## CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. 

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of pac dollar per square for one insertion and fifty seats per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for all or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on

are low and uniform, application, application.
Legal and Official Advertising per square Legal and official square times or less, 12; each subsequent inser-

Ares times or loss, 12; each subsequent macrified 19 cents per square.

Local notices iv cents per Hine for one insersertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obtuary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriage and the period of the lines and the lines of less, 15 per year; wer lines, at the regular rates of advertices. No local inserted for less than 75 cents per

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law Printing. No paper will be discontinued until arrear-ages are paid, except at the option of the pub-lisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

First American Post Route The first post route in the United States was established in 1672. It was between New York and Boston, and the schedule was once a month. To-day the yearly cost of mail transpor-

tation on our railroads alone is about \$45,000,000. The railway postoffice lines cover 208,484 miles and employ over 15,000 officers and clerks.

At the Peking palace dog associa-tion show, held in London, Mrs Cross's China dog Chu-Ear took Pier pont Morgan's prize of 100 guines: Mrs. Cross refused a check for \$25, 000 down for the little Chink—about \$200 an ounce. Plenty of dogs in China, but this was a perfect palace pup.

Butter from Denmark.

Denmark exports to Great Britain over \$48,600,000 worth of butter year ly. Dairying in Denmark is mainly co-operative. In 1907 the 1,085 associations had 138,170 members, bound as a rule to the enterprise for ten The creameries in 1908 num-

Coeducation in America.

In elementary schools 96 per cent of the children of the United States are in coeducational schools; in secondary schools the proportion for co-educatiosa is 95 per cent.; of colleges and universities attended by men 68 per cent. admit women.

Appendicitis Defined.

"Father," said little Rollo, "what is appendicitis?"

"My son," answered the cynical parent, "appendicitis is something that enables a good doctor to open up a man's anatomy and remove his entire bank account."—Washington Star.

Foes of School Children.

More than 100,000 children of school age are annually laid prostrate by the three preventable diseases of theria, tuberculosis and scarlet fever and 20,000 of these illnesses terminate fatally.

Not Being Exterminated.

In the Journal of the African So ciety the opinion is expressed by Mr Selous that, contrary to the general belief, giraffes and elephants are in no danger of being exterminated in

Eagles to Draw Balloons

One of the most fantastic ballooning projects of the past was that of an Austrian who suggested, nearly a century ago, that balloons might be guided in any desired direction with the aid of trained eagles.

Revenue Stamps in Mexico.

All notes or legal papers executed in Mexico must bear revenue stamps, and all papers executed in the United States or other countries must bear these stamps before legal action can be commenced in Mexico.

When Bogota Is Dark.

There are times when, because of insufficient water power, it is not pos sible to supply electric light for both the houses and the streets in Bogota Colombia, so the streets remain dark

Boston to Have World's Fair

Boston has launched a project for a great world's fair in 1920, to com memorate the three hundredth an niversary of the landing of the Pil-grims and the founding of New Eng-

Those Big Hats.

The hats worn by the women during the first half of the year have been enough to frighten Satan, but you will note that the marriages have not fallen off any.-Galveston News.

Foundation of Chop Suey

Chinese pork is one of the delicacie of the ages; has been brought up for centuries to taste better than turkey

Peculiarity About Money.

The strange thing about money is what it looks as if it could do for you until you have it.

Camphor Trees in Florida. More than 3,000 camphor trees have been set out in Florida.

Railroads Using Telephone. During the year 1908 the telephone was adopted on 2,357 miles of railroad

### HAS GOOD POINTS TARIFF LAW ON PROBATION.

SOME ARGUMENTS IN FAVOR OF SHIP SUBSIDY.

New Features of the Bill Seem to in a Measure Remove Objections Which Have Hitherto Been Made.

An impression that congress will pass a ship subsidy bill at the winter's session is almost universal, and it is instructive to learn from the Baltimore Sun's Washington correspondence just about what lines the measure is likely to follow. These were approximately disclosed in the bill completed just before the adjournment of congress, and introduced in one house at least, perhaps in both.

