What a Dollar Dog Can Do.

A man in a nearby city bought for his wife and child a year ago a dog, for which he paid a dollar. It was obviously nothing wonderful in the canine way-merely a mongrel, with the buildog strain predominant. The owner was a man in humble circumstances, and the dog in his modest dwelling was the principal asset aside from a few sucks of furniture. The other night Tom was tied to a leg of the kitchen sink, as usual, and the family went to bed. They were awakened by the dog at midnight scratching at his master's door. When his master came out to see what was the matter the dog, with a remnant of chewed rope hanging from his collar, whined and ran to the head of the stairway. The house was on fire, and shortly after woman and child and man and dog made their escape their poor dwelling was a mass of glowing embers. The owner of the dog has been urged to part with him for a large cash consideration; but, though ie is penniless, he will not part with he four footed savior of his family. Neither has the dog at any time had houghts of leaving them for luxurious ennels.-New York Times.

## Slaves to the Servants.

"I am very tired," said the fashion-bly dressed woman. "I have been working dreadfully hard all day. Dong what? Why, seeing to my serv-ints-working for them. Didn't you know that the more servants you have the harder you must work? Certainly i have to do all the shopping for my servants. I have to buy their uniforms, the caps and aprons of the naids, the clothing of the housekeeper. and have to see to the marketing, too ves, and very often, in spite of the fact hat I have a housekeeper. I must, or they will form a combine to rob me of verything I have. The housekeeper vill get a rakeoff that will enable her o retire in a few years. Then pethaps t is I who must hunt a place as ousekeeper for some one else. Oh, es, if you want to keep your position s mistress of a household of servants ou must keep hustling! You can't afrd to let the grass grow under your et to any great extent."-New York

He Got a Hundred.

Sammy's mother talked to him long and earnestly about the poor marks he ad been getting in his work at school. he painted in alluring colors the ca-er of the little boy who studies his essons and gains the love and respect f his teachers. She went even far-She promised him that if he got ood marks she would give him a whole dime all for his own. Sammy semed impressed.

afternoon he returned from hool fairly dancing with joy. "Oh, mother," he shouted, "I got a undred."

"Sammy!" cried his delighted moth-She hugged him and kissed him and petted him and-gave him the

"And what did you get a hundred she finally asked.

"In two things," replied Sammy rithout hesitation. "I got forty in eadin' and sixty in spellin'."—Everyody's Magazine.

Trapping the Parson.

William Morris did not always get is jokes right end first. In a biography of her husband, Mrs. Edward Burne-ones tells of the ease with which he eversed them A dinner gathering had all been ask-

g conundrums Who killed his brother Cain?" asked

Burne-Jones. Morris fell into the trap at once.

"Abel!" he shouted. Later in the day he came in laugh-

ing.
"I trapped the parson, by Jove!" he exclaimed. "I asked him, 'Who killed his brother Abel?"
"'Cain,' he said at once.

'Cain,' he said at once. "'Ha!' I said. 'I knew you'd say that. Every one does.' I came away and left him puzzled enough, and I loubt if he's found out yet what the oke was.'

Not Qualified. Two men were getting warm over a

simple difference of opinion. They turned to the third man.

'Isn't a homemade strawberry shortake better than a cherry pie?" denanded one of them.

"Isn't a homemade cherry pie betr than any shortcake?" inquired the

The third man shook his head "I don't know," he said. "I board."
-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Tripping Tongue. 'Henry Peck, you're a fool!"

'You didn't seem to think so when was single." "No, you never showed what a big you were until you married me." Exchange.

Not an Umpire.

A clergyman startled his drowsy ongregation the other day as follows:
My dearly beloved friends, permit le to remind you that I come here to breach, not to act as umpire in a snorng match."

The Explanation.

Fred-There seems to be a lot more uss made of Miss A.'s singing than iss K.'s, and I am sure Miss K. has far the richer voice. Jack-Ah. ves. Miss A. has by far the richer

Made Sure of the Pie.

young girl who carried her dinner as observed to eat her pie first, been asked why, she replied, "Well, there's anything left it won't be the re, will it, now?"

A Surprise For the Hunters

"If the lair of a leopard is known, says a writer in the Wide World Mag-azine, "stones with generally dislodge the lurker. I recall one occasion when a leopard was supposed to be located in a cave near camp. The guns were placed around in positions commanding the exit and a few stones were at first, but as more and larger stones ming and then a roar like the sea under the cliffs. In a moment the above the cave's entrance grew dark with-bees! As one man sportsmen and gun bearers fled for the camp. A were slightly stung before could reach their tents and pull the flaps over the entrances, which the bees for some time besieged. Incredible though it may sound, it is the truth that, although the camp was full of native servants, horses, etc., none of those who had remained behind and were not concerned in the attack ou the bees' cave were stung. It was a considerable time before the bees beat a retreat, but during all the time that they stayed in the camp it was the tents of their aggressors exclusively round which they angrily buzzed."

