CAMERON COUNTY PRESS

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and firty cents per square for each subsequentinsertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on

spelication.
Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.
Local notices to cents per line for one insersertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, 65 per year, over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising. over five lines, at the regular rates of adver-sising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law Printing.

No paper will be discovered.

No paper will be discontinued until arrear-ages are paid, except at the option of the pub-lisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

No other American young lady or this generation is having so much desirable, varied and delightful experience as befails the popular elder daughter of the president of the United States. Miss Alice Roosevelt has taken many interesting trips in her own land, but it is doubtful if all these put together have furnished her such a wealth of change and pleasurable novelty as has the journey she is taking with Secretary Taft and party to

So far as our navy is concerned, our chief enemies seem to be not without, but within, in the shape of high exp! sives and new devices in war enginery. The number of killed and wounded in the Bennington explosion alone comes well up toward the total of our fatalibattle on land and sea during the whole course of the Spanish-American war; and the Bennington disaster while the worst, was only one of not ess than two score of similar mishaps which have occurred in our navy since the blowing up of the Maine.

Australia has a large and rich gentproducing area, and from the United States come the most magnificent opals yet found; and here a'so are found rare specimens of the yellow and green sapphires, and also quantities of the little-known stones, spinelle, oli-vine and zircons. The beach sands of New South Wales contain myriads of minute crystal zircons of fine lustre. Hyacinths and jargons are well known, being pale red, crimson, brown and a fine, clear green. Opals are found in abundance in New South Wales and

Among the largest and most complete chimes in the United States is the one hanging in the bell tower of Holy Trinity church, Philadelphia. Most chimes are made up of from eight to a dozen bells. The one at Holy Trinity, however, is composed of no less than 25 of the bronze-throated musical instruments. These are hung upon horizontal bars located one above the other, the first holding seven, the next five, the next seven, and the next three, while three otners, two large and one small one, swing from an independent frame situated higher up.

The countries of South America are particularly rich in precious stones of kinds, Brazil leading all other lands in the variety of these rare and beautiful products. Amethysts and topazes are found in great quantities in the interior of Brazil, and are marketed chiefly in Germany. Diamonds, beryls, chrysoberyls, chrysolites, tourmalins, topazes (rose-colored), amethysts and garnets are mined in the section of Brazil tributary to Rio de Janeiro. Agates and amethysts are gathered from the surface at various of Rio Grande do Sul, in southern Brazil.

Sioux City electricians seem to have found a way to talk around the world. By the use of an invention just patented by them it will apparently be for Americans to converse with their neighbors in Europe as 12 city. Only girdle the world with wire. these men declare, and they will make it possible for the Swiss maiden in her with young men on Florida planta-tions, and it will be mere child's play for the lowen to order cattle from Pat- hardship, but it is a violation of the

For the first time in the history of the national banks, their note circulation now exceeds \$500,000,000, the aggregate outstanding at the end of July being returned at \$503,000,000. This is an increase of 110 per cent, in a little less than seven years; \$46,000,000 has been added to the circulation in the last nine months alone. But it must be borne in mind that simultaneously with this increase in bank note circulation the banking resources of the country have practically doubled, and the population has increased nearly

There is a demand among the foreign population in China for medium to good grades of pictures for wall decorations, and cheap but artistic creations now so common in the United States would find their way into a good many Chinese homes. There is a splendid field there at the present time for pumps of many grades and for well-boring machinery. This demand proportions if given an impetus from the United States. The purchasing power of the Chinese people is increasing rapidly.

Bryan's Effort to Pump Wind Into the Airship of the Democracy.

Bryan, in a spirit that throws Mark Tapley off his pedestal, attempts to fill the democratic mind with firm confidence and cheerful hope-confidence that the democratic party has been making excellent progress for some time past; hope that the goal, the honor and the fact of victory, will soon be attained. Mr. Bryan, says Washington Post, starts out with the remark that "if any democrat is disposed to take a gloomy view of the future, let him find encouragement in a review of the last few years."

"The last few years?" Twelve years

are but a few; let any gloomy minded democrat, yearning for tender buds of promise, look back 12 years to 1893, when his party came into full control of the government for the first and alas, the only time since the beginning of Buchanan's administration—came in "on all fours," as the result of a splendid triumph in 1892. Let that anxious democrat recall the pride and joy with which he and his political brethren contemplated that historic return to power, and then let him trace, step by step, the fortunes of his party to this day and date. Will the seeker for good cheer "find encouragement in a review" of his party's defeats in the congressional elections of 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902 and 1904, the latest the most overwhelming of the series of six successive disasters? Will a review of the presidential elections of 1896, 1900 and 1904, the latest an avalanche afford any real satisfaction to the suffering soul of the seeker for signs of coming victories?

Mr. Bryan is not plenarily responsible for all the woes that have come to the democratic party since 1892, but it is a suggestive coincidence that the era of democratic decadence has been contemporaneous with his leadership. And there is not an iota of encouragement, there is nothing brighter than despair, in the fact that Mr. Bryan is apparently determined to continue his rule or ruin tactics.

