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JOB PRINTING.

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Influence of the Politician's Wife. It has often been asked how much

influence the wife of a public bears on his political career. This is hard to estimate; but this much is certain: The man who comes to Washington, either as a member of Congress or of some other branch of the government where his position is one of prominence, is very unfortunate if his wife is not one whom he can trust to making her way socially. Not necessarily being a great social success, but capable of mingling with the average woman at the national capital. For, in spite of the fact that a small percentage of society looks leniently upon the married couple who are seldom seen in public together, the average sound American believes in the comradeship of man and wife. when we sum up this question of the influence of women in statecraft we pass the judgment that, on the whole, the influence of woman in statecraft is for good, says a writer in Home Magazine. Being impulsive, she is apt to make mistakes now and then which cause the more logical males to laugh at her, but as a rule she is pretty sure of her footing before she attempts to make the jump across the political stream that divides womankind from

Alonzo H. Evans, Boston's oldest bank president, at 87, is robust and hearty, and shows by his own example the result of living the kind of life that he prescribes for the youth of to-day. Mr. Evans has the greatest confidence in the generation of the present and thinks if they follow his advice they will succeed. He says: "Apply yourself, young man, if you would succeed. Work hard, be honest, be truthful, be loyal to your employer, save something out of each week's pay, even if it is little, but, above all, apply yourself."

Twenty years ago the population of Oklahoma could be enumerated in Indians and a few thousand squaw men, cowboys and cattle kings. In 1890, one year after the first opening of Oklahoma territory, there were more than 60,000 people living on 2,000,000 acres of land. To-day the white population may conservatively be estimated at over 1,500,000.

In the newly organized province of Alberta, western Canada, bordering the foothills of the Rocky mountains, is the latest stake of Zion. There \$.000 trekkers from Utah are farming and ranching, and incidentally building up a strong cause of Latter Day Saints in the dominion, as an integral part of the army of 300,000 that constitutes the sect the world over.

Fresh salmon are scarce, but the canned article we have always with us, and in a salad it can hardly be distinguished from real simon pure arrivals from Maine. Mayonnaise is a wonderful magician in making things appear what they are not, especially when pig masquerades as chicken.

There is a woman in New York who has been doing valiant service for the Humane society by addressing drivers and teamsters and telling them how to use their horses better and in a more humane manner. She is Mrs. Diana Belais, and her husband is president of the New York Humane

Before Mr. Stead lays much more stress on his theory that women are the only well read persons, because men have time for nothing but the newspapers, he ought to enlighten his understanding by going to the libraries and finding out just what the women

"The navy department has given orders to rush work on battleships and intends to have 25 battleships and 13 armored cruisers in commission within one year." Still we must all continue to speak as softly as we can.

Baron Rothschild has made King Edward a present of 1,000 fine cigars. It is a curious fact that none of the people of England seem to think the baron is getting ready to make a political touch or anything of that kind.

HOW TO LOWER THE TARIFF WITHOUT LEGISLATION.

The Concessions Sought by Germany Would, if Granted, Practically Permit Foreign Producers to Write American Tariff Rates to Suit Themselves.

That tariff revision downward is distinctly contemplated in connection with the pending negotiations with Germany may be accepted as an indisputable fact. The end and aim of the German clamor for a change in our customs administration methods has been and is now to obtain the admission of Germany's competitive ex-ports into the American market at lower tariff rates than those hereto-No matter by what fore exacted. name it may be called, or in what manner the real purpose is masked by those having the matter in hand, the intention on both sides is that the exporters of Germany shall be afforded improved opportunities for the successful invasion of the American

It is well to keep this fact in mind, for it will help to a clearer understanding of the statements contained in an article which we reprint from the New York Journal of Commerce, of April 10, embodying the details of the so-called "provisorium" for the extension for at least another year of the existing tariff truce between the United States and Germany. The article referred to has all the appearance of being based upon exact official information. It reads as though Secretary Root had selected the Journal of Commerce as a medium for communicating to the public the truth concessions conveyed by the United States government to Germany, through Ambassador Sternburg. The accuracy of this presentment is confirmed in a Berlin cablegram of April 12 and printed in the New York Herald of April 13, as follows:

"Berlin, Saturday.-It is reported in commercial and industrial circles that Baron Speck von Sternburg, German ambassador to Washington, who arrives in Berlin in a few days is returning with a draft of a temporary agreement with the United States. This temporary agreement does not require the sanction of congress, it is It increases the concessions hitherto made by the United States government to Germany. The following are the main points:

"It will no longer be necessary for exporters to report to American consuls, but American appraisers are directed to accept the attestations of the German chamber of commerce. The American special treasury agents will no longer operate in secret, but will be replaced by agents properly and officially accredited to the German government. Hearings by American general appraisers will in future not be confidential, but will be made public.'

