Cambria Freeman.

Democratic County Ticket.

Assembly: How. JOHN PORTER, Washington Twp. Register and Recorder: GEO. W. OATMAN, Ebensburg Borough. Treasurer: WILLIAM LINTON, Johnstown Borough, Commissioner: JAMES E NEASON, Clearfied Township. Poor House Director: JOHN BLOCH, Johnstown Borough.

Auditor : JOHN II. KENNEDY, Washington Twp.

No PAPER will be issued from this office next week. Cause why, we propose to enjoy the coming anniversary like other people, and can't do that and put out the Freeman into the bargain.

OUR COUNTY TICKET .- We publish the proceedings of the Democratic County Convention and place the ticket at our masthead to-day, but have neither time nor space just now to speak of the nominations in extenso. We consider the ticket one of the very best that could have been formed and we feel sure that it will receive as it deserves the united support of the party.

---The Registry Law.

On last Saturday week, Judge SHARSwoon, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, then holding a Court of Nisi Prius in Philadelphia, delivered a lengthy and able opinion, in which he pronounced the Registry Law passed by the last Legislature unconstitutional. The opinion is too long for us to publish. It is safe to say that there is not a lawyer in Pennsylvania, who understands the provisions of the general election law, and who has ever read that clause in the Constitution defining the qualifications of a voter, who will not concur in the soundness of Judge Sharswood's reasoning. Although he has been denounced in unmeasured terms by the Radical press, yet no man of that party has attempted to prove that what he has said is not sound law. Our own opinion has always been, that as long as the Constitution of the State remains unchanged, no human ingenuity can draft a Registry Law, that is not in direct conflict with that instrument. The reason why this cannot be done is apparent at a glance. The members of the Reform Convention of 1838 understood this question thoroughly. It was fully debated by the ablest members in that body, and in order that there might be no mistake or misunderstanding about it, they incorporated the following clause as a part of the amended Constitution :

"In elections by the cliizens every white freeman, of the age of twenty-one years . havand within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election, shall enjoy the right of an elector."

tion. It is too plain to admit of any argu- cial, a leading radical organ, discourses as ment. Until the plain provision in the follows: Constitution, which we have quoted, is stricken from it, in the way pointed out by lawyers in the State, must necessarily be litical feeling and excitement there may be on this question, we trust the time has not yet come when the judges and the lawyers one sentiment dominant at this time, in the of the State will sanction the idea that the Constitution is a farce and that the Legislature is supreme. When that is attempted to be enforced then the liberties of the people, as guaranteed to them in their Constitution and Bill of Rights, will have pass-

An appeal has been taken from the opinion of Judge Sharswood, which will be argued before all the judges of the Supreme Court during the latter part of this week .-Of course their decision will be final and conclusive. As it concerns every voter in the Commonwealth, and is therefore a ques. tion of great public importance, the decision of the question by a full Court will be awaited with general interest.

Geary Renominated.

of the people.

He is simply a man of intense, overweaning own infirmity. Within our own recollection THURSDAY, : : : JULY 1, 1869. sions to act the part of a demagogue in order filled by such men as George E. Badger, tools to go to Fort Delaware, on the day of and now we have Robeson. the October election in 1867, and take the votes of the soldiers then and there in the are but a few evidences of his boasted hon- tration of the truth of that adage : esty, and will serve to show what manner of man he is. His entire administration has been in character with the man.

If the Democratic State Convention will act prudently and wisely, Geary's defeat is a foregone conclusion. We believe it will nominate a man in whom the people of the State can repose unlimited confidence, and in that event the sands of John W. Geary's official life will soon run out.

Practice against Profession.

It has been repeatedly charged by the democratic party that radical professions of economy and retrenchment are insincere and hypocritical. The evidence of the truth of this allegation has been abundant, and has never been successfully controverted. It is proved by the conduct and acts of the radical party in Congress, and it has been made perfectly manifest by the course of that party in our State Legislature for a number of years, Caruthers, the boatswaln, seven years, session of that body.

Although we admit that the passage by a State Convention of a resolution in favor of economy and reform in the expenditures of the State, is not conclusive evidence that it will be faithfully carried out, yet the taxpayers of the Commonwealth were not prepared to learn that a resolution of that char acter was offered and rejected last week in the Convention that re-nominated Geary, who, in the face of his official acts, has been hypocritically advocating reform in this par- is lifted and the cream is thus completely called conspirators; nor did I ever see any ticular. And yet such was the humiliating removed. fact, and to-day the radical party of Penn through the action of its State Convention, as the enemy of retrenchment and reform.

