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Legal and Omean Advertising per square. bired times or less, 42 such a ubsequent inser-tion 50 cents per square. Local notices 10 cents per line for one inser-serion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent subscuttive insertion. Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per fine. Simple announcements of births, mar-riages and deaths will be inserted free. Business, cards, use lines or less, i6 per year, sver five lines, at the regular rates of adver-visinz.

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JOB PRINTING.

The Job Construction of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW FRINTING. paper will be discontinued until arrear-are paid, except at the option of the pub-Lishe Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Lorenzo Alexis de Clairmont, cnier of staff to President Cabrera, of Guatemala, was a ticket-taker in Denver 12 months ago.

The town of Sulphur, in Indian Territory, consisting of 270 wooden and stone buildings, is to be moved to another location, and bids are wanted for the job.

Senor Salustia Dejollada, of Barcelonia, Spain, knows of a farm in Mexico where several millions of dollars are hidden, and he is in search of confiding Americans to help him unearth this treasure. A suspicious person might accuse the senor of giving a new twist to the old Spanish swindle.

An extraordinary charge of murder shortly come up for hearing at the town of Babenried, in Bavaria, where an artisan named Hoelte, 50 years of age, has just been arrested on suspicion of murdering his children. who was twice married, had Hoelte. 17 children by his two wives, but not one of the infants lived longer than two days, although all, accord-

For the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June last the United States spent \$117,000,000 on the navy. Evdollar we have spent intensifie the necessity of spending a great deal The cost of maintaining what we have already built will be enormous, and men must be educated for officers of the ships now in service and those in process of construction. A great navy is a costly thing, but per-haps it is cheaper than war.

Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, says that probably hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of buttermilk is thrown away in this country every year. He has learned recently from medical experts that buttermilk is very valuable in the treatment of diseases of the kidneys, such as Bright's disease and diabetes and he says if some one would inven a plan by which it could be condensed and preserved for medicinal purpose the inventor would render humanity an invaluable service

Maj. William R. Wetmore, a millionaire resident of Alienhurst, N. J., and the oldest member of the New York Yacht club, has contrived a scheme whereby he can keep in direct com-munication with his brokers in Wali street while he tours the New Jersey roads in his automobile. A wireless telegraph instrument of his own construction has been placed in the tonneau of the car and a similar instrument is in the railroad station at Allenhurst. There the station master. Fred Gerner, receives messages by wire from New York and transmits them by wireless to Maj. Wetmore.

Japan won by forcing the fight. It uck the first blow, and followed it so quickly and so savagely that Financial Situation Is Satisfactory and Promising for Future Prosperity.

THE DEFICIT DIMINISHING.

ceipts and expenditures of the national government to September were interesting and important as indicating the rapid lessening of the deficit which had lately existed. The last month has witnessed a continuance of satisfac-tory conditions. Receipts from customs are notably increasing. This is due to the swelling volume of imports, great quantities of which represent materials in a crude or partially manufactured state that are utilized in American industries, and ultimately become the finished product, in the turning out of which American labor finds employment at American wages. The fact that these customs receipts for the month to September 20 were greater by \$3,000,000 than for the same period in 1904 and about \$2,000,000 larger than for the first 20 days of September, 1903, says the Troy (N. Y.) Times. growing prosperity of American manu-facturers—and incidentally a refuta-

cause the internal revenue comes from sources which furnish liberal contributions to the national treasury only when business is lively, and the receipts promptly fall off when there is of the increase in receipts is that September, to the 20th, was able to exhibit a surplus of over \$5,000,000. The conditions all go to indicate that for some time to come the income is like-ly to surpass considerably the outgo, and the haunting fear of a big and dangerous deficit, which has frightened many good and critical souls, should been any real ground for alarm. It has been pretty evident to well-balanced minds that when the extraordinary expenditures recently authorized and made necessary by national devel-

Even the critics of republican na-September, says: "With a continuance of good business conditions apparently no check need be expected in the near future, receipts should continue in full volume and if expenditures are held down to the standard of last year, and that appears to be about the scale on merits which they are running, the deficit for the entire fiscal year may be consid-erably less than was anticipated at the opening of July." The republican administration at Washington favors a wise but not niggardly policy, and efficient and progressive management is being vindicated by results.

