Established by C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN, Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMSOFSUBSCRIPTION:

ADVERTISING RATES. Advertisements are published at the rate of one ioliar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year or for six or three months ow and uniform, and will be furnished on appli-

Rion Legal and Official Advertising persquare.three nes or less. \$2 00: each subsequent insertion 50

cents per square.

Local noticestencents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive

five cents per line in each seal of the lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free. Business Cards, five lines or less \$5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising Nolocalinserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law Printing. rinting.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages
re paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for

No advertisements will be accepted at less an the price for fifteen words.
Religious notices free.

Don't Blame the Teachers.

Occasionally, we meet people who complain of the manner in which our schools are managed. They lament that their children are compelled to study too much and, as a consequence their health has become impaired. Then too, they complain of the inefficiency of the teachers, claiming that the time spent in school is wasted, owing to the indifference of the teachers, as to the welfare of their pupils.

The trouble with such parents is that they do not look at this matter from the proper viewpoint. The number of children, who have ever suffered from too much study, is very small. Systematic study, under proper environments, will not injure any one. But the cause of all the troubles lies at the doors of those parents themselves, who are the most zealous in imputing it to others. Children of both sexes, not more than 14 years of age and often younger, are frequently seen on our streets, as late as ten and eleven o'clock at night, where they have probably gone immediately after supper; and there they can be found, unaccompanied by any guardian to warn, them against the snares and pitfalls which always lie in the pathway of the young and inexperienced, especially in these days of fast living.

Parents who allow their children to go regularly to dancing parties, two and three times a week, and permit them to remain there, unchaperoned until midnight and later, should be thankful, if only ignorance, instead of infamy and disgrace, be their daughter's heritage. Late hours and insufficient rest unfit any child for useful study and, when those conditions prevail, to the illiteracy of the child must be added the crime of the parents.

If parents would keep their children under their own supervision after nightfall; give them wholesome food; regular hours for study out of school, and regular hours for sleep in well ventilated rooms, the responsibility for injured health and ignorant minds, would not be charged to over-study and inefficient teachers.

Advertising an Art.

Advertising has indeed become an art. It remains for it to become, if not a fine art, at least an art that calls beauty to its service. When it does, much of the energy that is now misdirected; much of the money that is now prodigally wasted in destroying the world's beauty, will be saved.

The right procedure is indicated by the most conspicuous medium for pubadvertising. The press, in its daily, weekly or monthly forms, offers altogether the best means for calling public attention of all sorts of things. The best of pubilc journals-those which are recognized as the most desirable mediums for advertising, and which consequently obtain the highest prices for their services-make it a rule to classify and restrict in a judicious manner the advertisements that they print. They confine them to certain parts of the publication, they restrict their display to certain decorous styles of type, recognizing that to admit a helter-skelter distribution through all columns, or to display them in incoherent fashion according to the whims of the advertisers would largely destroy the very objects held in view. The readers of these journals would resent the intrusion of advertising matter into the space set apart for news, editorials, etc., and the influence that gives the advertising its value would decline.

In the same way, the forms of advertising that now give exceeding offense to the community ought to be restricted and kept within proper limits. If this were effected, the practice would change from the public muisance that it now is to a function that, in a considerable degree, might couple genuine service to the public with a presentation of its material in an interesting and black border all around it.—Harper's Magazine.

HAS HARD SLEDDING

Trolley Freight Bill Disfigured in Its Passage Through Lower House.

WILL VASTLY BENEFIT PEOPLE

Astonishment Expressed That Rail roads Have Allowed It to Progress So Far Toward Final Passage-Creasy's Amendment Voted Down.

Harrisburg, Pa.-Just what will happen to the trolley freight bill before it goes to the governor for his signature is problematical. It certainly had a rocky road of it in the house, and the senate may alter it somewhat before it is passed by that body. In fact the wonder is that the railroad companies ever allowed it to get out of committee.

