

TAFT ELECTED PRESIDENT; BRYAN IS AGAIN DEFEATED

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE WILL HAVE AT LEAST 319 VOTES IN THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE--OHIO AND INDIANA ELECT DEMOCRAT GOVERNORS.

REPUBLICANS SCORE VICTORY IN NEW YORK

OHIO, ILLINOIS AND NEW JERSEY ARE IN THE REPUBLICAN COLUMN--REPUBLICANS WILL HAVE A MAJORITY IN THE NATIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

New York.—The membership of the electoral college which will choose the next president of the United States remained in dispute when the official counters in Maryland abandoned their task for the night Thursday.

Though the splitting of a state's electoral vote is unusual, it will be recalled that in 1904 Maryland elected one Republican and seven Democratic electors.

Missouri appears to be safely for Taft, to whom the latest returns give a plurality of 4,957. Conceding Missouri to Taft and leaving Maryland to be split between him and Bryan, the figures show 319 Republican electors assured and 156 Democratic.

Latest congressional returns indicate that the next house of representatives will be composed of 216 Republicans and 175 Democrats, a majority for the Republicans of 41.

The following table shows the electoral vote as indicated by returns up to Thursday night:

Table with 2 columns: State, Taft, Bryan. Lists states from Alabama to Wyoming with their respective electoral votes for Taft and Bryan.

Total 319 156 Taft's plurality in the state of New York is 203,495, more than 28,000 in excess of Roosevelt's plurality of four years ago.

The United States senate will retain its present Republican majority. Judge Taft has a majority in the city of New York, the first time the big city has given its vote to a Republican presidential candidate.

The Republican pluralities fell off heavily in the middle west in a manner surprising to the Republican managers.

Representatives Payne of New York and Dalzell of Pennsylvania have been re-elected and the house of representatives probably will continue under its old regime. Mr. Payne will have charge of the new tariff bill in the extra session, which Mr. Taft will call immediately after March 5 next.

OHIO.

Cincinnati.—At Tuesday's election Ohio polled a vote that surpassed the million ballots deposited four years ago, making a new high record for Ohio voters.

Taft carried Ohio by probably over 70,000, while Harmon won by about 20,000. Such figures as have been received on minor candidates, although meager, indicate the probable victory of all other Republicans on the state ticket.

It is reasonably sure that the three constitutional amendments have failed because they did not in the aggregate reach anywhere near the required majority of all votes cast at this election.

Columbus.—Latest returns show that Carl Anderson, Democrat, has beaten Congressman Grant E. Mouser in the Thirteenth district by about 2,000 votes. This makes a gain of four congressmen in Ohio for the Democrats.

The election of a Republican to suc-

ceed Joseph B. Foraker to the United States senate is assured by returns indicating that the Republicans have carried the general assembly by a substantial joint majority. A proposed amendment to the constitution providing for a session of the legislature in January next failed of passage.

Columbus, O.—Gov. Harris announced Thursday that he will call an extra session of the legislature.

According to a dispatch from Cambridge, George White, Democrat, concedes the election of James Joyce, Republican, to congress in the Fifteenth district by 52. Congressman Albert Douglas, Republican, telephoned to Columbus that he had carried the Eleventh district by 1,200.

The Democrats gained in the congressional delegation, securing one of the Cincinnati congressmen, although Nicholas Longworth (Rep.) won in his district. In the Third district a factional fight among the Republicans aided in the election of the Democratic candidate.

Returns so far in show that the Republicans gained a congressman in the Sixth district by the election of Jesse Taylor over Matt R. Denver, present Democratic member. The Republican claim is at least 16 members in the next Ohio congressional delegation.

Cleveland.—The count of the votes cast in Cuyahoga county was more than half finished at 10 o'clock this morning. The ratio of Republican gains shown in the early returns of Tuesday night is maintained throughout.

Taft has carried the county by possibly 15,000. The whole republican county ticket has been elected, with the exception of Charles P. Salen.

Mansfield.—Returns indicate that Bryan will carry Richland county by 700 and Harmon by 200. Sharp, Democratic candidate for congress, will carry the county by about 500, and the vote for state senator is close.

The entire Democratic ticket appears to be elected, and Kuebler, "wet" Democratic candidate for representative, is a winner over Baxter, "dry" Republican candidate.

Stuebenville.—Taft carries Jefferson county by 2,000, Harris by 1,900. Hollingsworth, Republican, is elected in the Sixteenth district by 4,000. Duvall, Republican for senate, and Gillson Republican for representative, are elected. County ticket is elected.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago.—The Republican national state tickets gained a complete victory in Illinois, although the pluralities will probably fall short of those obtained by the party in the campaign of 1904.

Taft has carried the state by approximately 170,000 votes, although it will be some time Thursday before the exact figures can be obtained. Charles S. Deneen, Republican candidate for governor, ran far behind the national ticket, but has been elected by a plurality of about 100,000 over Adlai E. Stevenson, his Democratic opponent.

