1256350.

Cambria Freeman. EBENSBURG, PA.

If the one-half or even a tithe of what comes to us from Harrisburg in connection with the lobby operations of Robert W. Mackey, the newly elected State Treasurer,

Treasurer, after the first Monday of May

The Last Reconstruction Act.

THURSDAY, : : APRIL 22, 1869

On the day before Congress adjourned a law was passed authorizing the President to submit the newly framed constitutions of the States of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas to a vote of the people, at such time as he may deem expedient. This last and worst tion has removed all doubts as to his true reconstruction experiment contains the following scandalous section : character. During the session Mr. Wallace introduced

"That before the States of Virginia, Texas and Mississippi shall be admitted to representation in Congress, their several legislatures, which may be hereafter organized, shall ratify the fifteenth article, which has been proposed to the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States."

O lious and detestable as have been all the ing the public money to the banks and putformer laws on the subject of reconstruction, this feature which we have copied from the use of it into his own pocket. Most surelast enactment completes the crowning act ly that was an upright and honest bill, and of infamy. It is the first instance in the ought to meet with universal approval .-history of the government in which, by a bold and unwarranted exercise of power, Congress has undertaken to coerce a State to ratify an amendment to the constitution. What would Madison, or Jay, or Hamilton, have said, if some member of the Convention of 1787, wise after the manner of our radical Solons of the present day, had proposed to confer upon Congress the power to compel a ded the committee to report the bill with a State to adopt a proposed amendment ?negative recommendation. Does any man outside of a lunatic asylum At a subsequent period of the session Mr. suppose that if this coercive power in Congress had been incorporated in the section of the constitution which provides for its own amendment, that instrument would ever have been adopted by the thirteen original States 7

If Daniel Webster, the great expounder of the constitution, had occupied a seat in the Senate of the United States when the section of which we are speaking was offered and adopted, what an indignant frown would have rested on his majestic brow and how his eloquent tongue would have thundered forth its denunciations against the proposed outrage! But the days of statesmanship have departed and the reign of political charlatans is upon us.

That such a glaring legislative fraud should be not only attempted but consummated, was scarcely to have been expected even from the radical party, and is another proof of the total revolution that is being effected in our system of government. It is forcing negro suffrage upon the people of the North, whether they are willing to have it or not,

The New State Treasurer. A good deal of newspaper discussion has been elicited in consequence of a veto by the Governor, of a law passed by the Legisla-

ture empowering him to commute the death penalty to imprisonment for life in the Penbe true, he is a rotten and corrupt politician, itentiary. The yeto, which of course was and his election to the office was disgracewritten by Attorney General Brewster, is ful to all who were concerned in it. His sound in its reasoning and will meet with success in obtaining the position was a matter of very great surprise, and when it was known that he was indebted for it to the large amount of testimony, a Governor, we Cameron influence a dark taint of suspicion care not who he may be or whether lawyer. attached to him. His course since his elec.

or layman, would be a very unsafe person to decide, not upon the guilt or innocence of the defendant, but on the degree of his guilt. the law submitted to him for his deliberanext, to keep the funds of the Common- tion. He would be an entire stranger to the wealth in the State Treasury at Harrisburg. parties and would not have heard the testi-This was to prevent that officer from loan- mony of the witnesses, and thus have been epabled to judge of their ability and opportuting the interest received from them for the nities of knowing the truth of the facts about other considerations, present at the trial and which have their proper weight with juries, The bill was referred to the appropriate would disgualify him, at least in many incommittee. Mackey know that its passage stances, from arriving at an intelligent unwould diminish the profits of his office as it derstanding of the true merits of the case. this police bill. The radicals of has heretofore been conducted, and although Besides, if he could so govern himself as not he will not enter upon its duties until the to permit his judgment to be controlled Ly first week in May, yet he suddenly appeared the personal appeals of the relativee and at the capital and by some peculiar process friends of the prisoner, he would be less than familiar to Pennsylvania legislation, persua- human.

The Governor's Veto.

