CAMERON COUNTY PRESS. H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of pao dollar per square for one insertion and fifty seats per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for size or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on spylication.

Test toward unitarity. The properties of the second of the

local inserted for less than 75 cents per

JOB PRINTING.
The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of Work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW NO paper will be discontinuous. FRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A four-year-old child at once delighted his quick-witted parents and touched a deep truth in his unexpect ed rendition of the hymn line ten: "Love is meek and thinks no "Love is weak and things go wrong," the piping treble invaria-

Good-By to His Money.

Prof. Stone—"To the geologist a thousand years or so are not counted as any time at all." Man in the Audience—"Great Scott! And to think I made a temporary loan of ten dollars to a man who holds such

Puzzled Both of Them.

Magistrate—"You say you are in-nocent? How do you explain the fact that you were found near the scene of the robbery with the stolen property in your hands?" Prisoner—"That's what's puzzlin' me, too, yer worship." -Stray Stories.

Comment by Bachelor Cynic.

"Don't propose to a girl until you have known her for a year," says a woman philosopher. Merit of this advice probably lies in the fact that a man who waits that long is in no danger of being married.—Exchange.

Her Discovery.
A fair maid from the city saw a queer thing on a tree; she said: "Oh, ain't it pretty! Whatever can it be?" With a parasol she poked it-to her beauty's ruination, for alas it proved to be a hornet's habitation.

Has a Steady Job.

"I think a loafer is about as bad as an ordinary hobo." "And I think he's worse. A hobo moves around a little, but a loafer stays in the same town and works the same woman for his handouts."—Cleveland Leader.

Rehearsals Well Attended.

"In your amateur theatricals do they really kiss in the love-making scenes?" "In the public performances of course not! What would people think! Only at the rehearsals!"— Boston Globe

"Botheracious."

"De fact dat kickin' don' accom plish much," said Uncle Eben, "is proved by de climate. Folks has been findin' fault wif it ever since I kin remember, an' it jes' as botheracious as ever.'

Wise Plan.

"Learnin' by experience is convinc-in'," said Uncle Eben. "But as is de case wif toadstools an' mushrooms, it's mos'ly de wises' plan to be satisfied wif hearsay evidence.

Thought It Was Raining.
"Some men," said Uncle Eben,
"can't lay by a little money for a
rainy day wifout bein' fooled by de fust sprinklin' cart dat turns de cor-

His Bad Break.

"Will you love me when I am old?" she whispered. "Didn't I tell you that I love you now?" he responded. And she didn't speak to him again for a whole week.

See?

There are lots of good points about many a man we wouldn't suspect if he didn't tell us about them.— New York Times.

Business will have its periodical reverses so long as a man who couldn't pay cash for a wheelbarrow is able to buy an automobile on credit.

Not Risking a Quarrel.

Heiress-Tell me truly, Arthur, is it your love or your reason prompts to marry me? Arthur-Just as vou like, dearest.

And the smile of a good woman will do a man more good than a dozen handed to him by a bartender.—Chi-

First Study the Subject.

cago News.

Spenser: Exhaustive observation is an element of every great achieve-

And Be Liberal in Its Use Every man should keep a fair-sized cemetery in which to bury the faults of his friends .- Henry Ward Beecher.

NOW FOR BUSINESS.



NO INJUSTICE HERE TARIFF WAR NOT PROBABLE

WEST FAIRLY REPRESENTED ON COMMITTEES.

Claim That Important Chairmanships Have Been Divided up Among Eastern Men Is Absurd When Figures Are Considered.

One of the latest bugaboos invented by the enemies of the Taft administration and the Republican party is sectional injustice in congress, with the newer west posed as the victim. It is pointed out that only 13 chair-manships of standing committees in the house of representatives out of 62 have been given to the states west of the Mississippi, in the list of committee appointments announced by Speaker Cannon just before the end of the special session of congress. It is also discovered that New England in the slightest differences, and a serigets 12 chairmanships, while the Pacific coast has none.

and the forces which find him most due discrimination" will be interpreted satisfactory.

