## CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor Published Every Thursday.

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three times or less, 42; each subsequent inser-tion 10 cents per square. Local notices 10 cents per line for one inser-sertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion. Obtuary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, mar-riages and deaths will be inserted free. Business cards, five lines or less, 55 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of adver-tising.

over live lines, at the strength of the less than 75 cents per No local inserted for less than 75 cents per

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICLEAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper, will be also

paper will be discontinued until arrear-s are paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Inheritance and Environment. Inheritance and environment are not only realities, but are the most important elements of the everyday life. thought of yesterday fixes the tendency of to-day. The conditions of to-day are the background against which every life is projected.—Albion

Convenience for Telegraphing. When a traveler in the grand duchy

of Baden wants to send a telegram while he is on the train, he writes the message on a postcard, with the request that it be wired, puts on a stamp and drops into the train letter At the next station the box is cleared and the message sent.

Wooden Warships Lasted Long.

Some of the old-time frigates lived four times as long as our modern battleships and cruisers, and they were made entirely of wood. Steel ships rust out; wooden ships wear out. At ten years our navy is obsolete or practically so .- New York Press.

High Price for Rare Stamp.

One of the rarest stamps in existence, the 20 centimes or 15 centimes of Italy, issued in April, 1865, has just been sold for £36 at a London aucvariety with dots and surcharge in-

A Suggestion.

A Boston gentleman has, out of sympathy, married a woman who was knocked down by his motor car, and had a leg amputated. We believe that if this kind of thing were made oblig-atory by law we should hear of fewer people being run over.

Sign and Guard of Sanity.

A man's life and influence is meas ured by the range of interests to which he can respond. A store of permanent and valued interests is both sign and guard of sanity.-Henry Churchill King.

Boy Was an Observer.

"What is the best place in which to keep fresh milk in hot weather?" asked the teacher. "Please, teacher, in the cow," answered the small boy who had just returned from a country holiday.

Crowded Out of Own House.

The bishop of London had the experience recently of being crowded out of his own house. He had agreed to open a bazaar at Fulham palace, but when he arrived the crush was great that he could not at first get in.

The Evils of Divorce.

many women get married merely to ment encouragement a large number of Filipino boys have been given the have never been proposed to.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Cider Drinking in England.

In the English cider countries all the inns still display the old legend:
"Drunk for a penny; dead drunk for
twopence." Cider plays a notable part in the Christmas festivities.

Work of Watch Wheels.
The main wheel of a watch makes **460** revolutions a year, the central wheel 8,760, the third wheel 70,080, the fourth 525,600 and the escape

Causes of Neuralgic Headache. At least 90 per cent. of all cases of neuralgic headache are attributed by Dr. Toms, an American oculist, to defects of the eyes.

Good and Simple Food. Macaulay said that no man need ask for better food than plain roast

beef and baked potatoes.

In Addition to a Fat Graveyard Or, to put it another way: winter makes a big doctor's bill."

To Be Hidden from the World. A man's folly ought to be his great est secret .- Chinese Proverb.

Sugar in Plants and Trees. Sugar is to be found in the sap of nearly 200 plants and trees

Patience in Misfortune. Every misfortune can be subdued with patience .- Focrates.

BRYAN HAS THE GRIP



#### ARMY'S GOOD WORK

COUNTRY HAS REASON TO BE PROUD OF ITS SOLDIERS.

Arduous Duties in the Philippines Per formed Faithfully and Well-Development of Filipino Force Has Turned Out Well.

There is a touch of pride in that part of Secretary Taft's report on Philippine conditions in which he recounts the work of the United States army. He has been one of the strongest advocates of an effective fighting force. He has urged plans of many kinds for keeping the army in first-class condi-tion. He believes that the record of The specimen is known as the its achievements in the islands should not be minimized as the decade of occupation is reviewed.

The army seldom is brought to the attention of the ordinary American citizen. He sees it on parade occasions or at military posts if he ever gets near one. It is hard for him to appreciate its value or to understand why, in time of peace, there is need for such an organization. But when the transformation of the country into world power with dependencies is recalled the possible service of soldiers is better indicated. In the Philippines the secretary believes that the army has been one of the most effective of the agencles which have brought order out of confusion.

