

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1870.

The correspondent of the Johnstown Tribune courts and challenges criticism, "full, free and manly, of the principle" involved in the removal question.

If the editor of the Ashland Advocate should see proper hereafter to copy into his paper an original article from the Freeman, he ought, according to the well recognized rules of the profession, say where it came from.

We asserted in this paper two weeks ago, in an article reviewing the Johnstown address, that "never prior to the Legislative session of 1869, was such a project as a 'District Court' for the southern part of Cambria county ever heard of."

The last Johnstown Tribune denies, for reasons stated, the truth of this allegation and demands at our hands a retraction. We never knowingly and willfully published a falsehood in the editorial columns of the Freeman.

Of course we may and doubtless have been mistaken, in some things that we have written, but it was not done with any design to perpetrate a willful wrong.

We are well aware that many years ago the question was agitated of incorporating Johnstown and the surrounding boroughs into a city with a "Mayors Court," similar to the act of 1851, incorporating the "Mayors Court of Cambria county."

We presume that the two bills, which the editor of the Tribune says were sent to Mr. Pershing during his five years as a member of the House from this county, contained substantially the well known provisions of the Cambria law.

This we believe to be the truth. If there ever was a bill, prepared, of course by the attorneys in Johnstown as the Tribune admits, and sent to either George N. Smith or to Cyrus L. Pershing, asking the Legislature to organize a "District Court" at Johnstown, by that specific title, the question can be easily settled.

There is no pretence whatever that John P. Linton ever had any bill of the kind sent to him. Now if Cyrus L. Pershing will say in a very brief communication, either to the Tribune or to the Freeman, that the two bills which were sent to him, according to the allegation of the Tribune, provided for the organization of a "District Court" at Johnstown by that name, we will then withdraw all that we said on the subject in controversy, but not until then.

It is the author of the communication in the last Johnstown Tribune imagines, for one moment, that he and his associates in the "removal" outrage can appear on a platform, on the so-called "Court House Square," and vent their spleen against the citizens of this "obsolescent village" with impunity, or that their fierce and vindictive assaults will not be promptly repelled, we take this occasion to remove that impression, and to say both to him and them, that they are laboring under a fatal delusion.

In this contest there will be blows to give, as well as blows to take, and we pledge them, collectively and individually, our word that we will always return them a "Roland for their Oliver."

This correspondent referred to charges us with making "personal attacks." Is it a personal attack on our part to quote his precise language, and then to refute his nonsense, by illustrating its illogical conclusions, or by facts? No other man than himself, or one whose mind is full of the wildest theories and the most fanciful crotchets, will so declare.

In this appropriate supplement to his harangue on "Court House Square" there is a most singular omission. He has forgotten to say a solitary word in defence of the hardships of his "lady of seventy," who, poor old soul, was compelled to ride in a rail road car from Johnstown to Ebensburg to prove before the Register, that her husband was dead and that he had made a will.

The Johnstown Convention.

This body, which was supposed by its originators to be big with the future destinies of Cambria county, met in Union Hall, in Johnstown, on last Saturday, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Assembly who is in favor of the visionary and transparent humbug of removing the county seat from the "obsolescent village" of Ebensburg to the queenly city of Johnstown.

We have been informed, by a gentleman who was present, that Daniel, in his address to the removal conclave, was noisy and turbulent in the extreme—that he literally tore the passions to tatters—that he boiled over and frothed and fomed with indignation against the erection of the new jail, or as he and his co-laborers style it, the "penitentiary," and that he was more than usually abusive, if that could be possible, of the people of the "obsolescent village."

We will only say, that in despite of this tempest in a tea pot, the new jail, or "penitentiary," or "feudal castle," as the case may be, is rapidly going upward and onward, and will continue so to do, and that the people of Ebensburg, in the pleasant pursuits of peace and happiness, have thus far providentially survived the well-meant, but harmless blows of this Sampson Agonistes of the 5th ward of Johnstown.

The convention contained not less than forty nor more than forty-five delegates. Two districts in the immediate vicinity of Johnstown, viz: Conemaugh township and Coopersdale were not represented.

Why "this was thus" we are not prepared to say. The townships of Washington and Summerhill, and the borough of Wilmore, were represented by self-appointed delegates—neither set having any known living constituents.