One would have supposed that the notoriously corrupt practices of the last Legislature would at least have taught the meming resided in the State one year, and in the bers of the Convention the propriety of payelection district where he offers to vote ten ing a decent respect to public opinion, and days immediately preceding such election. not indirectly to have sanctioned the nefaritrolled the legislation of the last session .-Such is the dishonorable attitude now occu-This being a part of the supreme law pied by the radical party, as proclaimed by of the State, the question presents itself, its own mouth-piece. An amendment to a Can an act of the Legislature change or nul- resolution was offered "pledging the Republify it. It is both law and common sense lican party of Pennsylvania to retrenchment that the Constitution of a State cannot be of public expenses and a reformation of repealed, or in any way changed, by a mera abuses in the management of public affairs," act of the Legislature. If it could, then the and was ruled out of order. It could have day. dearest rights of the people could be swept been again offered as an independent propoaway by the popular branch of the govern- sition, but there was no man in that body who had the courege to do it reverence.

It is not necessary to enlarge on the ques- On this subject the Pittsburgh Commer-

"An amendment was submitted, 'pledging the Republican party of Pennsylvania to trepchment of public expenses, and a reformathat instrument, any Registry Law that tion of abuses in the management of public may be drawn up by even ten of the ablest affairs.' This amendment was rejected as ir relevant to the body of the resolution, and by this action the Convention placed the Repub declared unconstitutional. Whatever po- lican party of the State in a false position, and burdened our candidates with a load in the coming canvass that the least exercise of polit-Republican party of Pennsylvania, it is the de mand for 'reformation of abuses' and 'retrenchment in public expenses.' And in so far as the Convention failed to give vitality to these principles, by pledging the party to their sup-port, just so much it fell short of its duty, and ust to this extent will its action be reprobated deem that its mission is to correct and not continue abuses in the State Government."

BORIE.

Grant's Secretary of the Navy, BORIE, having discovered his total want of capacity for an intelligent performance of the duties of his office, has resigned and a man from New Jersey by the name of GEO. M. ROBE son has been appointed his successor. If the question, "Who is Borie?" which was politicians, when Borie was invited into the him dead. Cabinet, has ever been definitely settled dur-As was generally anticipated, Geary was ing his brief and inglorious career in the renominated as the radical candidate for Navy Department, the next great question Governor by the State Convention that met to be solved is, "Who is Robeson?" For in Philadelphia yesterday week. That John aught we know he may be a very proper W. Geary should ever have been presented man for the position. It is a singular fact, to the people of Pennsylvania as a candidate however, that this model administration has for Governor, is one of the political enigmas made it a speciality to utterly ignore the fianced and was married. It is a remarka- tre just before Booth fired the shot, and to of this fast and wonderful age. The politi- uniform practice of all its predecessors since cal cauldron was kept bubbling and boiling the time of Washington, and to select its during the war, and as is always the case Cabinet officers, not from the list of those under such circumstances, the scum will who enjoyed a national prominence, but from cow. Everybody, says the New York Dem- until the next Saturday at midnight, when naturally rise to the surface. A man who, amongst those who had nothing but a local, before the rebellion, would have been repu- or at most, but a doubtful State reputation. out intellect have suddenly been elevated to Between the statesmen who have filled impositions of high public trust. It shows a portant Cabinet positions under all our for- a few days ago married Miss Anna Surratt, taken on board and thrown into a small, four times, he begging for mercy most pitideparture from the old standard of fitness for mer Presidents and those who occupy the office which is a reproach to the intelligence same offices under Grant, there is an impas-If John W. Geary possesses a single qual- try had a right to expect from Grant's ad- because he wedded the daughter of that inno- been confined three days on the vessel when ments. Captain Jos. Rittenhouse was officer if John W. Geary possesses a single qualification for a proper discharge of the duties of Governor of this State, it has yet to be of Governor of this Sta

sesses a sound, discriminating judgment. - as a necessary consequence, be a reflex of his personal vanity, and prepared on all occa- the office of Secretary of the Navy has been to accomplish a political purpose. Although John Y. Mason, George Bancroft and Wm. one of the resolutions declares that his ad- P. Kennedy, all of whom were gentlemen of ministration has been honest, yet John W. distinguished ability, and were well known Geary has stooped to the commission of cer- to the country long before their respective tain acts which every honest man must scorn. appointments. But Grant has changed all Was it honest in him to commission one of his | this, and having done so, we first had Borie