Deneen's greatest losses were suffered in Cook county, which is his home. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for governor, carried Chicago by about 8,000. He lost heavily, however, in the state outside of Cook county.

The legislature, which is to select a successor to Senator Albert J. Hopkins, will be strongly Republican, and it is likely that Hopkins will be re-elected.

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln.—Returns on Tuesday's election in Nebraska are far from complete, but seem sufficiently definite to confirm the first report that the Democrats won a sweeping victory.

are not phenomenally large they are complete, the state ticket and candidates for congress in most instances running parallel with Bryan, who was expected to lead the ticket by several thousand. Complete returns from a third of the counties and scattering precinct returns from most of the remainder show that Bryan will have a plurality of 10,000 votes and Shallenberger, Democrat for governor, and the rest of the Democratic ticket will have about 9,000.

But the Democratic victory does not stop there. Five of Nebraska's six congressmen are Democratic, only one Republican, Hinshaw in the Fourth district, escaping defeat by 700 votes, although his district gave Bryan a plurality. The greatest surprise of all is the overwhelming majority the Democrats will have in the legislature.

CONNECTICUT.

New Haven.—The Republicans swept Connecticut in Tuesday's election fully as completely and perhaps a little more so, as four years ago, Taft carrying the state by more than 30,000 plurality and Congressman George L. Lilley, the Republican candidate for governor, going into office by about 15,000 plurality over Judge Robertson, his opponent.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia.—At 1 a. m., with 18 counties still to hear from, the indications are that Taft has carried Pennsylvania by a plurality that will be nearer 400,000 than 300,000. The returns received show a considerable falling off in every county with the exception of two. The Republicans hold their own in the congressional districts if they do not increase their representation.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis.—The electoral vote of Missouri is in doubt, late returns from the city of St. Louis and from rural regions reducing the lead held by Bryan so that it is impossible to say definitely who has carried the state.

The complexion of the next legislature is also in doubt, though the indications are that the Democrats will control it by four or five votes on joint ballot. This would assure the re-election of William J. Stone to the United States senate. The Republican senatorial nomination is in doubt between Richard C. Kerens and John C. McKinley.

INDIANA.

Indianapolis.—A radical change in Indiana's representation in the national house of representatives was the most striking feature of Tuesday election. The latest unofficial returns give the Democratic party 11 members and the Republicans two. This is a gain of seven members for the Democrats.

William H. Taft carried the state for president by about 8,000. Thomas R. Marshall and the entire Democratic state ticket are probably elected by a plurality of 15,000. As the returns come in, Marshall's plurality increases, while the vote on the Republican national ticket decreases.

The legislature is probably Democratic, which means that a Democratic successor to Senator James A. Hemenway will probably be chosen.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore.—With the official vote of one-third of Baltimore city and 21 out of 23 counties complete and estimating the missing districts on the basis of the unofficial returns, Taft had an apparent plurality Thursday night of 176. The indications were that seven Bryan and one Taft electors had been chosen.

KANSAS.

Topeka.—Returns from 59 counties, complete and incomplete, have been received. These give Taft 22,024 and Bryan 16,417. Late returns are reducing the estimated plurality of Taft and of Stubbs, Republican, for governor.

St. Paul.—It is conceded by all parties that John A. Johnson has been re-elected governor. The St. Paul Dispatch, Republican, concedes Johnson's election over Jacobson by a majority of from 10,000 to 12,000. Taft carried the state by probably 80,000.

MINNESOTA.

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IOWA.

Des Moines.—Incomplete returns indicate that Taft has carried Iowa by a plurality of from 40,000 to 50,000. This is a tremendous falling off from the Roosevelt plurality of 158,000 of four years ago, but it represents only a slight falling off from the normal plurality. The entire Republican state ticket is elected, probably by about the same plurality.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit.—With Taft and Sherman carrying the state by a large majority, generally estimated at about 100,000, the successful candidate for governor of Michigan is not known. Returns from the state are slower than they have been for years.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco.—California probably gave Taft a plurality of more than 60,000 votes and in addition re-elected all eight Republican congressmen and chose a Republican legislature. Judge Frank H. Dunne was the only Demo-



WILLIAM H. TAFT

governor, on the returns available at 1:30 o'clock, has an undisputed lead over Gov. F. M. Warner, but the Republican leaders assert that the late returns will overcome this lead.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston.—William H. Taft and Eben S. Draper, Republican candidate for governor, carried Massachusetts, the former by about 120,000 and the latter by about 60,000 in the light of returns from nearly three-quarters of the state. On the same returns it was evident that the Massachusetts congressional delegation remained unchanged, 11 Republicans and 3 Democrats.

The Republicans also elected their state ticket and the usual majority of members of both branches of the legislature.

NEW JERSEY.

Trenton.—Revised returns give Taft a plurality in New Jersey of about 70,000. These figures, as the later returns come in, may possibly be increased to meet the plurality given Roosevelt four years ago, which was 80,598.

COLORADO.

