

GOOD ROADS.

H. H. Gross, Special Agent of Govern ment, Tells State Aid Plan.

Fifteen years ago New Jersey awak the fact that the highways are public property and the state owes a duty to them. After a bitter con-test, in which the farmers who were to be the greatest beneficiaries, almost to a man opposed the plan, they began to build roads by state aid. When they had had the experience of building roads, using them and paying for them, and found how state aid had relieved their burden, more roads were demanded. State after state has fallen into line to improve the highways by contributions from the state



Completed Surface of an Country Road.

New York and Pennsyl vania, and all the states east, are nov building upon that plan, and they are doing more under it in a year than they ever did in ten years thereto-fore. In February, 1908, Virginia joined the ranks of state aid states, and so the good work goes on.

There is a double advantage in building under this plan; the first is a larger property list to assess for the purpose; the second, the roads must be built under a capable engineer, which insures proper construction. Those in position to know generally agree that the money spent by the local road officials is often one-half to three-fourths wasted. If they do the right thing, they are apt to do it at the wrong time. State aid solves this

This new plan of road building does not take away from the locality its control of the highways; the people of the township decide for themselves whether they will or will not make improvements under the state aid law. If they decide in favor of the improvement the state must pay its proportion. If they decide not to build, well and good. Or, if they prefer to levy a local tax and spend it in the wrong way, they are at liberty to do so; the attitude of the state being that it stands ready to assist in permanently improving the highways, but the work done must be under the super vision of the state engineer.

This plan has worked and is work In spian has worked and is working successfully in 14 states, and is spreading like wild fire. Of all parts of the union, no section is so lacking in good roads, or so abundantly able to build them, as the Mississippi valley, especially the corn belt. State aid will make it practicable to build roads in this section with very little, if any, increase of taxation over the amount already being paid.

NOTES.

An indiscriminate mixing of breeds The muddy yard is worse for sheep

than for any other stock The ewe that receives good care

shows it in her produce.

as scrubs among hogs and cattle. earlier the fat sheep are put

Sunshine is as valuable in the barn

as in the henhouse. There is usually less of it, though. A lot of valuable work can be done right now if there is a comfortable

workshop on the farm. The man who tries to get the best he can from his farm seldom has

difficulty selling his products. This is a good time to put the fan-ning mill to work. It's the best way

to improve the small grain seed. The selling side of farming is an important thing. Do not hold the stuff ucts, but they don't coincide with too long and do not be in too much of a hurry.

Removing Ax Handle.

The handle may be easily removed from the ax by placing the blade on the top of a heated stove and leaving it there till the iron around what is known as the "eye" becomes quite hot. Heat expands the iron, making it an easy matter to drive the handle

Serves Him Right. The farmer who thinks more of his own welfare than he does of that or his live stock is often disappointed or ALFALFA CULTURE

Some Facts Regarding It as Feed for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.

Alfalfa is not intended in the main as a pasture crop; that is to say, catsheep and ruminants-animals that chew the cud—will almost invar iably bloat and probably die, if they do not have prompt attention, when grazed on rank alfalfa. Horses, hogs and animals that do not chew the cud can graze on it with impunity. Further, it is almost too valuable for pasture; that is, it can be utilized to ture; that is, it can be utilized to greater profit in other ways. One of these ways is to cut it up and feed it uncured. If so used, slightly wilted, nothing bloats from eating it. Cured as hay, it does not cause the animal to A piece of land in alfalfa can bloat. be cut from one side to the other and have it fresh all the time; when you get through from one side of the field the other side is ready to be cut again. Aside from its value as a forage crop it has almost equal value as a renovator, renewer and fertilizer of the soil. Properly, a man should have part of his farm in alfalfa while he is raising other crops on the remainder, and after a field has been in alfalfa for four or five years he should plow it up and plant other crops and sow the rest of the land in alfalfa, and keep up that sort of a rotation.

One of the most wonderful things about this plant is its root system. No other we have begins to equal or even approach it. Its roots go down, no-body knows how far. You know what a short distance roots of other crops go. They get perhaps the plant food elements out of the first foot or two feet—possibly a little more of the soil from the surface, downward. Alfalfa roots go down where no other plants' roots go, and reaching the mineral elements of the lower subsoils, bring them to the surface and convert them into merchantable commodities.

As a fertilizer, they certainly work a most wonderfud transformation in the soil. They push down and down in every direction honeycombing the earth, as it were, by their growth, and if you plow up an alfalfa field you find the subsoil filled with their decay ing matter, making humus, if you please, far below where any other roots have put it, depositing it there for future use and benefit, and through their innumerable perforations the rains of heaven filter carrying down with them other fertilization from the surface, working a most wonderful enrichment, such as nothing else in the world does or can do .- F. D. Coburn.