THE Philadelphia Inquirer is one of the service of the United States? He knew that | leading radical papers in the State. We adit was a shameless fraud to do so, and a mit that it came down with a heavy hand plain, palpable violation of law. Neverthe- on the barefaced corruptions and infamous less he did the dirty work, and the voice of "jobs" of the last Legislature, and therefore но man in Pennsylvania was ever raised ir. deserves respect. Whether it entertains any defence of his high-handed conduct. Equal- love for John W. Geary, we think is somely dishonest was his prostitution of his office | what problematical. On the day after Geaduring the late session of Congress, in an at- ry's renomination it published the following tempt to force John Covode into his seat in brief but not enthusiastic article in reference the face of the official returns. No honest to the nominations made by the Convention. Governor would do such things. Yet those If brevity is the soul of wit, here is an illus-

THE STATE CONVENTION .- This body met, yesterday, at Concert Hall, in this city, and made the nomination for Governor that was anticipated. They also nominated for Judge of the Supreme Court HENRY W. WILLIAMS, of Allegheny county.

Political and News Items.

-A boy in Quebec tried to crawl down the chimney and surprise the family by emerging from the fireplace, put got wedged in at a bend of the flue and had to be dug

-The New York Sun, black enough to suit any reasonable nigger, says Grant "is like the yellow dog in a menagerie-he is too small for a lion, he don't look like a

and twenty-two and one-quarter inches in circumference, has recently been exhumed in Montana. It was found buried in the sand, twenty two feet below the surface. -The inhuman officers of the ship James Foster were sentenced, at New York, on Fri- at the Washington Arsenal, that I am enday. Lynn, the carpenter, received fifteen

years, but especially during the last corrupt and Murphy, the third mate, five years in the Penitentiary. -On June 7th, a lady residing about one Berks county, gave birth to two girls and one boy, weighing in the aggregate, nine

America."

sylvania stands confessed before the people, head, are all the decorations which mark allowed a few minutes' exercise in the prison eemed with eulogistic obituaries of him .-

Should this hold good all over the country was a clerk. the poor man may once more have a barrel point of expensiveness.

-A week or two ago, a young lady of Iowa, while on the way to her wedding, offered five dellars by another young man if she would marry him, and consented. The disappointed lover was not to be wholy cheated out of his matrimony, and therefore proposed and was accepted by and

-A little girl of Mrs. Manno Deibert, of

now its owner and wearer.

-The Hon. Jeremiah S. Black is still at by the overwhelming majority of the party who to be assisted from his bed. He conva'esces Seventh and G streets. That over I re-

attendance on his father. -Dud Dunbar was shot and instantly reward." killed, by Mr. George Tipton, near Richso frequently asked by the best informed was too quick for him, however, and shot where I was confined a week. Three days

round of old acquintanceship

whose mother a short time ago, was murder- dirty room, between two water closets, and ously. He was finally jerked out of the waed by a set of vandals who claimed to be the on to a bed of filthy life preservers and blank- ter and ordered to return to his ordinary Government of the United States, was dis- ets, with two soldiers guarding the door .- work. The poor wretch crept off apparentsable gulf. It is, however, what the coun- missed from the Surgeon-General's office, I was kept there for three days. I had thus ly thankful for any escape from such tor-

A LEAF FROM HISTORY.

Statement of Edman Spangler, a Victim of Was Treated During His Trial-Prison

[From the New York World]

WASHINGTON, June 23, 1869. pardoned by President Johnson, has prepared trying to imagine what was going on, and the following statement, asserting his innocence of all knowledge of the crime, and detailing the cruelties practised on the prison- times in opposite directions. We, however, was a scene shifter at Ford's Theatre, and was on the stage when John Wilkes Booth | then where we stopped, for my face was shot Mr. Lincoln and jumped from the box. still covered. After leaving the boat I was He also at times took care of Booth's horse. The evidence against him was of the flimsisubsequent civil trial of Surratt, that Spangler had any connection whatever with any of the other so-called conspirators. Most and half threw me over, when I was pushed everybody believed him innocent then, and into a small room, where I remained in an the Military Commission doubted his guilt by sentencing him to six years at the Dry next morning some one came with bread Tortugas, and giving the others a life term, and coffee. I remained here for several The Military Commission was organized to days, suffering torture from the bag or padconvict, and it convicted. Abundant testime- ded hood over my face. It was on Sunday ny is now at hand to show the vast amount | when it was removed and I was shaven. It perjury of that trial-perjury exacted by fear and dictated by malice. Spangler's allusion to the witness Weichman being in the | charges; that I was engaged in a plot to asabduction plot is important. Weichman's sassinate the President, and the day followtestimony, it will be remembered, hung Mrs. Surratt. The following is the statement sworn and subscribed to:

STATEMENT OF EDMAN SPANGLER.