Denver.—Estimated pluralities by counties, based on incomplete returns, indicate that Bryan and the entire Democratic state ticket, headed by John F. Shafroth for governor, carried Colorado with pluralities in the neighborhood of 5,000. The Democrats probably will control the legislature by a narrow margin, insuring the election of Charles J. Hughes, jr., as United States senator to succeed Senator Teller, Hughes having been endorsed for the position by the state convention.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington.—Republican State Chairman Dupont announced late Tuesday night that the plurality for Taft will be 3,000. The state ticket will have the same plurality with the exception of Davis for attorney general who, he stated, will be elected by 2,400. All three counties of Delaware gave Republican pluralities and the next legislature will be Republican.

VERMONT.

White River Junction.—Complete returns from the state of Vermont give Taft 39,592; Bryan 11,688 and Higen 719. Taft's plurality is 27,904. Four years ago Roosevelt had 40,677 and Parker 9,800, a Republican plurality of 30,877. The Prohibition vote this year shows a gain for the entire state of 45 votes over four years ago.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Wheeling.—While fuller figures Wednesday showed that Taft had carried West Virginia by a safe plurality of several thousand, the state ticket may not have gone through with him, Bennett, Democrat for governor, having the better of the argument in probably half the state. On these figures Bennett had more than 1,000 plurality, but the figure was so small that the Republicans found satisfaction in the possible overturning of that amount and they claimed the entire state ticket.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington.—The returns from rural New Castle county and from Kent and Sussex, the two lower counties in Delaware, are unusually slow in coming in, but enough information has been received to show that the entire Republican state ticket, with the exception of Davis for attorney general, has been elected. Gray, Democrat, for the latter office has probably been chosen by 2,000 plurality. Both parties claim the legislature.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco.—California probably gave Taft a plurality of more than 60,000 votes and in addition re-elected all eight Republican congressmen and chose a Republican legislature. Judge Frank H. Dunne was the only Demo-

cratic judge elected in San Francisco and he was victorious in spite of a vigorous campaign against him by those who objected to his rulings while trying the Ruef and Schmitz graft cases.

OKLAHOMA.

Oklahoma City.—Complete returns from 40 counties in central and northern Oklahoma, received by Chairman Thompson of the Democratic state central committee, give Bryan a plurality of 13,600. The counties yet to be heard from are largely Democratic. These probably will increase Bryan's plurality to 18,000.

WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee.—Taft and Sherman have carried Wisconsin with a plurality estimated at 75,000, and Gov. Davidson (Rep.) has been re-elected by a plurality close to Taft's. The Republicans have elected nine out of 11 congressmen, the Democrats one, with the Fourth district in doubt. The legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican.

IDAHO.

Boise.—Meager reports showing only the trend of the voting indicate that Taft carries the state by 20,000 and the election of the entire Republican state ticket. Brady for governor should have 8,000 plurality on the basis of present indications. Legislature is in doubt.

MAINE.

Portland.—Maine gave Taft an estimated plurality of 31,500. John P. Swasey and Frank E. Guernsey, Republicans, were chosen in the Second and Fourth congressional districts, respectively, to fill short term vacancies.

KENTUCKY.

Louisville.—Bryan's plurality in Kentucky 13,000; eight and possibly nine Democratic congressmen elected, a Republican loss of two seats; this is the probable story of the election in Kentucky.

MONTANA.

Butte.—Advices from throughout Montana indicate that Taft carried the state by 3,000 votes. Charles N. Pray, Republican, is re-elected to congress by about 4,000. The governorship is still in doubt.

CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C.—The indications are that the Republicans will have about a two-thirds majority in the United States senate as the result of Tuesday's elections, or practically the same as at present. Of the 92 members of that body, 61 hold over, leaving only 31 places to fill. Of these 19 are Republicans and 12 Democrats.

Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana and Maryland already have chosen Democrats and Kentucky and Vermont Republicans. The other senators to whom successors are to be elected are:

Republicans—Allison, Iowa, who will be succeeded by a Republican; Ankeney, Washington; Brandegee, Connecticut; Gallinger, New Hampshire; Hansbrough, North Dakota; Heyburn, Idaho; Hopkins, Illinois; Kittridge, South Dakota; Long, Kansas; Penrose, Pennsylvania; Perkins, California; Platt, New York; Smoot, Utah; Stephenson, Wisconsin, all of whom will be succeeded either by themselves or other Republicans.

I AM A MOTHER



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Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

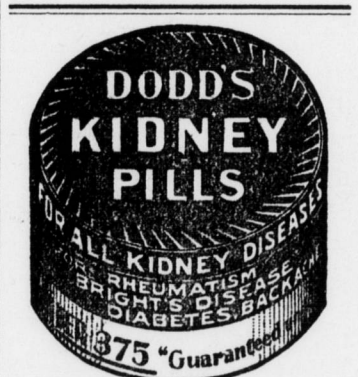


Teacher (encouragingly) — Come, now, Willie, spell chickens. Willie—I'm afraid I'm too young to spell chickens, teacher, but you might try me on eggs.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

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