupt of Syracuse, N. Y., a merchant, who is now supporting her parents in affluence on a small fortune she made in the Venango oil region. When misfortune overtook her parents-that was in 1866-and she saw her father, whom she fondly loved, bending under the weight of want and declining health, she secretly resolved that with her own fair hands she would earn a competence for his declining years. With the thought pervading her whole being, and in full possession of her faculties, she provided herself with male attire, severed the beautiful locks, which had been the pride and the admiration of numerous beaux, stained her face and hands the bronze color of the farmer, and with a small sum of money which she had realized from thesale of her trinkets. she made her way to the pioneer run, where, under the name of Billy McGee, she soon ingratiated herself into the good will of a crew of drillers, who first learned her to turn a drill and then secured her a position on a scheme, that we feel that our opposition to drilling well. From drilling for wages she went to drilling for small working interests in several fair wells. Having accumulated a little money, she ventured to put down a well on her own account, succeeded, tried another, again succeeded, and at the end of two years she left Shamburgh with \$13,000. retired to Cleveland, provided a good home for her parents, resumed female attire, and now, with hands and feet enlarged by toil, she passes in her promenades the worthless butterflies of fashion with a proud consciouswhich we are placing ourselves. We have ness of her superior worth .- Pleasantville

A TRAVELING STORE .- A Chicago corres pondent writes to a New York paper as follows : Two enterprising men at Burlington, Iowa, have just completed the model of them a full line of goods in place of the usual "samples," and delivering the purchases as soon as they are selected. The model of the car was very elaborately made at the Pullof a car, as large as a Pullman sleeping coach, fitted up with shelves on the side, deep drawers on wheels, folding counters for under the floor, accessible by trap doors, in which a large amount of goods can be stored. and at each end are private state-rooms. sleeping berths, etc. Imagine the ease with which a Chicago merchant will supply his country customers when this Yankee contrivance comes into use. Having built or chartered his car, and announced to dealers along the line of any particular road at what day he will arrive at the different stations, he loads it with a great stock of goods and sends it off in charge of his clerks. At each station it is switched upon a side track, the buyer drives up his wagon, and in a few minutes or hours he has his whole spring

the 21st District.

After some appropriate remarks made by we hope he will commence at once the work of organization. The people expect this at his hands and should not be disappointed.

The are divided on the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. The people expect this at his hands and should not be disappointed.

After some appropriate remarks made by on the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. They seen to hate each other more bitterly than they do the Democracy, and 16,000 sail-ton in New York, and afford an example of the country.

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After some appropriate remarks made by on the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. They seen to hate each other more bitterly than they do the Democracy, and their feuds can not be healed.

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On the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. They seen to hate each other material parts of the country.

On the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. They seen to hate each other material parts of the country.

On the tariff, and a unit on no question of importance. They seen to hate each other material parts of the country and their feuds can not be foundation.

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On the tariff, and a unit on no question of the country and the parts of the country and their feuds can not be foundation.

On the tariff, and a unit

General News Items.

-Only ten day left for trout fishing. -A young man of Cincinnati wants the law to restrain his father in his loose expenditures on a woman not his wife. Amount estimated, \$35,000.

-Whittemore, the model Radical cadetseller, has announced himself as a candidate for election to the Forty-second Congress .-He is just the man for popularity among the Radicals, and his district has a large majority of negroes.

In a distance of five miles on the North Western Railroad, between Elgin and Gilbert's station, Illinois, twenty telegraph poles were shattered by lightning on Thursday night. The wires were melted in several instances. The thunder was terrible.

- Four men were drowned at Montrose, Iowa, twelve miles above Keokuk, by falling into the river from the wheelhouse of the steamer North Western, which they were engaged in washing. Their names are not given. They were hands on that boat. -A Sunday-school excursion train return-

ing to Richmond, Va., on Tuesday, was thrown from the track by a falling tree .-Four cars and the engine were smashed, and one hundred yards of the track torn up .-One of the excursionists was killed, and a number were injured. -A Mr. Rye, a photographer of New York, has just brought out a new process of

light-printing from photographic negatives by which, on an ordinary printing press, and with printers' ink, ten thousand delicate plctures can be taken from one plate of prepared steel, copper, or glass. -A Cincinnati doctor protests against

pouring water on the head in case of sunstroke. He prescribes warm water applications and an emetic, after which sulphuric ether, in teaspoonful doses every fifteen minntes, and friction along the spine by means of mustard and strong liniment.