I have deemed it due to truth to prepare for publication the following statementtiger, and nobody wants to see a dog," at a time when I hope the temper of the —An ivory tusk, six feet three inches long people will give me a patient hearing—of my arrest, trial and imprisonment, for alleged complicity in the plot to assassinate the late President Lincoln. I have suffered much, but I solmnly assert now, as I always have since I was arraigned for trial tirely innocent of any fore or after knowledge of the crime which John Wilkes Booth committed-save what I knew in common with everybody after it took place. I further solemnly as ert that John Wilkes mile from Stonersville, in Exeter township, Booth, or any other person, never mentioned to me any plot, or intimation of a plot, for the abduction or assassination of President teen pounds. They are all as lively as Lincoln; that I did not know when Booth crickets, and are fair specimens of "Young leaped from the box to the stage at the theatre, that he had shot Mr. Lincoln; and -A private soldier in California has in- that I did not, in any way, so help me God, vented a new method of skimming milk - assist in his escape; and I further declare He fits a fine gauze sieve to a hoop the size | that I am entirely innocent of any and all of the pan. The milk is then poured into charges made against me in that connection. the pan so as to a little more than cover the | I never knew either Surratt, Payne, Atzersieve. When the cream has risen the hoop odt, Arnold or Harold, or any of the soof them until they appeared in custody .--A harp, formed of withered leaves and While imprisoned with Atzerodt, Payne and flowers, and a withered wreath near the Harold, and after their trial was over, I was the last resting place of "Miles O'Reilly." yard. I heard the three unite in asserting Only a short time since and the newspapers Mrs. Surratt's entire innocence, and acknowledge their own guilt, confining the crime, as He has passed away, and is neglected and they did, entirely to themselves, but implicating the witness, Weichman, in knowledge -The chances are that the apple yield in of the original plot to abduct! and with fur-Pennsylvania this fall will be the largest it nishing information from the Commissary has known for a long stretch of years .- Prisoners' Department, where Weichman

I was arrested on the morning of the 15th ons conduct of the corrupt "rings" that con- of apples in his cellar. For years past the of April, 1865, and with Ritterspangh (also fruit has been second only to oranges in a scene shifter) taken to the police station on E street, between Ninth and Tenth .-The sergeant, after questioning me closely, went with two policemen to search for Peanut John (the name of the boy who held Booth's horse the night before) and made to accompany us to the headquarters of the police on Tenth street, where John and I were locked up, and Ritterspaugh was remarried the sister of the jilter on the same leased. After four hours' confinement I was released, and brought before Judge Olin and Bingham, and told them of Booth bringing North Whitehall township, Lehigh county, his horse to the theatre on the afternoon of had a toothache. Its mother gave it a the 14th of April (1865.) After this invesmouthful of whisky to ease it, and going tigation I said: "What is to be done with out into the garden, left the child in the me?" and they replied : We know where to house. While the mother was out, the child | find you when you are wanted," and ordered got the bottle and drank about half a pint my release. I returned to the theatre, where of the whisky, from the effects of which it I remained until Saturday, when the soldiers took possession of it; but as the offi -A diamond ring which has been lost cer of the guard gave an attache and myare the fall of 1832, was found in a well self a pass to sleep there, we retired at 10 in Oswego a few days ago. The well was P. M, and at 1 A. M. a guard was placed being cleaned, a process which it had un- over me, who remained until 9 A. M. Sundergone several times since the less of the day morning, when I was released. I did ring. Forty-six years this jewel lay at the not leave the theatre until Sunday evening. bottom of the well, and it came out as bright | and on our return this attache (Carland by and pure as the day it sunk. The grand- name) and myself were arrested by Detecical discretion could have avoided. If there is daughter of the lady who lost the ring is tive Larner. Instead of taking us to the guard-house he said he would accompany us home to sleep there, but we all went to the St. Joseph's Infirmary, Louisville, Ky. Police Headquarters on Tenth street, and Although four weeks have elapsed since the when Carland asked if we were wanted, an serious accident on the Louisville and Nash- officer sharply said "No." I returned to ville railroad, by which his arm was badly the theatre that night, and remained the broken, he had not until Monday been able next day till I went to dinner, corner of slowly, but the Louisville Express says will mained a few minutes, when Ritterspaugh recover the use of his arm. His son, Chaun- (who worked at the theatre with me) came, cey F. Black, Esq., of York, Pa., is still in meeting me, said: "I have given my evidence, and would like now to get some of the

