WHOS WHO-AND

HERRICK DEPLORES WASTE



Myron T. Herrick, former governor of Ohio, Cleveland banker, railroad director and possessor of enough of this world's goods to keep the wolf away from most any old door, has been men-tioned again recently as a possible member of President Taft's cabinet.

The sun hardly rises and sets in Washington without some rumor that a cabinet officer intends to resign and the latest of these involves Frank-lin Mac Veagh of Chicago, secretary of the treasury. Mr. Mac Veagh said it was news to him, but, despite his statement, some of the wiseacres proceeded to pick his successor and Herrick headed the list. Nobody doubts that Mr. Herrick would make a good secretary of the treasury. He knows the financial game from ${\bf A}$ to izzard and recently

in a speech in New York showed that he has some ideas concerning how Uncle Sam's money matters should be handled. Uncle Sam is extravagant and wastes his money, according to Mr. Herrick, who explained by way of preface that in the early history of the United States, where there were foreign complications, men of ability preferred government service because of the prominence it gave them. Later, when these foreign complications had disappeared and the country was once fairly started, this class of men preferred to devote their energies to commercial and industrial enterprises, which may be taken to mean that the former gov-

ernor doesn't want a cabinet job at all. ernor doesn't want a cabinet job at all.

"Many of those who have assumed the administrative functions of government," he said, "are so poorly qualified that the consequent waste and extravagance are appalling. The evidence is conclusive that in the national government itself there is a vast and growing amount of extravagance in

"Senator Aldrich gives it as his opinion that the national government could save \$300,000,000 a year if it were conducted on a business basis and managed as cleverly and efficiently as a large corporation. This amount is 40 per cent. of the whole cost of running the government and it is \$33,000,000 more than all the dividends paid to all the stockholders of all the railroads in

'To the high cost of operating the national government may be attributed the duties on many articles that otherwise should be admitted at a lower rate or put on the free list. It is not the tariff that is responsible for the high cost of living, but it is cumbersome public business methods, public extravagance and waste, which are largely responsible for the high tariff.

HUGHES FOR SUPREME COURT



Charles Evans Hughes, governor of New York. who in October will leave the executive chair at Albany to don the robes of the Supreme court of the United States, has been in the limelight ever since he conducted the probe that revealed the big scandals in the insurance world.

After he defeated William Randolph Hearst

for governor, Mr. Hughes naturally got into line for the presidency, as a New York governor al-ways is regarded as a possibility. Theodore Rooseveit, however, wanted his friend Taft to be president and the result is history. But Governor Hughes kept on doing things, as the race track gamblers, among others, can testify, and in 1912 it is more than probable that the name of Hughes would again be heard in connection with the pres-

idency had not President Taft appointed him to recently announced that he intended to retire from politics and devote his attention to making money for his family. As governor he receives \$10,000 a year and as a justice of the Supreme court he will get \$12,000. He could earn much more practising law. On this account he hesitated about accepting the honor offered him by the president, but after being urged by Senator Rect and other party leaders he tack it.

Root and other party leaders he took it.

Governor Hughes was born in Glens Falls, N. Y., April 11, 1862. His father was David Chase Hughes and his mother was Mary Catherine Connelly. He was graduated from Brown university with the degree of A. B. in 1881. He received his degree of LL. B. from Columbia Law school in 1884. He was married December 5, 1888, to Antoinette Carter.

Mr. Hughes was admitted to the New York bar in 1884, and received a prize fellowship from Columbia Law school in the same year. He practised law in New York city until 1891, when he assumed the chair of professor of law in Cornell university. He became notable through the life insurance investigation. He was elected governor in 1896 and re-elected in 1908.

POLICE CHIEF FOR LIFE



The board of police commissioners in St. Louis chosen a chief for life. Col. William Young is the man who heads the police department of the fourth largest city in the United States.

Most everybody in St. Louis who knows Colonel Young at all calls him "Billy." He has been on the St. Louis police force 32 years, start-ing as a patrolman and working himself up round by round until he now enjoys a salary of \$5,000 year, an automobile and other accessories that go with such a job.