As a matter of fact there is little this latest effort to show political pering or injuring it. injustice and sectional unfairness. The seeming inequality is mainly a sort of optical delusion—an effect of the big spaces on the maps. There the situation. No talk of "retaliation" the regions between the Mississippi is heard, and no trouble is anticipatand the Pacific ocean looks immense, and New England seems insignificant by contrast with the Pacific slope revision in order to "arm" the govbasis for representation in congress, United States, but the late ministry and the count of heads tells a different story.

only about 25 per cent. of the population and Texas and Arkansas, like the part of Louisiana beyond the river, have solid Democratic delegatives. tions in the house, and hence can expect no chairmanships of committees. Colorado is represented by three Democrats and no Republicans, in the present house, and Missouri is heavily Democratic by the same test. About 26 per cent. of the Republicans in the house come from districts west of the Mississippi and they have 21 per cent. of the committee chairmanter that the views expressed in the country of the committee crops out of the Mississiph and the per cent. of the committee chairman-ships. No great injustice crops out there, nor in a comparison with the respect. 25 or 26 per cent. of the population living in the states west of the same river. As for the Pacific slope, the small—in area—state of Massachusmall—in area—state of Massachu-setts contained a larger population, in 1900, than California, Washington, Oregon, Nevada and Idaho, all taken his entire summer vacation.

It will be found, on looking up the records, that states west of the Mis-sissippi which have been in the habit of keeping Republican delegations in congress, have fared extremely well nouse, as well as in the past. The effort to stir up a new sectionalism does not look promising. It lacks the vital element of the formula of vital element of truth.-Cleveland

President's Prestige Increased.

One thing which the ending of the long tariff struggle has done is to increase greatly the prestige of the president. The Taft administration stands better with the country than ever before, because it is recognized on all sides that the president was the deciding factor in the bitter contest between those who sought to keep the pledges of the Republican party and those who desired to mock the expectations of the people. The final victory, by a narrow margin, for the cause of downward revision, which means the square deal and good faith, is a Taft triumph, and the country will trust and "tie to" the president That is one result of the tion. prolonged task of tariff-building which will have far-reaching consequences be none the less pleasant for that. for good.

We note that Mr. Bryan says he is going to remain a "fixture in Nebras-ka." That does not prevent him, however, from running again for the

Maximum-Minimum Feature of Tariff Act Sure to Be Rationally Interpreted.

The new tariff act, with its maximum-minimum feature, entails the abrogation of existing trade agreements with foreign countries, Cuba excepted. Due notice is to be given, in accordance with existing stiptlations, and this notice is to be followed by an investigation of the various foreign tariffs by experts to be appointed by the president.

There is, however, no danger of tariff wars in the near future as a result of the termination of agree-ments now in force. The maximum tariff will not be imposed on any country that does not "unduly" discriminate against American goods. Of course, if a rabid standpatter were ous problem might be presented in such a thing as Canadian preference for British goods. But with President The inference drawn from these facts is that the persons and influence most powerful in congress are trying to punish the west for its spirit of independence and reward the east for standing by the speaker the forces which find him most due discrimination" will be interpreted rationally and sanely, in a way to help our commerce instead of ham-

Germany, the Berlin dispatches state, does not like our new tariff but is prepared to make the best of ed. In France the high-protection elements have been demanding upward The census, however, is the ernment for negotiations with refused to lend any countenance to such proposals, and the new cabinet, The great section of the country which is as liberal and enlightened as which lies west of the Mississippi has its predecessor, will doubtless main-

It was explained in the senate dur-ing the tariff debate that the maximum tariff would practically leave senate were not too optimisitic in this

The President's Trip.

and September 15, about six weeks, begins a 13,000 mile trip through the country, which doubtless will enjoyable to him as it will be to the cannot be regarded as anything but

was the great traveler of the Roose velt administration. Evidently he in tends to be the great traveler of his own so far as it be possible for him to maintain his record within the confines of this country. For a man ac-customed to swing around the world, a schedule laid out entirely within the boundaries even of a nation generous in its geographical lines will not be

a hardship, although it will be work.

The people will be glad to see the president. He goes to the north, the west, and the south. He will reach the Pacific coast and the gulf of Mexico. He will see the development of the coast states illustrated in Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. will hear of the hopes of the Missis sippi valley at the waterways conven-

It will not be a vacation, but it will

To attack a tariff law the enact ment of which is followed by good times is about as effective, politically, as it is to tell a farmer that the season has been bad when his crops are big.

IMPORTANT NEWS NOTES OF A WEEK

LATEST HAPPENINGS THE WORLD OVER TOLD IN ITEMIZED FORM.