I walked out with Ritterspaugh for half mond, on Monday evening last. It seems an hour, and on returning to lie down left that Dunbar had been cruelly beating his word that if any one called for me to tell wife, who fled to her father's house for pro- them that I was lying down. Two hours tection, and Mr. Tipton, her brother in-law, after I was called down stairs to see two accompanied her home, with a view of es- gentlemen who had called for me. They tablishing peace; but, during the conversa- said that I was wanted down street. On tion that ensued. Dunbar drew his revolver reaching the sidewalk they placed me in a and attempted to shoot Tipton. The latter back and drove rapidly to Carroll Prison, afterwards Detective, or Colonel, Baker -A curious marriage took place at Green- came to my room, and questioned me about ville, S. C., June 15. The parties were en- the sale of a horse and buggy (which begaged in Ireland nearly forty years ago. longed to Booth), and I told him all about The lady came to America. The gentleman it freely and readily. On the day following entered the British army and was a soldier I was called into the office of the prison in twenty-one years; has been in every part of order to be recognized by Sergeant Dye, who the globe; has spent some years in Montana merely nodded his head as I entered and Territory, and last month left there and ar- then he left. (Dye subsequently testified rived at Greenville, June 11, claimed his af- that he was sitting on the steps of the theable instance of early, constant and successful seeing mysterious persons about.) I was allowed on the fourth day of my imprison--President Grant, on his way from ment to walk the prison yard, but from that Washington to Boston by rail, ran over a evening I was closely confined and guarded ocrat, congratulates the President on his I was again taken to the office to see a deescape, but no one has said anything about tective, who said: "Come, Spangler, I've strength, made him carry a thirty-two the poor cow, run over and mutilated, some jewelry for you." He handcuffed me pound ball. He staggered under the weight. diated as unfit to discharge the daties of township constable, is now regarded as an day President Grant has the weakest Cabinet township constable, is now regarded as an day President Grant has the weakest Cabinet to a hack I was placed in it and down. He was then taken to the wharf and available candidate for the Legislature. For that was ever connected with any previous attached himself in his younger days, on her driven to the Navy Yard, where my legs with his legs tied together and his hands the same reason, men of obscurity and with- administration in the history of the country. cuffs placed on my wrists. I was put in a him and he was thrown into the water and -On Thursday Mr. W. P. Turley, who, boat and rowed to a monitor, where I was then dragged out. This was done three or

Then two men came and tied up my head know the reason for this, for I was unconso securely that I could not see daylight. I scious of having given offense, and had conhad plenty of food, but cou d not eat with formed to every regulation. I was then Edwin M. Stanton-A Record of Military my face so muffled up. True, there was a closely confined and allowed to communi-Justice in 1865-How an Innocent Man | small hole in the bag near my mouth, but I | cate with no one for four months. The pre-Life on the Dry Tortugas-Tortures In- wedged down by the iron. At last, two from an attempt of Dr. Mudd to escape. flicted upon Prisoners by Army Officers - kind-hearted soldiers took compassion on Disgraceful Page in Our Annals, &c., &c. me, and while one watched the other fed me. after drawing the bag so tight as to nearly suffocate me, said to the guard, ' Don't let Edman Spangler, who was tried and sen- him go to sleep, as we will carry him out 1865, on a charge of being engaged in the on the leck, when there was a great rattling what they intended to do, I was dragged out by two men, who both pulled me at were rowed a short distance, I could not say top waiting, some one struck me a severe blow on the top of the head, which stunned unconscious condition for several hours. The was then replaced. Some hours after, Gen. Hartrauft came and read to me several ing I was carried into a military court, and still hooded before all of its members. I remained but a short time, when I was returned to my cell for another night and day, and then again presented in this court. Mr. Bingham, Assistant Judge Advocate, read the charges against me, and asked if I had any objection to the court, and I replied ," and made my plea of "not guilty." They then wished to know if I desired counsel, and when I answered affirmatively, Gen. Hunter, the president of the court, insisted that I should not be allowed counsel, He was, however, overruled, but it was several days before I was permitted legal aid, the court in the meanwhile taking evidence with closed doors. On every adjournment of the court, if only for an hour, I was returned to my cell, and the closely fitting hood placed over my head. This continued till June 10, 1865, when I was relieved

