

WILL BRING ROADS TO TIME

ATTORNEY GENERAL ORDERS SUITS AGAINST RAILWAYS.

Violation of Safety Appliance Law Charged and Attempt to Recover Penalties Will Be Made.

Washington. — Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of railroad companies to recover penalties for violation of the safety appliance law through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition.

"The government is determined upon a strict enforcement of these statutes, which were enacted for the promoting of the safety of the traveling public in general, as well as for the protection of railway employees.

"You are instructed accordingly, and you are expected to be vigilant and active in the matter."

OIL HEADS ARE SAFE.

Little Likelihood of Indictments Against Rockefeller and Other High Standard Officials.

Washington. — Although the department of justice has announced that it proposes to begin criminal proceedings against the officials of the Standard Oil, the intimation is given that it is doubtful if indictments may be found against such men in the Standard Oil company as John D. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers and John D. Archbold.

An official of the department of justice has indicated that while the government would press the prosecutions vigorously, he did not have an idea that the officials of the Standard Oil company would be reached in criminal proceedings, any more than the presidents of railroads, personally, are reached through similar proceedings.

"It may be," he said, measuring from the ground with his hand, "that we may get some of the officials half way up. We are not after mere clerks, but, if responsible officials have been violating the law, we desire to bring them to book."

The Standard Oil company will be prosecuted as a corporation for violation of the Elkins law forbidding rebates or the giving or receiving of discriminating rates. The method of prosecution adopted successfully at Kansas City before Judge Smith McPherson, which resulted in the conviction of the packing houses, is to be followed to a certain extent in the fight against the Standard Oil.

MURDERS HIS BRIDE TO BE

Young Man Then Shoots Himself in the Presence of Guests Assembled for the Wedding.

Comfort, Tex.—In the presence of the assembled wedding guests at the home of his intended bride, Joseph Reinhardt, who was to have married her, shot and killed Miss Ernestine Kutzer Tuesday evening and then shot himself, with probably fatal results.

Young Reinhardt walked into the room in which Miss Kutzer and the guests were assembled, drew a pistol from his pocket and pointed it at his sweetheart. She held up her hand as if to ward off the danger and three shots were fired at her. The first bullet entered her heart, killing her. Reinhardt then turned the pistol upon himself and fired two bullets into his own breast. The cause of the tragedy is not known. The theory of neighbors is that the young man was demoralized. The people were highly respected.

Struck by a Train.

Bellefontaine, O.—John Burke and wife and baby, traveling by wagon from Indiana to Bucyrus, O., were struck by an Ohio Central train west of here Wednesday and all fatally injured. Burke was asleep on the seat holding the baby in his arms, and Mrs. Burke was lying on the bottom of the wagon when the train hit the wagon.

Need Not Settle with Trust.

St. Louis.—Judge Ryan decided in favor of a purchaser who contended that he does not have to pay for goods which he voluntarily bought from a concern which, he alleges, is a member of a so-called trust.

Moses in the Bushes.

Hickman, Ky.—"He is another Moses, be kind to him," reads a note pinned to a baby found fastened in a small boat in bushes along the Mississippi river. The paper indicates the child came from Cairo, Ill.

Noted Catholic Dead.

Washington.—Thomas E. Waggaman, of this city, former treasurer of the Catholic university, who failed for over \$4,000,000 about a year ago, died Wednesday at a farm house near Annapolis, Md.

NOTES FROM THE SUMMER RESORTS.



"Mine Host Roosevelt Is Doing Everything in His Power to Add to the Attractiveness and Popularity of His Establishment."—News Item.

WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY CONGRESS; IMPORTANT LEGISLATION ENACTED

Washington. — Important measures extending federal regulation and control have been enacted at the first session of the fifty-ninth congress, now rapidly drawing to a close.

The railroad rate and the meat inspection bills will soon become laws. The pure food bill was agreed upon by the conferees for the senate and house. The house bill was taken as a basis of agreement, and into this were grafted many of the important sections of the senate measure.

There has been no marked division on party lines in effecting the above results, the differences being only as to ways and means rather than as to policy.

Besides branching off into this new field of legislative endeavor, the present session of congress has made itself important in other ways. It has added one, and perhaps two new states to the union and by so doing has disposed of four territories.

Great results to the people are expected from the removal of the tax on denatured alcohol, and if predictions are fulfilled, heat, light and power are to be supplied by alcohol made from the cornfields of the country, from sugar beets and sugar cane, from fruits and other vegetation.

By a deft turn of legislative points of view, the questions which have perplexed congress for some time regarding the Panama canal have been settled. The president may dig a lock canal as fast as he pleases. A joint resolution was agreed to requiring canal supplies to be made of American manufacture.

Congress has not dwelt with the foreign situation to any extent. An act making a much needed reorganization of the consular service was passed. Nothing was done in the Santo Domingo controversy and the legislation affecting our colonial possessions was meager and unimportant, although tariff revision for the Philippines received the attention and approval of the house, and an act was passed revising the tariff collected by the Philippine government. A coinage act for the islands also was passed.