While we are, therefore, opposed to vest-Billingfelt, a radical Senator, proposed an the death penalty to imprisonment for life amendment which was adopted to the ap- ought to be lodged somewhere. Of course propriation bill, directing the State Treas- the power would be but seldom exercised, urer to pay off eight hundred thousand dol- for the reason that verdicts of murder in the lars of the public debt. The annual inter- first degree are in most cases in accordance

est on this sum would amount to forty-eight with the evidence, and would not therefore thousand dollars. The money is now in the be disturbed. But that there have been and treasury and is not required to meet any de will be cases in which, although the jury mands upon it. The effect of the amend- has rendered the highest verdict known to ment would be to save this amount of inter- the law, yet in which, from many circumest and to extinguish the State debt to the stances, the life of the criminal ought to be there an honest man in the State who will think that the case of Gerald Eaton, who not admit that the proposition was wise and was recently executed in Philadelphia, was judicions ? Mackey knew very well that if an instance of the kind. In what tribanal, treasury now there would be just that vested? Of necessity either in the judges amount less to be loaned out for his own or the jury before whom the prisoner has personal benefit when he would take posses- | been tried. In one State at least, Illinois, persistent efforts of Mackey this fair and murder in the first degree may state in honest proposition was defeated in the con their verdict whether the defendant shall ference committee on the appropriation bill. suffer death or be imprisoned for life.

having strenuously labored to secure the pas of the Courts. Could any possible harm to them were summoned before his Honor the

Harrisburg Corresponden ce.

HARRISBURG, April 17, 1869. Dear Freeman-Yesterday at 12 o'clock he Pennsylvania Legislature adjourned sine die, and if the newspapers are to be believed, and of course they are, the people of the Commonwealth are glad of it, knowing that if they are to be blessed with no good laws they will be cursed with no more bad ones. The closing scenes having been already described by a number of writers for the daily general approval. It seems to us that in a papers, and the speeches reported in the complicated case of murder, involving a same way, it is enough for me to say that presentations were the order of the day .verybody presented everybody else with omething, ranging from a speaker's gavel to a six hundred dollar watch.

There were a number of bills passed during the last week. The bill revising the a bill in the Senate requiring the State because that was the precise question which tax laws was reconsidered, amended so as to passed in the House, but voted down in the Senate. A resolution to print ten thousand copies of Bates' Military History for the use the House, at a cost not to exceed \$8.50 per copy, was adopted by the House.

An act for the protection of game in Cambria and a number of other counties was which they testified. These and various also passed. An act allowing parties to pay seven per cent, interest by contract was lost. Philadelphia police bill was passed by the House but again voted down in the Senate. This is the second time during this session that the Senate has refused to pass the House appeared determined to force their brother radicals of the Senate into the adoption of this measure, but they did not suc-

Considerable excitement existed for a few days in legislative circles, occasioned by a number of Senators drawing their full amount of pay and then voting down the appropriing this power in the Governor, we are just ation bill. They weakened in the knees, as well satisfied that the power to commute however, - reconsidered the matter, and passed the bill by just one of a majorityhe vote standing seventeen ayes to sixteen

> The bill establishing an additional court in Cambria county passed both Houses and has received the sanction of the Governor. as have also the acts incorporating a Medical and Surgical Hospital in Johnstown and allowing the Cambria Iron Company to maintain a bridge over the Conemaugh river.

The city to-day is dull. The hotels are deserted-members of the Legislature have nearly all departed for their respective homes-the lobbyists (whose occupation, extent of the large sum above named. Is spared, is a fact not to be disputed. We like that of Othello's, is gone) have disappeared-strangers are but few and far beween, and quiet again prevails in our usually staid and sober city. The season for active business closed with the session of the this amount of money was taken from the then, should this power of commutation be Legislature, and although the poor unfortunate mortals comprising that honorable body have been outrageously villified for the past two months I feel like saying a word or two in their favor .. Notwithstanding sion of the office. It is charged that by the a jury in rendering a verdict of guilty of they have been charged with bribery and all sorts of corruption by many of the newspapers of the State, it is just to say that while u our midst they conducted themselves, one and all, in the most creditable manner on LATE NEWS ITEMS.

destroyed by fire on the 12 instant. -A four legged chicken has been hatch ed in Columbia county, and it hops about on "all fours." -Judge Peter Herbine, of Columbia co.