TARIFF NOT SECTIONAL.

Secretary Shaw's Views on Revision and the Protection Principle.

In his address at the opening of the Virginia republican campaign, at Rich-mond, Secretary Shaw said:

"The republican party, in enacting protective tariff laws, has never sacrificed one industry for the sake of building up another, and never will. Neither ing up abother, and never will. Neither will it prejudice one locality in the in-terest of another. It will be national and not provincial. It will protect the south as well as the north, the east as well as the west, and the west as well as the east.

"The rate will be too high here and too low there, but protection will be found in its every feature. The opposi-tion party never claim that their tariff measures are perfect. They only claim that the principle of free trade, on which they profess to construct their laws, is the correct principle. tariff They claim to eliminate every element of protection from all their tariff laws, as England eliminates protection from her tarlif laws. England provides a tariff for the sole purpose of revenue, and the democratic party profess to do the same. They have openly and repeatedly denounced protection as a robbery-they strike at the principle.

TARIFF REVISION NEEDLESS Democratic Free Trade Strategy Responsible for All the Clamor.

Republican primaries in Massachu-The official figures showing the resetts, as far as held, are adverse to the advocates of tariff revision and reciprocity with Canada. The sober, common sense of the rank and file of Mas sachusetts republicans takes worked-up agitation of the revisionists only at what it is worth. 'ine state says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, has more than an average of free-trade workers. In addition to the democrats, the mugwumps are pushers for free trade, and there is also a college ele ment, inexperienced in actual industrial affairs, that is singularly eager to substitute closet theories for practical business knowledge. The free-trade clamor kept up in Massachusetts has much the appearance of a calcu-lated movement carried on for the benefit of the democratic party, and it would be hard to say what induceper, 1903, says the Troy (N, Y_{\cdot}) ments and negotiations are in the is telling testimony to the background. The mass of the republicans of the state seem to take that view of it. They see no reason for tion of the free-trade arguments direct-ed against the disastrous effects of **a** for special tariff arrangements that the "prohibitory" tariff, Internal revenue receipts also have been greater during September than procity conferences of the past Canada for a like period during the last two has shown a keen sense of the desirayears. This is proof of the activity in domestic trade of every variety, be-procity details, and the bone and sinew of the people of Massachusetts are not deceived on that point. Nor can they be fooled into a war upon the Dingley tariff by the democrats, mugwumps and college visionaries, or the secret any depression. The combined results allies of those who seek to end the period of republican ascendency.

It must be apparent to intelligent observers that the noise about tariff revision is in substance and purpose a piece of democratic free-trade strategy. The Dingley tariff continues to work well. Customs receipts are increasing. The government revenue this month exceeds expenditures by several be effectually allayed. There never has millions. Probably there will be a small deficit again this year, but no occasion exists for far-reaching legislation on that point. The treasury has kept nearly even, though meeting heavy naval expenditures and the cost ing to the local doctors, were born perfectly healthy. opment were disposed of the deficit would disappear. of current operations at Panama, and setting apart for irrigation the money received from land sales in arid states tional administration are coming to see and to admit that the situation is most balanced in income and outgo, satisfactory and promising for future the pressure for tariff revision can prosperity. The Boston Herald, noting only be explained as the same old free-the exceptionally gratifying reports for trade racket. That it should present itself under various disguises is an acknowledgment that it knows itself to be justly discredited, and that identification with hard times is too clear and positive to admit of its offering uself simply and candidly on its

After all its beating of drums the free-trade clique, attempting to operate inside republican lines in Massachusetts finds itself outvoted at the pri-maries. The masses of the party are satisfied with the last national republican platform and with the tariff record of republican congresses. What tariff revisionists want to do is to get their entering wedge into the Dingley tariff and, with that beginning, proceed to smash it, along with what it repre-sents. All the enemies of protection sents. are in the revisionist ranks. Republicans training in that company will be held under observation. The Ding ley tariff, when the time comes, will be changed, as far as it needs modifi-cation, by its friends and by the steadfast supporters of the protection American wages and American indus-Though great pains have been tries. taken to fuddle Massachusetts republicans in behalf of free trade and its corollary of Canadian reciprocity, the primary returns show the failure of the attempted deception.

