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JOB PRINTING.
The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of ork. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW o paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the pub-

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Mme. Curie has explained an incident in the life of her late husband. He had the distinction of refusing the red ribbon of the Legion of Honor. His reason was a matter of speculation. One insinuation was that the great chemist had a grievance that his wife was not decorated with him; another, still less plausible, was that he did not care to accept a decoration which had never been conferred upon his father. Mme. Curie writes quietly to observe that all this is purely fantastic. M. Curie had a settled conviction that personal decorations were open to objections that outweighed their advantages and to her great joy as sharing his opinion he acted up to it in his own case. He had declined academic distinction before declining the Legion of Honor.

Scores of well-known Pittsburg citizens, according to local report, are in daily fear that some irreverent newspaper may publish their names in connection with a rather embarrassing affair. The cook in a fashionable suburban family wanted some fun and she advertised for a husband, describing herself as a "lonesome widow." Over 100 replies were received, most of them from Pittsburg professional men willing to cheer her up a little. One widower writes that his happiness passed away with the death of his first wife, but he thinks an alliance with this "lonesome widow" would do much to cheer him up again. Letters have been received from three ministers, eight lawyers and 12 doctors.

While at Naples during the recent eruption of Vesuvius King Victor, accosting a parish priest, said: "My friend, how did you escape?" The priest replied: "Your majesty, I put myself out of danger." "What do you mean?" asked the king. "Understanding the danger, I went to Oola," was the reply. His majesty rejoined, wrath "What, you, God's minister, fled! Who administered the sacraments and comforted the dying? My soldiers, I suppose. You are deserving of great blame." It is said this incident created a great stir at the vati can. The priest will probably be se verely punished, as the pope is partic ular that priests should be at their posts in such circumstances.

Our little bronze cent, precious in metaphor and to the owners of slot machines, but the bane of the street car conductor, is under the scrutiny of a committee of congress. Experiments are making to determine whether a different metal, nickel or aluminium is not a better material for the smallest bit of coinage; and there is a possibility that the design may ed. Most of us will be sorry part with a familiar friend, but we shall be willing to welcome him in any new form, and the more of him the

From a reliable source we learn that young spring elephants are down to \$1,400 apiece and are to be had in quantities at a much lower figure. For tender "broilers" the price is ridiculously low and it would be a wise plan for large consumers of the gustatory delicacy to provide against a rise in the market, which is almost certain to follow the announcement of the unprecedented low price. Furthermore. here is the longed-for opportunity to pop it to the beef trust.

An English medical journal inveigns against the brushing of clothes as "clumsy and unsanitary procedure which might with advantage be superseded by some more effectual and less offensive method. The use of some kind of vacuum brush for the purpose would, sanitarily speaking, be ideal.

An eastern college professor says that men should do all the cooking The world has had enough of pies like mother used to make and what it yearns for is sausage like father used to fry and ice cream like daddy turned the wringer for.

John Brisben Walker, the editor was the pioneer in the steam autom bile business in this country.

If a man of clay be roasted enough he will become a brick?

BOMB THROWER

Tried to Murder King Alfonso on Wedding Day.

KILLED 16 PEOPLE.

The King and Bride Were Returning to the Palace, After Wedding, When Bomb was Hurled.

Madrid. Spain.-Spain has a new queen. Princess Victoria Eugenie of Battenberg, familiarly known as Princess Ena, and King Alfonso of Spain, were united in marriage at noon Thursday in the church of San noon Thursday in the church of San
Jeronimo. Royal pomp signalized the
marriage, which was performed by
a cardinal of the Roman Catholic
church in the presence of a distinguished assemblage of Old World
royalty, special envoys from nearly all
the nations of the world, and distinguished representatives of the Snanguished representatives of the Span-

The public rejoicings over the marrlage of King Alfonso and Princess Victoria had a terrible dramatic sequel at 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon as a bomb thrown from an upper window exploded with deadly effect near the coach occupied by the king and queen. Providentally King Alfonso and Queen Victoria escaped by an electric wire deflecting the bomb, but at least 16 ersons, most most of them being of the and military escort, were killed. Many others were injured.