If it be true, as both the Herald and the Journal of Commerce agree in saying, that Germany has obtained the concessions set forth above, then tariff revision downward without legislation is near at hand. Taken altogether, these concessions practically permit the foreign exporter to deter-mine what tariff his goods shall pay on entering the American market. Our duties being ad valorem, the foreign exporter fixes the duty when he fixes the value of invoices for export. Our government waives the right to dispute either the value fixed or the tariff paid. American consuls abroad no longer are permitted to call in question the values of export invoices American special treasury agents will no longer concern themselves in the ascertainment either of production cost or of current wholesale values in the country of origin. Instead of operating secretly, as heretofore, treasury agents must now work in the open, and, moreover, they must be directly accredited and be acceptable to the German government, precisely as our ambassadors and consuls are; and if, through the performance of their official duties, they should become persona non grata to the German government they will be promptly salled

German chambers of commerce small bodies made up of the very persons who have produced the goods, and are most interested in tariff evasion, are to fix export values! American consuls and American treasury agents in Germany are to accept these values without question, and appraising officers at American ports of entry, duly mindful of the fact that we are now dealing with Germany in spirit of concession, will be very certain to avoid any unpleasant friction with state and treasury departments thoroughly committed to the

policy of tariff concession. As a matter of practical operation we might as well altogether dispense with consuls and special agents abroad and appraising officers at home. German chambers of commerce will perform all the functions of those

Upon whose advice, upon what information have Secretary Root and Secretary Cortelyou acted in deciding that the tariff shall be reduced by the undervaluation plan? Perhaps the advice of the meat trust, the farm implement trust, the harvester trust, the harvester trust, the plement trust, the has been taken. Certain Continuous for the whole we had better plement trust, the harvester trust, the flour mill trust, has been taken. Certainly not the advice of interests States. On the whole we had better not trade places with the United Name of the Complex o

TO LOWER COST OF LIVING.

Proposed Dicker Would Also Lower the Wherewith to Live.

It is possible that some of our na tional statesmen have a solution of the cost of living problem, though the people of the United States may not be enthusiastic about the method. Mr. Elihu Root, secretary of state, has arranged a treaty of peace with Germany pending tariff changes which he is to try to have made. The treaty of peace covers the willingness of Germany to continue to use products of ours which she must have. Of course, if we do not, sooner or later, lower some of our duties in favor of German exporters, Germany will refuse to buy from us the things that she cannot get along without. For example, rather than have us collect present duties on imports from Germany she will quit using our cotton; and, there being no other cotton for her to get, she will close all her mills, throw out of employment all the wage-earners employed there, and withdraw from the markets of the world where she is selling those manufactures, etc. Of course.

But since Secretary Root has arranged to try for a reduction of American duties Germany will consent for another year or so to buy from us what she absolutely must have or go out of business in certain lines that are of great and indispensable value to her.

Now, as for the program to lower the American duties for Germany. The plan is to put a reciprocity convention actions. -such as we have with Cuba-into When congress passes enabling legislation to permit such an arrangement, it would naturally need to do the same thing for other nations, else we should have some sorry trouble on our hands with England, France and other large buyers of our products and sellers to us of theirs. The "favored nation" treaties now in

existence would make this imperative. And, of course, this taking off the duties for all the great trading nations duties for all the great trading nations would let them come into this market and sell here things that the American people, prosperous beyond precedure was given out Friday dent, have been buying for nearly ten years from American producers. This would shut down American mills and factories. It would throw American wage-earners out of employment. It would diminish the purchasing power of the American market. With a large percentage of our own wage-earners out of work and with American capital once more idle there would be a steadily falling demand for all products-of the mill, the factory and the farm. This would surely bring down the cost of living. The same sort of thing brought down the cost of living when we had the Wilson tariff law. Prices could be got so low in this way that anybody could buy almost any-

thing for a song-if he had the money. We suspect that the American people have not forgotten, however, that when you bring down the cost of living in this way-putting your own industries out of business and your own wage-earners out of employment, and taking foreign products of labor and capital instead of your own people's the great question becomes not what a thing costs to buy in the market, but where in thunder you can get the money to buy it at any price.