A large number of bills were introduced in the two houses. The calendar records that the number has reached nearly 20,000, 500 more than were introduced during the entire three sessions of the last congress.

Before discussing the number of acts passed, it is interesting to note that with all the strenuous exertions of an appropriations committee in the house, with a new chairman—Representative Tawney—it has been impossible to hold the appropriations down to much less than \$900,000,000, although "economy" was the watchword from the start.

Although there has been an effort to prevent the enlargement of what is known as the "permanent annual appropriations," this character of expense has increased during the session to the extent of nearly \$5,000,000, making a total permanent annual appropriation of more than \$140,000,000. As it happened, the increase in this appropriation came in one day in the house. The meat inspection bill carried a permanent annual appropriation of \$3,000,000, and the same day the house passed the bill adding \$1,000,000 to a like amount annually for the sup-

port of the state militia. Measures were introduced on which action will be pressed at the next session to repeal a portion of the permanent annual appropriations of the government.

Organized labor has succeeded in its requests of the present session of congress to the extent of securing the enactment of what is known as the "employers' liability bill." This enactment will make it possible for an employee to secure damages for his injury, notwithstanding his own negligence may have been in part responsible for that injury.

Another bill which has received the approval of the senate and will doubtless become a law before the end of the session is that limiting the hours of continuous service of railway trainmen to 16 consecutive hours' work, to be followed by 10 hours' rest. The much agitated eight-hour bill received a favorable vote from the labor committee of the house, but too late to secure action at the hands of congress. The anti-injunction bill was postponed in committee until the next session of congress upon a direct vote on that proposition.

SENDS ICE MEN TO PRISON

One Year in Workhouse and Big Fine for Violating Anti-Trust Law in Ohio.

Toledo, O.—In common pleas court Monday Judge Kinkade imposed the maximum sentence of \$5,000 fine and one year in the workhouse on five ice-men guilty of conspiracy in restraint of trade. The men sentenced are: Joseph A. Miller, who was convicted; R. A. Beard, R. C. Lemmon, H. P. Breining and Peter H. Waters, who pleaded guilty. The judge said the sentences might be mitigated in the event the men made restitution.

The five men, all of them prominent in business and social circles, were taken to the county jail to await the making out of the necessary papers to commit them to the workhouse, unless, in the meantime, they meet Judge Kinkade's requirements of restitution to the public.

Gloats Over Army Agitation. St. Petersburg.—M. Gamarteli, a member from the Caucasus, expressed satisfaction at the fact that the revolutionary agitation in the army and M. Feodorovsky in behalf of the ministry, repudiated the assertion that there was dissatisfaction in the army. A priest named Afanasieff, implored the Cossacks to cease being the scourges of Russia and to join the Russian masses in the movement for freedom.

J. N. Free Is Dead. Toledo, O.—J. N. Free, known all over the country as the "Immortal J. N.," died Wednesday at the Toledo state hospital for the insane. For years he traveled all over the United States, paying neither hotel bills nor railroad fares.

Custer's Sister Is Dead. Monroe, Mich.—Mrs. David Reed, sister of Gens. George A. and Thomas Custer, who were killed in the Indian battle of the Little Big Horn, in Montana, June 25, 1876, died at her home here Wednesday, at the age of 89.

Murder and Suicide. Comfort, Tex.—In the presence of the assembled wedding guests at the home of his intended bride, Joseph Reinhardt, who was to have married her, shot and killed Miss Ernestine Kutzer and then shot himself.

Three Die in Oil Tank. Waterbury, Conn.—Three men were drowned in an oil tank here Wednesday. They were overcome by fumes and fell in. One man was rescued. The dead were Eugene Rowley, Fred Scott and Dennis Sullivan.

Safety Appliance Suits. Washington. — Attorney General Moody has directed that suits be brought against a large number of railroads for violation of the safety appliance law through failure to keep their equipment in proper condition.

Must Fumigate Warships. New Orleans.—Warships from suspected yellow fever ports which enter the Mississippi river must submit to the same quarantine regulations as any other vessel, according to decision of the Louisiana board of health.

TERRIBLE ITCHING SCALP.

Eczema Broke Out Also on Hands and Limbs—An Old Soldier Declares: "Cuticura Is a Blessing."

"At all times and to all people I am willing to testify to the merits of Cuticura. It saved me from worse than the torture of hives, about the year 1890, with itching on my scalp and temples, and afterwards it commenced to break out on my hands. Then it broke out on my limbs. I then went to a Surgeon, whose treatment did me no good, but rather aggravated the disease. I then told him I would go and see a physician in Erie. The reply was that I could go anywhere, but a case of eczema like mine could not be cured; that I was too old (80). I went to an eminent doctor in the city of Erie and treated with him for six months, with like results. I had read of the Cuticura Remedies, and so I sent for the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and continued taking the Resolvent until I had taken six bottles, stopping it to take the Pills. I was now getting better. I took two baths a day, and at night I let the Ointment with great effect after washing in warm water, to stop the itching at once. I am now cured. The Cuticura treatment is a blessing, and should be used by every one who has itching of the skin. I can't say any more, and thank God that He has given the world such a curative. Wm. H. Gray, 3303 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia, Pa., August 2, 1905."

