

Cameron County Press,
ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

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Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, \$5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising. No local insertions for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOBS PRINTING.
The Job department of the Press is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.
Religious notices free.

TO THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

I am directed by the Republican State Committee to announce that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their duly chosen representatives, will meet in convention at the Lyceum Theatre in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, June 6, 1906, at 10:30 a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices, viz:

- One person for the office of Governor;
- One person for the office of Lieutenant-Governor;
- One person for the office of Auditor-General;
- One person for the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs; and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

In accordance with the rules governing the party, the representation in the State Convention will be based upon the vote polled at the last Presidential election. Under the rules each legislative district is entitled to one delegate for each two thousand votes cast for Republican electors in 1904, and an additional delegate for every fraction of two thousand votes polled in excess of one thousand.

By order of the State Committee,
W. R. ANDREWS, Chairman.

The Accounts of Candidates.

The blanks which the State Department at Harrisburg has prepared to send to candidates and treasurers of political committees under the new corrupt practices act, show quite distinctly the far reaching character of that law. They should serve as a complete guide to all whose actions they cover, says Philadelphia Press.

There are four sets of these blanks, two for candidates and two for party treasurers. All expenditures exceeding \$50 must be accounted for by both candidates and treasurers, and no one else is allowed to handle campaign money. The first blank is the one on which the treasurer makes his report, and must be sworn to by him. He must give a detailed account of the receipts, expenditures, disbursements and unpaid accounts and obligations of the committee or person for whom he is acting as treasurer, and of every other officer or other person acting in behalf of the authority of such committee or candidate. The amount received, when and from whom received, must be given; also to whom the money was paid, for what purpose it was paid, and the amount. Following this must be a statement of unpaid debts and obligations, to whom owing, for what purpose, when incurred and the amount. Accompanying this is a second blank, covering similar items of receipts and expenditures on which the candidate must make his sworn statement.

The third blank is to be filled out by the party treasurer or candidate where the amount expended does not exceed \$50, and not requiring any statement as to where the money came from or for what purpose it was disbursed. The requirement of this blank merely is a sworn statement that not more than \$50 was received or expended. A fourth blank, precisely similar, is to be filled in by the candidate. These statements in the case of candidates to be voted for by the electors of the State at large, are to be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the accounts concerning the expenses by or in behalf of candidates for other offices are to be filed with the clerks of the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the several counties where such candidates respectively reside, but in districts composed of more than one county the accounts shall be filed in each county in which the candidate is voted for. No candidate elected can take office unless he files such account as the act requires.

These blanks are to be sent to the County Commissioners for distribution to district and county candidates, and every one who expects to be a candidate for nomination to any office whatsoever should promptly provide himself with a set of them. They serve to illuminate the new law and will do more than anything else to keep a candidate straight.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured.

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It is prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cherry Statement From Missioner Crittenden.

I wish to acknowledge very gratefully the words of encouragement frequently expressed by our county newspapers concerning the work I have been endeavoring to do the past forty years as Missioner of the American S. S. Union and American Bible Society in N. C. Pa. These kindly and timely notices have often opened the way for my humble services in behalf of the little children and other people in rural communities where the bible school is the only regular religious meeting. Reports are constantly coming to me showing the good results that gladden the hearts of all who kindly give their helpful co-operation. I can name many churches that easily trace their beginning to Union Sunday Schools I helped to organize and sustain. Thirty years ago very few if any county Sunday schools repeated Scripture responsively or the Lord's prayer in concert. Now they all do so. Good people of every name are now working together in unity more closely than ever. The day is gone never to return for the tolerance of anything narrow or selfish in any sort of religion whatsoever. With the coming of the Kingdom of God "will be the manifest answer of our Lord's last prayer for Christian believers" that they all may be one that the world may believe that thou hast sent me.

R. CRITTENDEN, Missioner.
The American S. S. Union and American Bible Society for N. C. Pa.
Belleville, Pa.

GUARANTEED BY L. TAGGART.

Simply Way to Cure Catarrh by Hyomei Without Stomach Dosing.

It is the height of folly to dose the stomach with internal medicines to cure nasal catarrh. It cannot be cured except the catarrhal germs that are present in the nose, throat and lungs have first been killed.

Direct local treatment by breathing Hyomei through the pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, is absolutely necessary to kill the catarrhal germs and prevent their growth and formation. The soothing air of Hyomei heals the smarting and raw membrane of the air passages in the nose, throat and lungs, kills off the catarrhal germs and rids the system of the last traces of catarrh. The complete Hyomei outfit consists of a hard rubber inhaler which can be carried in the purse or vest pocket, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei, and costs only one dollar, while extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents.