James Potts, Esq., in pursuance of an arrangement entered into in a private room, on the night previous to the meeting of the convention, by the leading spirits of the removal "ding," was the recipient of the high and distinguished honor of leading the forlorn hope of removal, to certain and ignominious defeat, and as he bears a military title of some significance, and as his courage has never been doubted, it is fair to infer, that under his strategy, aided by that of the chief of his military staff, the skillful and successful Gen. John F. Barnes, late District Attorney, the campaign promises, when these two puissant chieftains "let slip the dogs of war," to be of the most lively and exciting character.

Gen. Potts is omitted to a fault, and is one of the "mildest mannered men" within the limits of this or any other county. We always had a kind regard for him, both personally and politically, and we congratulate him on his new fangled honors. May he wear them meekly if not touchily, and with Christian fortitude and resignation. We hope, for the success of the issue soon to be determined, that Gen. Potts, as Charles Sumner once implored Edwin M. Stanton, will "stick."

We understand from our informant, already referred to, that a meeting was held on the mythical "Court House Square" on Saturday night, to ratify the action of the convention, and that although the aid of a first class brass band was called into requisition, and although it discoursed sweet music along the principal avenues of the city, not more than from one to two hundred of the friends of removal graced the aforesaid Square with their presence.

Gen. Potts appeared, and amidst the most painful and oppressive silence of the vast multitude, accepted the much coveted nomination, which was received with many a cheer. The audience was then addressed by the irrepressible McLaughlin and by Gen. Barnes, after which the delighted and enthusiastic crowd "removed the ranche." Sic transit gloria venosus.

In our statement last week of the vote on Gen. Logan's resolution excluding Whittemore from his seat in the House, although we gave it as the telegraph was made to furnish it, there was a great mistake. It seems that the correct vote stood 24 for his admission and 131 against it.

Among the immortal twenty-four it is a gratification to know and to proclaim the fact, that the name of no Democrat is to be found. The only two members from Pennsylvania who disgraced themselves by voting to admit Whittemore to his seat, were John Cessna and William D. Kelly, both intense Radicals. This is not at all surprising, for their career in Congress conclusively shows, that when any Urby political work is to be done in the House their votes can be counted on with absolute certainty.

They will both be candidates for re-election next fall and their votes on this question, apart from their abundant reasons, ought to damn them in the estimation of their constituents.

The Democratic County Convention of Indiana county assembled on last Monday. Gen. Foster, of Greensburg, was declared to be the choice of the party of that county for Congress, there being no opposition to him. We are also gratified to announce that Samuel S. Jamison, of Saltsburg, and Col. H. K. Sloan, of Indiana, were nominated for Assembly. Better selections could not have been made.

A CANDID ADMISSION.—On last Thursday, when the Congressional Apportionment bill was under consideration in the House, Mr. Scofield, Radical, from the Warren district in this State, made the following confession, every word and sentence of which are literally true.

It is a brief but comprehensive statement of what has heretofore been the hypocritical policy of the Radical party in Congress and will be accepted as the undisputed truth: "He remembered that at the close of the war, when any great wrong was to be done in the House, it was done in the name of the soldiers and now that that name is to be used, it is to be done in the name of the blacks."

If this is not a perfect and complete epitome of Radical legislation for the last five years, we have utterly failed to understand it.

LIFE INSURANCE FOR PRESIDENT GRANT.—A Man Who Ought to be in the Cabinet.—Provision for his family is the duty of every man, and President Grant is not to be found remiss in his duty while his official position enables him to perform it satisfactorily and easily.

He is now in easy circumstances for all his life, made so by gifts from patriotic gentlemen who have found their reward in Cabinet offices and other positions for themselves and relations. He has sold one gift house at a round profit and got another, besides a lot of land in New Jersey on which he doesn't set a large price.

But this does not prevent one of his Secretaries sending a brother-in-law over the country, with a letter of introduction, asking subscriptions for the purpose of buying the President a paid up life insurance policy of \$50,000. This will cost \$27,000 cash, and it is the purpose of the brother-in-law of the Secretary to get the amount out of office holders and aspirants to office.

When the policy is obtained it is supposed that the President will be satisfied, having secured his own comfort during life and a tolerable portion for his family after death. It would have been better to have had the movement originate somewhat further from home, but unless the canvasser came from official quarters the office holders might not be so approachable.

