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local inserted for less than 75 cents pe

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of WRINTING.

PRINTING.

paper will be discontinued until arrear-are paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid r in advance.

Author's Early Life.

J. Fennimore Cooper was considera-bly older than his village. He was born in Burlington, N. J., in 1789, and was a year old when his father moved to the great estates by Otsego lake, in New York, from which Cooperstown was later to take its name. As training for his literary career Cooper had village schooling, part of a course at Vale and about five years at sea. He was past 30 and had a wife and six children before he thought of author-

Why the Surplus of Widows.

Why does the proportional number of widows increase steadily? asks a Swiss journal, and gives in reply sev eral reasons-the men are engaged in more hazardous occupations; they waste too much time in taverns, drink ing and squabbling over politics; and they generally burn the candle at both ends. Hence, the insurance com-panies are beginning to ask a higher rate of men than of women

Overworked Motor Cars.

There is no doubt that many cars to-day are being practically worked to and if the truth were known it would be found that a good many of the so-called lazy chauffeurs are quite as much overworked as their cars in their struggle to drive them every day and almost all day, not to mention night work, and at the same time keep them in proper running order .- Auto-

Natural Sleep.

It behooves us to remember that natural sleep is the heritage of man, for him, and that we are responsible for guarding him against the misuse of such drugs as may rob him of the weet sleep which was his possession before the evil times of yesterday .-London Hospital.

"Savagery Recommended."

We have too long been out of touch with wholesome savagery. Surely it is only our conservatism and conventionalism that prevent us from choosing camp life, not as a mere pastime for the strong, but as the healthiest mode of summer life for all.-Good Health.

American Capital in Chili.

Several millions of American capi-talist are invested in the copper fields of central Chili, the gold fields of the extreme south and the nitrate fields of the north. The best of feeling pre vails toward Americans and American goods.

Even Then.

"My son," said Lord Chesterfield, "if a man asks you if it is hot enough for you, say: 'Yes, thank you,' polite-ty. Never forget that you are a gentleman, no matter how warm the weather may be.

Housekeeping.

One's mental attitude toward house keeping will make it drudgery or otherwise, and much depends upon the condition of the mind when performing the work as to whether fatigue is experienced when night time comes.

Seek Knowledge Early.

Knowledge is a comfortable and necessary retreat and shelter for us in an advanced age; and if we do not plant it while young, it will give us no shade when we grow old .-- Lord Chester-

No One Indispensable.

There are men whom everybody thinks the concern couldn't get along without, but it is astonishingly easy to accomplish the feat when death makes it necessary .- John A. How-

In Norway and Sweden 36 persons out of every thousand live by seafar lng. The next best average in this particular is in England, where there are 17 in every thousand.

Sea Furnishes Living to Many.

Two Fool-Killers.

As a fool-killer wood alcohol is way shead of the automobile. The former takes the fool every time, while the automobile not infrequently takes somebody else.

Beyond Her Understanding.

It is impossible for any woman to understand how a man can have so much money that he doesn't know Democrat what to do with it.

NEEDS OF FILIPINOS

PROGRAM FOR CONGRESS IN AF-FAIRS OF THE ISLANDS.

Governing Body Is Urged to Grant More Favorable Terms for the Admission of Their Goods to United States.

No dispassionate observers of affairs in the Philippines ever leave long un-spoken the wish that congress may cease listening to the blindly selfish demands of the sugar and tobacco interests and give the Philippines more favorable terms for the admission of their commodities to our markets. The Lake Mohonk conference, which has just finished its annual session, puts this subject at the head of that part of its platform which deals with the Fhilippines. It makes no imputations against congress for its motives in the past, and asks in a conciliatory spirit for nothing more than "a radi-cal reduction of duties," when no doubt its members unanimously be-lieve that simple justice requires free trade in all commodities. If the next congressional session passes without action to this end congress will be more than ever open to accusation for its neglect.

The other suggestions of the conference make together an interesting program. It asks that special emphasis be put on the primary schools of the islands, especially with the object of preparing the pupils for industrial occupations. It believes that congress could properly appropriate funds from our own treasury for this purpose, but it thinks that reduced tariff duties will add to the prosperity of the islands, increase taxable property and taxes and so indirectly provide the needed funds. Education in the duties of citizenship is also urged.

As for increased powers of selfgovernment, it contents itself with this plank: "So fast as the Filipinos demonstrate their political capacity, powers of self-government should be granted and enlarged." It recommends legislation by congress enabling a large number of persons in the islands to be naturalized as citizens of the islands. Planks for the suppression of the opium trade and for the permanent suspension of the coastwise ship-ping act so far as it applies to the islands are also included.