was drowned, in the mill race at Slabtown, a few days since. It is suspected that he convict her, though she owns to a deliberate was foully dealt with

Paul, Minn., Gilman (Democrat) and Max-

well, (Republican,) candidates for Mayor, each had 1,565 votes. The city charter provides that in case of a tie vote the choice shall be decided by lot. -At Pern, Ill., fortunes have been made in the ice business during the past winter. One firm alone has cleared over a hundred thousand dollars, and it is estimated that Pern will be the gainer to the amount of a

quarter of a million dollars. -A lad in Owingsville, Ky., the other day had all the fingers of the right hand chopped off with an axe by a comrade. He derstanding, as the playthings of politicians picked up the severed members without an and statesmen. We believe you, Mr. Forexclamation of pain or fear, carried them ney.

home, and told of the accident. -Wm, Hurlbut, of Cornwall, Vt., died last week of starvation, having eaten nothing, save what was forced into his stomach; for nearly a year, from the fear that he all but 400, and the second number is an should become a town pauper, although worth about eight thousand dollars, and a much money. "influence," and interest to bachelor seventy years old. -C. H. Stinson was elected Speaker of There is a mystery about the publication of

the State Senate on Friday. The Demc- this paper which is quite exciting. There crats voted for W. M. Randall. Stinson has are two numbers 37 of the street from received his reward for depriving Judge | which it is said to issue; and although it Greenbank of his seat upon the bench he claims that number to be its office, no trace was elected to by the people of Philadelphia. of newspaper business can be found in eith -The colored population of Washington | er house

are in a state of excitement over the fact that the President has selected a white man from Philadelphia as steward for the White the subject of his late startling speeches. House. Who knows but that this act will The Senator says that he intends to keep at deprive the liadical party of the negro vote ? his work, and, not to fold his arms and see -An extensive and valuable gold mine the country go the devil. He confesses to has recently been examined near Warsaw. | being crazy, in the sense that all great re in Milton county, Ga., and its quality test- formers are crazy. He is not bilding for It has eight distinct veins, and has the Presidency, and would not take it unbeen long known to the old residents of the less he was permitted to appoint whom he county. Mr. Graham, the owner, has just chose to office. In a big bandle of letters, secured titles to it, after thirty years' strug- asking for copies of his late speeches, only

like a child, and with a human voice, but covered with silver grav hair, six inches long, has been frequently seen in the woods near Unionville, Ky. It burrows in the earth, is very fond of food, and, although gress will be called within sixty days with several times pursued, has easily made its

great mound in the porthern part of St. ouis have unearthed a row of Indian graves sixty feet in length and twenty-five feet bebeads, coins, and other relics have been thrown up and the place has been visited by great numbers of curiosity hunters. -Mount Hood, and other high peaks in

Oregon, have begun to smoke; and the inhabitants of the State fear earthquakes. In addition to all this, he is charged with We would confer the power on the judges all occasions. I did not hear that any of Hood (13,000 feet high.) Jefferson (11,000 feet.) and the Sisters-not Brothers, as

-Miss Cairnes, who shot her seducer, DENTISTRY .- The undersigned, McComas, last week, at Jarratsville, Mary- Deraduate -Six dwellings in Mount Carbon were land, is still at liberty. Public sentiment is of the Baltihave not demanded her in prisonment, nor of Dental Surasked security. She still remains at her home, perfectly reconciled, and ready for any demand the sheriff may make. It is said that no jury could possibly be found to intention, long premeditated, if the deceased -At the municipal election at St. failed to make reparation by marrying her,

of taking his life. -Something has at last turned up which

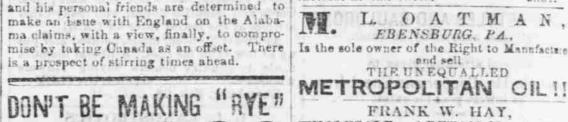
eclipses in importance, in radical eves, even DR. H. B. MILLER, carpet-bag reconstruction and the XVth amendment. Forney tells us in one of hi "two papers (both daily") that should the Operative and Mechanical DENTIST Quaker experiment with the Indians prove successful, it will live in song and tradition. forever, and the story of peace and good will and human faith will he told from mother to child long after the XVtb amandment and the problems of reconstruction shall be

forgotten and passed out of memory or un-

-The N. Y. Lapress says : The story that the Imperialist was shut down upon by the newsmen turns out to be incorrect. Ou of the edition of 10,000 there have been sold nounced for Friday. The Radic ds have to allow this project to be nipped in the bud.