Still it is rather severe, especially upon those in New York who have such large campaign taxes to pay, that they should be given their choice of subscription or dismissal, and all for a policy which Grant is simply able to carry for himself if he is really anxious about the future of his family.—[Boston Post.

"LOOK OUT FOR GEARY."—The warning of Stonewall Jackson may come home to Grant, as the following card, in the Washington Star of the 16th, will show. Let the President be admonished to look out for Geary when he reads this: [Advertisement.]

Editor of the Star.—As President Grant pledged himself, both before and after his election, to one term, it would not be improper to look out for a successor. In that connection we know of no man now living in whom are fully combined all the elements necessary to constitute a suitable Chief Magistrate for this Government as John W. Geary, present Governor of Pennsylvania. It is due to him, and to Pennsylvania, that he be brought forward by his many friends as our next Republican candidate for the next Presidency.

June 16, 1870. MANY PENNSYLVANIANS. Why shouldn't our good noodlehead of a Governor be President of the United States? If he is not up to the standard required for that position in days gone by, the office has been brought down to his range of capacity. He could take houses and lots, houses and bull pups as well as Grant. He could select a cabinet of donors just as eminent for stupidity as Grant has gathered around him, and he could appoint all the Geary connection to office, and fish for trout just as well as the present incumbent. His position as a member of the Independent Order of Red Men might have a conciliatory effect upon the Indian gentlemen of the plains. Let Geary have a chance—at least give him show enough to pay for the advertisement in the Star.—Vernonia Spectator.

THE LATE EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.—Further Particulars.—A letter from the City of Mexico thus speaks of the late earthquake: "The latest news from private sources give full particulars of the terrible earthquake which nearly ruined the entire city of Oaxaca on the 11th of this month. About half past 11 P. M. several hard shocks were felt, causing a destruction of life and property all over the city. The motion was oscillating at first from south to north, then vertical or trembling. The shocks lasted about fifty-eight seconds, and in force, destruction and severity surpassed anything of the kind that has ever taken place in this State. Oaxaca is probably one of the strongest, most firmly constructed cities in Mexico, yet the condition of houses since the earthquake is truly deplorable, some of them in complete ruins. The palace is almost destroyed, and will require thousands of dollars before it can be made suitable for occupation. San Francisco is one mass of ruins, and all of the corridors of the old convent of San Juan de Dios fell, burying four persons and wounding many more. The clock tower, which was only finished on the 5th of May, was shaken down, passing through the top of the building into the Supreme Court rooms and through the floors of these into the portals of the palace. The total number of persons killed is about one hundred, while it is impossible to ascertain the number of the wounded. The shock continued the next day (Thursday), and about a quarter to one a very severe shock was felt. Friday there were one or two very severe shocks. Terror reigns supreme, and upon the countenances of all anxiety and fear of greater evil are plainly depicted. All remained in the public squares and outside of the city for fear that greater shocks would come, and, on account of its dilapidated condition, would make a complete ruin of the entire city.

The terrible story which has been going the rounds of the press, taken from the Middletown (Mo.) Banner, to the effect that three of the musicians attached to James Robinson & Co.'s circus had been destroyed by the lions belonging to the show, into whose cage they had been precipitated on the 12th of May, is undoubtedly a hoax. Any such event would have been soon telegraphed all over the country, and would not have required five weeks' time to be known. Interested parties in this city have heard nothing of it, and laugh at the improbable, if not absurd story. It is the invention of some sensational wag connected with the press, or is an advertising dodge of the show—most probably the latter.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

—A cow drover got himself into trouble, in Montgomery county, the other day, by trying a "trick of his trade" to impose upon purchasers through a most cruel infliction on cows and calves as well as their owners. He had tied a string around the neck of a cow, and then he kept them from sucking their mothers, in order to swell the cows' udders, and give them the appearance of great milkers. He was arrested under the law punishing cruelty to dumb animals, and fined ten dollars for each offence, amounting to \$300.

—A bull named Hyde, who resides near St. Joseph, Mo., has something in the way of horse flesh that is a natural curiosity. It is a three-year-old colt, with horns resembling those of a deer protruding out straight about two and a half inches above each eye. These horns made their appearance about two months ago, and have grown with remarkable rapidity, and have now attained considerable length. The colt is a very finely formed animal, about sixteen hands high.