EVENTS HERE AND THERE

Condensed Into a Few Lines for the Perusal of the Busy Man-Latest Personal Information.

PERSONAL.

Frank X. Riedinger of Delafield, had written a second letter to Wis., who was believed to have been one of the victims of Belle Gunness' death farm at Laporte, Ind., is alive

at Fairfield, Neb.
Capt. J. T. Chase, civil war veteran who invented a hoop skirt 40 years ago, is the inventor of an airship, for

which he has obtained a patent.
Edward H. Harriman, upon sailing for the United States from Cherbourg, said his health was improved and he would be glad to see the soil of America again.

Willard Jones, a Springfield bar-tender, was arrested as an accessory in the "fake" bank robbery at Franklin, Ill.

Despite his desire to return to London for a few years longer, it is said that Ambassador Reid will be replaced by President Taft as soon as he can

find the right man for the place.

Albert Newhouse, an inmate of the poorhouse at Bloomington, Ill., fell heir to \$200,000 left by Oliver New-

house of Indianapolis, Ind. Ex.-Gov. R. E. Glenn of North Carolina, addressing an audience at Chautauqua, N. Y., said he had seen sights in Chicago and New York so vile that should he describe them he would be attacked by his male hearers and that the wrath of the Aimighty was sure to strike those cities.

Rev. Father Edward M. Dunne was consecrated bishop of Peoria, Ill., in Chicago, Mgr. Falconio, the papal

delegate, conducting the ceremony.

Col. Duncan B. Cooper, who with
his son, Robin, was found guilty of
killing former Senator Carmack in
Tennessee, inherits \$11,655 from the
estate of his brother, former Justice
William E. Cooper, who died in New William F. Cooper, who died in New York, leaving \$285,000.

William Travers Jerome announced that he would be a candidate for reelection as district attorney of New York. He will run independently.

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture, speaking before the food convention at Denver, said the time is coming when there will be no

adulteration of food: George B. Moulder, chief gardener of the Illinois Central railroad, was elected president of the American As sociation of Railroad Gardeners, which held its third annual convention in Philadelphia.

GENERAL NEWS.

The fiftieth anniversary of the first oil well in the world was celebrated at Titusville, Pa., where Col. Edwin W. Drake struck petroleum by drilling on August 28, 1859.

The San Francisco Schuetzen Ver ein began the celebration of its golden jubilee with marksmen present from all parts of the country.

Familes of strikers at McKees Rocks, Pa., were ousted from the company houses in a rainstorm and sought refuge in camps in the hills. Hubert Latham, the French aviator

who failed to fly across the English channel, flew 95.88 miles in two hours and eighteen minutes at Rheims. The convention of the Association of State and National Food and Dairy

Departments at Denver approved the use of benzoate of soda as a preserv-Surgeon General Wyman has been

informed by cable from the American consul at Rotterdam that there is cholera on board the Dutch ship Andyk, which is due at Baltimore September 8.

Bertha Rocha, 16 years old, an Indian girl, ran away from the house where she had been employed, camp in Golden Gate park, San Francisco. She was found in hiding, her camp fire attracting a policeman. She said she had tired of civilization.

Gen. Herbert O. Jeffries of Panama revolutionist and all-'round fighter. killed William Nicholas Chandler, editor of the Panama Press, in the Press office when an apology for an article declaring Jeffries' sister-in-law had been indiscreet at a hospital was not forthcoming. Early reports of an earthquake which shook Italy said one person

was killed, many injured and hundreds of buildings destroyed.

George Rutledge found a pearl weighing 46 grains in the Wabash river at Mt. Vernon, Ill., and sold it Two children were killed and 15

hurt when a hayrack on which they were riding at a Sunday school picnic near Humboldt, Ia., was overturned.

Mrs. Shelby M. Cullom, wife of the United States senator from Illinois, died in Washington and her body was

brought to Springfield for burial. The cruiser St. Louis, in San Francisco from Honolulu, made a naval record of four days, 22 hours for the

trip. The isthmian-cannal commission has purchased of the Port Johnson Towing Company of New Jersey new ocean-going tug for \$75,500.

The fourth warning of an impending hurricane given ships on the Gulf of Mexico within a month reveals the fact that in September and October of each year a number of devastating storms strike that section of the tropies.

The national insurance commission ers in convention at Colorado Springs Col., decided not to interfere with fra ternal insurance methods, but to allow the fraternals to work out their own salvation.