It has to contend with bands of cuerrillas scattered through the guerrillas islands. Sometimes there have been 500 distinct posts with a maximum of 65,000 men attached to them. The work has been anything but pleasant. But its success proclaims its effectiveness. It is a notable feature of this service, too, that the American soldiers exhibited toward the natives a far better feeling than might have been expected considering the character of the warfare.

The development of an American force composed of Filipinos has been encouraged. It has appealed to the military instinct of the people and has proved a helpful mechanism in the general scheme of government. The suggestion of the secretary about Not a few of the matrimonial failures are due to the fact that a good natives is a good one. Under governadvantages of American schools. The colleges and universities have been generous in giving free tuition and other help to them. Just why the government schools should not share in this work does not appear.

The Last Time They Reformed It.
The last time the Democrats reformed the tariff is so comparatively recent that men still young have a vivid recollection of it, and those who were not old enough to realize the dis-asters of the Wilson bill as a personal experience, have learned of it as a bit-ter tradition. Whatever sentiment there may be for tariff reform, it is safe to say there is not much demand for tariff revision at the hands of the Democratic party.

Gov. Johnson argues that because the Democracy has won twice in 50 years on a tariff reform platform, it can do so again this year. The logic of the situation is the other way about. A burnt child dreads the fire. -Jersey City Journal.

Advocates Tariff Commission

If congress had an unimpeachable authority to provide it with facts con cerning industrial conditions and tarneeds, and if the reports of this authority were available to the public generally, so that every citizen could have a good test as to whether the congressmen were doing thier duty or descending to log-rolling, then it would be much more probable that we could get a tariff law that would be inher ently fair and consequently proof against criticism. It is with this obJAPAN AND OUR FUTURE.

French Writer Discusses the Smolder ing Embers of Strife.

That diplomacy has failed to effect a cure and has brought merely temporary relief to the strained relations between Japan and the United States is once more asserted abroad. Andre Tardieu of France, student of interna tional politics, is the most recent to give voice to the belief that Japan and America are tending inevitably to an armed struggle. The present attitude of the two countries he characterizes as little more than a makeshift, a superficial amity below which are the unsettled issues of immigration and of dominance in the Pacific, smoldering embers of strife which are inextinguishable and must ever remain a parrier to permanent peace.

M. Tardieu emphasizes the improbability of speedy war—and dwells upon the probability of a future con-He looks into the future and

declares that: "As the Japanese have changed their industrial life so they may also change their political conditions, and the populace may sometime be able to carry the day against the counsels of the 'elder statesmen.' When the population of Japan, progressing colossally, has filled up the outlets opened by the wars with China and Russia, may it not covet Hawaii and the Philippines as it coveted Formesa and Korea?"

When such time comes-if come it does—the war which M. Tardieu fore-sees will burst; but will that time come? Peace gains with every year. In the years which must elapse before the crisis which this French student predicts, may not the influences which have brought about The Hague meethave grown so powerful in all civilized nations as to force Japan to abide by the judgment of the world and hold its people as well as its army and navy in check?

So far as the American republic is concerned, its diplomacy is and will continue to be for peace, for adjust-ment of difficulties by amicable compromise. But without cultivating that foolish alarm and resentments which hurry peoples into conflict, there should be as a vertebra of our peaceful statecraft a thoroughly adequate preparedness for the final arbitrament of war.

#### Revival of Bourbonie

The Boston Transcript thinks that the willingness of southern members of congress to hark back to reconstruction days during the debate on the penal laws shows a recrudescence of Bourbonism. It generalizes thus:
"The discussion abounded in reve

lations of the reason the south is of so little weight not only in the broad policies of the union, but in the policy of the party which it most affects Southern orators in the midst of their most passionate pleas for a wide nationalism still discuss the needs of the union from a purely sectional point of view. They do not broaden with the times, and seem unable to realize that they are far apart from the human mind, or that they are speaking in the closing years of the first decade of the twentieth century. Even John Sharp Williams, their floor leader, a man of broader culture than most of his followers, fails to rise to the many occasions offered him, and frequently is a representative of Mississippi rather than a member of the grand council of the nation."

Under Republican Control. Republicans assumed control of this country March 4, 1897, with the instal-lation of President McKinley, when tinkering with the tariff left the busi ness interests in a deplorable condition, the agricultural element in insolvency and the industrial masses dependent upon souphouses and thos who had work with small wages and against criticism. It is with this object that Senator Beveridge has introduced a bill for the creation of an expert commission to investigate facts and to certify facts to congress.—Chicago Record-Herald. tiny dinner buckets to carry their

### CHILEANS GREETED YANKEES.

PRESIDENT MOTT REVIEWED OUR BATTLESHIP FLEET.