-At Indianapolis, on Sunday afternoon, Mr. Isaac Merchant, Jr., fired a shotgun at a dog that was chasing a flock of geese along the banks of White river, when the body of his father rose from the water. The old gentleman, who had been suffering from cancer in the throat, had committed suicide by drowning only a few hours previous.

-A lady at a fair in Springfield, Ohio, the other day, saw what she took to be a very nice piece of candy, and quietly put it her mouth. It proved to be a miniature bombshell, and exploded, larcerating her mouth and shattering her teeth in an exceedingly unpleasant manner. Attempting to eat bombshells is a dangerous business.

-D. W. Bissel, of Larcaster, has a pullet which commenced laying eggs at four months of age. It was hatched on the last day of last February, and on the first of the present month laid an egg, and has dropped one each alternate day since, except on last Friday and Saturday, on both of which days it laid an egg. The eggs are a little larger than those of a partridge.

-A freight train was wrecked on the Kansas Pacific Railroad at two o'clock on Thurswith the other hand is picking his pocket? from the law as proposed, that the country now arose on the recovery of the ship was day morning, a few miles from Hays City. owes a large debt of gratitude to those who as to salvage rights. The underwriters who The engineer, Reynolds, and fireman, Wills, were instantly killed. A brakeman was fatally hurt, and the conductor, Palmer. seriously injured. Five cars were wrecked and the engine disabled. The accident oc curred from the washing away of a culvert by heavy rains.

-A mortgage for \$5,000,000, given by the Pennsylvania Canal Company to Herman J. Lombaert, in trust for the bondholders of the above company, is being put upon record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Lancaster county. The same document will also be recorded in fifteen other counties in this State. The stamps required on this paper amount to \$5,000. The \$5,000 .-

000 are divided into bonds of \$5,000 each -Later and authentic advices from Tienstsin by telegraph through Siberia, confirm the previous report of the massacre of foreigners in China. The outrages were committed on the 10th of June. The natives s t fire to and destroyed the French establishments but left those of the Germans unmolested. The representatives of the European powers at Pekin, had addressed a joint note to the Chinese government, demanding the punishment of the rioters and indemnity for the losses sustained.

THE spat which those two loval chaps, Butler and Farnsworth had a short time ago didn't end in the spilling of any blood, (we said it wouldn't) but it is likely to end in the spilling of some secrets that are not creditable to one of the helligerents. Butler's friends have put in circulation a letter from one B. F. Patrick, who was ticket agent at Chicago, early in the war, for the Pittsburgh Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. In this letter Patrick alleges Farnsworth was paid \$2,500 for sending his troops over that road, and that a receipt for that amount is still in existence. As Farnsworth will hardly be able to "crawl over" such an ugly fact, he will be forced to make another leak somewhere in Butler's moral epidermis, in order to get even. We have no doubt that in the end it will turn out that nearly every prominent Radical has let his "grand moral ideas" run in the same channel with those of the poor found outcast Whittemore .- Pottsville

THERE is much interest felt by the immense German population of this country in regard to the war between France and a traveling dry goods and grocery house, in Prussia. Here and there one may be found which the city merchant or his agent can who sides with France or feels coolly toward visit his country customers, conveying to Prussia, but the bulk of them are heartily with Fatherland and bitterly hostile to Napoleon. In the larger cities the excitement is intense and monster meetings will be held to give expression to the prevaling sentiment. man Palace Car Works, and is quite a curi- At an impromptu meeting held in Chicago osity. It shows, in miniature, a half section on Sunday afternoon several thousand dollars were raised and put into the hands of a committee to be expended in relief for the wounded of the Prussian army. The comexhibiting goods, and a spacious apartment | mitte expect to incrase the sum to fifty thousand dollars in a few days, and they will no doubt do so. In New York, and elsewhere, In the center of the car is the cashier's desk, arrangements are being made for holding meetings .- Lanc. Intel.