TREATING FOR SMUT.

Apparatus Easily Made Which Makes Task Simple One.

For the benefit of those who have eed grain to treat for smut I will give my method of treating with formalde hyde, writes a correspondent of The Farmer. I use two kerosene barrels with the heads removed. First I bore a large hole close to the bottom of the barrels and then take an empty tin can with one end removed. Pierce the sides and end full of holes with a nail. Now nail the can over the hole



Outfit for Treating Smut.

on the inside of the barrel. Fix the other barrel in the same way. the barrels on a bench or box 18 inches or two feet high. Mix the formaldehyde according to directions and Patience and energy well applied put in barrel. Now pour the grain in and stir around three of four times. The smut and oats will rise to the Take this off with a sieve or top. As soon as skimme screen wire. place the tub beneath the barrel and Bail from the tub pull out the cork. into the other barrel, and by the time the second barrel is full and skimmed Scrubs among sheep are just as bad the first barrel is ready to dump in wagon box which should be standing The earlier the fat sneep are put upon the market the better the prices.

Every farm home should have lots process, which is a washy, wet job, and the smut and oats cannot be a smut and oats cannot be a smut and oats cannot be a smut and oats. kimmed off as in a barrel. One can dip enough in a short while to do a day's seeding. From my experience would advise all farmers to dip their grain every year.

Clean Dairying.

The housewife who washes the milk cans and pails in the same dish-water in which she has already washed the breakfast dishes, and then wipes them out with a greasy cloth may have her peculiar ideas about cleanliness in handling dairy prodours, no, not for a minute.

Be Truly Wise. a man is penny wise and Many a pound foolish when it comes to purchasing a milch cow. It doesn't pay to buy a cow just because she is cheap and imagine you've got a bargain. The loss you'll find in the milk pail.

A Withholding That Is Wasteful. The most expensive feed upon the farm is that which you keep away from the cows. Give them liberal rations. That which they get above what is necessary for maintenance is what determines the profit.

\$16 AN AGRE REALIZED ON GROP IN WESTERN CANADA.

ANOTHER FARMER REALIZES \$22.50 PER ACRE FROM HIS WHEAT CROP LAST YEAR.

Charles McCormick of Kenville, Manitoba, writes:

"During the season of 1907, I had 100 acres in crop on the S. W. quarter of section 18, township 35, range 27 west of the Principal Meridian, Wes-

tern Canada, yielded as follows:
"80 acres at 22 bushels per acre, which I sold for 90 cents per bushel; and 20 acres oats yielding 60 bushels per acre I sold for 35 cents per bushel so that my total crop realized \$2,004.-00. From this I deducted for expenses of threshing, hired help, etc., \$400.00, leaving me a net profit on this year's crop of over \$1,600."

Thomas Sawatzky of Herbert, Saskatchewan, says:

"The value of my crop per acre of wheat is \$22.50. bushels of wheat from 70 acres, and not was offered 90 cents a bushel for it.
Oats, 15 acres, 500 bushels; and barley, 5 acres, 80 bushels. I do not know if I have been doing use in the home. White Lead is the the-best in this district, but I know most important ingredient of paint. the best in this district, but I know if all the farmers were doing as well, It should be bought pure and unadure the farmers were doing as well, It should be bought pure and unadure terated and mixed with pure linseed oil. That is the best paint. The Western Canada would have no factoring as far as grain growing is concerned; and I further say that if above easy experiment enables anyone to but this in one of your advised which will wear or not. vertisements, this is true and I can kind which will wear or not. put my name to it."

CLASSIFIED.



Printer-Where shall I put the announcement of Alderman Dodger's retirement?

Editor - Under "Public Improve-

PRESCRIBED CUTICURA

After Other Treatment Failed-Raw Eczema on Baby's Face Had Lasted Three Months-At Last Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, 1907."

A Mind Reader.

Pat had got hurt-not much more than a scratch, it is true, but his employer had visions of being compelled to keep him for life, and had adopted the wise course of sending him at once to the hospital. After the house surgeon had examined him carefully, he said to the nurse:

"As subcutaneous abrasion is not observable, I do not think there is any reason to apprehend tegumental cicatrization of the wound."

Then, turning to the patient, he

Then, turning to the patient, he asked, quizzically:
"What do you think, Pat?"
"Sure, sir," said Pat, "you're a wonderful thought-reader, doctor. You took the very words out of my mouth. That's just what I was going to say!"

How Her Life Was Saved When Bitten By a Large Snake.

How few people there are who are not afraid of snakes. Not long ago a harmless little garter snake fell on the wheel of an automobile which was being driven by a woman. The woman promptly fainted and the car, left to its own resources, ran into a stone wall and caused a serious accident.