The Fall Elections.

An Address to the Friends of Constitutional, Economical and Honest Government by the Democratic United States Senators and Representatives.

To our Fellow Citizens of the United States, Friends of Constitutional, Economical, and Honest Government: The undersigned beg leave to call your attention to the peculiar importance of the elections which take place this year, and respectfully to submit some suggestions for your consideration. By the State Legislatures to be elected nearly one-third of the United States Senate will be chosen. Nearly all the members of the next House of Representatives are to be elected next fall.

Upon the coming elections, then, depends the question whether the Democratic and Conservative element in the Senate shall be increased, and whether that element shall have a majority in the House of Representatives, and, as a consequence, whether we shall have a constitutional, economical, and honest government, or a continuance of revolutionary, extravagant, and wasteful and partisan rule; whether we shall have a general, uniform, just, and constitutional legislation, with reasonable taxation and frugal expenditure, or unconstitutional, partial, unjust, class legislation, with oppressive and unequal taxation and wasteful expenditure.

That we have strong reasons to hope for a favorable result is plainly apparent. The States which are clearly in favor of the tide of reform has set in with a power that cannot be resisted if no blunders be committed by the friends of reform. If they do their duty and act wisely; if they throw off all apathy and act with vigor and steadfastness, there is every reason to hope that their efforts will be rewarded by success. Let there be no dissensions about minor matters, no time lost in the discussion of local issues, no manifestation of narrow or proscriptive feeling, no sacrifice of the cause to gratify personal ambition or resentment, and let the best men be chosen for candidates; and we may hope to see our country redeemed from misrule.

And in this connection we beg leave to say a word to our fellow-citizens of the Southern States. Do not risk the loss of Senators or Representatives by electing men who cannot take the test oath, or who are under the disability imposed by the Fourteenth Amendment; whatever may be said as to the validity of that amendment or the test act, you may rest assured that Senators elected by the vote of members of the Legislatures who are held by the Radicals to be thus disqualified will not be permitted to take their seats, and that members of the House of Representatives thus disqualified will also be excluded. In that connection we dictate of practical wisdom not to incur any such risks. We hope soon to see the day when all disabilities will be removed; but in the meantime do not, we entreat you, lose the opportunity to strengthen the Democratic and Conservative force in Congress, and the possibility, nay, probability of obtaining a majority in the next House of Representatives by putting it in the power of our adversaries to overthrow or disregard your elections. Signed