After praising the administrative work of the officials of the bureau of insular affairs in the war department, the hope is expressed that this bureau may ultimately be taken out of the hands of the war department and placed under officials whose experience is primarily that of civil life.

Most of these suggestions will be generally commended. Those concerning the material welfare of the is-lands are in crying need of immediate

Mr. Roosevelt at Vicksburg.

Though he spoke to the people of Vicksburg on a subject of vital interest to all residents of that region, the subject of improving the levees by federal assistance so that the terror of floods may pass away from a broad district of marvelous fertility, President Roosevelt's most striking words had reference to another matter.

He had been introduced to the great audience of Mississippians by Yazoo valley's most conspicuous citizen, Congressman John Sharp Williams. There in the chief city of the delta, throughout practically the whole extent of which every bale of cotton is taxed \$1 for levee improvements the people naturally received with enthusiasm this declaration made by the chief executive:

"In my next message to congress I shall advocate as heartily as I know how that the congress now elected shall take the first steps to bring about the deep channel way and the attendant high and broad levee system which will make of these alluvian bottoms the richest and most popunation but on the face of the globe."

But the president said also, and the

"Mr. Williams has said that for a day we can sink all mere party differences. Since I have been president I have found that most of the time I I have found that most of the time I have needed to sink them, because the differences of party are of small importance compared to the great fundamentals of good citizenship upon which all American citizens should be

This is a lesson which Americans everywhere ought to learn.

Rates and Values.

Would the tariff revisionists not they have been satisfied with a reduction Post. of 30 per cent. from the Dingley rates? Would they not have been satisfied with a reduction of 20 per cent.? Would they not have been sat-

isfied with a reduction of even 15 or 10 per cent.? Of course they would. But they have got the equivalent to a reduction of anywhere from 20 to 50 per cent. in the new method of valuing imports for dutiable purposes Yet they boldly keep on asking for a revision of rates. What does the for-eign exporter care for rates when he can put his own value on his goods?

On Higher Ground.

In New York Mr. Bryan discussed "The Average Man." This is a change from his usual policy of talking about

TAFT'S CALL AT BERLIN.

Folly to Attribute Political Significance to Visit.

Some alarmists are professing to see sinister signs in the decision of Secretary Taft to return to the United States by way of Berlin. They af fect to spell serious international complications in the visit to the German capital to the exclusion of the other European political centers. They declare that there must be something hidden from the public view that makes for war and causes the "Sec retary of Peace" to hurry to adjust affairs.

This is rather cool weather for such The sifly season passed some weeks ago. Men have returned to a normal basis of reasoning and action and it is surprising to find that Judge Taft's itinerary is being interpreted in such pessimistic terms. That itinerary was arranged before he left Washington, and the inclusion of Berlin was merely part of the gen-eral plan of the secretary to go back to the United States in the shortest possible time. He is not on a round of visits to foreign capitals. He left here to go to our most distant island possessions, there to observe conditions and to set in motion the process of representative administration. On the way he stopped in Japan, to what good effect the country now thoroughly understands. But this was stricty on his line of travel, and in his of business.

If there is any foreign complication affecting the United States of which the public is unaware, any hidden danger to the peace of the world, the work of adjustment belongs to the department headed by Secretary Root. This government would never make so serious a mistake as to commission its war secretary to drop in on the kaiser on his way around the world to settle a trouble of first consequence. They do things differently on that side of the water. They have foreign offices and fully equipped diplomatic corps, and established lines of communication, and a diplomatic visit from the war minister of the United States might be awkwardly in-

terpreted. Secretary Taft is entitled to come home by any route he may select, after so arduous a journey. wants to pay a call on the German emperor in passing he will of course be warmly received, and as the head of the American war department he will doubtless be shown much that is of great interest to him. But his pause in Berlin need not cause embarrassment in any quarter or arouse the least anxiety lest this country is menaced by a hidden political mine. are not in the intriguing business and diplomacy is open and above-

FAVORS REVISION OF TARIFF

Prominent Chicago Newspaper Indorses Senator Beveridge.

A strong appeal of the senior senator from Indiana for a commission to deal scientifically with the problem of tariff revision is part of Mr. Beveridge's presentation of his views on the tariff from the Bryan and Beveridge debates, now appearing in The Reader magazine.