The explosion occurred just as the royal couple were about to enter the palace. The route of the procession from the church had been diverted from the church had been diverted from Arsenal street to Mayor street, owing to the popular desires. The procession had just passed through Mayor street and was about to turn into the esplanade leading to the palace when an explosion shook the buildings in the vicinity, stunning a large number of people and throwing the cortes into confusion. the cortege into confusion.

The royal coach was brought to a sudden stop by the shock, officers and soldiers of the escort falling to the ground about the equerry and horses that had been killed. The screams of the terrified multitude mingled with the groans of the dying. It was immediately seen that the royal coach was intact except that it had been damaged by flying splinters. King Al-fonso immediately alighted and assisted Queen Victoria out of the carriage.

ed queen victoria out of the carriage.
They then entered another coach and
were driven swiftly to the palace.
The place from which the bomb was
thrown is a boarding house. The
chamber from which the missile was burled was taken May 22 by a man from Barcelona giving the name of Moral. When the police surrounded the house the man attempted to flee, but was captured. Another man escaped over the roofs of houses.

As a curious coincidence it is just a year ago yesterday that a bomb was thrown at King Alfonso in Paris. As the king, accompanying President Loubet, was driving away from a performance at the opera, May 31, 1905, an anarchist threw a bomb at the royal carriage. It struck a trooper of the cuirrassier escort on the shoulder, fell to the ground and exploded with-out injuring the king or the president.

DEATH CAME SWIFTLY.

Pendennis White, a Buffalo Millionaire, Is Killed in an Automobile Accident.

Buffalo, N. Y.-Pendennis White, a millionaire banker and lumberman, was killed and Edwin A. Bell and Richard B. Lyman, stock brokers, were injured in a collision between an automobile and a trolley car on Hertel avenue last night.

The three men had been at the Country club for dinner and were rerning to town in an automobil Bell, who owned the car, was driving. A trolley car which had been running ahead of the automobile slowed down for a crossing. Mr. Bell swerved to the left to avoid it, not noticing that another trolley car was approaching from the west at high speed. The eastbound car and the automobile met with terrific force.

Mr. White was hurled 50 feet and instantly killed, his neck being broken. Mr. Bell and Mr. Lyman were hurled through the windows of the trolley car. They were badly cut, but miraculously escaped fatal injury.

Pendennis White was 48 years old. le was a member of the firm of White, Gratwick & Mitchell, wholesale lumber dealers of North Tonawanda, and of the firm of Stevens, Eaton & Co., of New York. He was president of the Lumber Insurance Co.

Congress.

Washington .- On the 31st ult. the wasnington.—On the 31st lift, the house passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The senate passed the Knox immunity bill, the lighthouse bill and the military academy appropriation bill.

A Stay for Gaynor and Greene. Macon, Ga.—The United States reuit court of appeals on circuit court of appeals on Thursday granted a supersedeas in the case of Messrs. Gaynor and Greene. convicted in Savannah of conspiracy to defraud the government in connec-tio with harbor improvement work. This has the effect of staying the exe-

suicide Thursday by shooting himself, tieth century.

VICTORY OF GOVERNMENT.

Triumph of Anti-Trust Law Reflects Credit Upon Republican Administration.

The complete surrender of the paper trust of the northwest in the action brought by the attorney general of the United States buttresses strongly the anti-trust law. The triumph of the government in this case is particularly noticeable, says the Troy Times, because it was the result of a decision by the United States supreme court compelling witnesses to testify, and overruling their objection that the testimony might incriminate them-

selves or their corporations.