L. Taggart positively guarantees a cure when Hyomei is used in accordance with the simple directions on the package, or he will refund the money. This certainly shows their faith and belief in the virtues of Hyomei.

There would be no such a thing as a silent tomb if women had their way.

Letter to B. W. Green.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: Two and two make four—not always; depends upon what "two and two" are.

Two gallons of water and two gallons of milk don't make four gallons of milk. Neither does four gallons of paint that half milk, white clay and kerosene oil, makes four gallons of real paint.

That's what we mean by saying "Fewer gallons; wears longer." It takes fewer gallons of Devco lead and zinc than of mixed paints to paint a house, and it wears twice or three times as long as lead-and-oil mixed by hand.

Mr. Chas. Avery, of Herkimer, N. Y., bought 51 gallons of Devco lead-and-zinc to paint his five houses, his painter having figured that it would require at least that amount; 36 gallons did the work and he returned 15 gallons.

Yours truly
F. W. DEVOE & Co.,
New York.

P. S.—Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint.

Grip Quickly Knocked Out.

"Some weeks ago during the severe winter weather both my wife and myself contracted severe colds which speedily developed into the worst kind of la grippe with all its miserable symptoms," says J. S. Egleston of Maple Landing, Iowa. "Knees and joints aching, muscles sore, head stopped up, eyes and nose running, with alternate spells of chills and fever. We began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, aiding the same with a double dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and by its liberal use soon completely knocked out the grip." Sold by L. Taggart, J. E. Smith, Sterling Run and Crum Bros., Sinnamahoning.

Never judge a woman's love for housecleaning by her dislike for dirt.

Caught Cold While Hunting a Burglar

Wm. Thos. Lanorgan, provincial Constable at Chapeau, Ontario, says: "I caught a severe cold while hunting a burglar in the forest swamp last fall. Hearing of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I tried it, and after using two small bottles, I was completely cured." This remedy is intended especially for coughs and colds. It will loosen and relieve a severe cold in less time than by any other treatment and it is a favorite wherever its superior excellence has become known. For sale by L. Taggart, John E. Smith, Sterling Run and Crum Bros., Sinnamahoning.

The First Man.

About the middle of the seventeenth century Isaac de la Peyrere, in an odd little volume entitled "The Pre-Adamites," attempted to prove that there were two creations of men—the first on the sixth day of the week of creation, when "God created man male and female." The rabbis interpret the above passage of holy writ as meaning that the first race of human beings were creatures in which both sexes were united in the same individual. According to De la Peyrere, Adam was the result of the second creation, the "male and female" being having been the progenitor of the gentiles, Adam the father of the Jews. A great many people fell in with the views of De la Peyrere, and he was the lion of the hour. His followers were called "Pre-Adamites," and they increased in numbers rapidly until finally the movement became so strong that the founder of the sect was compelled to go to Rome and abjure his doctrine at the feet of Pope Alexander VII.

Savages and Snuff.

The habit of snuff taking has been confirmed among savage tribes for ages past. In South Africa it is used among Swazis, Basutos and Matabeles. Every Zulu today, even in towns, carries a little square box suspended around his neck by a piece of string or gut, and the snuff spoon (for they do not indulge in the homely "pinch"), carved out of sheep's bone, often ornamented with intricate geometrical designs and for convenience carried hanging downward through a slit in the lobe of the ear. The Zulu regards the lobe of his ear as a useful receptacle for various small articles he meets with. The umfaan, or house boy, universally met with in Natal, has a penchant for safety pins, which have to be carefully hidden from his sharp eyes. Even then he is usually to be seen, after going through the rooms, with a string of these pins suspended from each ear until they reach his shoulders.

Neckties as Railway Signals.

"Red neckties are always worn by foreign brakemen and conductors. Ever notice it?" said a railroader. "No. Why is it?" "As a safety device," was the reply. "These red neckties that flash upon your gaze on the railroads of Italy, France, Germany and England are not a sign that the people have a gay taste, but that they are cautious and prudent.

"The neckties are supplied free by the railroad companies for use as danger signals in emergency. Thus, no matter when or where an accident may happen, there is no need to search or scramble for a red flag, but the brakeman whips off his red necktie and waves it frantically aloft."—Minneapolis Journal.

Kentucky's Names.

Kentucky is known as the Corn Cracker State from a game bird enjoying the same name which was formerly found in great abundance in most parts of the state. It is also called the Blue Grass State, from the belt of land running through the center, in which this variety of grass grows to great perfection. In the early days of our history it was known as the Dark and Bloody Ground, being so termed by the Indians. It was then a debatable land between the Indians living north of the Ohio and those living in the mountains of Tennessee and Georgia, a sort of battleground for these tribes, which fact gave it the name long before it was settled by the whites.