There is no bill pending in the legislature today that will hurt the railroads more, eventually, than this trolley freight bill. Incidentally it will be a mighty good thing for the people. But the raffroad companies are not paying much attention to the measure, strange as it may seem They have enough business to keep them going now and to spare. But if there is ever a cessation in business the railroad companies will have to go gunning after freight for their The state is pretty well gridironed with traction lines, and i the trolley companies are permitted to carry freight they will do a tre-mendous business right from the

Great Benefit to Farmers.

That the new law will stimulate business of every kind is generally conceded and for the time being at least there will be enough to go least there will be enough to around and to satisfy both the steam around and to satisfy both the steam great advantage this freight carrying privilege will be to farmers can scarcely be estimated. They will be allowed to send their farm products altogether subject to the condition of the wagon roads when bad weather

Since the introduction of this bill the members of the legislature have been recipients of hundreds, probably thousands, of letters from the farmers throughout the state, asking for the passage of the bill. That it is certain to go through no one doubts. It is a part of the platforms of the Republican and Democratic parties, and no party man would dare oppose the passage of the bill unless under the pretext that it was not in the proper

Creasy's Good Argument. rmer" William T. Creasy of Co-

lumbia made a good argument in support of an amendment he offered when the bill was on second reading in the house, when he wanted trolley companies to be "compelled" instead of "allowed" to carry freight. He as serted that unless this was inserted in the bill its main purp se would be defeated. His amendment was de-

The railroad commission bill was reported from committee to the house amended so as to make the secretary of interal affairs an ex-officio membe of the commission. This bill will go through because, like the trolley freight bill, it was made an issue in the last campaign, and both parties

promised to support it.

The railroad committee also reported favorably the Williams bill requiring railroads to file with the secretary of internal affairs an exact report of of internal affairs an exact report of their mileage under penalty of \$5,000 fine. If this bill is passed it will put a quietus upon the bill appropriating \$100,000 for a state survey of the railroads. H. I. Riley of Allegheny, who introduced the measure. to have it amended so that the amount appropriated should be \$45. 000 instead of \$100,000, but the house postponed action which, practically aking, means that his bill is dead

Measure Looks Suspicious. Legislators from the country districts, particularly from the boroughs and smaller cities, are looking with alarm upon the Fahey trolley bill. It s designed to help Philadelphia, but its provisions apply to every trolley company in the state. It permits a trolley company to "square accounts" with a municipality, no matter under what conditions the franchise was obtained. For example, it is held, that if a trolley company agrees to pay a certain tax to a borough in return for its franchise the borough council may afterward make a deal with the company sitting aside the terms of agreement. Some of the country members agreed to support bill provided it were made to apply only to Philadelphia. Friends of the bill argued that this would make it un-constitutional. The Fahey bill was defeated in the house, but afterward reconsidered and placed upon the calendar for postponed bills.

Seek Editor's Undoing.

A "crazy horse" bill was introduced in the house by Representative Joe Call of Philadelphia. The measure recites that with the "press muzzler" repealed there is "no adequate referes by law for these defensed by the dress by law for those defamed by the publication of libels and slanders." publication of libels and slanders."
The bill then provides "that the defendant in any suit for assault and battery or aggravated assault and battery shall be acquitted if he prove that the person or persons upon whom the assault was committed wrote or published within one year

previous to the assault, any false or defamatory matter concerning defendant, or any parent, child, sister, wife or fiancee of the defendant. Similar acquittal shall be the result if the assaulter prove that the person assaulted was the proprietor, owner, publisher, manager or editor of any newspaper in which such article appeared."

The provisions of the bill extend to civil actions for damages arising out of a case of assault and battery If the person who committed the as sault proves the facts concerning the publication the one assaulted can get no damages. If, however, the circumstances should not be such as to relieve the assaulter from all liability and he prove that the expenses incurred by him in defending the suit are greater than the amount of damages due the person assaulted a verdict shall be rendered for the defendant for such excess.

New Popular Vote Bill.