Two new features of the bill are

free ships and a new system of ton-nage taxes. At present Americans owning foreign-built ships are not permitted to fly the American flag over them or have them admitted to Amercan registry unless they are more than half rebuilt in American ship yards. The bill proposes to admit to American registry foreign-built steamers of 5,000 gross tons or more, wholly owned by Americans. These ships are to be restricted to foreign trade, or trade with the Philippine and Hawaiian islands, and are to be barred from the coastwise trade and from mail competition under the act of 1891 or the Humphrey act.

Revision of the tonnage taxes seems to be radical and sweeping. The ton-nage taxes in waters of this hemi-sphere are to be reduced, while tonnage taxes in the transatlantic trade and in the eastern trade are to be materially increased. The reciprocal law relating to tonnage taxes is repealed by this bill. This will mean an increase estimated at \$1,000,000 in tonnage taxes to be paid by foreign ship owners, and it is expected to decrease the tonnage taxes now paid by American ships which trade chief-ly in local waters. Further than this a rebate of 80 per cent. of all tonnage taxes will be allowed American ships which carry American boys or prentices to be trained in seamanship. The bill also seeks to establish new mail lines to South and Central America, Japan, China, the Philippines and Australasia.

Recognition of the principle of free ships will go a long way toward abat ing hostile sentiment toward the subsidy. The ready answer to all subsidy proposals has always been that if we really wanted a merchant marine we would permit our citizens to buy ships abroad and give them American registry. There is probably not much in this objection, but on the other hand there is no good reason why free ships should be denied. If any tremendous rush of foreign-built ships to American register should ensue, which is not likely, the boom in shipping could hardly fail to do our ship

yards more good than harm through contagion of the activity. It must be admitted that the natural impulse against subsidies springs from a sound instinct. On the other hand the subsidy problem finds us in some such situation as the tariff does all nations would adopt the ideal regime of free trade, we could stand it as well as the rest, but with hostile duties against our commodities in foreign ports, we drop into the universal habit of retaliatory legislation. tariff reform movement in Great Britain is not really protective in principle, but merely proposes to get up a system of duties that may be used to jockey with in the game of international trade. In the old days of rebates it was possible to demonstrate their iniquity, but it would have been very hard to induce any large shipper to abandon his rebates while compet-

Purposes of Party Platforms.

nade in more than a century was nheralded by platforms or No platform called for the ions. Louisiana purchase, or for the independent treasury, or for the annexation of Texas, or for the opening of the Japanese ports, or for the emancipation proclamation, or for the purchase of Alaska, or for the annexation of the Philippines. When the platform writers began to indorse these things they were dealing with accom plished facts.

Platforms serve a purpose, but it is Parties cannot be suborincidental. dinated to them. In popular govern-ments political stagnation is certain to follow the disappearance of an alert op-position. Some of the ills of Democracy are due to the fact that in various respects it has ceased to oppose Republicanism and has sought to asit. Others are traceable to the platform habit, which has led it into strange and contradictory declarations. In the main, however, the spirit of faction has grown be cause in the search by would-be leaders for novelty the real principles of the party, always applicable, have been neglected .- New York World.

A Natural Inquiry.

David Bennett Hill and Alton B. Parker promise to "revive the Demo-cratic party." Well! Well! Who revived Hill and Parker?-St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Still There's Hope.

Col. Watterson says the "tariff will yet split the Republican party," But not so badly that it cannot be patched up about election time, we fancy.

Whether Success or Failure, the Republican Party Has Done Its Duty to the Country.

The president accepts the new tariff law as a compromise—as, in the cir cumstances, the best redemption pos sible of the party's promises. It is the correct appraisement of the measure. Everybody understood at the start that a compromise, or nothing, would be the result. The tariff plank of the Chicago platform itself was a compro mise, worded with great care, so as to meet a difficult situation. One has only to recall the complexion and deliberations of the platform committee of the Chicago convention to understand the task the Republicans had then in hand.

Will the compromise work? Will the new law accomplish what has been promised and vowed in its name? That is the point now. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. If the law proves to be a revenue producer and business thrives under it all the denunciation of it indulged in by Democrats and Republican insurgents at the special session which framed and passed it will speedily be forgot-The country wants good results ten. and, as a rule, rewards the party which brings them about.