A. G. Thurman, O.; Wm. T. Hamilton, Md.; John W. Johnston, Va.; Garrett Davis, Ky.; George Vickers, Md.; John P. Stockton, N. J.; T. F. Bayard, Del.; E. Casserly, Cal.; Thomas C. McCreary, Ky.; Willard Saulsbury, Del.; Daniel S. Norton, Minn.; Samuel J. Randall, Pa.; George W. Woodard, Pa.; P. Van Trump, O.; Stevenson Archer, Mo.; R. J. Haldeman, Pa.; J. D. Stiles, Pa.; J. Lawrence Getz, Pa.; James R. McCormick, Mo.; Boyd Winchester, Kentucky; W. E. Niblack, Ind.; O. Cleveland, N. J.; John A. Griswold, N. Y.; Fernando Wood, N. Y.; Eugene M. Wilson, Minn.; James S. Smith, Ore.; E. F. Dickerson, O.; Henry W. Morgan, O.; Peter W. Strader, O.; George W. Slocum, N. Y.; John M. Grebe, Ill.; T. N. McNeely, Ill.; Patrick Hamill, Md.; Erastus W. Cook, Mo.; James A. Johnson, Cal.; Henry A. Reeves, N. Y.; Ben T. Biggs, Del.; James B. Beck, Ky.; Clarkson W. Potter, N. Y.; Samuel Hambleton, Md.; J. Proctor Knott, Ky.; S. S. Cox, N. Y.; Charles Haight, N. J.; S. S. Marshall, Ill.; S. L. Mayhew, N. Y.; John Fox, N. Y.; Wm. S. Holman, Ind.; D. M. Van Auker, Pa.; Jas. Brooks, N. Y.; Albert G. Burr, Ill.; William Mangum, O.; D. W. Voorhees, Ind.; Peter M. Easton, Va.; John C. Schenck, N. Y.; Wm. H. Burdett, Conn.; Thomas L. Jones, Ky.; John C. Connor, Tex.; W. N. Sweeney, Ky.; James H. Lewis, Ky.; L. S. Trimble, Ky.; John T. Bird, N. J.; Thomas Swann, Md.; John M. Rice, Ky.; Samuel B. Axtell, Cal.; Charles A. Eldridge, Wis.; Geo. M. Adams, Ky.; James L. Cavanaugh, Mo.; J. K. Shaffer, Idaho; James Nuckolls, Wyo.; Ant. A. C. Rodgers, Ark.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. At an adjourned caucus of the democratic and conservative Senators and Representatives the following congressional committee was elected, to consist of two Senators and one Representative from each State represented in the Senate and House by democratic or conservative members. This committee had power given them to appoint a democratic and conservative resident committee, to consist in part of their own members, together with citizens of this city, to the number that may be hereafter agreed upon. The following is the democratic congressional committee: Eugene Casserly, Cal.; John P. Stockton, N. J.; Wm. H. Bartram, Cal.; Henry E. Slocum, N. Y.; John T. Bird, N. J.; Samuel J. Randall, Pa.; Benjamin T. Biggs, Del.; Frederick Stone, Md.; John W. Johnston, Va.; Francis E. Shaver, N. C.; Philadelphia Van Trump, O.; Wm. E. Niblack, Ind.; Boyd Winchester, Ky.; C. A. Sharp, Tenn.; Easton Wells, Mo.; Charles A. Eldridge, Wis.; E. M. Wilson, Minn.; J. D. Stiles, Pa.; Oregon; James A. Johnson, Cal.; Anthony A. C. Rodgers, Ark.; John C. Connor, Texas; P. M. B. Young, Ga.; Not selected Ala.; Adolfo Bailey, La.; A. G. Burr, Ill.