> and limbs remained heavily manacled. On one Sunday, while I was confined at this place (the Washington Arsenal), I was visited by a gentleman of middle stature, rather stout, with full beard and gold framed spectacles. He noticed my manacles and padded head. I afterwards learned that he was Mr. Stanton, the Secretary of War. It is proper to state that when the hood was placed on me, Captain Munroe said it was by order of the Secretary of War. My first thought was that I was to be hung without trial, and the hood was preparatory to that act.

> The fi st time I ever saw Mrs. Surratt was in the Carroll Prison yard, on Capitol Hill. I did not see her again until we were taken in court the first day at the arsenal. My cell was on the same corridor with hers. and I had to pass it every time I was taken into court. I frequently looked into her cell, a small room about four feet wide by seven feet long. The only things in her cell were an old mattress laid on the bricks and an army blanket. I could see the irons on ber feet, as she was generally lying on the mattress, and was the last one brought into court. She occupied a seat in the court near the prison door. The seat was twelve inches high, and the chains between the irons on her feet were so sh rt that she always had to be assisted to her seat. She was so sick at one time that the court was compelled to adjourn.

On the 17th of July, about midnight. was conveyed to a steamboat, and arrived the next day at Fortress Monroe, and was thence taken to the gunboat Florida. The irons on my arms were temporarily removed. but Captain Dut: on, in charge of the guard, ordered heavy Lillie irons to be placed on me, when General Dodd, chief officer in charge, more humanely countermaned his order, and had the irons again removed from my arms. I was placed for security in the lower hold of the vessel, and compelled to descent to it by a ladder. The rounds were far apart, and, as the irons on my feet were chained but a few inches apart, my legs were bruised and lacerated fearfully. The hold where I was confined was close and dirty, but after two or three days, I was allowed on deck in the daytime, but was closely guarded. I was allowed to speak to no one of the crew. We arrived at Fort Jefferson, on the Dry Tortugas, and were handed over to Colonel Hamilton, commanding, who placed me until next day in a casemate. The next day I was brought before Colonel H., who informed me that he had no more stringent orders concerning me than other prisoners confined there.

I managed to get along comfortably for a while, though to some of the prisoners the officers were very cruel. One man by the name of Dunn, while helping in unloading government transport, got hold of some liquor and imbibed too freely; for which he was taken to the guard house and tied up to the window-frame by his thumbs for two hours. General Hill then ordered him to be taken down and be made to carry a thirtytwo pound ball, but as the hanging had deprived him of the use of his thumbs, he was unable to obey. The officers thowever, put two twenty-four pound balls in a knapsack, and compelled him to carry them until the sack gave away from the weight of the iron. He was then tied up by the wrists and gagged in the month by the bayonet from 8 P. M. till the next morning. He was then taken down and thrown into the guardhouse, but was so exhausted that he had to be removed to the hospital. It was decided to amputate three of his fingers, but this was reconsidered. He lost, however, the use of his thumb and two fingers. This punishment was inflicted by Major McConnell, officer of the day, and was carried out

by Sergeant Edward Donnelly. Another poor prisoner named Brown, was once excused by the doctor from work on the plea of illness, but the Provost Mashal insisted, and finding him too ill and lacking

made manifest. It is not pretended that he is incompetent for the task that has been to a first-class clerkship in the Internal have orders from the Secretary of War, who is a man of brains or culture, or that he pos- imposed on him, his Cabinet advisers will, Revenue office. No need for comment.