The bite of a poisonous snake needs prompt attention. Mrs. K. M. Fishel, Route No. 1, Box 40, Dillsburg, Pa., tells how she saved her life when bit-

ten by a large snake.
"On August 29, 1906, I was bitten on the hand twice by a large copperhead snake. Being a distance from any medical aid, as a last resort I used Sloan's Liniment, and to my as tonishment found it killed all pain and was the means of saving my life. I am the mother of four children and am never without your Liniment."

Mother's Modest Demands.

Lawyers will take almost any case and Chicago lawyers, it seems, will take anything. A Chicago woman put her son in a children's home there, and is now bringing suit because they cut off the boy's curls. "Every curl was worth \$1,000 to me," she says, "and they gave him a bath, against my wishes. He is a delicate child and bathing makes him sick. I haven't given him a bath since a year ago Christmas." She will ask \$15,000 because of the curls and bath.

Wayside Chat.

"Ever thrown out of a saloon? idly inquired Tired Tiffin. "Yep," answered Weary Wigs. "I've been thrown out of 'most everything 'ceptin' work."

AN INTERESTING CHEMICAL EXPERIMENT

Any Child Can Do It-The Result Is Almost Like Magic-Useful, Too.

Anything in the nature of a chemical experiment is always interesting and usually educative. Here is a simple experiment which any child can perform and which is instructive in a very practical way: Get a bit of White Lead about the size of a pea, a piece of charcoal, a common candle in a candlestick, and a blow-pipe. Scoop out a little hollow in the charcoal to hold the White Lead, then light the candle, take the charcoal and lead in one hand and the blow-pipe in the other, with the large end of the blow-pipe between the lips; blow the flame of the candle steadily against the bit of White Lead on the charcoal and if the White Lead is pure it will presently resolve itself into little shining globules of metallic lead, under the intense heat of the blow-pipe, leaving no residue.

If, however, the White Lead is adul-I threshed 1,750 terated in the slightest degree, it will from 70 acres, and not wholly change into lead. So, it

The National Lead Company guarantee that white lead taken from a package bearing their "Dutch Boy Painter" trade-mark will prove abso-lutely pure under the blow-pipe test; and to encourage people to make the test and prove the purity of paint before using it, they will send free a blow-pipe and a valuable booklet on paint to anyone writing them asking for Test Equipment. Address Na-tional Lead Company, Woodbridge Building, New York City.

Too Risky.

"Where is old Postmaster Daniel?" asked the drummer.
"Resigned last week," drawled the

loafer in the Beacon Ridge post office.
"What caused the old man to re-

Why, he read in the paper that the Florida people were shipping live alligators through the mail. Said he could stand queen bees, but when it came to live alligators he drew the line, because he had never learned to be a circus trainer, be gosh."

A Popular Game. "Where hav yez been this evenin'?" asked O'Riley of O'Toole.

"Sure, I hav been playing 'Bridget whist,' " said O'Toole. "Bridget whist? an' how do yez play

thot?" "I sit in the kitchen wid Bridget, an'

ate pie an' cake an' chicken, an' whin Bridget hears the missus comin' she says 'whist.'"

Deafness Cannot Be Cured Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the discased periton of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies, and that is by constitutional remedies, and that is by constitutional remedies, the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever, the cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hail's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggista, 7c.

Take Hail's Family Fills for constipation.

Doing True Work.

It is not by regretting what is irreparable that true work is to be done, but by making the best of what we are. It is not by complaining that we have not the right tools, but by using well the tools we have .- Ruskin

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Accept no sub-stitute. Trial package, FREE. Ad-dress A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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'OUR-PIE' Preparation." Try it and you
will say the same. At grocers, 10 cents.
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For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thous of women who have been troubled with displacements inflammation places.

displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indiges-

tion, dizziness, ornervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

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Fac-Simile Signature

Breuk Good

Rat

Why don't you try it?

Miss Lillian Ross, 530
East 54th Street, New
York, writes: "Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcame irregularities, periodic suffering, and
nervous headaches,
after everything else
had failed to help me,
and I feel it a duty to
let others know of it."
Katharine Craig, 2355
Lafayette St., Denver,
Col., writes: "Thanks
to Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound
am well, after suffering
for months from neryous prostration."
Miss Marie Stoltzman, of Laurel, Ia,
writes: "I was ina rundowncondition and suflered from suppression,
indigestion, and poor
circulation. Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound made me
well and strong."
Miss Ellen M. Olson,
of 417 N. East St., Kewance, III, says: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured
me of backache, side
ache, and established
ache, and established
ache, and established
heest local doctors had
failed to help me."

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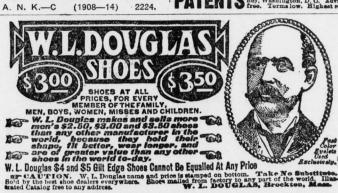
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