General News Items.—Covode writes that he is "weiric of public life, and don't want it." —A child was born during service in a church at Watertown, Wisconsin, recently. —The Empress Carlotta is reported to be in the last stages of insanity. Her death, it is expected, will occur at an early day. —The genealogy of Whittemore is thus stated: He is the grandchild of Congressmen George Regan negro suffrage, and negro suffrage begat Whittemore. —The Radicals in Zanesville, O., refused to visit the Catholic burying ground on memorial day, and strew flowers on the graves of Catholic soldiers buried there. —The many friends of John Bingham, Esq., late of Adams' Express Company, will regret to learn the death of that gentleman, which occurred in Philadelphia, last Friday evening. —Mr. Bonner's horse "Peachonts" recently trotted a mile, without a slip or break, on Fashion Course, in the remarkable time of 2:18. This horse was purchased by Mr. Bonner for \$35,000. —The Hon. J. M. Phelps, a hitherto prominent and active West Virginia Republican, has abandoned that corrupt and moribund party, and cast his fortunes with the constitutionally Democratic. —A strip of land, 30 by 100 feet, covered with trees, is gradually sinking from the face of the earth, one mile south of Fort Wayne, Indiana. The cause is supposed to be an underground lake or river wearing the earth away. —Congress appropriated fifty thousand dollars to entertain Red Cloud and his company. There is a surprise found in consequence of Red Cloud's refusal to accept presents. He differs from Grant in this particular. —A negro judge in Louisiana had a colic and bore before him for committing arson. The learned judge said arson was one of the worst things in the business, so he should fine the culprit a hundred dollars, and compel him to marry the girl. —There are ninety thousand men in Missouri who are not allowed to vote, because they are not "loyal" enough; but still their lack of "loyalty" does not save them from a tax of four cents on the dollar to support the men who disfranchise them. —There is a magnificent specimen of a century plant now in full bloom at an old plantation house a short distance below Gretna, in Louisiana. The shaft of the plant is about 35 feet, and presents a beautiful appearance, with its milk-white blossoms. —Mrs. Lynch, aged 45 years, was run over in Philadelphia on Thursday night by the cars on the Germantown Railroad and killed. She had in her arms an infant, which fell on the cow-catcher and was carried three thousand feet hurt. —At Morris, Ill., on Sunday morning, one of the pupils of St. Angela Academy, being extremely with heat, fell from the orchestra to the floor below, a distance of twenty feet. She is in a precarious condition. —In the lower branch of the Connecticut Legislature, on June 23d, the proposed amendment to the State Constitution striking out the word "white" failed to pass, wanting the requisite two-thirds vote. The vote was strictly partisan, and stood as follows: Yeas Radicals, 119; nays Democrats, 59. —A young fellow in Erie, a sailor by occupation, made a dive head foremost from the masthead of a schooner, a distance of ninety-eight feet, and came up apparently uninjured. He offered to dive from the top of a grain elevator if the people would raise him a purse of \$100. So says the Dispatch. —A young lady reached a town in Maine last week, direct from Germany, and on the second day after her arrival was married to a happy youth, who was engaged to her six years ago in the old country, and who, after securing a house in Maine, sent her to "come over the water to Charlie"—only his name was Frederick. —Land on the Mississippi by no means real estate. A town was recently found on the other side of the river from its previous day's location, the river having cut off a bend in the night; and planters frequently find themselves on a small island, or even miles back from the bank, by similar freaks of the Father of Waters. —There is a boy living in Woodward twp., Lycoming county, seventeen years of age, who stands six feet eight inches high and weighs over two hundred pounds. His name is George Wurster. There is also a girl living in Middlebury township, Tioga county, fifteen years of age and weighs four hundred pounds. —The kid glove is about to cease from its mission as the emblem of aristocracy on account of defection in prices. Very excellent kids are now sold in Paris at thirty cents a pair, and on Broadway they are marked as low as fifty cents. The market is absolutely overstocked, and even the present prices can not long be maintained in the trade. —One of the officers of a steamer, at Savannah, Ga., recently had some difficulty with a deck hand, and to save his own life knocked the man overboard. The man could not swim, and was on the point of drowning, when the officer jumped in and rescued him. The officer's friends complimented him on saving two lives that day. —On the 16th, as the train from Omaha to Salt Lake City approached Platte river, the engineer discovered a band of mounted Indians crossing the track. As the train neared them they began to yell, and the engineer, supposing they were about to attack the train, put steam on and dashed through them, killing thirteen Indians and as many horses. —The heirs of Stephen A. Douglass are attempting to recover possession of the "Douglass tract" in Chicago, now distributed among several owners, and valued at \$1,200,000. Some laws in this connection are relied upon to accomplish their purpose, and the property owners have united to oppose the claim. Robert, the eldest son of the celebrated Senator, is the principal plaintiff. —Idaho has gone Democratic, says the Elko Independent, electing Sam Merritt delegate to Congress by a majority of from 800 to 900. Every county in the Territory heard from gives Democratic majorities on general tickets. Some laws in the convention of the Mormon county of Oueda, where there is said to be a tie vote. All the county officers elected, with a few scattered exceptions, are Democrats. —An explosion of nitro-glycerine at Worcester, Mass., on Thursday, had the effect of an earthquake. Two men were killed, literally torn to pieces, and about thirty wounded. The shock was felt all over the city, and at points twenty miles distant. Bells were rung, windows smashed, and crockery and furniture broken. Heavy bars were thrown nearly a quarter of a mile.—The damage is estimated at \$150,000. —James Carson, of Greenville, Pa., was recently bringing in his horse from pasture, leading him by the foretop, and while walking along thus, unconsciously, and without any reason to apprehend danger, the horse put his head in a hole in the fence, and was kicked in the head, so that the lower upper portion of his left ear about half off and fractured his skull so badly that there was but little hope entertained of his recovery.

General News Items.

—It is a fixed fact, that propensities run in families, like red hair. A man who was hung in Maine for murder, some six years ago, left six sons, and every one of these children is now a medical practitioner. It's no use trying to suppress these hereditary influences. —A large panther is spreading terror over Peach Mountain, Schuylkill county. He was shot at by two gentlemen on Friday evening week, and on the succeeding Monday killed a large bull dog which was set upon him. On Tuesday last, a troop of men, armed, went in search of the animal, but failed to find him. —Erasmus Lewis of Freehold, Warren county, Pa., while working in a saw mill, was before last, met with a sad accident. One of his hands became caught in the mill, and was so badly crushed as to render amputation necessary. His other arm he lost in the battle of Fredricksburg, and he is now entirely helpless, with a wife and child. —We learn from the Lewistown Gazette that Gen. John P. Taylor, who resides in Kishanquillas Valley, Mifflin county, less than a mile from the camp and spring of the celebrated Chief Logan, in digging to repair the foundation of an old house, that had stood sixty-five or seventy years, lately found imbedded in the earth, about four feet under the surface, a Silver Tea Spoon with the name, Wm. Penn, handsomely engraved upon it, as also the name of the maker, trade mark, &c. The engraving is perfectly legible. Is it part of the purchases made by Penn to the Indians for Pennsylvania? and may it not have once been the property of the great chief Logan? are questions for the curious to answer.