It is needless to say to the readers of The Evening Post how heartily we concur in Senator Beveridge's plea that the consideration of the complex and difficult problems of our present protective policy should be at first given over to a permanent non-political or non-partisan body of experts. In other words, the first stage of our dealing with the tariff should be scientific, devoted to a full, free study of the subject. It should be proadly and thoroughly and dispassionately dealt with

The conclusions reached by such a commission, after such an examination, should, and if present signs are to be credited will, not only provide for the most intelligent amendment of the present system by the congress, but will insure a progressive developlous agricultural land not only in this ment of that system as experience justifies.

public will believe that he spoke deliberateness with which the Germans acted in tariff legislation and

eridge's discussion of his subject, it would seem that he has given succinctly but adequately the views of the main revisionist wing of the Republican party. These are the con-servative-progressives who oppose the stand-patter on the one hand and the immediate revision extremist on the other. The views of Senator Beveridge are views which have the weight of the party back of them, and they will prevail.—Chicago Evening

Beyond Power of Democrats.

How can Mr. Bryan be expected to put all of his eggs in the tariff basput all of his eggs in the tariff bas-ket? He knows that his party is no more united on that issue now than it was in 1894, when, in an effort to legislate on the subject, it went all to pieces. It could, now as then, whoop up things on the stump and ring all the changes on the robbery of protec-tion, but it could no more prepare now than then a tariff bill which would cut out protection or fail to disclose the humbuggery of its cam aign oratory and promises on that

"There is nothing in the country to be alarmed about," says Mr. Bryan. No, not even Mr. Bryan.

GRAND LARCENY

ARE ALLEGED IN INDICTMENTS OF BROOKLYN BANKERS.

THREE MEN ARE ARRESTED

Two are Released on Giving \$20,000 Bail and the Third, a Former President of the Borough Bank,

Is Jailed.

New York City. — The Kings county grand jury, which is investigating the recent management of the suspended Borough bank, of Brooklyn, on Thursday returned indictments charging larceny and other offenses against Howard Maxwell, who was

against Howard Maxwell, who was president of the institution when its doors were closed; Arthur D. Campbell, the deposed cashier, and William Gow, a director who holds a controlling share of the bank's stock.

These three men are jointly charged with grand larceny in the first degree in the misappropriation of \$145,000 deposited by the executors of the Carrie M. McGuire estate. There is a second indictment for grand larceny against Maxwell, who is also indicted for forgery in the third degree. A second indictment against Campbell ond indictment against Campbell charges forgery in the third degree. In addition to the grand larceny charge Gow is indicted on four counts charge Gow is indicted on four counts alleging misdemeanors in the matter of overdrafts. He is charged with having overdrawn his account to the amount of nearly \$24,000. Maxwell also, it is alleged, secured overdrafts aggregating nearly \$73,000. Following the report of the jury the three men were arrested and arraigned. All pleaded not guilty and were

ed. All pleaded not guilty and were held for a hearing. Campbell and Gow each furnished \$20,000 bail. Ex-Presi-dent Maxwell was unable to secure the \$30,000 bond required of him and

the \$30,000 bond required of him and went to jail for the night.

The larceny charge grew out of the establishment of the International Trust Co., of which Gow is president. The executors of the McGuire estate some time ago deposited \$145,000 of the estate's cash in the Borough bank. The following day, it is alleged, upon Gow's order, approved by Maxwell, Cashier Campbell drew a check for \$145,000 against this account and turned the check over to the Oriental bank, the depository for the newly orbank, the depository for the newly or bank, the depository for the newly or-ganized International Trust Co. This check, it is alleged, was used to make up the \$1,00,000 capital and surplus required before the new bank was permitted to open. This money was returned to the Borough bank as fast as the stock of the International was disposed of, and all was returned with

disposed of, and all was returned with the exception of \$28,000. For this bal-ance a note of F. W. Doolittle, the private secretary of Gow, was put in. The indictments for forgery concern the last quarterly statement in which the overdrafts of the bank were rep-resented as \$201, whereas it is alleged they really totaled some \$24,000. All of the crimes are alleged to have been committed since the first of the present year. It is understood

of the present year. It is understo that the inquiry into the Borou bank's affairs is not concluded.

BOGUS TAX RECEIPTS.

They Will Figure in the Trial of a Former Judge of Common Pleas Court at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A hearing in the alleged begus tax receipt cases began in criminal court Thursday, but was adjourned until to-day, soon af-ter a jury had been secured, because of the absence of material witnesses for the prosecution. District Attorney Harry L. Goehring was overruled on a

Harry L. Goehring was overruled on a motion for postponement for the same cause when the case was called.

State Senstor Elliott Rodgers, a former judge of common pleas court; Samuel J. Grenet, director of public safety of Allegheny; Common Councilman William Hogel and William J. Lamb, a clerk in the county recorder's office, all prominent Allegheny republican politicians, were indicted for ers' was the first case called, and be-cause he had been on the bench with ut will insure a progressive develop-hent of that system as experience ustifies.