When Col. Edmond P. Creecy got into the mixup over the shortage in the police relief association's accounts, although he was in no wise guilty of any connection with the alleged embezts, Governor Hadley, who a lice board, decided that a change in chiefs was

Chief Young showed his common sense the day after his appointment when he announced that the police would not molest the Chinese of St. Louis when he announced that the police would not moiest the Chinese of St. Louis for playing fan tan. He said a Chinaman had as much right to play fan tan as a German has to play pinochle. Then the new chief said he would permit boxing before regularly organized clubs. "Billy" Young is worth \$100,000, according to reports, but his wealth has never interfered with his duties as a policeman. Many a poor family down in the old Soulard street district, where Young was captain for several years, knows how some of his wealth has gone to relieve suffering. Colonel Young was at the head of the regular police force on the world's fair grounds and his work in that respect helped a lot when the board investigated his record.

NEWEST DEMOCRATIC HERO



"Great Scott! Why, if this thing keeps up, even John Dalzell and Gen. Harry Bingham ain't

It was a Republican member of congress talk-It was a Republican member of congress talking the day after James S. Havens, Democrat,
was elected representative of the thirty-second
district of New York. Following so soon after
the election of Foss in one of Massachusetts'
Republican strongholds, the election of Mr. Havens, who was not known outside of his own
state, naturally created more than a ripple in the Republican ranks.

Mr. Havens, who made the high cost of living his battle cry, just as a lot of other Democratic candidates are going to do in the campaign that is to come this fall, sums up his election like

"This is not wholly a partisan victory. It is a victory over the things which Cannon has stood and for the ideals which Governor Hughes

Mr. Havens is a lawyer and a former partner of the late Representative James Breck Perkins, whom he succeeds. He was born in Weedsport, Cayuga county, in 1859. He was graduated from Yale in 1884.

He went to Rochester immediately after graduating, was admitted to the

bar in 1836, and has practised law ever since. Although active in Democratic politics, he has never before held public office. He is regarded as a typical Democrat of the old school.

PREVENTING DISEASE IN CATTLE REQUIRES LABOR

However, It Is Both Humane and Profitable-Two Great Scourges in Calf Bearing Are White Scours and Lung Affection.

(By W. R. KILBERT.)

The two great scourges in calf rearing are the white scours and the lung affection, which latter has been proved to be quite preventable. The method requires extreme but not laborious care in carrying out. When this care is taken satisfactory results are obtained.

Investigation has proved, first, that the disease is located in districts; and, second, that it is more prevalent where sanitary conditions are not perfect; third, that the disease is contracted through allowing the infectious matter of the place when the calf is dropped to come into contact with the navel of the young calf, through which it finds its way into the circulation of

The remedy is to have the place for the young calf carefully cleansed and as soon as the calf comes into the known almost with certainty to exist? There are districts where this scourge is unknown. Let a diseased calf be brought in and the disease at

once appears.
All houses in which young calves are reared should be made thoroughly clean; a large application of disinfectants should be made until the place is made free, and all calves should be liberally supplied with clean, dry straw for bedding.

Another disease appears to be form of contagious bronchitis. It is generally fatal if it is allowed to run unchecked for some time.

It is possible that this very serious

disease may be caused by allowing calves to remain out in the fields too

long in cold, wet weather.
Provide good, comfortable, dry quarters for calves while they are young. Let them have sufficient ventilation in their houses without drafts. Allow world to dress the navel with a prepal them open air exercise only on warm



Contentment in Hot Weather.

ration of carbolic acid that will de- | days, and not until they are sufficientstroy any infectious matter that may attach itself to the navel.

Naturally failures have been re-ported even when precautions have been taken and doubts cast on the theory of infection.

on the point of a fine needle, how can we say with confidence that the disease white scours occurs through any where the infective matter has been | care.

ly strong to withstand even moderately cold weather. Never allow a young calf to have its coat saturated with

cold rain water.
The principal matter to be borne in seeing that infection of disasses similar to this may be carried and living must have thoughtful care, and it should not be necessary to observe that in the management of serve that in the management of calves, we are dealing with a valuable other cause than infection in places farm asset that will repay considerable

GROUND PLAN OF BULL PEN



wise wise bezand ground plan of the building and pound in which we keep our herd buil. this is done by a pulley and a rope. The pulley is attached to the peak of the barn above the doorway and the says Hoard's Dairyman. It does not rope attached to the door extends to it

Everything is so arranged that it is not necessary for a man to go into the stall with the bull. From the feed room the feed is put into the feeding trough and slid through the partition into his stall. He is the partition into his stall have a manner. The runway raises up when opened and cow is.

take much explaining to indicate how the animal is handled in such a place.

and to the feed room where the door may be opened or closed. The door between the breeding pen and the run-

watered in the same manner. The soon as he opens the door which per-door which leads from his pen to the

PIGEONS PAY PRETTY WELL

Great Secret of Success Is to Get Good Birds and Only Those That Are Mated—Always in Demand.