On the other hand, if the law fails;

if the deficit in the treasury grows; if business does not meet the predictions and expectations of business men, and large industries show timdity and an unsettled condition, then, necessarily, the tariff question will become very much alive again, and campaigning on the subject occupy atten-

But, in that case, will the country charge the Republicans with the duty of revising their own work, or turn to the Democrats? What could the Democrats do in the way of early action? The senate will remain Republican in any event for some years to come, and, while Republican, may not be expected to accept a tariff drawn by a Democratic house. With the senate controlled by the one party and the house by the other, a dead lock would be inevitable.

And what sort of bill would a Democratic house pass? Who may say, guiding by the Democratic record just made? The Denver platform was repudiated, and open bids were made for protective duties on the products of Democratic constituencies. Several Democrats in the house and one in the senate voted for the bill, in gratitude for favors received and in confession of a belief in the principle of protection. But Mr. Bryan denounces protection and all its works, and would insist on having a voice in whatever a Democratic house might

The immediate future will watched earnestly by both sides for signs, and all signs will be read with extreme care.-Washington Star.

### GROWTH OF BANKING IN WEST

Unparalleled Prosperity That Has Come Under Guidance of Republican Party.

The statistics which Mr. Dawes resents in the current number of The World To-day showing the development of banking interests in Chicago and its contributing territory within a radius of 500 miles, are hopeful. They reveal a steady growth in the wealth of this part of the country.

The gain in the banking power of the middle west since 1900 was at the rate of 118.96 per cent., while the gain in the banking power of the United States as a whole was at the rate of 65.11 per cent. The volume of clearings of banks in the middle west in 1890 was nearly \$9,000,000,000. In 1900 it was over \$14,000,000,000. In 1908 it had swelled to more than itors all around him were getting \$25,000,000,000. The percentage of theirs. those of 1890 was 60.5. Comparing 1908 with 1890, the percentage of gain Purposes of Party Platforms.

It is only in recent years that attemps have been made to limit party membership to restricted circles or to narrow platforms. In fact, most of the political progress that we have the progress of gain was 181.12. For the earlier figures the progress of gain was 181.12. For the earlier figures the progress of gain was 181.12. The progr

New York is likely to remain the financial center of the country, as it has been for so long. But the evidence is plentiful that the middle west s growing in wealth rapidly, much of this being due to the tremendous crops which are being harvested year after year. The west is more independent of the east than ever before when its needs for removing the crops or other purposes are considered. How Chicago is gaining as a banking cenindicated in the table showing the banking power of the states in 1890, 1900 and 1908. In the first year the Ohio figures were larger than those of Illinois. In 1900 the former than state was passed, although its figures had nearly doubled, while in 1908 while the Ohio figures had more than doubled, those of Illinois had gone far ahead, showing that state in unquestioned primacy. There is no reason for thinking that this primacy of Illinois and of Chicago will ever threatened, so far as middle western banking is concerned.

Monetary Commission Can't Wait. Senator Aldrich thinks that the postal savings bank plan can wait un-til after the monetary commission reports and its report is acted upon. Of course it can. But the monetary c mission itself can't wait too long.

Taft's Swing Around the Circle. And now President Taft is on his swing around the circle, making occasional stops at points along the per iphery to utter a few cheerful marks, indulge in banquets, and have a good time.

# OPENS BIG TUNN

PRESIDENT TAFT SWINGS GATES OF GUNNISON RIVER BORE.

Waters of Mountain Torrent Are Brought Six Miles Under a Granite Ridge to Revive Beautiful But Semi-Arid Uncompangre Valley.

Montrose, Col., Sept. 23.—As many thousand people cheered themselves hoarse and cannon boomed this after-noon, President William H. Taft opened the gates of the Gunnison river tunnel and admitted to the Uncompah- pleted active work was started on the gre valley the waters of a mountain torrent brought from its rocky bed

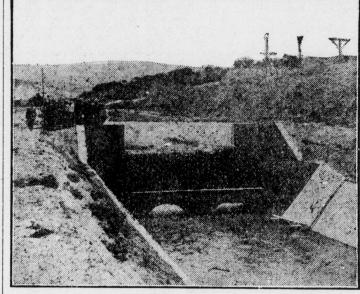
up with an illuminated parade and pyotechnic display.