But, at any rate, the state depart ment will go on with its program to bring down the cost of living .- New York Press.

THE EDITOR AND THE TAILOR.



Kaizer Wilhelm-The fact is as you

Kaiser Wilhelm—The fact is as you have recited.

Uncle Sam—But I have not raised my advertising rates, and if I reduce them I shall be getting just half what I am now getting, while you will be getting exactly what you got before you raised your prices. I don't do business that way. I'll get my clothes of some other tailor, and you can advertise in some other newspaper, provided you can find one that is foolish enough to consent to your terms. Good-day, sir."

Per Capita Foreign Trade. "The United States has the highest tariff of all and the smallest per capita foreign trade."-Springfield Republi-

Yes; and it is getting richer faster than any nation on earth. Great Britain, with a per capita of foreign trade nearly three times that of the United States, would be bankrupt inside of ten years but for the interest

ARE OUT FOR TAFT.

GOV. HARRIS AND OTHER STATE OFFICIALS ENDORSE WAR SECRETARY'S

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDACY - A STATEMENT FROM CHAIR-MAN BROWN.

Toledo, O.-Chairman Walter F Brown, of the Ohio state cen-tral committee, on Friday broke through the reticence he has observed since the commencement of the Taft-Foraker imbroglio. He declared himself as unqualifiedly for Taft, said the republicans of Ohio were solidly in favor of his candidacy and declared that Senators Foraker and Dick owe it to themselves and their friends to settle the report that they are secret ly supporting the candidacy of Vice President Fairbanks.

He declared that the sentiment for Taft is so strong that if further opposed, or in any way misrepresented by Senators Foraker and Dick, it will burst all bounds and demand expression in a popular convention.

It was suggested to Mr. Brown that a belief exists with politicians in some other states that Senators Foraker and Dick control the state party machinery and that the power of the organization is behind them.

"There never was a greater mistake than that," said Chairman Brown. senators do not control The party machinery and they never have swayed, and they do not now sway the state central committee in any of its actions. It is the absolute truth, as every Ohio politician knows, that the committee has never been under their control at any time since its membership was announced. The organization is with Taft.

"There is one thing I would like to ention," said the chairman, "and that is, that nobody who has assumed any responsibility for the Taft move has expressed any desire eliminate Senator Foraker from politics. If such statements have been made by anybody they are entirely

ment was given out Friday night with the approval of Gov. Harris, Attorney General Ellis, Auditor of State Guilbert and Secretary of State Thompson: "The governor and other state officers believe that all Ohio republicans ought now to stand to-gether behind William H. Taft for president. As to the senatorship, that is a question to be settled hereafter and any republican who is a candidate is entitled to a fair hearing be fore the party and the people. When the proper time arrives the republic ans of Ohio will settle it without bit-

ONE DEAD, SIX INJURED.

Violence Marks a Strike of Street Railway Employes at Evans-ville, Ind.

Evansville, Ind.—After a day of rioting, violence and accident the second day of the street car strike ended with one man dead, six persons injured and street car traffic suspended. Mayor Boehne last night called a special meeting of the board of safety and ordered 200 special policemen sworn in. The dead:

James Cates, Central City, Ky., strike sympathizer. Injured:

Bessie Kohn, 18 months old, crush-

d under falling building.

James Williams, Louisville, Ky.,
strike sympathizer, crushed by falling

Grant Kinney, strike breaker, Nashville Felix Oden, strike breaker. Nash-

ville.

Mrs. Orville Rhodes, leg broken. Harry Miller, cut in back and head. A street car manned by a non-union crew going at full speed jur curve at Eighth and Walnut jumped and crashed into a two-story building Friday afternoon, partly destroying the building, killing Cates and injuring four persons, including Baby Kohn. The street car company says that a strike sympathizer boarded the car and after knocking down the mo-torman and conductor, threw on the power to the limit, causing the derail-

BUSINESS BULLETIN.