Planets With Three Suns.

The people inhabiting the planets in the solar system of Gamma have no need of electricity, gas, oil or other kind of artificial light. In those favored worlds they have continuous daylight and probably have no idea of a land like ours which is alternately bathed in sunlight and plunged into darkness. The Gammanean planets are so situated that as soon as one of their three suns begins to decline another appears in sight. Each of these three suns is of a different color—red, yellow and blue.

Price and Imagination.

Housewives are apt to judge the quality of groceries by the price paid for them. As an illustration of this a grocer tells the following story: "I had two qualities of flour—one fine and the other poor. One day I accidentally sold one for the other. My customers, who paid a high price for the poor quality, said that it had given entire satisfaction, while those who had received the fine flour for a low price complained of it, and a few returned it as unfit for use."

Affection.

Talk not of wasted affection! Affection never was wasted. If it enriches the heart of another, its waters, returning back to their springs like the rain, shall fill them full of refreshing; that which the fountain sends forth returns again to the fountain.—Longfellow.

His Ancestors.

Jones—So you have succeeded in tracing back my ancestors? What is your fee? Genealogist—One thousand pounds, for keeping quiet about them.—London Tit-Bits.

It Hurt.

"Pa whaled me with a board. Then he said it hurt him worse'n it hurt me." "And do you think it did?" "I expect so. He got a big splinter in his thumb."

Heroes in history seem to us poetic because they are there. But if we should tell the simple truth of some of our neighbors it would sound like poetry.—G. W. Curtis.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS IN CAMERON COUNTY.
For Taxes for Years 1904 and 1905.

A GREENABLE to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to amend an Act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and other purposes" passed the 13th day of March, A. D. 1815, and further supplements thereto I. John Cummings, Treasurer of the County of Cameron, hereby give notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless all arrearages of taxes due on the following tracts of unseated lands, situate in Cameron county, Pa., and paid before the day of sale the whole or such part of each tract as will pay the costs and taxes chargeable thereon, will be sold at public vendue or outcry, at the Court House in Emporium Borough, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, on the SECOND MONDAY IN JUNE, 1906, it being the 11th of the month, and continued by adjournment from day to day, as will be deemed necessary, for the arrearages of taxes, and the costs accrued on each tract respectively. Persons wishing to pay before sale will receive the amount of these taxes, together with interest and fifty cents for each tract for advertising and twenty-five cents for receipt.

Notice is also given that in compliance with the Act of Assembly, passed the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, entitled "An Act to regulate the collection of taxes on Unseated Lands" there will be accrued interest at the rate of 6 per cent annum on taxes of 1904 from January 1st, 1905, and on taxes of 1905 from January 1st, 1906, until date of payment of same. See P. L. 1887, page 373.

SHIPPEN TOWNSHIP.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
4987	561	Solomon Shaffer 1905	\$24 32
4993	575	" " " "	328 49
4996	616	" " " "	61 69
4988	167	" " " "	77 25
2488	368	Central Penn. Lumber Co	98 78
5059	840	" " " "	140 00
5443	990	" " " "	98 93
4967	375	" " " "	37 52
6108	60	F. P. Ulrich,	5 10
5038	495	" " " "	49 29
1143	50	" " " "	5 00
5037	300	" " " "	30 00
4983	40	C. R. Cross	27 33
1142	50	" " " "	5 00
Vacant	583	" " " "	58 41
6108	40	" " " "	4 00
1131	300	Chas. Howard 3/4 of	27 33
1193	150	" " " "	15 00
M. & D.	170	" " " "	17 00
114	50	" " " "	5 00
4986	250	Mrs. J. C. Skillman	25 00
2537	148	Geo. A. Marr	14 79
5464	600	C. R. Noyes	122 90
5037	60	G. W. Warner	37 53
4969	120	H. H. Mullin	12 00
M. & D.	30	" " " "	1 68
1859	32	" " " "	3 19
1141	30	A. H. Shafer	3 20
1194	368	" " " "	36 80
1407	30	" " " "	3 00
4985	150	Franklin Housler	15 00
4989	70	Ada K. Cross	6 52
1142	335	L. K. Huntington	33 53
1143	289	" " " "	28 91
5036	42	" " " "	4 20
2913	60	F. D. Leet	6 00
4964	150	S. S. Smith	15 00
1142	100	L. E. Gibbs	10 00
1141	603	R. K. Cross	60 32
3973	390	Housler, Hertz & Co. 1/2	9 75
5937	100	Mrs. Warren Moore	10 00
4955	315	J. R. Buckwalter	31 53
4982	228	" " " "	22 80
1142	25	R. H. Dodge	2 53
1142	157	Oscar Heath	15 70
1143	100	A. L. Ensign	10 00
1194	72	W. H. Howard	7 20
4964	40	Geo. Curtis, Jr.	4 00
1199	76	H. C. Crawford	7 60
1360	130	" " " "	13 00
5040	213	Warren Packard Co	63 91
5041	91	" " " "	27 30
1407	10	Addison Stephens	1 00
1306	32	" " " "	3 20
1195	137	J. H. Evans	13 69
1359	234	Helen B. Turner	23 27
1360	25	Frank Sykes	2 53
1129	1072	Arden Estate	107 22
4949	120	J. K. Morrison 1905	5 28
M. & D.	30	E. J. Rogers 1905	1 32
4997	552	Levi Hydrick 1905	24 29