The N. Y. World says: The gypsies are about to establish a colony at New Albany, Ohio, and there are now gathered there about forty families, several of which have settled down on estates contiguous. —"Delegations are still arriving," says the New Albany Ledger—though what can have caused this movement or concentration is, as the Yankee would say, unguessable. They propose to invest in estates, one adjoining another, and have the traditional Gypsy Queen with them. It is not generally known that there are families in the city of New York of eminent fashionable and social distinctions that preserve the gypsy blood in its purity, and that the race is sporadically represented in the enterprising commercial upper ten of the metropolis. —A family named Cornell, of Warren, O., sold their farm week before last, and with the proceeds, amounting to about \$1,200, they left in a wagon on Saturday night, on their way to the far West. Caniping a few miles south of the city the first night, the party were attacked while asleep, by some unknown persons. The father was killed without being awakened, and the mother was instantly killed, immediately after, while calling for help. The daughter, aged 12 years, jumped from the back of the wagon, and escaped in the brush wood. She finally arrived in Greenville, Pa., whither she had followed the trail of the wagon.—The bodies of the father and mother were taken up off by the assassins in the captured wagon. The girl was nearly famished and half-crazed.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We have received from the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association a pamphlet of over one hundred pages, containing the reports of all the Associations in our State, and information as to the work and how to carry it out. From it we learn that the number of Associations in the State is sixty-four, and that they are rapidly increasing—there being almost three times as many as there was last fall. The amount and quality of the work done has improved very much, and the record is highly creditable. It also contains a vast amount of valuable information on the work, articles on Prayer Meetings, Open Air Meetings, Cottage Meetings, Prison Work, Rooms, Libraries, Lectures, Music, Literary and Social Meetings, Conventions, Finances, &c. &c. It is published free, in the interest of the Association work, and copies may be had by addressing T. K. Cree, Chairman State Executive Committee, Pittsburg. It ought to be in the hands of every Christian man in the State. Executive Committee: Thomas K. Cree, Chairman, Pittsburg; Peter B. Simons, Phila.; Gen. Jas. A. Beaver, Bellefonte; Thomas H. Rabe, York; C. O. Shirk, Erie; H. S. Myers, York; and E. Francisus, Harrisburg.

I am now able to report that a cure has been effected by the remedy for five months after using the remedy for five months. I have not used any now for five months and feel as well in all respects as I ever did. Your Bunch being devoid of any impurities, taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorant to the system, I do not mean to be without it ever occasion may require its use in similar conditions. —Should any doubt Mr. McCann's genuineness he refers to the following gentlemen: Hon. WILLIAM BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania; Hon. THOS. FLORENCE, Philadelphia; Hon. J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia; Hon. J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia; Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania; Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Judge, Philadelphia; Hon. W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia; Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania; Hon. E. BANKS, Auditor General, Pennsylvania, D. C. And many others, if necessary.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 25, 1870. H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist: DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer for over twenty years with gravel, bladder and kidney troubles, during which time I have used various medical preparations, and have been treated by the most eminent Physicians, experiencing but little relief. Having seen your preparations advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Bunch, and he advised me to do so. I did this because I had read all the testimonials, and had found them true, and some quite interesting; in fact, I had of ever getting well, and determined to try your remedies thereafter unless I knew of a better one. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of purely vegetable and mineral ingredients, it occurred to me that my physician's examination of the article, and consultation with the druggist, concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, and time by time I was confined to my room. The bottle I was using had not all the ingredients, and it occurred to me that the effect of a perfect cure, knowing that the value of greater value to you and your patients, to me.

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