CURRENT PRESS COMMENT.

the hands of its friends .- St. Louis floral decorations, but no speeches. Globe-Democrat.

CAPTAIN AND FOUR OF THE CREW OF A BIG SCHOONER KILLED BY THREE NEGROES.

FIVE MURDERS

THE MURDERERS ARE ARRESTED

ON SHIPBOARD

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Bodies of the Captain, Mate, Cook and an Engineer Were Thrown Into the Sea, While a Fourth Sailor Was Found Dead on the Deck of the Ship.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 12 .- The murder of Capt. Rummil and four of his crew of the four-masted schooner Harry A. Berwind in a mutiny while the vessel was bound from Mobile to Philadelphia, is the story told in a special to the Tar from Southport

The schooner Blanche H. King, Capt. J. W. Taylor, bound from Bruns-wick, Ga., to Philadelphia, put in Southport Wednesday afternoon, bringing in irons three negroes, all that remained of the crew of the Harry A. Berwind. The captain, mate, cook and an engineer who did hoisting work aboard the latter vessel apparently had been killed in the mutiny and their bodies thrown overboard and the body of a fourth sailor, a negro, was found lying on deck, where he had been killed.

The Harry A. Berwind was bound to Philadelphia from Mobile, which port she left September 23. She was sight-ed early yesterday morning 30 miles off the Cape Fear bar by Capt. Taylor, whose attention was attracted by the reckless manner in which the illfated vessel was being steered, her course threatening to run down his own vessel. Capt. Taylor and crew boarded the vessel and placed the negroes in irons, bringing the two ves-sels off the bar, when one of them was towed in by Wilmington tugs. The tugs have returned for the other The tugs have returned for the other schooner, but a gale is prevailing on the outside.

The Berwind being from a territory against which this city is quarantined for yellow fever, the three negroes taken from her are held at quarantine until arrangements can be made for their detention by the federal authori-

BANKERS IN CONVENTION.

Speakers Declare that Some Financial Legislation Is Necessary.

Washington, Oct. 12 .- There prevailed in the important speeches be-fore the American Bankers' association convention yesterday the senti-ment that financial legislation is necessary. Thirty-three hundred bankers applauded Secretary Shaw to the echo when he concluded a lengthy address the burden of which was a panorama of the prosperity of the country contrasted with a monetary system which is inflexible and liable thereby to bring disaster at any crucial time.

Frank A. Vanderlip, of the City Na-tional bank, of New York, former as-sistant secretary of the treasury, saw the same prosperity, and he also saw dangers ahead. Secretary Shaw sug-gested a remedy—a heavily taxed national bank note currency which would be drawn forth at times of unusual demand for money and by rea-son of the tax be retired immediately upon chauged conditions. Mr. Vanderlip had no advice to offer.

Mr. Ridgeley, comptroller of the currency, pointed out the necessity of changed methods in some respects as to government supervision of national to government supervision of national banks. President Swinney, of the as-sociation, reviewed its growth and de-velopment for the year. President Roosevelt was applauded and thanked for his successful efforts in making peace between Japan and Russia. The The Dingley tariff continues to stand pat in the current statistics and in White House. There was music and

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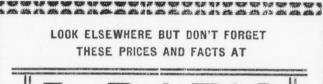
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A very large line of Lace Curtains that cannot be matched anyfor the price.

Russia was defeated on land and sea before it knew it. It was a short knew it. war, all things considered, beginning in February a year ago, and yet casualties it left over six hundred thousand victims on the field of battle, and cost both contestants together more than one billion dollars. question, this frightful loss of life and hastened the conclusion of property peace: for behind President Roosevel stood the powerful influence of all the great bankers of the world

A 16-year-old girl is the highest-sal-aried citizen of Columbus, O., and undoubtedly the highest-salaried girl of her age in the world. She draws as much in salary as the president of the This well-paid young woman is Miss E's.e Janis, a mimiwho made a great hit in New York last She recently signed a consummer. tract with a New York company, but her Columbus friends have had n idea of the magnitude of her compen sation. The contract covers the next three years and calls for the payment to Miss Janis of \$150,000 in money.