The Crab In the Whale's Ear. When the whales were still frequent along the lines of passenger travel across the Atlantic nothing was more common than to see the great beasts burling their bulk clean out of the waves and, after a flight through the air, falling back into the sea with an splash, a spectacle never enormous falling of interest to the ocean tourist. but not due to any sportive disposition on the part of the leviathan of the deep—quite the contrary. The breaching of the whale is no fun for the beast. It is a frantic effort to rid himself of the torture of earache. There is a marine crustacean which pesters whales to the verge of endurance, and there seems reason to believe that some whales have been driven insane by these tiny parasites. is a crab of about the size of that which is found in the oyster. When it lodges on the whale it infests the inner surface of the eyelids and the ear. By swift rushes on the surface the whale is able to clear its eyes, but the crab in the inner ear cannot be dislodged by any such means.

"Ox Eyes" For Two. The drawback of fancy names for dishes is their tendency to be deficient in prosaic information. Would you order "angels on borseback." for instance, if you did not know what sort of thing it was? And to appeal to the waiter to interpret is humiliating. A correspondent recalls his own fate in the matter of "ochsenaugen" (ox eyes). Having repeatedly seen them on the menu among the pudding class during a tour in Germany, he and his wife eventually ordered them. "Two portions?" asked the woman water. "One yes, two portions." It proved that two portions of ox eyes meant six fried eggs-as the final course of a hearty meal. And, as the wife had the moral courage to refuse to eat more than one, the cowardly husband, unwilling to give away that he had not known what he was ordering, had to worry

A Startling Hat.

A lady's hat which would no doubt create as great a sensation today as it did at the time of its first appearance in 1352 was that worn by Blanche de Bourbon, queen of Castile, wife of Peter the Cruel. It cost £35 and was made in Paris. The hat itself was composed of de chypre and relieved with great pearls, garnets and enamel work. Children, carved in the whitest of ivory, were depicted picking acorns of pearls from the oak and scattering them to the swine below. Birds were singing in the trees, and at the foot were bees stealing honey from the flowers springing up from the verdure.

the case of two occupants the time would, of course, be reduced to two hours.—New York American.

Points on the Market.

Old Gentleman (in broker's office)— Now, what do you think I might buy? Broker-You ought to have some Char-Old Gentleman-Why, I was only thinking coming up in the train that I ought to sell some Chartered. Broker (who wants a commission)-Well, that's not a bad idea, either.— London Financial Times.

A Dried Up Spring.

Editor-1 understand, Mr. Pennyman, that you have married. Penny-Pennyman (sadly)-Yes. Editor-That will perhaps infuse new life in your mother-in-law jokes, eh? Pennyman (more sadly)-Alas, that is a thing of the past. The mother-in-law is no longer a joke with me.-Brooklyn Life

An Appreciated Kindness. "Mr. Growell," began the visitor, "I

don't want to disturb you"-"Very considerate of you to come in here just to tell me that," said the busy man. "I appreciate it, sir. Good day!"-New York Journal.

Easy Money. Hard Featured Woman-So you had noney once, had you? May I ask you how you made your first thousand dol-lars? Tuffold Knutt (wiping his eye with his coat sleeve)-Ma'am, I drempt it'-Chicago Tribune

SEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH
DF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUB-LISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRE-TARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN
PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF
THE CONSTITUTION
A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an indiments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Genral Assembly met, That the following the proposed as amendments to the Contitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provitions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows.

tion Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article tour of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint, he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, he Governor shall nominate to the Senate, he Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming; or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by years and nays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:—

He shall nominate and, by and with the advice, and consent of two-thirds of

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section 7. Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section 8. Amendment Six—To Article

Fresh Air For Sleeping.

A person requires twenty cubic inches of fresh air at each respiration, or on an average of 400 per minute, and in ten hours' sleep he consumes 130 cubic feet of air. The air of a bedroom ten feet square, having its doors and windows closed and occupied by one person, would become unit for respiration in four hours. In the case of two occupants the time.

State Treasurer shall each be four years, and they shall be chosen by the qualified sectors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year of thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected in the year election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and they shall be chosen by the qualified electrons of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electrons of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year election in the year of thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electrons of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electrons of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be elected to the year shall each be four years; and they shall be elected in the year of thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall s

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—
"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or addermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall ship, ward or borough; no person ship be elected to such office unless he ship have resided within the township, borough.

be elected to such office unless he shall wave resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district. So as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justlees of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward district or borough shall elect more than two justlees of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of arti-

tion Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constituton, which reads as follows:—
"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CUIZENS OF THIS COMMON. WEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION. BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be live years and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished, so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected or general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall yote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

delphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—
"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—
The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided. That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article

shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section 2. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for an all the shall be read to the office of Auditor General, and the State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine, half be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nin

vided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law." so as to read:—
All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be

All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a municipal election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms. Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—
"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—
County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen

vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen Section II. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen is the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year three after; and in the election of said officer each qualified elector shall vote for more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number evotes shall be elected; any casual vacangin the office of county commissioner county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county is which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the propount of the propount of the propounts of the county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place to be filled." So as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen

commissioners and three shall be elected in each

in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissoner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

sioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.
Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that—
In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand the hundred and the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine hundred in the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and the hundred and nine hundred and the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December i these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and towaship officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judgical districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of, these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT MCAFEE.

Secretary of the Commonwealth. these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December

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