GENERAL GLEANINGS.

The king of Ashanti has 3,322 wives. A young Jones is born every 40 minutes.

The number of known stars exceeds 100,000,000.

Contributors to the London Times are paid \$25 a column.

One man in six in the American navy is a total abstainer.

The parrot appreciates music more than any other of the lower animals. Over 20,000,000 leeches were used annually 25 years ago, but now not 1,000,000 a year are used.

The world's largest prune orchard—in Los Gatos, Cal.—contains 50,000 trees and yields an annual profit of \$50,000.

Low Rates to California.

To accommodate summer tourists to California the Union Pacific has authorized the very low rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip to either San Francisco or Los Angeles. Tickets on sale June 25th to July 7th, with final return limit September 15th, 1906. Also other low rates to California points during the summer. Inquire of W. G. Neimeyer, G. A., 120 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

Good Test of the Dog.

Suburbanite (to visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in. Don't mind the dog.

Visitor—But won't he bite? "That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning."—La Rive.

There may not be more than two inches of strawberries, but think of the size of the box with the lumber higher every day.—Detroit Free Press.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

An official estimate places the acreage of timber in British Columbia at present at 182,750,000 acres.

The number of quart bottles of champagne in the French caves last year was 109,968,363.

The sugarcane estates of the West Indies have been made vastly more profitable by the introduction of steam plows and other labor-saving devices.

A London dentist has made a proposal of marriage in one of the most novel ways which have yet come to light. He fell in love with an elderly patient who ordered a set of false teeth from him. When the teeth were delivered the woman found a neat proposal engraved on the plate which held the teeth.

The British Zeitung am Mittag says that a Russian some time ago gave a ring worth \$250 to a newspaper seller in the Friedrichstrasse for three copies of the Zeitung am Mittag. The period fixed by law during which the Russian could have regained possession of the ring recently expired, and the police have informed the newspaper seller that the ring is his lawful property.

It is estimated that from 400,000 to 500,000 natives have died in Africa of sleeping sickness in the last ten years. The disease is, moreover, spreading with alarming rapidity, yet nothing is done to check it. The weight of opinion is that no person once infected ever recovers. Despite its name, sleep is not an important symptom, as it occurs only towards the end of the disease in a small number of cases.

A curious case of museum robbery is engaging attention at Weimar. An agent offered some time ago to the Goethe-Schiller museum a series of Gothic manuscripts, which on examination proved to have been stolen from the museum itself. The agent explained that he had received them in good faith from a well-known antiquarian in Berlin. A search of the antiquarian's house brought to light many other documents belonging to the Weimar museum.

One on the Doctor.

A Baltimore physician who boarded a crowded car in Charles street, noticed a woman standing and a big German sprawling over twice the seat area that was necessary to him. Indignantly the physician said to his: "See here! Why don't you move a little so that this tired woman may have a seat?" For a moment the German looked dazed. Then a broad smile spread over his countenance as he answered: "Say, dot's a joke on you, all right! Dot's my wife!"

Up to Him.

Regular Boarder—How many more times am I going to see this same piece of pie?

Waiter—Dunno, sir. The boss told me to keep giving it to you till you eat it.—Detroit Free Press.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA

A Case of STOMACH CATARRH.



Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say, All hail to Peruna."

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes: "I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago."

"There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat."

"So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good."

"I thank you for your kindness."

"Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic.

Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Peruna, and found it pleasant to take, a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

Indian Territory Land

All the news of the new state. All the land laws and rules in the NEW STATE TRIBUNE, a twelve page weekly—with more than three times the circulation of any other paper in the Territory, for \$1.00 per year. MUSKOGEE, INDIAN TERRITORY.

PATENTS AND PENSIONS

Send for "Inventor's Primer" and "Points on Pensions." Established 1894. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., PATENT ATTORNEYS, 59 14th St., Washington, D. C. Branches at Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit.

A. N. K.—C (1906—26) 2132.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. J. E. Waggoner, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

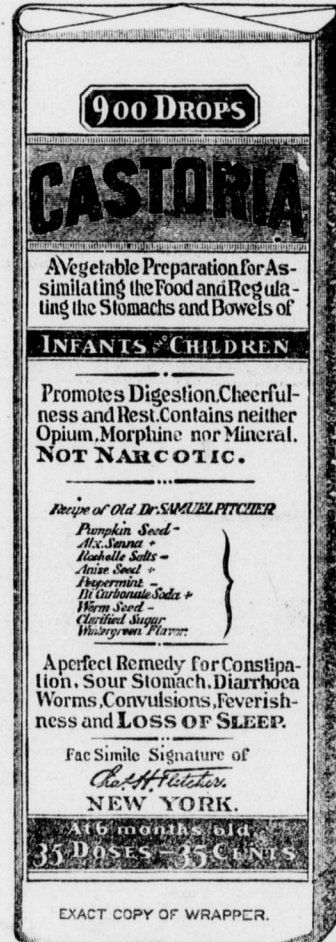
Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner beyond any other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through a printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cordially."



GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 N. BROAD ST., NEW YORK CITY.