Chilean Warships Exchanged Salutes with Those of the United States, Much Powder Being Burned.

Valparaiso, Chile.-The great Amer ican fleet of 16 battleships, under the command of Rear Admiral Ev-ans, passed Valparaiso Friday afternoon and continued on its voyage northward to Callao, Peru, the next stopping place. All Valparaiso and thousands of persons from every city in Chile witnessed the passing of the fleet. President Montt and the other fleet. President Montt and the other high officials of the republic came out to greet the battleships and almost the entire Chilean navy exchanged salutes with them as they swung around Curaumilla Point and into Valparaiso Bay in single file, headed by the Chilean crutser Chacabuco and five Chilean torpedo boat destroyers. Turning sharp around Curaumilla Point at 2:10 p. m. the Chacabuco and the five Chilean destroyers led the Connecticut and her 15 sister ships into view of the thousands who had awaited their appearance since dawn. The day was perfect and the spectacle of the fleet stretched in a great semi-

The day was perfect and the spectacle of the fleet stretched in a great semicircle, as seen from the high hills around the bay was magnificent.

President Montt and other Chilean officials embarked on the training ship General Baquedano and took a position well out in the harbor. Around the Baquedano thefleet swung at a speed of four knots, firing the presidential salute as they passed in review. It was one hour from the time the head of the fleet entered the bay until the last vessel had passed the president's ship and turned toward the open sea. Then the Baquedano lifted anchor and escorted the fleet well out of the bay and on its fleet well out of the bay and on its way to the north.

way to the north.

The enthusiasm of the Chileans was

SAYS IT IS INSOLVENT.

ew York's Attorney General Will Ask that a Receiver be Appointed for a Life Insurance Company.

New York City. - State Attorney

New York City.—State Attorney General Jackson announced Friday that he has decided to ask for the appointment of a receiver for the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Co.

Attorney General Jackson said his decision to ask for a receiver was based on the report of Superintendent of Insurance Kelsey, who contended that the company is insolvent, with a deficit of \$1,717,114.

The company has 37,000 policyhold-

deficit of \$1,717,114.

The company has 37,000 policyholders, some of whom formed a committee to secure the dissolution of the company and distribution of its assets. Following the legislative insurance investigation several officers of the company were indicted on charges of larceny of the funds of the company,

and of forgery.

Albany, N. Y. — Superintendent Kelsey, of the state insurance department, gave out last night the report of the department examiners, Nelson B. Hadley and Charles Hughes, upon the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Co., together with a statement, in part as follows: statement, in part as follows:
"The Mutual Reserve Fund Life As-

"The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association from its organization in 1881 down to 1902, was an assessment association. In 1902 it reorganized as an old line level premium company and changed its name to the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Co."

The examiners also say: "We found the last annual statement was both false and misleading."

both false and misleading."

#### THE NATIONAL LAWMAKERS. Proceedings of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Washington.—In the senate on the 12th Senator Rayner, of Maryland, made a speech in opposition to the Aldrich financial bill. The criminal code bill was considered for two hours. The house passed the Indian appropriation bill and several speeches on the tariff and the president's recent message were made. Washington.—In the house on the 13th an interesting speech on the tariff was delivered by Champ Clark, of Missouri. General debate on the legislative appropriation bill was closed. The senate discussed the law governing the reserves of national

governing the reserves of national banks, also the criminal code bill.

Washington. — The senate on the 14th gave attention to a speech in opposition to the Aldrich currency bill

by Senator Clay, of Georgia. Material progress was made in the house executive, legislative and judicial

#### REVIEW OF TRADE.

Percentage of Idle Machinery in Manufacturing Plants Decreases.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co. Weekly Review of Trade says: Industrial plants steadily decrease the percentage of idle machinery, es-pecially in the steel business, which increases the size of pay rolls and by raising the purchasing power of the wage earner improves retail trade. Thus far progress is slow in whole-sale and jobbing departments, but as retail stocks are depleted there is more disposition to place orders for spring goods. Reports are still irregular, some sections of the country recovering much more rapidly than others, and a few interior cities record business even better than at this time

Ship Wrecked; Ten Lives Lost. Snip Wrecked; Ten Lives Lost.
Portland, Ore.—The American
ship Emily Reed, from New Castle, N. S. W., for Portland, went
ashore Friday at the mouth of Nehalem river, on the Oregon coast, and
broke in two. The Crew were swept
overboard by the seas. Ten seamen
were lost, while six were saved.