-A newspaper correspondent recently had an interview with Senator Sprague on two came from Rhode Island, where he said -An animal, about two feet tall, shaped the truth about the great family monopoly was unpalatable. -The N. Y. World says : Our Washing

a view to force the Cuba business. It is also distinctly alleged that he will not en--Some of the laborers excavating the force the neutrality laws, but will allow the New York and New Orleans to leave our shores. In addition to Cuba, the President low the surface. Large quantities of boncs, and his personal friends are determined to make an issue with England on the Alabama claims, with a view, finally, to compro-





Aug.13. SAM'L BELFORD, D. D. S.

Altoona, Pa.,

Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets, Persons from Cambria county or eliewhere who get work done by me to the amount of Ten Dollars and upwards, will have the railroad fare acducted from their bills ALL WOEK WAREANTED. [Jan. 21, 1869. if

DR D. W. ZIEGLER, Surgeon Denfessionally on the SECOND Mon . pay of each month, and remain one week, during which time he

may be found at the Mountain House. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

TAMES J. OATMAN, M. D. tenders his professional services as Physioian and Surgeon to the citizens of Carroll. town and vicinity. Office in rear of beita ing occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware May 9, 1867. store.

DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYsician and Subgeon, Summit, Pa-Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made as the office. [my28.tf.]

J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c. Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa. October 17, 1867.-6m.9

LOYD & CO., Bankers,

EBENSBURG, PA Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Leposits. Collections made in all accessible points in the United States. and a general Banking business transactor

M. LLOYD & CO.. W. M. BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made .filibustering expedition now fitting out in | Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

> L. OATMAN. EBENSBURG. PA. and sell THE UNEQUALLED

> > FRANK W. HAY.

by an act of Congress, and is therefore a bold open repudiation of the Chicago platform. It is Congress saying to Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, we have compelled you to give the ballot to your ignorant and degraded negroes, and now, unless you force negro suffrage upon the unwilling people of Pennsylvania by adopting the fifteenth constitutional amendment, we will refuse to recognize you as States, or to receive your members of Congress, and will continue to rule you by the strong arm of military power. With much greater right might Congress say to these three States, if you will elect the radical candidates for Governor we will admit you into the Union, but if you do not you affected, but under this section of the law the rights of every State in the Union opposed to negro suffrage are overturned and trampled in the dust. It is defiant, insolent revolution. It is amonding the constitution, not in the way provided for in that instrument, but simply by an act of Congress .--Viewed in all its aspects, that is the plain

effect of this section of the act. Such is the flagrant character of a law who, during his whole life, probably never four months. read the constitution of the United States. The radical theory is and has been that legislature of presenting gifts to one another these three States are not in the Union- originated we cannot say, but it is a silly that they are conquered provinces, possessing practise, and is more honored in the breach none of the powers and attributes of a State than in the observance. On this occasion -yet before they are received as States they the presents consisted of gold watches and are required to ratify a constitutional gold watch chains, silver pitchers and goldamendment, which is the highest and most headed canes. The speeches made by the solemn act of power which a sovereign donors as well as the receivers was flat. State can perform. The child is equal to stale and unprofitable. As we have not yet the man. Merely to state the proposition seen the general appropriation bill, we canis to show its noter absurdicy. When this not say whether or not it contains a special section was before the Senate even so pro- appropriation for the payment of all this nounced a radical as Mr. Conkling, from jewelry out of any monies in the treasury even confession is not to be relied upon as con-New York, felt constrained to denonnoe it not otherwise appropriated. in the following terms :

"Now, sir, as a friend of the fifteenth amend ment, as a friend of restoration, as a friend of its completion, I earnestly hope that no process involving the force, at least, if nothing gifts. His patriotic and unselfish services more of this proposition will be resorted to as demanded some public recognition. It a means of promoting that amendment. If it can be carried at all it must be carried before the honest sense, the enlightened judgment of the American people ; and as far as it is even by inadvertance associated with unfair dealing, with a breach of faith, with an act which would be deemed overreaching between man and man and recreant looking to the plighed faith of a great government, so far as it is associated with anything like that, is so far is it contaminated other. Another grave omission was the by a stigma and distrust which ought not to rest upon it.