The committee on elections is struggling with a new bill permitting voters to express their choice of can didates for United States senator. was introduced in the house by Repre sentative Gabriel H. Moyer of banon, and is far more sweeping than the one now on the calendar. The Moyer bill makes provision for informing the legislators of the desires of the people. This was not incorporated in the bill on the calendar. It provides that on petition of 500 voters filed with the secretary of the com-monwealth 12 weeks before the date of the primary election the secretary of the commonwealth shall notify the county commissioners within three weeks to take the necessary steps to place upon the primary ballot the name of the candidate for whom the 500 have petitioned.

A member of the state police force is liable to a fine of \$100 and imprisonment of six months if he deserts according to the provisions of a bil introduced by Mr. Moyer of Lebanon

Governor Meets Obstacle.

The state police force, it seems, has come to stay, notwithstanding Representative Garner's threat that he would make another attempt to have his bill repealing the state constabulary law placed upon the calendar. The bill was defeated in committee and Mr. Garner tried to have it placed upon the calendar and failed. He had expected to make another attempt in this direction, but a ruling of Speaker McClain on a motion of the kind made on another bill will prevent Mr. Garner from being heard. The speaker ruled that a second attempt to place a bill upon the calendar was out of

Bills passed by both houses during the past few days and sent to the gov ernor for his signature include the following:

Bills Approved by Governor. To increase the salary of the super-

intendent of public instruction from \$4,000 to \$6,000 and of the deputies \$1,000 to \$3,000 and of the deputies from \$1,800 to \$3,000; validating sales of real estate upon writs of levari facias awarded upon judgments ob-tained upon writs of scire facias or mortgage issued subsequent to the passage of the act of July 9, 1901; providing for recording and registering deeds; granting an annuity of \$120 to Deborah E. Greenchild, whose nusband was a soldier in the war of 1812, and who is not entitled to a federal pension; amending the sale liquor license act of 1897 by changing the time when county treasurers shall pay all license funds to the state and municipal treasurers. The governor has vetoed but one bill thus far. It was one of the two new court bills for Allegheny county. He signed the other one.

Distribution of School Funds.

The bill introduced by Representa-tive Habgood of McKean, providing for a new method for the distribution of the school appropriation, has been reported from the house committee on education with an affirmative recommendation

Under this bill hereafter one-fourth of the amount is to be distributed on the basis of the number of children between 6 and 16 years of age; one-fourth on the basis of paid teachers regularly employed, and the remaining one-half on the basis of the comparative rate of valuation and tax The purpose of this bill is to favor districts which assess property at its full value. Under the proposed appropriation of 13 millions the rate per pupil will be \$4.89.

Adjournment Not in Sight.

There is no telling when the legis-lature will adjourn finally. Both houses have agreed that no bills shall be introduced after March 27. However, bills may be introduced by unanimous consent at any time notwithstanding the rule, and more bills may be presented after the date set. In fact, some of the investigating com-mittees will have bills to present after they have completed their work. The consequence is no one can tell when

final adjournment will take place.

The commission appointed to investigate the capitol building is doing ex-cellent work. The members of the commission asked the governor to apcommission asked the governor to approve a bill appropriating \$100,000 for expenses connected with their work, and he readily consented to do so. Accordingly a bill was introduced for that purpose. This will include the \$10,000 already advanced to the

Even though the commission should spend the entire appropriation it will be money well invested for the commissioners already have in sight more than \$200,000 which they expect to save the state in addition to the \$27.-000 they have collected from the Harrisburg Trust Co. There will be

something doing again this week.

BAN Q. BARTON.

DIEHL

Sahlin Corsets and Girdles

Once you try them you try them you will always buy them.

DIEHL

BANNER PATTERNS March and April

numbers now in

DIEHL

Embroideries and Trimmings

Imported and beautiful de-

FOR EASTER.

We have a fine line of long silk gloves and ready to wear shirts and the material you want for that new Easter suit.

Underwear

Pretty night robes. Handsome corset covers, and our skirts are a marvel, when you examine them and hear our prices.

Voile

Which will be worn so much this summer and one of our leaders.

Our Easter Candy

Is well worth mentioning. Easter bunnies and every thing to please the little ones, also cotton Easter goods, Easter post cards and booklets, all prices.

The Up-to-Date Grocery

Is well known and every one who has purchased their groceries and fresh meats, know that everything is as we say. Always a nice fresh stock. We invite new customers to inspect our goods.