Story of the Great Tunnel.

First of the big government reclamation projects to be undertaken, the Gunnison river tunnel has been one of the most difficult to carry through. The ample waters of the Gunnison MIGHTY WORK IS FINISHED

MIGHTY WORK IS FINISH pahgre valley has been suffering for water. The Gunnison, descending in ever deepening gorges, finally plunges into the Black canyon, one of the most magnificent mountain gorges in the world. This unpromising spot was selected as the starting point of the tunnel. Brave engineers lowered themselves into the Black canyon at points where the granite walls rise almost perpendicularly hundreds of feet, and after their surveys were comimmense propect.

At great expense and under enor



Concrete Drop on the South Canal.

six miles underneath a great granite | mous difficulties, a wagon road was ridge. make incomparably fertile this nel. lovely valley came pouring through ing the granite ridge between the the canal that conducts it to the Uncompanier valley compangre river, men and women fairly wept for joy, and the president himself was visibly affected. The opening of the gates was preceded by prayer and followed by national airs played by a band.

Mighty Project Completed. Thus was fittingly signalized the the first project undertaken by United States government re clamation service. Work on the project was begun four and a half years rigate 150,000 acres of land in a valley naturally one of the most fertile in Colorado, but which has been semi-arid because of the annual summer droughts and the inadequacy of the Uncompangre river.

This day of the opening of the tun-

As the flood that henceforth ake incomparably fertile this nel. It is 15 miles long, and, climbdescends the rocky wall on shelf work. Bore Built for All Time.

Simultaneously work was begun at each end of the tunnel and at a point several thousand feet from the west end, where a shaft was sunk. As fast as the tunnel was driven through the completion of the Gunnison river tun- shale and solid rock, it was timbered, and then the heavy timbers covered with impervious cement. This gives a tunnel of solid concrete built, to withstand the wear of ages. All ago and had progressed steadily ever the flumes, culverts, division gates, since. Together with its main and distributing canals, the tunnel will ir of the main canals are built of steel and concrete.

There is no dam across the Black canyon at the point where the river is turned into the tunnel. Instead of this the tunnel itself taps the river from beenath its granite bed. By

# this plan neither floods nor slack wa-

Along the South Canal.

nel was made the chief day of the ter can prevent the tunnel taking Western Slope fair, now being held here. All the morning special trains kept coming in, from various parts of the state, and at 10:30 there was a parade of the visitors. Early in the afternoon the explosion of a told the people that the special train bearing President Taft and other government officials had entered the city limits. A second bomb announced his debarkation at the station, and a third was sent up as the distinguished guest, escorted by a great procession, started for Elks' park.

President Taft Welcomed.

At the park, after introductory remarks by F. D. Catlin, chairman of the Gunnison tunnel opening commit-tee, Mayor J. Q. Allen turned the key of the city over to the guests.
Then John C. Bell delivered the formal address of welcome, to which President Taft responded briefly and and happily. The exercises here con-cluded with remarks by Senator Charles J. Hughes and Gov. John Shafroth. At four o'clock trains start ed for the west portal of the tunnel where President Taft opened gates, and speeches were made by I. W. McConnell, consulting engineer of the reclamation service, Horace T. DeLong of Grand Junction.

After to return to Montrose there was a reception to President Taft and others, and this evening speeches were delivered by a number of wei-known horses over the H Coloradoans, the celebration winding conquest of Delhi

Has Immense Capacity.

A few statistics of this tremendous project are worth setting forth. tunnel is 30,600 feet long, and 11 by 13 feet inside measurement. The main canal is 30 feet wide at the bottom and 83 feet wide at the top, and the average depth of the water is ten feet. The capacity is 1,300 cubic feet of water a second. After the water leaves the west portal of the tunnel it is conducted through 12 miles of canal to the Uncompangre. There is a drop of 214 feet in this distance, and this great fall will be utilized for creating power. A series of concrete drops has been constructed and the immense body of water rushing over them is capable of generating at least 10,000 horse power, which will be utilized in lighting the entire Uncompahgre valley by electricity.