Improvement in Retail Trade Follows the Advent of Warmer Weather.

ment of the car.

New York.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Improvement in retail trade follow-ed the advent of seasonable weather at many points, and payments were more prompt as spring merchandise was distributed, but conditions are still irregular. Sensational advances in prices of farm products, especially in prices of farm products, especially wheat, followed reports of extensive damage to the crops, but frequent reactions emphasized the speculative nature of the rise in quotations and tended to restore confidence.

Wholesale trade in fall goods is brisk from all points except where the crops have been seriously injured, and the net result of this forward business makes the outlook for the future fairly satisfactory. Manufacturing plants are kept busy.

A Move for Sabbath Observance. Columbus, O.—New impetus was given Friday to the movement for Sabbath observance by the Presbyterian general assembly when reso-lutions were adopted looking to the thorough organization for advance-ment of Sunday rest.

Dead Man's Belt Contained \$1,800.
Ashtabula, O.— The coroner in examining the effects of George Wall, one of the three men killed near here Tuesday night by a Lake Shore capital are gravely menaced by this or economic conditions. Guess we'll stand pat.

Kingdom, either as to economic policy train, on Friday found a belt contain ing \$1,800 in cash.

The virtues of the hot water application are recognized to such an ex tent that hot-water bags are made in a great variety of shapes and sizes. The latest designs are made to fit around the joints such as the knee ankle and elbow. They are very ef fective in the treament of myalgi arthritis, rheumatism and similar af fections.

Palace to House Club.

The Tudor palace at Enfield, Eng land, which was a gift from Edward VI. to Princess, afterward Queen Elizabeth, is to become a Conservative Until recently it was used as a post office. The Tudor rose, the royal monogram—and the ancient coat-ofarms are still conspicuous in the

A Terrible Remedy.

can only think of one method by which nurses can guard against imi-tations of their professional costume. It is that they should adopt one that is ugly or at least dowdy—and that remedy would, I expect, be regarded by most of the nurses as worse than the evil it was designed to cure. Truth.

"Idiot."

The alteration in the meaning of the word "idiot" is peculiar. Originally this word meant only a man in private life as distinguished from one who was concerned in public affairs In time the word degenerated, until it came to mean one who was defect tive in mental powers. Sunday Maga

Believe in Wandering Jew.

The belief in the Wandering Jew is still held in France among the the easantry of Brittany and Picardy When a violent windstorm comes on they make the sign of the cross as they say "The Wandering Jew is pass-("C'est le juif errant qui passe!")

Rewards of Virtue.

Every virtue gives its equal degree of felicity in some kind; honesty gives a good report; justice, estimation; prudence, respect; courtesy and liber affection: temperance gives health; fortitude a quiet mind, not to be moved by any adversity.-Walsing

Potato Drove Bull Mad.

A potato lodged in the throat of a at Datchworth, near Hitchin, England, recently, and drove it mad. Four men who tried to secure it were tossed. One of them had two ribs broken, and the head of another was badly injured.

It is only 400 years since the name of Via Dolorosa was given to the narrow lane down which Christ passed from the judgment hall of Pilate to Calvary. At this time also the sacred stations first were marked out for pilgrims.

Why Not, Indeed?

"The idea that there is anything undignified in dairy work is entirely a mistake. Why, if a woman can milk a cow or make butter, should she not be able to read poetry or play the plano?"—Viscountess Falmouth.

Strengthening the Ankles.

The ankles may be made strong and slender by lifting the body up on the toes 50 times night and morning. This will not only be good for your ankles, but will prove to be an excellent general exercise.

Unlucky.
"Some men," said Uncle Eben,
"seems to get so much satisfaction
tellin' deir troubles dat dey gives you de idea dat they'd be disappointed if dey was lucky."—Washington Star.

The Conqueror. He who suffers without complaining

in the dark valley of disappointmen breaks the back of defect and nerve his pinions for a future flight into the crags of triumph.

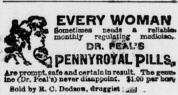
Quite a Difference. You may have noticed: Some people

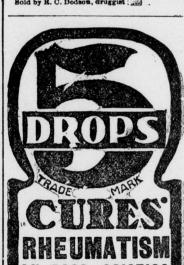
smile readily; others are merely ready to smile. There's a difference.—John A. Howland.

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