Pearls and diamond earrings valued at \$1,500 were found by customs in-spectors at New York concealed on the person of Miss Catherine McKee of Harrisburg, Pa. She was arrested on her arrival from Europe.

The government is to pay \$200 a month for a farm of 160 acres near College Park, Md., to be used for an aerial experimental station.

The police of St. Louis denied the

kidnapers of the two Viviano children parents demanding that negotiations be resumed. The Vivianos declare they have obtained no news of the children.

The quartermaster's department of the army at Washington decided that too great publicity had been given the plan to exhume the body of Lieut. James N. Sutton and has withdrawn its permission. The dead officer's mother desired to have consecrated

the ground where he was buried.

Ann Odelia Diss de Bar, notorious spiritualist swindler, who operated in Chicago a few years ago under the name of Vera P. Ava, was discovered in New York under an assumed name as one of the teachers in the "school of the Mahatmas." She has disappeared.

Consular agents have been instructed to make collection of the commercial laws of all Central and South American republics. The laws will be printed in English and distributed in the United States to encourage trade with the Latin-American countries.

The harbor of San Francisco can be mined and the port rendered safe from invasion in 48 hours, according to Capt. Ferguson of the coast artillery who had charge of the practice laying of mines in the bay.

The centenary of Hannibal Ham-lin's birth was celebrated in Paris Hill, Me., by many present and former residents of that state, the feature of the day's ceremonies being the unveiling of a bronze tablet on the house where the statesman was born. The United Bohemian Turners

The body of William Wade, a negro, who had shot 29 citizens in a street battle at Monroe, La., was burned in sight of a crowd including women and children.

gan a four-days' tournament in Chi-

A report from Buenos Ayres said 200 lives had been lost when steam-ships loaded with excursionists, mostly women and children, colided at the entrance of the harbor at Montevideo.

Homer Cassube of Logansport, Ind., committed suicide in New York after writing a letter accusing his wife, a nurse of Cleveland, O., of causing him M. Paulhan, a French aviator, in a thriling flight in a rainstorm at

Rheims, France, lowered the record of Wilbur Wright for time in the air to 2 hours, 53 minutes and 24 seconds. which is 33 minutes better than the American's mark. Following the unexplained death of

District Attorney William A. Ammon at York, Pa., it was announced that he was \$40,000 short in his accounts with the Standard Building & Loan association, of which he formerly was secre tary. Postmaster General Hitchcock

called a conference of post office officials to consider a plan for increasing the rate for registering letters, raising the price of money orders and lower ing the amount paid to railroads for carrying mails.

Hamburg Belle, after setting a new

race mark of 2:01¼ for trotters in defeating Uhlan at Cleveland, O., was purchased from the Madden brothers by H. M. Hanna for \$50,000.

Having been dumb for 40 years, George Purdy of Dakota, Wis., retacked the Masonic lodge to which he belongs. He whipped the pastor and denounced him in strong language.

The fifth convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America opened in Louisville, Ky.

The body of Ebenezer Steele, an electrician who came in contact with a dynamo in New York, has become perfectly rigid. The man was hurled across the room and picked up unconscious. He has regained his mind but the body remains paralyzed.

The historic memorial trees trans planted in the botanic garden in front of the capitol at Washington to make room for the Grant statue, are dying. Among the trees are the Beck elm and the Crittenden, Shepherd, Torrey and Howard oaks.

The fortieth annual national convention of insurance commissioners, with 350 delegates, representing all the states attending, was held in Colorado Springs, Col. Fred W. Potter of Illinois responded to the address of

welcome.

Mrs. Sarah Nagler of New York, afraid of mice all her life, saw her cat driving one toward her, leaped on to a chair for "safety," tipped it over, and fell out of the window and was killed.

Since a boy several years ago stole two silver dollars from the United States treasury while being shown States treasury while through the vaults, visitors without special permission have been denied access to the 89 by 51 feet treasury room, in which is stored \$165,000,000 in coin.

A fire in Monterey, Mexico, caused damage estimated at \$1,450,000.

MILLIONS HANDED TO THE MILITIAMEN

MONEY APPROPRIATED BY CON-GRESS ALLOTTED BY COL. E. M. WEAVER.

STRENGTH OF THE MILITIA

The Money Is to be Used to Purchase Arms, Equipment and Ammunition and for Rifle Practice and Camping.