The cost of the tunnel and distrib uting canals is over \$5,000,000, and perpetual water rights will be sold to actual settlers at about \$35 an acre

Boer War Cost Many Horses.

Tremendous was the drain on the horseflesh of the world caused by the Boer war. In that war England sent 329,329 horses and 103,000 mules South Africa, four times as many animals as the Germans took to France in August, 1870. Tamerlane led 93,000 horses over the Hindoo Koos' in the

NEW . STRENGTH FOR WOMEN'S

How to Make a Bad Back Better.

Women who suffer with backache. bearing down pains, dizzy spells and

that constant feeling of dullness and tiredness, will find hope in the advice of Mrs. Mary Hinson of 21 Strother St., Mt. Sterling, Ky. "Had I not used Doan's

Kidney Pills, I be-lieve I would not be living today," says Mrs. Hinson. "My eyesight was poor, I suffered with nervous, splitting headaches, spots would dance before my eyes and at times I would be so dizzy I would have to grasp something for support. My back was so weak and painful I could hardly bend over to button my shoes and could not get around without suffering severely. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me from the first, and continued until practically well again."

Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHAUTAUQUA WISDOM.



One of the Chautauqua talkers says: "Husbands, let your wives have an extra dollar now and then." He might have rendered a greater service to mankind by saying: "Wives, let your husbands have an extra dime occas sionally without asking them to plain why they want the money.'

A New One About Napoleon.

A "new" story about Napoleon is necessarily doubtful; the probability. is that it is simply so old that it has been forgotten. However, here is one that Arthur M. Chuquet prints in L'Opinion as never before published.

It relates to Napoleon and Bluecher.

The emperor received the general at the castle of Finkenstein, while he was preparing for the siege of Danzig. He drew him to a window in an upper story and paid him compliments on his military gifts, and Bluecher, going away delighted, described the inter-view to his aide-de-camp. "What a chance you missed!" exclaimed the latter

'You might have changed the whole course of history."

"Why, you might have thrown him out of the window!'

"Confound it!" replied Bluecher. "So I might! If only I had thought of it." -New York Evening Post.

Its Troubles.

The family skeleton complained. "I wouldn't mind being exhibited once in a while," said the skeleton, articulating with difficulty through its set teeth, "but they air me so frequently in the courtroom, where the air is always notoriously bad."

But who ever thinks of looking at such exhibitions from the family skeleton's point of view?

Standard Oil Wails.

The Standard Oil Company's real estate holdings in Bayonne, N. J. where its largest oil refining plant in the east is situated, have been in creased from \$7,360,000, the value fixed upon them in 1908 for taxation, to \$13,000,000. The company is appealing against the increases fixed upon the realty by the Hudson county board of equalization.

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE Agrees with Him About Food

A trained nurse says: "In the practice of my profession I have found so many points in favor of Grape-Nuts food that I unhesitatingly recommend it to all my patients.

"It is delicate and pleasing to the palate (an essential in food for the sick), and can be adapted to all ages, being softened with milk or cream for babies or the aged when deficiency of teeth renders mastication impos-For fever patients or those on sible. liquid diet I find 'Grape-Nuts and albumen water very nourishing and

"This recipe is my own idea and is made as follows: Soak a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts in a glass of water for an hour, strain and serve with the beaten white of an egg and a spoonful of fruit juice for flavouring. This affords a great deal of nourishment that even the weakest stomach can assimllate without any distress.

"My husband is a physician and he uses Grape-Nuts himself and orders it

many times for his patients. "Personally I regard a dish of Grape-Nuts with fresh or stewed fruit as the ideal breakfast for anyone-well or

In any case of stomach trouble, nerv ous prostration or brain fag, a 10 day trial of Grape-Nuts will work toward nourishing and rebuilding and in this way ending the trouble.

There's a Reason," and trial proves. Look in pkgs. for the famcus little book, "The Road to Wellville. Ever read the above letter? A more appears from time to time. The are genuine, true, and full of huminterest.