In endeavoring to find out what was and was not done by the late Legislature, we are gratified to know that the project to continue the publication of Bates' Military History was defeated in the committee of conforence on the appropriation bill. It was an iniquitous measure, uncalled for and on-Miller. tirely useless in any possible aspect in which it could be viewed. Its defeat will save the State about one handred and seventy five thousand dollars.

A LAW was passed a few days before the adjournment of the Legislature throwing visit to Harrisburg during the session :

coal and petroleum, which would have They heard all the evidence as detailed by brought more than one-third of a million of iollars into the treasury to be used for his own private benefit. In this he failed, but he was remarkably successful for a new beginner in his other disregutable schemes .-If Robert W. Mackey does not require a strict watch over his operations in the treasary department we can only say that his antecedents thus far as a lobbyist are no index of character.

Legislative Gifts.

The new legislative farce known as "Mu shall remain as you are. In that event the fual Gift Presentation," was played last rights of these three States would alone be Friday, before a large and admiring audidence, on the floor of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, just previous to the final adjournment of that immortan body. The assignment of the part of the play to the several actors was well cast, and each performed his allotted part with artistic judgment and marked ability. It was a most strange and singular afterpiece to the legislative drama which has been daily and sometimes nightly played on the same which has been approved by a President boards by the entire company for the last

When the custom among members of the

We were pained to see that the Hon. Henry McMiller, of blessed memory, was not made the recipient of any of these valuable would have been in accordance with the fitness of things if Elisha W. Davis had presented McMiller with a brass medal, having his resolution to increase the pay of the members engraved on one side and the image absence of the twenty-seven folders and pasters. With their absence the entire left open it flew away. performance was marred and made to resemble the play of Hamlet with the part of Hamlet left out. They should have been there to point the moral of the joyous scene, and to each one of them should have been presented a leather medal, with appropriate speeches by their friends, Wilson and Mc-

As an evidence of the estimate in which the late legislature was held by an impartial judge, we present the following pen and pencil picture from Theodore Tilton, editor of the New York Independent, who paid a rooms of the same house is a little mysterious.

sage of the infamous bill imposing a tax on society result from it ? We think not .the witnesses, as well as their manner of have given it due and careful consideration -all the facts and surroundings of the case are familiar to them ; and, besides all this, from the very nature of their office they would be exempt from any undue influence from personal appeals or other outside interference.

If a change should be made in the law it is manifest to us that the judges ought to be the custodians of the power. The true reform, however, would be to go to the root of the svil at once and abolish capital punishment. But we do not look for this change in our penal laws to be effected under the present state of popular opinion on the subject. That it will eventually take place we believe and hope. We echo the sentiments of Horace Greely, who in a recent article on the death neualty said :

"Here, then, we take our stand. "Until it can be shown (as in the nature of things) never can be) that judges are infalliable judgment and that jurors cannot err in their ding, we insist that the law has no right. according to its own theories, so to dispose of any respondent as to put it out of its own power to redress an injury or to correct a mistake. Hanging presupposes omnipotence and omnis-In all other human affairs we trust ence.

the disclosures of time, and patiently or impatiently wait for the developments of circumstances. In hanging we assume that no new evidence can be discovered, that every witness has told the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, that the Court had made no mistake in its law, that the jury has been entirely aithful in the discharge of its duties, that in all things it has acted intelligently and that legal science will never hereafter be able to d a flaw in the indictment. We take issue here. We say that precision and certainty like this are impossible, and, whatever may be our judicial machinery, must always remain impossible. We say further that experience in clusive evidence of guilt, and that without such evidence the law is continually falsifying its own dictum that it is better that ten guilty men should escape than one innocent man

should suffer. Yet we begin in doubt, go on in doubt, and end in doubt, the only certain thing being the death of our victim !"