New Coods Arriving Every day.

CHAS. DIEHI

PARTITION NOTICE.

In the

Court of

Pleas of

Cameron

December

PARTITION.

Elizabeth S. Barrows, Mary W. arrows, Nancy C. Barrows, sie B. Peale, Frank Dallett, ura A. Dallett, George P. Dalt, James Dallett, heirs at law of tellina A. Dallett, deceased, sabtiffs.

Schnarrs, Edward Noyes and Harriett Noyes, heirs at law of Charles R. Noyes, deceased, Mary E. Farr, Frank P. Noyes, Maroa H. Noyes, Mrs. Belle Southard, Mrs. George B. Noyes, Guardian of Christina Noyes and Mrs. George B. Noyes, Guardian of Christina Noyes and Margaret Noyes, minor children of George B. Noyes deceased; theirs at law of James C. Noyes, deceased; Willis B. Blandin, and Amos N. Blandin, Annie B. Southard, James N. Southard, Agnes Southard, and Frances Southard, devisees under the 'ast will and testament of Hannah M. Noyes, deceased, defendants.

To the above named defendants:—

You are hereby commanded to appear be fore our Judges at our Oourt of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron, to be held at Emporium on the 6th day of May next to show cause why you do not bold together with the said plaintiffs and undivided, all those two certain pieces, parcels and tracts of land, lying and being in the Township of Lumber, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

No.1.—All of warrant number five thousand four hundred and forty (5410) containing eleven hundred (1100) acres, with the usual allowances, bounded on the north by warrant No. 5437; on the south by warrant No. 5441 and on the west by warrant No. 5433, on the south by warrant No. 5441 and on the west by warrant No. 5460 on the cast by warrant No. 5440, on the cast by warrant No. 5440, on the cast by warrant No. 5440 on the cast the north west corner of the tract: theree north eighteen hundred and twenty-live (1825) perches to a post ou the warrant line; thence east eleven (11) rods to a hemlock corner; thence south 37 degrees cast sixty-six (66) perches to a pine corner; thence south 187 (50) degrees cast sixty-six (66) perches to a pine corner; thence south 187 (50) degrees east sighty-one (81) perches to a hemlock; thence south twenty-nine degrees cast seventy-eight (78) perches to a post; thence west along line of tract of T. Britten one hundred and sixty (166) rods to the place of beginning, containing one hundred part of warrant No. 541, and conveyed a part of warrant No. 541, and conveyed a part of warrant No. 541, and conveyed to the containing one hundred south, 1888, and recorded in the ded ded so fice of Cameron county, afford the containing one part of Cameron and the containing one of the containing of the cont grees east forty-three (43) rods to the south line of warrant number five thousand four hundred and forty (540); thence south twenty (20) degrees east one hundred and seventeen (117) rods to post corner; thence north seventy (70) degrees east two hundred rods to a post corner; thence south seventy (70) degrees east two hundred rods to a hemlook corner; thence south seventy (70) degrees west one hundred and sixty (160) rods to a hemlook corner; thence south seventy (70) degrees west two hundred and about one hundred (100) acres in various hundred acres of land, more or less. Belig about one hundred (100) acres in various hundred acres of land, more or less. Belig about one hundred (100) acres in various hundred acres of land, more or less. Belig about one hundred (100) acres in various hundred acres of land, more or less. Belig about one hundred (100) acres in various hundred land and but one hundred (100) acres belig to the same property which land belig to the same property which land others to John Jacob Schwab by deed dated April sth, 1889, and recorded September 20th, 1892, in the Recorder's office of Cameron county in Deed Book "K" page 314, the said John Jacob Schwab, his heirs and assigns having the right and privilege of ingress and egress to and from said land across the lands of the grantors named in said deed from Estellian Dallett and others over the road as used on the 4th day of April 1889, to the village of Cameron and to the public road at the dwelling house of C.H. Sage, provided that where saides are made of land along the road leading to the house of said Sage, if it shall be found convenient and necessary by the purchasers to make the change in the location of said road, said change shall be made. And being the two tracts of land which were sold by T. B. Lloyd. Trustee appointed by said Court to sell ances. A manuely and others were defendants to No. 14 september Term. 1888, in the said Court, and sold to Estellian Dallett, an undivided one-third interest, we defendants to No. 14 september T

pear.
And to show cause why partition of said lands should not be made between you and said plainiffs according to the laws and customs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And to abide the further order of the Court in the premises.

