

THE FREEMAN.

BBNSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, JAN. 28, 1869. VALEDICTORY.

My connection with the CAMBRIA FREEMAN, as its editor, ceased with the close of the second volume, and after the present issue my name will be withdrawn from the position it has occupied since the establishment of the paper in January, 1867.

Two years ago the publication of the FREEMAN was commenced. The object was to restore the Democratic organ of the county to the confidence of the party and the people. How far this has been accomplished is not for me to say.

Not will I deny myself the pleasure of an occasional contribution when time and circumstances permit, and MacShane and the other correspondents will fill their places as heretofore.

To my brethren of the quill I can only say that I part company with them with regret—a regret softened, however, by the recollection that our intercourse has for the most part been pleasant and agreeable.

Amendments to the Constitution are still the order of the day in Congress. They come not now in battalions but in spies.

As yet they have not been discussed, and therefore no vote has been taken on any of them. Moorehead's short tariff bill, as it is called, has gone to the sleep that knows no waking.

Den Butler has introduced a new financial scheme in the House, and has made a lengthy speech in support of it. Benjamin wants to abolish gold and silver altogether, and to substitute an irredeemable paper currency in their stead.

How the Money Goes.

If the taxpayers of the country could form any adequate conception of the numberless ways in which a Radical Congress squanders the money collected from them by the government, they would open their eyes with perfect amazement.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article treaty sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article treaty June fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

This is the second instalment of the kind, for at the commencement of the publication are the words, "continued from last week."

The real object of the Radicals in Congress when they passed the act under which the laws of the United States are published in certain obscure country newspapers, was to enable a few Radical papers to then started in the Southern States by Northern carpet-baggers to maintain their existence by substantial aid from the public treasury.

What manner of interest the people of Cambria county can have in these Indian appropriations, apart from the taxes they are compelled to pay for that among other purposes, is not visible to the naked eye.

Not one man in a thousand would read them, nor would he feel any more interest in them than he would in the domestic economy of the South Sea Islanders.

But few persons not acquainted with the dark and crooked ways of Pennsylvania legislation are aware that there is now being prepared, under the supervision of one Samuel P. Bates, a military history of the Pennsylvania volunteers who served in the late rebellion.

It seems that during the session of 1864 a clause was inserted in the appropriation bill authorizing the Governor to appoint some competent person to prepare a military history of the organization of the Pennsylvania volunteers and militia who have been in the field, and who shall be paid a sum not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars for such service.

This is a huge job, and will cost the State at least fifty thousand dollars. Let no man delude himself with the idea that no more appropriations will be made in aid of Bates' history. He has got the machine in full operation, and its wheels will be kept well greased by a Radical legislature.

Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 23, 1869. Dear Freeman.—Hon. John Scott was duly elected U. S. Senator on Tuesday by the Republicans, the Democrats voting for Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, State Senator from the Clearfield district.

On Monday night the bill retaining Mr. Peltz (who was defeated at the October election) in office as Receiver of Taxes in the city of Philadelphia, was brought up, and the law requiring the Receiver to be sworn in on the 26th of January, it was necessary that this bill should be passed immediately, and the Radicals went to work in their usual happy style.

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One Thousand Miles. From the mountains of Utah, close upon the valley of Great Salt Lake, flashes a dispatch, saying that one thousand miles of rails have been laid upon the Union Pacific Railroad. For a distance of water than from Washington to New Orleans, from New York to Mobile, or Boston to Chicago, has this continental railroad been pushed westward from Omaha, which is itself more than fourteen hundred miles from New York by the nearest travelled route.

There were quite a number of visitors in the city on Tuesday and Wednesday. There has been but little legislation, and that mostly of a local character. The Senate had no session on Friday, there not being a quorum present.

Another Steamboat Disaster.—Thrilling and heart-rending scenes.—We mentioned briefly yesterday, the news brought by telegraph, of the destruction of another steamboat on the Mississippi river, and the loss of many lives.

Many bankers predict that when the road is completed, and the issue of bonds consequent upon the completion of the road, the Government, they have so long been to run. It is probable that a large amount will be taken for investment upon foreign account.

DEFEAT OF THE RADICAL NOMINEE FOR U. S. SENATOR IN INDIANA.—King Caucus has been defeated in the State of Indiana. A corrupt politician named Will. Campbell was made the radical nominee for U. S. Senator to succeed Mr. Hendricks.

AN ERROR.—We notice that several of our democratic exchanges, says the Harrisburg Patriot, have fallen into the error of mistaking for not meeting before the fourth of March and appoint a later day for the assembling of the State Convention, that body will meet on that day, pursuant to a resolution supposed to have been adopted by the last State Convention.

A State Historian.

The golden era of literary patronage has returned once more, and produces for the benefit of mankind a historian. It is not Lathrop Motley, nor Bancroft, nor Drake, but Samuel P. Bates, member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society.

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Instead of wearily wasting time in searching among the archives, examining reports of battles, or visiting the fields, our historian took another and quite an original path. He wrote circulars, and these circulars were sent to the hands of the living performers of the glorious deeds which he recounts.

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HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, and HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia.

THEY CURED YOUR FATHERS AND MOTHERS, and will cure you and your children. Liver Complaint, DYSPEPSIA, Nervous Debility, JAUNDICE, Diseases of the Kidneys, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.

Hooiland's German Bitters. It is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Sassafras, Orange Bitters, and other medicinal substances.

Hooiland's German Tonic. It is a combination of all the ingredients of the Tonic, with pure Sassafras, Orange Bitters, and other medicinal substances.

DR. H. B. MILLER, Altoona, Pa., Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

STRAY BULL.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Carroll township, Cambria county, some time in December last.

TRIAL LIST.—List of Causes set down for trial at an adjourned Court of Common Pleas to be held at Ebensburg, and for the County of Cambria commencing on Monday, the 15th day of February next.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS AND SCHOOL TREASURERS.—The County Auditors, having certified the amount of Road and School Taxes received on Seated and Unseated Lands, the Supervisors and Treasurers of School Districts of the several districts are notified to the same.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Ebensburg, Jan. 21, '69. JOHN FERGUSON, JOHN A. KENNEDY, MAURICE McNAMARA, Comrs. THOMAS J. GLASS, Clerk.

THE NEW LIGHT, PETROLEUM FLUID!! Gives twice the light of Carbon Oil, and is safe under all circumstances.

NEW PETROLEUM FLUID made by distillation without the aid of compounds, which is gradually taking the place of Carbon Oil wherever introduced.

CHURCH REAL ESTATE.—I sell for cash, or on time, the following described Real Estate: FOUR HOUSES and LOTS in the Borough of Ebensburg.

CAUTION. Hooiland's German Bitters are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle.

Price of the Bitters, \$1.00 per bottle. Or, a half dozen for \$5.00. Price of the Tonic, \$1.50 per bottle. Or, a half dozen for \$7.50.

Principal Office, AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, No. 531 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO. Given Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

For Sale by E. J. LLOYD, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Cambria County.—In the matter of the first and second accounts of Enoch Farnsworth, Administrator of William Henry Lloyd, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at the office of Geo. M. Reade Esq., in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, the 27th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested may attend or be debarred from any share of said fund.

J. C. EASLY, Auditor.

DEBILITY. There is no medicine equal to Hooiland's German Tonic for the cure of Debility.

Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. It is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Sassafras, Orange Bitters, and other medicinal substances.

Blood Purifiers. Hooiland's German Bitters and Tonic are blood purifiers, and will cure all diseases resulting from impure blood.

FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, Pa., April 16, 1867.

FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, Pa., April 26, 1867.

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D., Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia. Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicine.

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