SINGULAR INCIDENT, -Recently, a citizen ofBarlington, New York, upon going to an upper chamber used as a sleeping apartment by the boys of the family, found a perfectly black dove perched upon the bureau, directand confined in a lower room until morning. when it was taken to the barn, and retained there during the day, and as the door was

Again, the next day, upon going into another room, also used as a sleeping apartment by the head of the family, the same dove was found perched npon the bureau, ou a pin-cushion, engaged as on the previous occasion, looking at itself in a mirror. The dove was again taken and put out of the room, and flew about for a short time, when it alighted on the peak of the house. In the minds of the superstitious the in-

cident will be regarded as a bad omen, and the coming year. Very respectfully. by all it will be looked upon as a very singular incident, as black doves are a species almost unknown, and how it could have found its way into two different sleeping

Mayor, and feel sure they would not have escaped the vigilance of our efficient police had they been guilty of any misdemeanor. And now, dear Freeman, as the session stating it-they have weighed it well and of the Legislature has closed, and as you will be able to find our local doings in the Morning Patriot, I will not trouble you with another letter for a while.

Communication.

ST. AUGUSTINE, April 16, 1869.

Dear Freeman :-- We beg a space in your columns for a few remarks with regard to the injustice with which we have been treated by the school directors of Clearfild township. We engaged to teach in a the satisfaction given. Of course we were ly shocked him. under the impression that if complaints were entered, the directors would apprise any member of the Board, we supposed that no deduction from the sum first specified would be made. The teacher of Scho 1 No 3 was notified during the third month that one of the citizens complained of her losing time, thereby throwing the close of school term too late in the season. The director who spoke of it was satisfied that the delay had been unavoidable, and as not a day was lost after that time and an order for \$30 as her third month's salary was written soon afterwards, this should not have been consid ered at all when the fourth month's salary was to be paid. This was the only thing spoken of till cur schools were closed, our reports taken in and examined, and orders on the treasurer for twenty-seven dollars in full were written by the Secretary. We were then informed that it had been decided by a majority of the Board that no teachers against whom complaints had been made should receive orders for thirty dollars, and that we had each been charged by two citquite a large number of cases has shown that zens of the township with neglecting onr duties in the school room-in every case by persons who had never entered our school com doors. One of these had expressed issatisfaction to the teacher and was invi d to visit the school, which he refused to In schools numbering, respectively, over seventy and over forty pupils, this was the only instance of dissatisfaction which came to our knowledge during the session. If these complanits were made during the term we should have been apprised of it if they were not they were useless and un-necessary, and should not have been accepted. The trifling sum of three dollars taken ly in front of a mirror, intently engaged in from our rightful earnings we do not considand superscription of Peter Herdic on the looking at itself. The dove was caught, er, but the fact that our wages were lower than those of other teachers in the township may not prove a good recommendation in

schools hereafter. The circumstances having been misrepresented, we feel that our repuis at stake, and have taken this method of defending it. In conclusion, the teacher of School No. 5. having been requested to settle with school

orders yet in her hands the taxes of a person is not concerned, it is respectfully suggested that she be appointed Collector of Taxes for JOSIE AND LINA.

FIRST COMB. FIRST SERVED .- There will not be a day in the year on which you will not be able to find at Oak Hall on ele-

some of the papers print it-(11,000 feet.) are extinct volcances; and Mount Hood has been active within the tradition of the Indian tribes.

-A remarkable instance of suspension of animation has been recently developed in Brooklyn, New York. Mr. E. Rele sus-tained by a fall from his horse injuries so severe that he mank rapidly and appeared to die. Preparations were made for his funeral, but twenty-four hours after his supposed death he revived, considerably startling at the undertaker.

-A man named Fay aimed a revolver irectly at his forehead while walking on Twenty-sixth street, New York, the other day, pulled the trigger, and the next moment the bullet, instead of penetrating the Schools Nos. 3 and 5, for the sum of \$30 per skull, fell upon the pavement as flat as a month, if the schools were conducted pro- penny. Fay is not a juggler, but his frontperly ; otherwise, from \$26 to \$27, according al hone must be a curiosity. The shot mere-

-John S. Carlile, formerly a democratic U. S. Senator from West Virginia, apostaus of the fact and visit the schools before de- tised last fall, and did all in his power to ding against us. Consequently, when our aid in the defeat of Mr. Seymour. Grant were closed without any evidence undertook to reward him for his treachery of dissatisfaction on their part, or any visits to the democracy by appointing him Minhaving been made to either of the schools by ister to Stockholm. The radical Senate, any member of the Board, we supposed that however, refused to confirm him. They love the treason, but despise the traitor.