Moreover, the result is substantially an admission that manufacturing corporations which establish a common sales agency and thus limit their power of competition have formed a combination in restraint of trade. Similar action by railroad companies in pooling traffic had already been declared illegal, but the decision at that time did not cover manufacturing corporations. While in the paper trust case it cannot be definitely stated that the scope of the law is so far reaching, all the indications of the supreme court's decision and of the surrender by the defense point that way.

Recent litigation and its results have established two things very clearly: First, that the power of existing statutes to control oppressive and restricting combinations in trade is very great, and, second, that the laws are being enforced with vigor and with intelligence. President and with intelligence. President Roosevelt and his subordinates in executive office have snown again and again their fidelity to the duties imposed upon them and their determination to prosecute fearlessly and indefatigably, in the interests of the people, those huge combinations of capital that have taken the place and have exercised the authority of the feudalism of the middle ages.

ARE DOING WELL ENOUGH.

Radical Revision of the Tariff Would Impede Our Present National Progress.

What may be known as the shortest platform: "Resolved, That we leave well enough alone," was adopted by the Republicans of Trego county. Kansas. It is a model that might well be copied, says the Springfield (Mass.) Union.

In this state there is a strong disposition to tinker with the tariff, yet must be admitted that the Dingley law is well nigh "well enough." course we want to make progress. To stand still is to invite defeat. We can the tariff in advance, but it would be most unwise to revise it in a radical manner. The years that have passed since the Dingley law was enacted have seen some changes in industrial conditions that might well be met by a revision, both up and down, but a tariff revolution is a most absurd proposition in view of present

prosperity. We may well pass laws to restrict great corporations and compel the "square deal," but it would be infinitely absurd to revolutionize conditions and hamper the progress of business by laws unnecessarily restrictive. We should compel all the great corporations to treat every man alike, and by so doing would we add to the general prosperity, but to restrict corporations so as to cripple them would but be to invite industrial disasters.

Let well enough alone and correct Evil will always exist. greed of men will compel restrictive legislation. But in striking at the giants of finance we must always be careful not to strike the root of the conditions that have brought the country to the present high mark of pros-

REWARD IS DESERVED.

Country That Knows Enough to Legislate for Its Own

It will not be amiss to put on record that, while revisionists are ram-pant, stand patters are justified in demanding that we let well enough On December 18, 1905, Bradstreet's said in its weekly review:

"Reports from all over the coun try are unanimous that all records for this stage of the season have been surpassed.'

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican (Dem.), in its financial review of the Monday following put it stronger in the following sentence

"Everywhere appear evidences of undiminished strength in the forces making for a wonderfully profitable season in trade. It is without doubt the most bountiful holiday period ever known in the experience of the

American people." We need only chronicle these statements, says the American Econ omist. No comment is necessary beyond a rejoicing that a country that knows enough to legislate for its own people should reap the reward

CFMr. Bryan is neither a successful nor a graceful straddler. He is at his best when standing four-square to every wind that blows, as he appeared in his first presidential campaign, but never since. He can easily sacrifice the support of his former supporters without gaining that of the conserva-Suicided by Shooting.

Attle Creek, Mich. George
Howes, ex-mayor, capitalist
clubman of tals city, committed tives, who will never trust him.

