#### CAMERON COUNTY PRESS. H. H. MULLIN, Editor

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. 

ADVERTISING RATES:

Adversisements are published at the rate of pac dollar per square for one insertion and fifty -ats per square for each subsequentinsertion Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on

Rates by the year, or to see a see a set our missed on a polication.
Legal and Official Advertising per square, fare times or less, 12; each subsequent insertien 10 cents per square.
Local notices lucents per line for each subsequent enviewed to the service of the service of

o paper will be discontinued until arrear-s are paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The Makins in Church.
"I never knew," said the nervous man, "what an inveterate smoker I am until recently in church-my first visit for a long while-I found myself mechanically rolling a cigarette. In fact, I had it rolled and was reaching for a match when I suddenly came to. Suppose I hadn't waked up? Rather

Big Deposit of Iron Ore.

The largest deposit of titaniferous iron ore in the middle of Sweden is Taberg, in the Province of Smaland, seven miles south of the town of Jonkoping. This small mountain is 450 feet high and consists entirely of this iron ore. The area is figured to be 2.800,000 square feet.

Saving the Wall Paper.

A paperer advised me to get a roll cheap cotton batting for cleaning soiled wallpaper. With a piece of the batting go over the surface of the paper lightly. Then with more batting go over the paper with greater pressure. The result is astonishing .- Good Housekeeping.

A Sharp Editor.

A subscriber to one of our American newspapers writes to its editor thus: "I don't want your paper any 'onger." To which the editor replications of the statement of the stateme onger." To which the editor replies, I wouldn't make it any longer if you Its present length suits me very

Says the Irreverent Student.

"Liberty is a thing we modern peo-ple abuse," observed our friend, the Student. "The Puritans, now, always carried guns to church, and yet I can't find that one of 'em ever shot a preacher."

Both Take Wrong Course.

"This would be a better world," says the Philosopher of Folly, "if the man who has been married one year would talk less about it, and the man who has been married ten years would talk more about it."

His Coat of Arms.

Mr. Porker (of Chicago, who made a fortune from Porker's Red Seal Lard)--"Say, duke, this trade-mark of yours is just cute. Guess your ancestor who invented it was in the menagerie hystoges?" London Opinion erie business?"-London Opinion.

Quite So.

"Many a man," remarked the home-grown philosopher, "spends his court-ing days in telling a girl that he is unworthy of her, and his married life in proving it."

Shock for Literature.

The literary man who goes into vaudeville runs a great risk of being humiliated when he compares his earning capacity with that of the trained elephant.

Property of Unfortunate Queen. Among the clocks of Versailles

one of great interest historically, for it belonged to Marie Antoinette, hapless consort of I ouis XVI. It is a musical clock.

An Evening Thought. We often weep over lost hopes that died from our own neglect, and were

by our own hands.-Heart

Philosophy. The Difference.

He-"And what do your parents think about our engagement?" She-"Mamma is set on my marrying you, and papa sat on it."—Boston Record.

Short Time Exposure.

Moving pictures of the flight of in-sects have been made with exposures of 1-42,000 second.

At the Egg Counter.

"These are the new-laid, miss; but these other are the kind that are selling best just at present!

Recipe for Happiness.

To be happy with money you must own your money, not let your money

own you.

Time's Changes. Good reasons must, of force, give place to better.—Shakespeare.

Of Course.

When we succeed it is hard work; failure is due entirely to bad luck.

### THE BEST POSSIBLE

PRESIDENT TAFT'S POSITION ON THE TARIFF QUESTION

Measure Passed by Congress, When It Has Been Tried Out by the Country, Will Bear Out Chief Executive's Indorsement.

Some months ago an Indianian of the name of Foulke, who had supported Mr. Taft for president, wrote him in a tone of criticism of the administration, especially as regards the tariff question. The president replied, in terms, it was said, of pith and point. But the correspondence was not published. All known about it is of a general character.