Boys often raise a few pigeons just or the fun of the thing, but they san

take money in the business as well. It does not pay to do anything haif time to properly care for 100 pigeons than for a dozen.

If a bey starts with pure-bred thomer stock, he can make a profit of at least two dollars per pair every will probably discourage him.

The great secret is to get good asm out of him, but will serve a good purpose. If a lot of unmated birds are gut in a loft together there will be a deal of fighting, squabbling and egg breaking.

Postmaster General Hitchcock says fighting, squabbling and egg breaking.

And it may turn out that there are mades given females, or the other greatly increased the value of farms

Never buy birds unless the dealer will guarantee mates

There is always a good demand for squabs, just as there is for poultry, and the market is not overdone. Game becoming searcer every year and squabs are taking its place.

It costs about one dollar a year to feed a pair of pigeons, and high-class birds ought to average six pairs of squabs every year. These should sell for \$3 to \$3.50, leaving a very decent

There is a great deal to learn about squab-raising, and a boy should write to several dealers to get all the in-

Then he should write to some man who is raising squabs for market, who

This will take some of the enthusi-

all over the country.

IT WEARS YOU OUT.

Kidney Troubles Lower the Vitality of the Whole Body.

Don't wait for serious illness; begin using Doan's Kidney Pills when you first feel backache or notice urinary disorders.



John L. Perry, Columbus, Texas, says: "I was taken sick about a year ago. My limbs and feet began to swell and my doctor said I had Bright's disease. then consulted another doctor who told me I had dropsy and could not live. Doan's

Kidney Pills re-lieved me promptly, and I owe my life to them."

Remember the name-Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a

box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Go to any old person for sympathy, and you will learn that you don't know what real trouble is.

Kill the Flies Now and Keep

disease away. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. Ask your dealer, or send 20c to H. SOM-ERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Impressed.

"I think I shall let that woman rent my house.'

"Why?" "She's the first one who's called to see me about it who didn't brag about what a good tenant she is."

Finding of Fresh-Water Eel.

The straits of Messina are channels of immense depth, through which a wild form of whirling eddies have the effect of bringing up from the depths below many marine creatures which are rarely seen except in the deep sea trawls. It was here that the freshwater eel was first discovered, an incident which threw a blaze of light on the life history of a very mysteri-ous fish.—London Daily Telegraph.

When Company Comes.

If there's one thing above all others that makes a woman feel desperate it is to have company drop in unexpectedly to spend the day, and to know that her table-cloth is yellow from the last washing and the napkins worn in holes and dingy looking. If she had used Easy Task laundry soap her table linen would have been spotlessly white and she would be proud of it. Easy Task soap is the enemy of dirt and the friend of fabrics of all kinds. Try it next Monday and you'll rename washday to Easy Task day.

Didn't Care to Mention His Name. A colored woman presented herself the other day in an equal suffrage

state at the place of registration to qualify for the casting of her vote on he school question at the next elec-With what political party do you

affiliate?" inquired the clerk of the unaccustomed applicant, using the

prescribed formula.

The dusky "lady" blushed, all coyness and confusion. "Is I 'bleged to answer that there question?"

"Certainly; the law requires it."
"Then," retreating in dismay, "I don't believe I'll vote, 'case I'd hate to have to mention the party's name. He's one of the nicest gent-mums in town."--Ladies' Home Journal.

Light on Cause of Tuberculosis.

The sixth annual meeting of the Na-tional Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis was held in Washington on May 2 and 3. Among the most interesting papers was one by Dr. William H. Park, the famous pathologist and head of the labora-tories of the New York City depart-ment of health. Dr. Park contended that pulmonary tuberculosis is very rarely, if ever, caused by infection from bovine sources, such as the drinking of milk or the eating of meat. Tuberculosis of the stomach and internal organs, which compose only about ten per cent. of the sickness from this disease, are often caused by drinking or eating infected matter. Doctor Park substantiated his conclusions by showing the results of years of investigation and examination of pathological specimens. His conclusions are substantially those reached Robert Koch, the discoverer of the tubercle bacilius.

What Thinking Takes Out

Of the brain, and activity out of the body, must be

Put Back by

Proper Food

Or brain-fag and nervous prostration are sure to follow.

If you want to know the keenest joy on earth-the joy that comes with being well,

Grape-Nuts

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CASCARETS for a box for a week's 205 treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month,



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