could not reach that, as my hands were tence for this. I afterwards learned, sprang Colonel St. George Leger Grenial, aged 65 years, was taken sick and went to the On Saturday night a man came to me and, Doctor to get excused from work. The Doctor declined to excuse him. He then applied to the Provost Marshal, who said that he could not excuse him if the Doctor couldn't tenced by a military commission in May, to hang him directly." I heard them go up Grenfel then tried to work and failed. They then took him to the guard-house, tied him plot to assassinate President Lincoln, and of chains, and other noises; and while I was up for half a day, and then took him to the wharf, tied his hands behind him, tied his legs together, and put a rope around his waist. There were three officers heavily armed, who drove spectators from the wharf; ers before and after conviction. Spangler reached a boat, in which I was placed, and I could see and hear from my window. The Colonel asked them if they were going to throw him into the water, and they answered "Yes." He then jumped in, and because forced to walk some distance, with the he could not sink, they drew him out and heavy irons still on my legs, I was then tied about forty pounds of iron to his legs. est character, not being even circumstantial, suddenly stopped, and made to ascend three and threw him into the water again, and for it did not appear in that trial, or in the or four flights of stairs; and as I stood at the after he had sank twice they pulled him out again, and then compelled him to go to work. The officers who had him in hand were Lieu'enant Robison, Lieutenant Pike. and Captain George W. Crabb, assisted by Sergeant Michael Gleason, and assistant mintary storekeeper G. T. Jackson, who tied the iron on his legs. Captain Samuel Peobles tied up Grenfel for saying that "he was capable of doing anything." Colonel Grenfel was forced to scrub and do other menial work when he proved he was so ill as to have refused to eat his rations for a week. All of the officers hated Genfel on account of a letter which appeared in a New York paper, which they said Grenfel wrote, about tying up the prisoner Dunn-which letter was truthful, as others and myself were witnesses to the details it relate !. One very stormy night Grenfel, with four others, escaped and were evidently drowned near the fort. His escape was discovered, but the storm was so severe that it was deemed too dangerous to pursue them, although a steamer was at the wharf. Grenfel frequently declared his intention of running any risk to escape, rather than, to use his SURGEON DENTIST fort." These are only two or three instances of the many acts of cruelty practised at the fort. During my imprisonment at Fort Jefferson I worked very hard at carpenter- Residence One House above Kernville Boile ing and wood crnamental work, making a great many fancy boxes, etc., out of the pe culiar wood found on the adjacent islands; the greater portion of this work was made for officers. By my industry in that direcfrom the torture of the bag, but my hands tion, I won some favor in their eyes. I was released in March of the present year by executive clemency. EDMAN SPANGLER. (Signed)



The superior merits of the "Singer" Ma hines over all others, either for Family "se o Manufacturing purposes, are so well established and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer con-

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE. which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor, or exp use, is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the

BEST EWING MACHINE IN EXISTENCE.
The machine in question is SIMPLE, COMPACT, DURABLE and BEAUTIFUL. It is quiet, light running, and CAPABLE OF PER FORMING A BANGE AND VARIETY OF WORK DEVEL before attempted upon a single Machine, using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and sub-tantial manner. Its attachments for Hem-ming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, &c., are NOVEL and PRACTICAL, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the Unique, Useful and Popular Folding Tops and Cabinet Cases, peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company, have been prepared for enclosing the new

A faint idea, however, can at best be conveved through the medium of a (necessarily) limited advertisement; and we therefore urge every person in quest of a Sewing Machine by all means to examine and test, if they can possibly do so, all the leading rival Machines before making a purchase. A selection can then be made understandingly. Branches or agencies for supplying the "Singer" Machines will be found in nearly every city and town throughout the civilized world, where Machines will be cheerfully exhibited and any information promptly furnished. Or communications may be addressed to

The Singer Manufacturing Company, HARDWARE, NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 1106 CHESTNUT STREET. C. T. ROBERTS, Agent for Ebensburg and vicinity, keeps these Machines constantly for sale at his store on High street. The pub lic are respectfully invited to call and see them in operation. Instructions given free. Machines sold at city prices. No FREIGHT CHARGED. Also, Siuger's Needles, Oil, Silk and Cotton [aug.20.-1y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE ADVERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of

he prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMP TION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is In the Old POST OFFICE BUILDING to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, my20.-ly. Williamsburg, Kings Co., N.Y.

WALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE!

The undersigned offers for sale a LOT OF GROUND situate in the West Ward of Ebensand extending back 132 feet to lot of Wm. S. COFFEES, FLOUR, BACON, POTAL Lloyd, adjoining lot of Robert Evans on the Lloyd, adjoining lot of Robert Evans on the DRIED and GREEN FRUITS, TOBAC east and an alley on the west, having thereon erected a TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE. with a Plank Kitosen attached, and a ONE isfaction in goods and prices guarantees

For further particulars apply to V. S. BARKER. Ebensburg, June 3, 1869. tf.