It is now stated that a Mr. Swift, another Indianian who voted the Republican ticket in 1908, has in a letter to the president entered a protest against the new tariff law, and taken fling at Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Cannon. Mr. Taft has replied to him pointedly, but the letters are withheld.

While the full text of the letters in both of these cases would be interesting, what circulates without contradiction about them is sufficient to afford a good text for comment. And one may ask the question, Did Mr. Foulke and Mr. Swift expect Mr. Taft to join in the insurgent animadversions on Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Cannon? After consulting with them about tariff revision, and co-operating with them in bringing it about, was he to be expected to acquiesce in, or even listen in silence to, denunciations of them

and their work?

Both the president and his party in congress confronted a most difficult situation last spring. After the preliminary maneuvering and parleyings, they stood at soliloguy and asked themselves: To revise, or not to revise? That was the question. The business world was all impatience and anxiety for action. Delay was exanxiety for action. Delay was ex-pensive. A tariff bill—some bill—was absolutely necessary. Adjournment of the extra session without a bill would not only be a confession of incompetency on the part of the Republicans, but a blow to the business world. The period of uncertainty would be prolonged, and all values

injuriously affected.

In the very nature of things the measure must be of a compromise character. Nobody could reasonably hope to be entirely satisfied. On certain points the Star is in hearty sympathy with downward revisionists. A compromise, as we all know, was at last effected, and it had the indorse ment, first of a very large majority of the Republicans in both houses of congress, and then of the president The country will pass upon the meas ure in November. But does any frank and open man expect the president meanwhile to cut and run, or begin to shilly shally about his part of the performance?—Washington (Ind.) Star.

Postal Savings Bill.

The passage in the senate by a vote of 50 to 22 of the bill to establish system of postal savings banks would seem to point to the probability that the measure as finally agreed upon in the senate will pass the house. Every Republican senator present voted for the measure, but this result was not brought about until the Smoot amendment had been so reshaped as to modify the methods under which it was proposed that postal savings funds should be handled.

The opposition to the Smoot amendment in its original form, which would have permitted the investment of savings funds in two per cent. govern ment bonds, was based on the theory that the government would take money from local centers to maintain these bonds at par. Another opposition argument was that the funds under the Smoot amendment could be used to establish a centralized bank.

As the bill finally passed the senate it provides that the moneys collected through the postal savings system are to be deposited with local banks at a rate of not less than 91% terest, and are to remain with such institutions unless withdrawn by the president in case of war or other exigency, and if so withdrawn must invested in government securities which shall not draw less than 214 per cent. interest. The fixing of the government security interest rate at 21/4 per cent. was in accord with an amendment to the Smoot amendment, offered by Senator Borah, the purpose of which was the exclusion of the existing two per cent. issues from the securities in which investment might be made

The Smoot amendment in the modu fied form in which it was finally accepted would seem to give sufficient assurance that moneys will not be re moved from localities in which they are collected except upon emergency Indeed, the measure as went through the senate makes the government postal system a collective agency for the banks, though the gov ernment exacts one-quarter of per cent. to defray the collection ex-

Real Leaders of Party.
The importance to the party of upright leadership was indicated by President Taft in his tributes to ex-President Roosevelt and to Gov. Hughes of New York state. The Republican party's principles are all right; all that is needed is right men to carry them out. Such apostles of to carry them out. Such apostles of to vote for the postal savings bank righteousness the party has found in bill which passed the senate recently. and Hughes. party will keep faith with itself and with it, by rallying to their support .-- but unanimous Democratic opposition

#### **NEED FOR YOUNGER ADMIRALS**

Weak Spot in Navy Called to the Attention of the Country by the President.

President Taft's message to congress advocating reform in the navy indicates plainly the lines personnel along which the administration is working to correct what is believed to be a weak spot in our naval establishment. Our admirals now reach flag rank so late in life that they are ready for the retired list before they can do any efficient work in the command of squadrons or fleets. It is desired that officers should reach flag rank at an early enough age to have six or eight years of active service ahead of them as flag officers.