Tornado Killed Four People, Tyler, Tex.—Tyler was swept by the most disastrous tornadc in its history before daylight Friday. The storm swept over the main resi-dence quarter of the city, killing four

No horse, ass or mule may be brought into Great Britain from any other country, except Ireland, the Channel islands or the Isle of Man, unless accompanied by a certificate of a veterinary surgeon to the effect that he examined the animal immediately before it was embarked, or while it was on board the vessel, and that he found the animal did not show symptoms of glanders or farcy.

Protection Against Glanders.

New Method of Resuscitation.

A simple method for resuscitation from asphyxia is reported by Dr. W. Freundenthal of Berlin. He introduced the index finger into the mouth and moved it to and fro over the epiglottis, causing an effort to swallow, which was immediately followed by a return of respiration. This proved successful when the older methods failed, while it makes severe traction on the tongue unnecessary.

Too Late.

A housewife of Newport News, Va. being without a maid, wrote to a young colored girl whom she knew to be out of work, and offered her a position. A day or two later she received this reply: "Dere Mis Payne: I am verry sory but I cant come. I wish I gotten your letter jes a few days be fore, but now I cant come cause Ime going to get marrid to-morrer. re speckfully Annie."

Rattler Explanation.

The rattles of the rattlesnake lie edgewise. It is evident that they must do so, inasmuch as they are but continuations of the backbone. The snake carries the rattles on the ground except when he raises them to sound his warning. This will be evidenced by the fact that in every snake of any size that is killed the rattles are worn through on the under side .-Forest and Stream.

Poisoned by Tiger Whiskers.

In the recollections of a well-known big game hunter in India it is stated that after skinning a tiger it is always necessary to guard its whiskers, the natives have an unpleasant habit of cutting them up very small and mixing them with the curry of those they dislike. The finely divided bristles set up an irritant poison, the results of which often prove serious.

Age of the Legal Wig.

The use of wigs by judges and barristers is not very ancient. It was introduced. I imagine, toward the end of the seventeenth or at the beginning of the eighteenth century, when it had become the fashion at court. Bishops continued to use wigs longer than their clergy, but they have discarded them, to their great advantage, for many years now .- London Morning Post.

Old Roman Drinking Vessels.

Tumblers resembling in shape and dimensions those employed to-day have been found in great numbers in Pompeii. They were made of gold, silver, glass, marble, agate and of precious stones.

Uncle Eben.

"When I sees a gemman honin' a razzer," said Uncle Eben, "I's minded of de fact dat some people never gits real active an' industrious 'ceppin' when dey's on de road to trouble."-Washington Star.

Valuable Tame Rattlesnake.

A tame rattlesnake belonging to an Arizona farmer sleeps every night on the front gate of its owner's garden, coiling himself around the gate and gatenost so that a lock and chain to keep out intruders are not needed.

Danger in Soft Water. Experience in England shows that

in towns supplied with soft water the death rate is 19.2, while in towns that have a supply of hard water it is only

Taken at His Word.

"Pinch me if I fall asleep," mut tered the Stewed Stude as he lurched against the lamppost, and the Proud Minion of the Law proceeded to do as he was bid.—Yale Record.

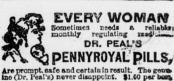
When civilization really advances there will be public institutions for the treatment of grouchy husbands nagging wives. Hurry, hurry and nagginal happy day!

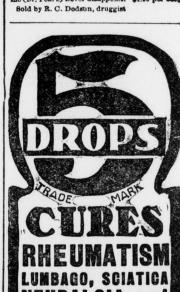
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NEURALGIA and KIDNEY TROUBLE

"S-BROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. 9. D. BLAND
Brewton, Ga., writes:
had been a sufferer for a number of years
Lumbago and Rieumatism in my arms
egs, and tried all the remedies that I could
er from medical works, and also consulted

since Bottle, "5-DROPS" (800 Bose \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists. SWANSON RHEUMATIS BURE COMPANY, Dept. SO. 160 Lake Street, Chicago,

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Get Our Figures.

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