-A little boy, a bootblack, named Erastus Dean, ou Friday evening attempted to jump on an empty coal train, at Harrisburg, while it was moving from the Lebanon Valley to the Pennsylvania Railroad, and slipping, fell under the cars, and had his legs terribly mangled-so much so that amputation could not be avoided. Eight cars ran over him before he was extricated. -An ingenious individual has laid before

Professor Morse, the electrician, a plan for sending velocipedes over wires by electricity. He proposes that the wheels shall run on wires, one above and one below, the tires being grooved. He thinks that they can be used for carrying the mail, and even goes so far as to propose to send a man from New York to New Orleans in an hour and a

-A negro in Montgomery, Ala., picked up a love of a bonnet in the streets of that city, and was shortly afterwards arrested by the police, charged with having in his pos session a swindling device. The identity of the article was established after considerable trouble, and the court decided that it was a swindling device, but that the negro was not a swindler. The court is a married man. -The Harrisburg Patriot, of Saturday, avs: Early yesterday morning an invalid soldier, while in a fit of insanity, fell on the railroad at the Pennsylvania denot as a train was approaching, and but for the opportune interposition of several persons would have been killed. One of his feet was somewhat crushed, the men not being able to get him entirely off the track in time to prevent injury.

-Two daughters of Frank Hilliard, aged respectively thirteen and three years, were other districts where we shall apply for burned to death on the 1st inst., at their parent's residence in Washington tp., Butler county. The oldest girl attempted to tation as earnest and conscientious teachers revive the fire, which was low, by pouring petroleum on it, when the flames reached the can and exploded it, scattered the burning liquid over the children and burned

them in a horrible manner. -Beast Butler has won another victory. in another township, in whose liabilities she It appears that he was recently riding in a street car in Washington, when a lady who was leaving the car remarked, as she passed him, "Look out for your spoons." The General promptly followed her, and ascertained that she was employed in the Treasury. She has now obtained a permanent leave of absence, and the General has had her place filled by a black woman.

-C. C. Crow, who was recently nomin



dersigned, having been appointed Execu tor of the last will and testament of Mrs. Apa onia Brown, late of Washington township lee'd, hereby gives notice to all persons indebt ed to the estate of said deceased that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly anthenticated for settle ment. JOSEPH CRISTE, Executor.

Washington Tp . April 15, 1869. 6t. EXECUTOR'S NOTICE - Lefters Testamentary on the estate of Joux Les ren, late of Carroll township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Regis ter of Cambria county, all persons having claimr against the said estate should present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those knowing themselves indebted to these me are notified that payment must be made without delay. NICHOLAS LAMBOURN,

Carroll Tp , April 1, 1869, 6: * Executor EXECUTOR'S SALE. - The un-dersigned, Executor of Mrs. Apalonia Brown, deceased, will offer at public sale, on he premises between Planes Nos. 4 and 5, in Washington township, on SATURDAY, MAY 1st. 1869, at 1 o'clock, r. M., a PLANK HOUSE recently erected o and TWO ACRES OF GROUND, besides a from High street. lot of Household and Kitchen Farniture, late the property of said deceased. JOSEPH CRISTE.

Executor of Mrs. Apalonia Brown, dec'd. Washington Tp , April 15, 1869. 2t.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE -The undersigned offers for sale the Farm upon which he now resides, situate about two miles north of St. Augustine, in Chest township, Cambria county, containing 69 ACRES and 60 PERCHES-30 Acres cleared and under good fences, and the balance well timbered. There is a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE good BARN, all necessary OUTBUILDINGS and a fine YOUNG ORCHARD upon the premises. For terms, etc., which will be made casy, apply to WILLIAM KELLY. Chest Tp . April 15, 1869..51 *

NOTICE IN DIVORCE !-- Annie McCallister, by her next friend, David Z. Black, vs. Nason McCallister .- In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, No. 10, Dec. Term, 1868. LIBEL IN DIVORCE. The undersigned, having been appointed Commissioner by the Court to take testimony in the above stated case, hereby gives notice to all parties interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at the office of Shoemaker & Oatmar, in Ebensburg, on THURSDAY. MAY 13TH, 1869, AT 2 O'CLOCK, P M , when and where they may attend if they think proper.