In practically all other navies the grade of rear admiral is reached at a much younger age than is the case with us. Thus, on January 1, 1910, the average age of rear admirals in the various navies was as follows: Japanese, 50; German, 51; British, 53; Austrian, 55; Italian, 56; French, 59, and Americans 60½. It will thus be seen that our rear admirals are much older than officers of similar rank in other first-class navies, more than ten years older than Japanese officers and seven years older on the average than British officers.

The only practical way of reducing the age at which officers reach command and flag rank is to adopt the methods by which that result is se cured in other navies. Practically all of them have the age-in-grade retirement provision, by which every officer from the grade of lieutenant up is automatically retired on reaching a given age unless he has been promoted to the next higher grade. Thus, it might be provided that every com-mander who reached 48 years without promotion to captain must be retired, and, similarly, every captain who has reached 53 or 55 without advancement must go to the retired list. An arrangement of that kind would do injustice to no one as would a system of selection, while it would provide younger admirals with certainty

States and "Foreign" Corporations.

In the case of the Pullman Company, as in that of the Western Union, the federal supreme court has taken a view which very materially affects the rights of all important corporations. The significance of the two decisions lies in their bearing on the general principle, often upheld by the same court, that a state has the power to prohibit any corporation created by another state from entering it for the purpose of doing business "locally," and consequently that, if it chooses as a mere matter of comity, to grant a corporation a license, a right of entry, it may annex any kind or number of conditions to that grant, the only restrictions heretofore recognized being that no corporation can be asked to give up constitutional rights.

This principle has seemed extreme to many able lawyers, and the court must have felt that some modification of it was necessary. To hold that while states cannot hamper interstate commerce they may mulct or penalize corporations chartered by sister states that apply for permission to enter them for the purpose of doing local business, is to assume a position bristling with practical difficulties and theoretical incongruities.

The court now holds that Kansas cannot exclude the Western Union and the Pullman Company from its territory, even as far as the doing of purely local business is concerned, because they have declined to pay a statutory fee equal to a certain percentage of all their authorized capital. Such a single fee amounts to a tax on the entire business of the companies, the in-terstate as well as the local, and on all their property, wherever situated; and, of course, such a general tax practically amounts to an interference with interstate commerce, no matter what disguise it wears.

For Postal Savings Banks.

be discovered that all sections of the country were strongly in favor of such provision for the safe deposition. money in places which have no banking facilities of the kind suitable for small savings. It is not probable that any state in the union would vote against the establishment of an institution which has found favor and proved its usefulness in many countries of Europe, in Canada and in Aus-

If there is any reason for opposing such facilities for thrift and such ab-solute security for small deposits, which can be made convincing more than a rather small minority of the American people, it has not yet

Theodore Roosevelt will accent the Democratic nomination for president about the time that Col. Watterson runs for the same office on the Prohi bition ticket.—Rochester Democrat.

The Indiana editors of Republican newspapers in their annual conven tion unanimously adopted a resolution of approval of the Payne tariff

Opposition to Postal Savings.

It is going to cause Democratic can didates, newspapers and orators much trouble, during the campaign next fall. to explain the fact that only Sen Chamberlain of Oregon, elected by Republican legislature in a Republican state, stood out from the minority The It will be found that artful special pleading and dust-throwing will not go they have kept faith far to offset the undeniable fact of all to a very pepular measure.

Follow this advice.

Quaker Oats is the best of all foods; it is also the cheapest. When such men as Prof. Fisher of Yale University and Sir James Crichton Browne, LL.D., F.R.S. of London spend the best part of their lives in studying the great question of the nourishing and strengthening qualities of different foods, it is certain that their ad-

vice is absolutely safe to follow.

Professor Fisher found in his experiments for testing the strength and endurance of athletes that the meat eaters were exhausted long before the men who were fed on such food as Quaker Oats. The powers of endurance of the non-meat eaters were about eight times those of the meat

Sir James Crichton Browne says eat more oatmeal, eat plenty of it and eat it frequently.

HIS WAY OUT OF IT.