Washington, D. C .- Four million dollars, appropriated by congress for the militia, have been allotted among the several states and territories by Lieut. Col. E. M. Weaver, of the general staff corps of the army, who is chief of the division of militia. The enlisted strength of the militia as shown by tables prepared by Col. Weaver is 109,761 and the allottments under various heads include \$1.472,-250 for arms, equipment and camp purposes; \$490,750 for promotion of rifle practice; \$628,561 for ammunition, and \$970,656 for supplies.

The allotments for the states and territories in round numbers include the following: Alabama, \$88,000; Arkansas, \$54,000; California, \$73,000; Colorado, \$30,000; Connecticut, \$66,-000; Delaware, \$16,000; Florida, \$37,000; Delaware, \$16,000; Florida, \$37,000; District of Columbia, \$56,000; Georgia, \$90,000; Idaho, \$19,000; Illinois, \$194,000; Indiana, \$91,000; Iowa, \$86,000; Kansas, \$59,000; Kentucky. \$78,000; Louisiana, \$53,000; Maine, \$78,000; Louisiana, \$53,000; Maine, \$40,000; Maryland, \$58,000; Massachusetts, \$142,000; Michigan, \$91,000; Minnesota, \$83,000; Mississippi, \$58,000; Missouri, \$116,000; Montana, \$17,000; Nebraska, \$65,000; Nevada, \$11,000; New Hampshire, \$37,000; New Jersey, \$105,000; New York, \$360,000; North Carolina, \$73,000; North Dakota, \$24,000; Ohio, \$170,000; Oklabara, \$44,000; Orea, \$36,000 Oklahoma, \$40,000; Oregon, \$36,000; Pennsylvania, \$275,000; Rhode Island, \$30,000; South Carolina, \$60,000; South Dakota, \$25,000; Tennessee, \$66,000; Texas, \$104,000; Utah, \$16,-000; Vermont, \$26,000; Virginia, \$78, 000; Washington, \$33,000; West Virginia, \$44,000; Wisconsin, \$92,000; Wyoming, \$16,000; Arizona, \$19,000; Hawaaii, \$14,000, and New Mexico,

LAND SUITS KNOCKED OUT

Demurrers in Eastern Oklahoma Title Cases Started by United States Are Sustained.

Muskogee, Okla, - Judge Ralph Campbell has sustained the demurrers in the suits brought by the United States to set aside various deeds and leases made by citizens allottees in the five civilized tribes in eastern Ok-lahoma, and thus settled a legal controversy that had been the cause of considerable concern in that part of the state.

The court reviewed the relation of the United States to the five tribes since they became a nation, and found that no vestige of title to the lands allotted them now remains in the United States. The demurrers involved the question of the citizenship of these Indians and the court declared them to be citizens of the United States with all the rights, privileges and immunities of citizenship. It is held that the United States cannot maintain these suits on the principle that it sustains to the individual Indian a trust relation, such guardianship being incompatable with citizen-

ship, national and state. Finally the bills were held bad be-cause numerous defendants are joined in each bill who were connected with many distinct transactions regarding as many distinct tracts of land.

PANIC IN BURNING BUILDING

One Man Was Killed, Three Persons Probably Fatally Injured and a Score of Others Hurt.

Waverly, Ia.—In a panic of 300 employes of the Kelley canning factory to escape from the second floor of the canning department, where a gasoline tank had exploded and thrown fire over the room, George McRoberts was killed, three persons were probably fatally injured and a of others were severely hurt. The building was destroyed by the fire that followed the explosion, caus-

ing \$100,000 damage. While the canners were busily engaged in preserving sweet corn in second floor of the factory, a gasoline tank used for the soldering of cans, burst with a frightful detonation. hurling clots of flaming fluid over the large room.

French Soldiers Killed.

Paris, France.—Advices received here from the French Congo say troubles between the natives and the French military authorities have not been quelled. Several French officers are reported to have been wounded and a number of men killed.

Building Up Fallen Fortune.

New York City.-That Charles W. Morse, the financier who recently was released from the Tombs prison under \$125,000 bail, has begun his efforts to rehabilitate his fallen fortunes was indicated by the announce ment that he has purchased a majority of the claims outstanding against the Metropolitan Steamship Co. and will attend a sale of the property of that company which takes about a month. The clair The claims against the company, which is now in hands of receivers, amount to \$1,157,012.