GEO. W. OATMAN. April 15, 1869.4t. - Commissioner

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY .-- GENTLE-MEN : In pursuance of the forty-third section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in Convention, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on the FIRST TUES-DAY in May, A. D. 1869, being the FOURTH

DAY of the month, at 1 o'clock in

ULESALE and KEIAIL Manula of TIN. COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, Canal street, below Clinton, Johns town, Pa. A large stock constantly

A SHOPWARER. CHOEMAKER & OATMAN, ATTOR NETS AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Offices on High street, immediately east of Huntler's hardware store. Inn # '68

D. MLAUGHLIN, TTORNEY AT LAW, Johnstonen, Pe .-Office in the Exchange building on the orner of Clinton and Locust streets-no stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Jan. 81, 1867.-1f.

L JOHNSTON. J E. SCANLAR JOHNSTON & SCANLAN.

Attorneys at Law. Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa. Office opposite the Court House. Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON. TTORNEY AT LAW, Johnstown, Po-Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street Johnstown, Jan. 81, 1867. tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL. TTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Fa.-Office in Colonade Row, Centre street-Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNET-AT-LAW, Johnstown, Pa. Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

M. H. SECHLER, ATTOUNET-AT-Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in rooms recently occupted by Geo. M. Reade, Esq. in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug.27

GEO. M. READE, Attorn-g-at-Las, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doub

MAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNET-AT-LAW, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

T. W. DICK. Johnstown. Ebenaburg KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm. Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. | oct.22.4f. F. P. TIERNEY. TTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa-

Office in Colonade Row. Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD, TTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa-Office on Centre street, opposite Linton s Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tl.

JOHN FENLON.

TTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg Fa-Office on High street, adjoining his rest dence. Jan 81, 1867.-4.

H. KINKEAD, Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hassen Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg.

S. STRAYER, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Johnstown, Pa. Office on the corner of Market street and Locust alley, Second Ward dec. 12. 19

OOK HERE! LOOK HERE! A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

gant and large assortment of nne readyand select, viva vocz, by a majority of the he resides, in Allegheav twp., Cambria county Ine subscriber will sell the Farm on wa by Ulysses to he Governor of New Mexico, the door of evidence wide open in the trial "Never before have we seen so squalid an -It may be interesting to many of our made Clothing. But now is the time to -It may be interesting to many of our made Clothing. But now is the time to was formerly a rebel General, and the man citizens to know that a National Irish Con- make your purchases; the season is just whom he is to supercede is General Mitchwhole number of Directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of the improvements are ample and in good order of civil suits. It allows either the plaintiff legislative chamber, not even in Albany. Solid array of low brows grouped together in any one or defendant, or both, to be examined in the same manner as other witnesses. When we receive a correct copy of the law we will receive a correct copy of the law we will that bleeding commonwealth." vention is to be held in Chicago during the opening and the shelves and tables are fair-vention is to be held in Chicago during the opening and the shelves and tables are fair-ell, who fought on the Union side, and reskill and experience in the art of teaching, as Fair terms and indisputable title. A. WALTERS. Loretta P. C. 10.000 PRIME CIGARS just re-ceived at M. L. Ostman's, one will be prepared. It is expected that dele- fort by changing your clothing with the line number of his men. He is now get- by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said ting paid back. Mitchell sympathizes with Act. Co. Superintendent of Cambria Co. but as we have not yet seen it we cannot MR. DANA, of the N. Y. Sun, declines gates will be present from all the principal season. Then stand not on the order of your going, but go at once. door east of "Freeman" office. Also, a large definitely state its provisions. holding any position under Grant. stock of the best brands of Chewing Tobacco, western cities. Ebensburg, April 8, 1869.-3t. structed. Ofgars at wholesale prices.