WAGES AND THE TARIFF. Contention of Free Traders That Is

Set at Naught by Existing Conditions. One Mr. Brickett writes to the Bos-

ton Herald, assuming that the tariff on watches amounts to more on the output of a certain watch company than it pays for wages. The conclusion drawn, both by Mr. Brickett and the Herald is that the railway men and others requiring watches have to pay this amount for the timepieces they use in addition to their cost. It has always been the contention of the free traders, says the Lowell (Mass.) Citizèn, that high duties so stimulated home production, that it soon reduced prices beyond a profitable point, and soon ruined home industry. If the watch business is so tremendously profitable, why do not more people make watches? Capital is always seeking remunerative investment, and watchmaking is not a monopoly Whenever a trust is kept alive by heavy duties on foreign competing products—as is no doubt true in some cases—then is the time to ham-string trust by cutting down the tariff. But there are modifying circumstances even here. If ham-stringing the trust at the same time knocks out a large number of independent industries in the same line, as it would in some departments, it is first to be determined whether ham-stringing wouldn't do more harm than good. Letting France and Germany and Switzerland deluge our states with watches made on 50cent a day labor might give our railroad men a cheaper watch, but it would also give us a lot of cheap artisans. "Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey, where wealth accumulates and men decay," says Goldsmith. But the decay of men is more to be feared than the accumulation wealth. There are some things which have to be endured for the sake of some other things. The watch com-pany is about as innocuous, not to say beneficial, an industrial concern as there is in the country. Its labor is of a high grade; its product is redolent with advanced civilization; and it is a pride to the nation. And if you canot afford a Waltham watch, there is always the Waterbury or the

BUMPED GOOD AND HARD.

Massachusetts Republican Tariff Revisionists Given the "Twenty-Three" Brand.

Some of the Massachusetts congress men have been thrown down so hard that they can feel the bumps. They are not on the head. These heavy statesmen stuck to their determination to have a paper circulated for the calling of a Republican caucus of congressmen to decide what might be done about revising the tariff. got only nine signatures outside of the Massachusetts delegation, says the Worcester Telegram, and they died in the heat of their race for the cup of nonsense. Now they know they will all be defeated at the next election, and they realize that no set of men from Massachusetts ever deserved so quick execution at the polls. They have worn free hide plasters on their backs ever since they went to Washington and took their places as cyphers at the right hand of the real Republican figures. They did not have the courage to take the plasters off. They were stuck on with Boston glue and dried with the Whitney east wind. They were repeatedly told by Republicans from other parts of the country that the people will not submit to a revision of the tariff, but they would not pelieve, and said they would lose their jobs. Their jobs have lost them. They are wandering around Washington, caucusless and forlorn. Massachu-setts stays in the union and in prosperity without them. There are some things of which it has no time to be There will be no free hides, but the congressmen can hide as often as they like without being missed. They have been skiddooed.

POLITICAL PICKINGS.

The gold standard vindicates itself wherever it is given a fair trial. Mexico, which had been on a silver basis for hundreds of years, adopted the gold standard a few months ago, and reports that it has never been so prosperous, while its business is on a sounder basis and increasing more rapidly than was ever the case before.

-Troy Times. Even after weeks of oratory the Democratic senators are afraid to call another caucus to select a party policy on the rate bill. The speeches must lack a convincing quality when even the opposition is unable to tell where t is at.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Now is the time for Bryan to speak," says Col. Watterson. By all means. Let him fire away at the heathen in Asia, and keep it up as ong as the heathen will stand it .-Kansas City Journal.

The Republican congress campaign committee is to adort as its slogan for this fall's congress elec-tions: "Stand by Roosevelt!"

EFMr. Bryan does not care to run for the presidency again "unle ircumstances seem to demand it, and at the proper time he will make careful inspection of the circumstances himself .- Chicago Tribune

Under no circumstances will Grover Cleveland accept another presi-lential nomination. Neither will Mr. dential nomination. Neither will Mr. Bryan—unless—. That's the difference.—Boston Herald.

e Minority Leader Williams will be emembered as the man who predict ed that the Democratic party would o something.-St. Louis Glove-Demo crat

UNSANITARY

Conditions in Packing Houses are Detailed.

BY AN ATTORNEY.

Horrors of Packingtown are Shown Up in a Vivid Manner-Germs of Disease Grow Strong.