A LTOONA NOT YET IN RUING WOLFF'S MAMMOTH CLOTHING BAZAAR STILL RIGHT SIDE UP

IN IMMENSE PROFUSION

ALL WANTS SUPPLIED! ALL TASTES SUITED ALL BUYERS PLEASED SUITS FOR OLD PEOPLE! SUITS FOR MIDDLE AGED! SUITS FOR YOUNG AMERICA

CLOTHING! CLOTHING TO FIT EVERY MAN AND BO

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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STOCK THE LARGEST! GOODS THE VERY BEST STYLES THE NEATEST! PRICES THE LOWEST

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CAN SUIT YOU IN GOODS & PRICES STORE ON ANNIE STREET, No. Don't mistake the place and there will be a

mistake about you getting good bargains.
GODFREY WOLFF Altoona, April 28, 1869. tt. R. JOHN FRY Assisted by his Daughter,

Office on Franklin Street, (OPPOSITE THE MARKET HOUSE.)

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

TESTIMONIALS

WE, the undersigned, citizens of Latrobeni Ligonier, Westmoreland county, Panchan ly submit the following as expressive of es estimate of Dr. Prv's abilities as a Dentist We regard Dr. Fry as naturally adapted the profession of his choice. His mechanic ingenuity has furnished to his art many has uable modifications and improvements thin deem it due to him and the public at large p say that, from a long and intimate acquire ance, we can confidently recommend him to: who may feel interested, as an able, fath

and experienced workman. LATROBE-Eli Ferguson, M. D. John E. Girr, M D , Rev Jerome Kearney, J. L. Cha. ber, W. S. Head, Joseph A. Head. sort, David Williams. LIGOSIFE-L. T Beam, M. D., Wm Ad

com, Jacob Eigher, N. M. Marker, Esq. Jan Breniser, P. M., Joseph Scroggs, D. D. LAUGHLINSTOWN-Robert Louther, Esq. G. Armor, P. M. FAIRFIELD -Dr. James Taylor. [my 6]

EBENSBURG FOUNDRY AGAIN IN FULL BLAST!

NEW FIRM. NEW BUILDINGS, &

HAVING pur based the well known B ENSBURG FOI NDRY from Mr. Es Glass, and rebuilt and enlarged it almost to tirely, besides refitting it with new machine the subscribers are now prepared to furn COOK, PARLOR & HEATING STORE of the latest and most approved pure THRESHING MACHINES, MILL GEA ING, ROSE and WATER WHEELS of an description, IRON FENCING, PLOUSE and PLOUGH CASTINGS, and in task manner of articles manufactured in a first car

promptly and done cheaply.

The special attention of Parmers is to two newly patented PLOUGHS which a possess the sole right to manufacture and this county, and which are admitted to the best ever introduced to the public.

Believing ourselves capable of performs any work in our line in the most satisfact manner, and knowing that we can do work! LOWER PRICES than have been charged in community heretofore we confidently here be we will be found worthy of liberal rational Fair reductions made to wholesale dealer The highest prices paid in cash in netal, or eastings given in exchange.

OUR TERMS ARE STE CTLY CASH OF COD PRODUCE. CONVERY, VINROE &C Ebensburg, Sept. 2, 1868. WOOD, MORRELL & CO.

WASHINGTON STREET Near Pa. R. R. Depot, Johnstown, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MILLINERY GOODS,

QUEENSWARE BOOTS AND SHOES. HATS AND CAPS. IRON AND NAIL CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS, READY-MADE CLOTHING

GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE, WOODEN AND WILLOW WALL PROVISIONS and FEED, ALL KINDS Together with all manner of Western Proint such as FLOUR, BACON, FISH, Sale CARBON OIL, &c., &c.

Wholesale and retail orders solired and promptly filled on the shortest notice as most reasonable terms WOOD, MORRELL & CO. Johnstown, April 28, 1869. ly.

LAWSON & BAKER

FRANKLIN STREET,

Johnstown, Pa.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND DEALERS IN

WESTERN PRODUCE

CIGARS, &c., &c. Orders solicited from retail dealers, and

Johnstown, April 28, 1869.

GOOD, BETTER, BEST -The and oheapest Tobacco and Cigars & are at M. L. Oatman's. Go and see-