JOHN D. SWOPE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., March 18th, 1997.

"Preventics" will promptly check a cold or the Grippe when taken early or at the "sneeze-stage". Preventics are seated cold as well. Preventics are little candy cold cure tablets, and Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., will gladly mail you samples and a book on Colds free, if you will write him. The samples prove their merit. Check early Colds with Preventies and stop Pneumonia. Sold in 5c and 25c boxes by all dealers.

Rheumatism Crazes the Mind

URIC-O, An Internal Treatment for the Blood-It is Widely Recommended as a Cure.

Every sufferer from Rheumatism is familiar with the sleepless nights, and nerve binding, muscle twisting pains which they have to endure. Vapor baths have been used, Mt. Clemens has been visited, and hundreds of dollars spent in search of relief. There is but little use of other experiments, as relief and a permanent cure for all forms of Rheumatism, can only be found in

your life. Uric-O is sold in Emporium by L.

Kennedy's Laxative

Relieves Colds by working them out of the system through a copious and healthy action of the bowels.

Relieves Coughs by cleansing the mucous membranes of the throat, chest and bronchial tubes.

as Maple Sugar"

Children Like It

Sold by R C. Dodson.

John Edelman

Opposite St. Charles Hotel

Where you can always find a new supply of woolens to suit the season and customer. We solicit new trade and shall try our best to satisfy all our patrons. GENTLEMEN—Why go outside to get your Clothes, when we can farnish you with the best goods and latest styles at the lowest possible price. Spend your money at home. We, as well as our help, spend our money here.

We are cutting our clothes by a new system and have met with good success.

Thanking you for past favors n we respectfully invite you to n call again.

Tortured Day and Night (100. J. 13131

Rheumatism can only be found in Smith's Specific Uric-O. It matters little how long one has suffered from the trouble, or how intense the sufferthe trouble, or how intense the suffering, Uric-O will cure you. It cures by its direct action upon the blood; muscles, and kidneys, neutralizing poisonous uric and rheumatic acids. Druggists and Physicians everywhere are recommending Uric-O, because they know that at last there has been a remedy prepared which actually cures the disease. Uric-O is manufactured by the Smith Drug Company, Syracuse, N. Y. Is supplied to users in large size bottles, which sell for \$1.00. Your Druggist can supply you with the rem-

or size bottles, which sell for \$1.00. Your Druggist can supply you with the remedy, or you can order direct. Samples and circulars will be forwarded free to all who apply. Use Uric-O for Rheumatism only. It may possibly save your life.

Cough Syrup

CONTAINS HONEY AND TAR

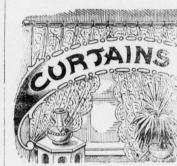
NEW FIRM!

EAST EMPORIUM, PA.

JOHN EDELMAN & SON,

EAST EMPORIUM, PA.

Let us Draw the Curtain



to your attention. It's time for spring cleaning, getting ready for sum-New curtains may be needed for par lor, dining room, bed room, kitchen or elsewhere. We have the newest stock to show you, dainty patterns in filmy filagree work. Strongly made, beautifully designed. All lengths to drape elegantly, and fit whatever wanted.

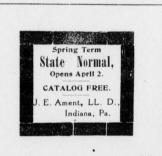
Undertaking Geo. J. LaBai

E. A. PYLE,

Insurance Agency,

Fire, Life, Health and Accident, Employers Liability, Boiler Insurance, Plate Glass, Surety

OFFICE—CLIMAX BLDG. Fourth Street, Emporium Emporium, Pa.



MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE EVER KNOWN TO FAIL. S

in Emporium by L. Taggart & R. C. Dodson