New York.—The first light on the exact tenor of the Neill-Reynolds report, impatiently awaited by congress and every meat eater of this country and a great part of Europe is given by a report given to the pub-lic Thursday by Thomas H. McKee, the attorney sent to Chicago to visit the places in Packingtown depicted in Upton Sinclair's novel "The Jungle." McKee was sent to Chicago by the

publishers of the novel, and it was contingent upon his report whether the book should appear. The report which he made to the aublishers has been approved in its essential features by Commissioners Neill and Reynolds. The McKee report is replete with revolting details. The attorney says that pigs afflicted with cholera and tuberculosis were chopped up for lard; that the conditions which existed in the departments for sausage making were anything but sanitary, while those in the canning rooms were disgustingly dirty; that the stock yards are overrun with rats; that the men in the packing houses have a deathly pallor, and that there is an en-

tire disregard of sanitation and ordinary cleanliness. McKee's report says:
"At the plant I saw six hogs hung
In line which had been condemned. A m the which had been condemned. A truck loaded with chopped up condemned hogs was in my presence. I followed it. It was placed in one of the tanks from which lard comes. Of the six condemned hogs, two were af-flicted with cholera, the skin being as red as blood and the legs scabbed. Three were marked tubercular. The sixth had an ulcer on its side.

'I then looked over the sausage making department, which lacked very much of being in a sanitary condition. On the men were none of the white caps and aprons shown in the packers' pictures. The department where beef caps and aprons snown in the packers pictures. The department where beef is cooked for canning is extremely dirty. The walls, pillars and ceilings are dingy with accumulated spatterings of years. It is a region where germ kingdoms wax strong from generation to generation."

Washington, D. C. — Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, introduced a bill Thursday as a substitute for the Beveridge meat inspection amend.

the Beveridge meat inspection amendment placed on the agricultural bill in the senate. The bill defines the au-thority which may be vested in the secretary of agriculture and limits the authority so as not to conflict with the police powers of the state. In accomplishing the adequate inspection with this restriction, provision is made whereby the secretary of agriculture may accept the inspection of state inspectors as to the sanitary condition

packing houses.
Where opposition is made on the part of the packers, which would make the state inspection inadequate, the secretary of agriculture is authorized to stop all meat products at state es and make a thorough inspection When the state inspection is accepted by the secretary this federal inspection in transit will not be made. Cer tain labels to denote the character of the state inspection are provided for

Edward Cudahy, of the Cudahy Packing Co., of Omaha, Neb., has writ-ten the Nebraska delegation in congress protesting against the Beveridge amendment. He objects to the provision compelling the packers to pay for the inspection and complains that the bill is too drastic in every particular.

London .- "Tinned terrors" is the headline of one evening editorial u the American beef scandals, which have caused the greatest amazement here. The matter is of the greatest interest, as the present governmen recently reversed the regulation for bidding the purchase of foreign meat is to be profoundly hoped," says th Sun, "that the great powers wielded by the American trusts will not prevail in the present instance. quiries at the war office point to the likelihood that no further food contracts will be given to America except under special supervision.

Will Introduce More Drastic Measure.

Washington. — Senator Beveridge, author, of the meat inspection bill which was added as a rider to the agricultural appropriation bill by the senate, in an interview announced that if the house knocks out the senate amendment he will introduce a far more drastic measure. says he will support it by a speech in which he will reveal all the facts concerning the packing business in the government's hands.

The remains of 11 more victims of the San Francisco fire have been discovered, bringing the death list at the morgue up to 418.

The twelfth annual Lake Mohonk, N. Y., conference on international arbitration has opened with an attend-ance of 300 diplomats, jurists, con-

Arrangements are complete for the registration for the opening of the Crow agency at Sheridan and Billings, Mout., June 14 to 28, and the largest crowd in the history of government land openings is expected.

IN CONSTANT AGONY.

A West Virginian's Awful Distress Through Kidney Troubles.