Senator Beveridge emphasizes the

It is charged that politics has much to do with these cases and that the prosecution is a phase of the struggle for supremacy between the Pennsylva for supremacy between the Penrose and Flynn factions in Allegheny county. District Attorney Goehring and his supporters indignantly deny this. The defendants accuse the prosecution of star chamber methods in presenting the cases to the grand jury tion of star chamber methods in pre-senting the cases to the grand jury without preliminary process in minor courts, and in refusing them particu-lars of charges made by witnesses so that they may know what to meet in defense

defense.

The prosecution charges that its witnesses have been tampered with. G. H. Bristol is one of the missing witnesses and the district attorney filed an affidavit stating that Bristol is probably in St. Louis; that on November 18 he gave the district attorney one of the alleged bogus tax receipts, saying he had years a process the saying he had years are receipts. ceipts saying he had voted upon it and and promised to be present and testify at the hearing. Attachments have been issued for the other missing witnesses.

Five Children Burned to Death.

Titusville, Pa. — Awakened by the barking of his dog early Thursday, Thomas W. Zuver, an oil producer living east of here, found his house in flames. He saved his wife and their baby. Two sons escaped from the second story, but were largery injured. Five children were badly injured. Five children were burned to death.

Hearst Is Held for Libel. New York City. — Justice Wyatt in the court of special sessions Thurs-day held W. R. Hearst for the grand jury on a charge of criminal libel preferred by William Astor Chanler.

A FACT.

A curious world it is forsooth, Where nobody wishes to hear the truth! If a woman queries, "Do I look well?"
Does she always wish me the truth te tell? No!

If my chum says: "How do you like my clothes?"

Does he wish the actual facts, d'ya s'pose? No!

If a singer says: "Do you like my Voice?"
In your sweet reply have you any choice?
No!

If some mothers ask: "Isn't baby cute?"
Do you think a truthful reply would suit?

No! If a girl should ask: "Do you love me, dear?"
Would she like the absolute truth to hear?
Not much!

In fact, would it always be well for you If the world's opinion of you you knew? Hardly!

It's a curious fact, that no one denies,
We don't like the truth, but we do like lies.
That's right!
Lurana W. Sheldon, in Judge.

How He Did It.

A well-known officer has a beautiful daughter. A young ensign, with no resources but his salary, fell in love with her, and asked the old gentle man for her hand. The father at once told him that he had hardly enough to keep him in white gloves and to burnish his brass buttons.

"Well, admiral, what you say is true; but when you married you were only a midshipman, with even a smaller salary than mine. How did you get along?" asked the ensign, who thought he had made a good defense. But not so. The crafty old sea-dog thundered forth:

"I lived on my father-in-law for the first ten years, but I'll be hanged if you are going to do it."

Spiking Her Guns. "John, I think it was real mean of you to-

John laid down his paper, and turning to his wife, said, wearily: "Before you say any more, my dear, I admit that I am selfish, cruel, heartless and mercenary. I am devoted to my club, dislike my home, stay out late at night, do not consider your feelings, do not realize what a hard lot you have in life, and get all the pleasure I can myself. Now, go ahead."

But there was nothing more to say -Life.

Signs of the Same.

"Accidents are frequent on this part of the road, are they not?" asked the traveler.

"No, sir, they are not," answered the indignant conductor. "Why do you think so?"
"Because," replied the traveler, as

his eyes roamed on the succession of laundry confidences which decked the landscape, "I notice there are wash-outs all along the line."—Baltimore American.

Beating the Railways.

'Tis sweet to read astronomy
And think how earth speeds on through space,

It's rather pleasant, now, you see,
To get free rides to any place.

-Washington Star.

PUZZLED HIM.



There once was a bride of Antigua Who said to her spouse what a pig you

are
He said, "Oh, my queen,
Is it manners you mean
Or do you refer to my figure (f g-u-are)?"

Indian Summer.

Indian Summer.

The Indian claims no special thanks.

He has occasioned much distress;

But as a weather man he ranks

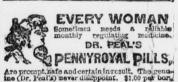
As an unqualified success.

—Washington Star.

The Place to Buy Cheap J. F. PARSONS'

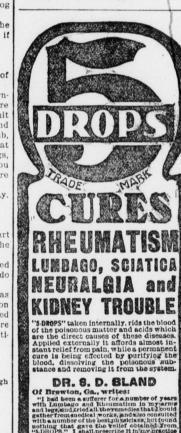


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