PORTAGE TOWNSHIP.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
3554	464	H. C. Crawford	40 64
1407	162	" " " "	14 24
Vacant	50	" " " "	14 40
1360	78	Frank Sykes	6 88
4033	74	R. K. Cross	6 80
3554	51	Chas. Prosser	5 50
1163	55	A. H. Shafer	4 86
1194	75	J. H. Evans	6 62
J. C. C.	103	A. J. Turley	14 36
1360	112	Addison Stephens	9 84
1193	55	Chas. Howard	4 86
3554	50	Thos. Shaw, 1905	4 86
Vacant	165	B. E. Jones 1905	7 27
1407	75	Barr Estate 1905	3 31
F. & R.	62	A. W. Georgia 1905	2 72

LUMBER TOWNSHIP.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
5432	200	W. W. Barrows	22 92
5433	611	" " " "	69 37
5431	973	" " " "	111 41
5440	1190	Noyes, Dallet B. & Co.	125 95
5441	925	" " " "	165 94
5436	990	C. R. Noyes Estate	107 22
5432	146	H. H. Mullin	33 43
5435	420	Ranstead & Flynn	48 09
5432	50	" " " "	5 00
Vacant	30	Addison Stephens	3 44
—	177	Geo. W. Apsley 1905	9 21
Vacant	155	Penn. J. L. & L. Co 1905	8 08
Vacant	177	" " " "	9 21

GIBSON TOWNSHIP.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
5469	578	S. S. Miller	36 72
5454	101	J. W. Brown	58 97
5455	780	Wood & Murry	20 59
5474	54	" " " "	15 12
5474	54	Levi Hydrick	11 03
5476	325	Andrew Kaul	60 39
5467	60	G. W. Huntley 1904	6 00
5474	116	Geo. Mead	11 83
5488	125	" " " "	255 90
5469	420	D. P. Marsh	42 84
5473	32	S. W. Nyce	5 29
5474	96	" " " "	9 79
5451	175	F. P. Ulrich	17 87
5457	160	V. A. Brooks	10 29
5457	300	Thos. Greenly 1905	42 48
5458	116	" " " "	5 10
5476	150	Mary E. Gibson 1905	13 20

GIBSON IND.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
5422	855	L. Truman Estate 1905	45 39
5423	1007	" " " "	55 38

GROVE TOWNSHIP.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
4123	217	J. A. Wykoff	92 60
4937	230	Unknown	27 56
4118	303	M. J. Colcord	32 12
Vacant	320	A. R. Williams	31 58
4937	45	F. P. Ulrich	4 24
—	50	W. F. Logue	5 30
Vacant	29	W. Burlingame 1905	1 16
4938	39	H. J. Jones	5 43
4938	225	E. Peltz 1905	13 07
4928	130	C. W. Berfield 1905	7 54
4122	516	J. M. Spafford 1905	29 93
4169	241	Penn. J. L. & Co. 1905	13 99

GROVE IND.

War.	Acres	To whom Assessed	Tax
4164	990	L. Truman Estate 1905	65 34

All that certain piece, lot or parcel of land situate, being and being in the township of Gibson, County of Cameron and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south line of Warrant No. 5452, about 77 rods west of a pine tree the south east corner of said warrant and the intersection of the south line of warrant No. 5452 and the east line of the Jos. Whitacre warrant; thence west 178 rods to an iron pin; thence south eight degrees west 26 rods to a post on the bank of the Sinnamahoning Creek; thence south thirty-two degrees east ten rods to a post; thence south twenty-one degrees east 90 rods to a post in the south line of the Jos. Whitacre warrant; thence east along the south line of said warrant 91 rods to a Spanish oak, the south-east corner of said warrant; thence north along the east line of said warrant north twenty-one and three-fourths degrees east 141 rods to place of beginning. Containing 161 acres, and subject to