W. L. Jackson, merchant, of Park-ersburg, W. Va., says: "Driving about in bad weather brought kidney troubles on me, and I suffered twenty years with sharp, cramping pains in the back and urinary disorders. I often

had to get up a dozen times at night to-urinate. Retention set in, and I was obliged to use the

catheter. I took to my bed, and the doctors failing to help, began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The urine soon came freely again, and the pain gradually disappeared. I have been curedieight years, and though over 70, app as active as a boy."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SIGNALS FOR BRIDAL PARIS Which Convey Commands and Tender Sentiments in Public

Places.

Bride to Groom. One short jerk of coat-Stop lookings at that girl!

One long jerk of coat-Oh, see the One long hug-You look perfectly

lovely to-day.

One long hand squeeze—Honey,.

what makes you look so cross? One short hand squeeze-Some one's

coming! Groom to Bride. One short jerk of sleeve-Stop look-

ing at that man! One long jerk of sleeve—Come on. You don't want to see the hats.

One long hug-You look perfectly lovely to-day. One long hand squeeze-Honey, you ain't mad, are you?

One short hand squeeze-Don't be a

Three sharp taps on wrist-Take care, woman, take care! I will be master in my own house!—Puck.

TORTURED WITH ECZEMA.

Tremendous Itching Over Whole Body -Scratched Until Bled-Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"Last year I suffered with a tremendous itching on my back, which grew worse and worse, until it spread over the whole body, and only my face and hands were free. For four months or so I suffered torments, and I had to scratch, scratch, scratch, until I bled. At night when I went to bed things got worse, and I had at times to get up and scratch my body all over, until I was as sore as could be, and until I suffered excruciating pains. They told me that I was suffering from eczenna. Then I made up my mind that I would use the Cuticura Remedies. I used them according to instructions, and very soon indeed I was greatly relieved. I continued until well, and now I am ready to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any one. Mrs. Mary Metzger, Sweetwater, Okla., June 28, 1905."

ALMOST A CATASTROPHE.

Exuberance of Love Spasmodically Manifested Results in Mortification.

She was seated in the gloaming, a happy smile on her pretty, pensive face, when her elderly aunt entered. Then, as she looked upon the kind old face, a feeling rushed upon her that she must share her wonderful news with somebody—she must let someone-into the secret which till then had been the sole possession of herself and Harold. She sprang up and flung her arms about her aunt's neck.
"Oh, auntie," she cried impulsively,

"you do love me, don't you? Kiss me, auntie, and tell me you do—kiss me!" But only an alarming gurgle came from the old lady for a moment. Then she said, gasping indignantly:

"Kiss you, if you ain't careful I'll shake the life out of you. You very nearly made me swallow my teeth!"

He Didn't Rise. Indeed," the lecturer went on in a

quizzical way, "I believe I am justified in asserting that nine women out of 10 practically propose to the men they become engaged to. As a test, I would ask all married men in the audience whose wives virtually popped the question to them to arise.

There was a subdued rustle in the auditorium, and in the dense silence that ensued could be heard sibilant feminine whispers in concert, "Just you dare to stand up."-Judge.

A Matter of Courtesy, Merely.

Mr. Nervey-The object of my call upon you this evening, Mr. Goldrox—
Mr. Goldrox (sternly)—Yes, you've come to tell me that you wish to marry my daughter and I want to say

right here and now-Pardon me. I come to tell you that I am going to marry your daughconvinced her and her mother that it was no more than fair to put you wise."-Philadelphia Press.

Low Rates to California.

To accommodate summer fourists to California the Union Pacific has authorized
the very law rate of one fare plus \$2.00for the round trip to either San Franciscoor Los Angeles. Tickets on sale June 25thto July 7th, with final return limit September 15th, 1906. Also other low rates toCalifornia points during the summer. Inquire of W. G. Neimyer, G. A., 129 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

No Whiskers.

"How immaculate everything is

kept around that soda fountain. Yes, even the ice is freshly shaved every hour."-Louisville Courier-Jour-

It makes a man of 30 feel awfully old to hear a boy of 16 talking about the things he used to do when he was