That rare and wonderful substance known as "redium" becomes more wonderful as its remarkable properties become better known. M. Curie, the M. Curie, the French physicist, who was one of the "radium" to first to announce world, has found that it "possesses the extraordinary property of continuously emitting heat, without combustion, without chemical change of any kind, and without any change in its mole-cular structure, which remains specmonths of continuous emission of

"While the republican party never claimed for any tariff law that it was perfect, and never promises to enact a perfect tariff law, it does claim that all ts tariff laws are builded on the principle of protection.

All that the republican party claims for the Dingley law is that it is built on the right principles and protects all interests and all communities. It will be amended in due time, but the principle ever will be amended under a republican administration. Here and there a rate may be higher than necessary Here and there one may be too low, but the principle is correct, and so wisely have the differentials been worked out that the United States to-day is more prosperous than ever in its history."

D'On the same day that Mr. Taft arrived in San Francisco from Yokohama, Mr. Bryan sailed from San Francisco for Japan. Thus, you will note, the balance of trade continues to be in our favor .- Indianapolis News (Ind.).

© President Roosevelt must feel great-ly gratified and encouraged by his message of counsel from the editor of the Lincoln Commoner. Now, if he can only hear favorably from the editors of the Smithville Patriot and the Bingtowa Clarion he will feel warranted in going ahead with politics .- Kansas City Journal.

theory that the party which gets A largest campaign contributions is the most corrupt.—Washington Star.

Prove first that our present tar system is wrong; then look for a ren Stop crying till you are sure yo edy. are hurt .- Salem (O.) Statesman.

D'Mr. Bryan urges President Roos velt to "stand by his guns." It is ha for our colonels to keep from dropp into the vernacular of the army .- Cl cago Record-Herald

D The report of the department of] bor of this state shows that few wag earners are idle. This confirms t. tory of general national prosperity. Troy (N. Y.) Times.

IFIt is gratifying to learn from th Washington correspondent of the Ne York Evening Post that the sentime of the republican majority of the Fift ninth congress is strongly against tar legislation looking toward any chan in the Dingley schedules. It is said that the conviction obtains that the republican party cannot afford to meddle with revision for at least two years to come and that revision should wait until the country orders it .- American Econo-

CP Bryan reminds the country that he has now arrived at the years of discr-tion. What the country wants, how ever; is some sign that he has connecte with the discretion.-N.Y. Mail.

trJudge Parker says that he now feels that his course during the late pres idential campaign has been vindleated. So has the country's, and everybody ought to be happy.—Topeko Capital.

1> The democratic leaders who profess to believe that Judge Parker might have lacen elected if the insurance companies had been less active are not suggesting the renomination of the old ticket.-Bt Louis Globe-Democrat.

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| RAMSEY IS DEFEATED. | Art |
| He Fails in His Efforts to Wrest Con- trol of the Wabash Railway Sys- tem from George Gould. | Rugs o kind, fr est to th |
| Toledo, Oct. 12.—Joseph Ramsey, jr., yesterday failed completely in his effort to wrest control of the Wabash system from George Gould. Not only was he utterly defeated in all he un- dertook, but he was forced from the directory of the road, and now has nothing whatever to do with its man- agement in any manner. He put up a | Dir Roo Hig A lar line of Drop-he |
| hard fight and struggled gamely to the last, but was so hopelessly in the mi- nority that he never had a chance. He filed protests all through the meeting, not with the reason as he afterward declared of being an obstructionist, | \$30 Bedro solid \$28 Bedro solid |
| but because he desired to lay the foun- dation for any contest that might hereafter be made. | \$25 Bed r solid |
| He took his defeat in a manly man- ner, saying: "I think that with fairer | A large li \$8 up |

treatment in the caucuses I might have made a much better showing than the returns credit me with. There were several large blocks of stock and bonds that should have been voted for me, but were given to Mr. Gould by the election inspectors."

Alleged Bigamist Arrested.

New York, Oct. 12 .- Accused of having had three wives living simula ously in the same flat building in Eighteenth street, each of whom believed that she was the only wife, Robert Benicker was arrested and arraigned in court yesterday of made by two of them. on a complaint

Steamer Ran Into a Mine.

Tokio, Oct. 12.—The British steamer Leho struck a floating mine 90 miles east of the Shantung lighthouse on September 30. Of the crew and passengers 15 are reported missing.

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