STRANGE OCCURRENCE.-A remarkable phenomenon occurred recently about two miles above Lanesboro, on the Jefferson road. A high embankment was building across an apparently solid swamp, and upon this embankment a track was laid, and gravel cars were running to convey the earth taken from the deep cut above into the swamp. The work went on, and the superintendents were rejoicing over the prospect of a speedy termination of the work. But it was of short stock selected and delivered in his store, or duration : for on coming to work one mortoriously corrupt rule of Bullock and his Or, cur imp suggests, as Brainard and immediately without waiting for their slow which they had been working so long and dilligently had sunk out of sight, and that a yawning abyss and a few straggling hil-Chief Engineer of the Department of Docks in New York. The elevation of such a man to trestle this place, and to bester. -In official and diplomatic circles in in New York. The elevation of such a man to trestle this place, and to hasten on the

rillard Spencer, Esq , of New York.

1870 A NEW THING A BIG THING. And a GOOD THING in EBENSE

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The "House of Tudor" Surren NEW STORE! NEW CON

New Inducemental High Street! Lew Price

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NO DEALER KEEPS BETTEROW NO DEALER KEEPS MORE GOO NO DEALER SELLS CHEATE NO DEALER SELLS MORE TRY FRY! TRY FRY!! TRY P

Buy from Fry! Buy from Fall TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO t the finest Dress Goods at the fareer

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO Muslins, Checks, Ginghams, Ticking ings, Denims, Drills, Jeans, Con simeres, Satinetts, Delanes, lan Prints, &c., &c., and wishing the full worth of your more

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT'S Boots and Shoes for Men's, Ladie a dren's wear, unexcelled in quins nowhere undersold in tries

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TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO anything and everything worth buying sure that at all times you will be su at the LOWEST CASH RATE Oh my! my eye! it is no lie

Just opened by A. G. Fry, On the street called High, More for your money you can't Than from any one else, far or night

I design to keep a fall DRESS GOODS of a and as I am determined to sell as (THE CHEAPEST, I respectfully sai from all the ladies, and especially for who have been in the habit of visit places to make their purchases.

you want to buy, be sure first to try Ebensburg, May 27, 1869.

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patients who have used Rosani for our Rosadalis Guide to Hall or Almanac for this year, while lish for gratuitous distributed give you much valuable into Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltime I take pleasure in recomme ROSADALIS as a very powerful all I have seen it used in two me

sappy results-one in a case of sel syphilis, in which the put himself cured after having taken les of your medicine. The one at of Scrofula of long standing, al rapidly improving under its se, its recover. I have careful remaind formula by which your issues and and find it an excelled competed alterative Ingredients. Dr. Sparks, of Nicholastia &

he has used Rosadalis in case if la and Secondary Sychilis with a tory results-as a cleaner of the know no better remedy. Samuel G. M. Fadden, Murin Tenn., says: I have used sevent Rosadalis and am entirely carel matism; send me four bottle, if it for my brother, who has so

Benj. Bechtol, of Line, 0, sin have suffered for 20 years with erate eruption over my whole he short time since I bought a bittle sadalis and it effected a perfect Rosadalis is sold by Leures BAY, Ebensburg, and Druggiss Baltimore. CLEMENTS !!

April 7, 1869. ly. VALUABLE FARM FOR -A fine FARM in Cambria Cambria county, Pa., within four nik ensburg and adjacent to the Turn leading from Blairsville to Hunting fered for sale on accommodating test Farm contains 100 ACRES, about

acres of which are cleared, the remain ing well timbered. The Farm is it state of cultivation and under good feet has thereon erected a comfortable half story HOUSE, a large FRIME BAL and all necessary outbuildings never failing spring of pure water and the BEST and most THEIFTY Orcharis grafted fruit in the county on the pres For further particulars call and set all

Murch 24.-3m. * Box 91, Ebenshort GREAT CHAL To Save Money A LL PERSONS buying Got after this date, and paying C. same, will be allowed TEN

GEO. HUNTI Ebensburg, Feb. 24, 1870, tf.

LOYD & CO., Bankers and a general Banking business man