Prospective Tenant (noticing several inches of water in the cellar)— My, this cellar leaks.

Landlord-It don't leak a drop. That water has been in here for two months and not a single drop has escaped.

#### FOR THE SKIN AND SCALP

Because of its delicate, emollient, sanative, antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura Ointment, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors, Cuticura Soap is unrivaled for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for dispelling itching, irritation and in-flammation and preventing clogging of the pores, the cause of many disfig-uring facial eruptions. All who de-light in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment realize every expectation. Cuticura Reme dies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Send to them for the latest Cuticura Book, an authority on the best care of the skin, scalp, hair and hands. It is mailed free on request.

Fighting Disease in Greece. Consul General George Horton has made a report from Athens on the conspicuous work of Greek physicians in combating the country's chief scourges—malarial fever and tuberculosis. An annual average of 2,000 persons die each year from the former, while in epidemic years, due to excessive rains, the number exceeds 6,000, which was the case in 1905. The population of Greece is 2,433,806. The people have been interested through lectures, pamphlets, etc., to fight the malaria-carrying mosquito by draining stagnant ponds and throwing petro-leum on them. A tuberculosis con-gress will be held at Athens next year, to which will be invited not only physicians, but all the mayors and other prominent people of Greece.

Two Points of View. Mrs. Whoopser—For my part, I think Mr. Dyler was mean when he

marry again.
Mr. Whoopser—Oh, Mary, don't

made his wife promise she would never

Desperate Remedy.

"Yes," said the musician in a reminiscent mood, "my wife fell in love with me and married me when I was

learning to play the cornet."
"Are you sure," asked his friend, "that she married you because she leved you, or to make you stop prac ticing on the cornet?"

An Honest Policeman Judge.-What is the charge against this man, officer?

Policeman .- There isn't any, your honor; business was dull and I arrest ed him just to keep my hand in.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day. Dr. Detchon's Relief for Rheumatism radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action is remarkable. It removes the cause and the disease quickly disappears. First dose greatly benefits. 75c Druggists.

Placing Him. Look at that old man with the eggstain on his shirt front." 'It is only the vulgar rich that are

fond of such display." Red. Wenk, Wenry, Watery Eyes, Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles, You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists, Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

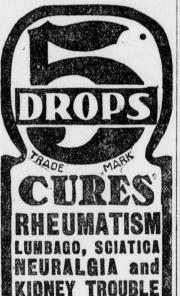
Optimism.

Kicker.—Look how easy it is for flies to get in through these screens! Landlord.—Yes, but look how easy it is for them to get out again!

A TRIFLING COUGH will become a persone unless stopped. Atten's Lung Balsam wi ly stop it. A 25c bottle is large enough for that. Sold it all druggists, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

How men would kick if their wives struck for an eight-hour day.

The Place to Buy Cheap J. F. PARSONS'



of the poisonous matter and actus white are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instantrelief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of ime without acquiring a "drug hablt," s it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, leohol, laudanum, and other similar gredients. arge Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" (200 Doc \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists. SWANSON RHEUMATIS CURE COMPANY, Dopt. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.



If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertisirg opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community there's a reason. People go where they are attracted - where they know what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's busi-

#### MAKE YOUR APPEAL

to the public through the columns of this paper. With every issue it carries its message into the homes and lives of the people.
Your competitor has his
store news in this issue. Why don't
you have yours? Don't blame the

people for flocking to his store. They know what he has.

Popular

Time Home Paper

Gives you the reading matter in which you have the greatest interest—the home news. Its every should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

## C. G.SCHMIDT'S.

HEADQUA \_\_ HEADQUARTERS FOR

FRESH BREAD,

FANCY CAKES. ICE CREAM.

Bakery, CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

Allorders given prompt and skillful attention.

# **Enlarging Your Business**



more money you will read every word we have to sav. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you adver-

business and you

tise for direct results? Did you ever stop to think

how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away. Advertising is a modern

business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent

If you are in annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to you will become intensely interested in your advertising. and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.