WELL ENOUGH WILL DO US

Tariff Tinkering at the Present Time Would Be Worse Than Folly.

The prospect before the American peo ple for three years to come is one of exuberant prosperity. All signs from agriculture, industry, trade and finance are for such a period of plenty as will surpass even the McKinley years, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Aside from such a series of crop failures as this country has never known, only one thing can check the golden flood. That is, tinkering with everything that is, merely because it is not just what many of us would like to have

The Dingley tariff is not perfect. Many of its rates are irrationally high But any thorough revision of it would check prosperity.

Predatory trusts should not be permitted to go uncurbed, nor the secret railway rebate be tolerated. But to check these evils it is not necessary to blow up the foundations of industry and transportation. To do so would check

People support that government and that party best under which the average man prospers best. And they repudiate parties and turn from governments un-der which the average man does not prosper. This may not be a lovely train of human nature, but it is there and must be reckoned with

Now that congress is about to meet, the republican party and its responsi-ble leaders should reflect upon these facts and send to the rear those who epoch-making changes every five minutes.

word of the hour is, "Let well enough alone-let well enough alone!

Principle Violated.

tective system is established, it i once found that if the attempt is to be successful some domestic interest musbe subordinated or sacrificed to the attainment of the end in view. American producer must be deprived of at least a part of the protection which Alpine home to flirt in the morning he is now receiving in order to enlarge the opportunity of his German competitor. This is not only an individual principle upon which protection rests and by which alone it can be justified, the principle that is for all alike, that it must be for all or none, and herein consists the crux of the reciprocity problem. It seems to be for the greater benefit of the country that it should uphold the protective principle in its in tegrity, for the abandonment of a single interest would threaten the whole posi tion.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

While abroad, Col. Bryan might re new his acquaintance with Emperor Nicholas and discuss with him the evils militarism.—Kansas City Star

MA wail for laborers goes up from Florida, where 10,000 are wanted, says the Atlanta Constitution. What is the matter? The tariff must be working there, too! Let's revise it at once .-Salem (Ore.) Statesman.

PTC-day the American people are paying tens of millions of dollars a year more for their sugar than they paid before we had the blessed boom of reciprocal trade with Cuba, and the additional profits, together with the scooped revenues, are swelling the treasure chest of the Havemeyers and others who engineered the Cuban

ENCOURAGING DEMOCRATS. FREE TRADE TO BE BOOMED

Agitation of Competitive Reciprocity Would Help the Democratic Party.

The Post copies the caption of an editorial in the Commoner, in which Mr. Bryan, in a spirit that throws Mark congresses and the utterances of Presidents Harrison, McKinley and Roose-velt and other leaders of the party. That policy, says the Burlington Hawkeye, is fundamentally rooted upon the doctrine of protection. Reciprocity is an adjunct which is available whereever in practice it does not vitiate or clash with protection. Republican reciprocity contemplates free trade in non-competitive products of field, factory, mine and forest. It would not harm American industries.

Democratic reciprocity reverses the principle. It contemplates free trade from Baku is of the gloomiest charac-in products and merchandise that ter. The Armenian and Tartar warwould compete with like articles produced in the United States. That is why democrats are so strongly in sympathy with the Chicago gathering. The more effectually to cloak the ulterior purposes of the promoters, a strong effort is making to impress the public with the belief that it is wholly republican in origin. Upon this point the St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.) says: "There are excellent reasons for

thinking otherwise, and some of these may be unintentionally illuminated in the course of the proceedings. Quite a number of democratic leaders have been injudicious enough to let their tirement. zeal run away with their discretion, and to put them on record as heartly approving the movement and declared The democratic press has been even less discreet, and the congress is sure to find plenty of exploitation in their columns, with commendation of everything it proposes doing."

The Globe-Democrat brings out a list of political history to which the Hawkeve on several occasions has referred and which it is well to recall at this juncture:

"One of the most unfortunate things for the country in recent years was the attitude of Mr. Blaine toward the Mc-Kinley law while that measure was in process of formulation in the committees and in the two houses of congress. Mr. Blaine was continuously insisting upon the incorporation of reciprocity treaties as a part of the tariff policy of the Republican party, and on more than one occasion he carried his enthusiasm to the point of denouncing the lines on which the McKinley bill was then being framed. The result of such an attitude of such a leader was that the McKinley law became operative under a cloud, if not actually discredited, in the estimation of thousands of republicans, and at the first election following its operation the democratic party acquired such mo-mentum that Cleveland, two years later, swept the country.

"It is now 12 years since the country began reaping the first bitter fruits of that folly. But it is little more than half that time since when, having turned back to McKinley and his policies, we began to gather again the fruits of wisdom. Seven years is hardly a sufficient length of time for us to forget the lesson we then learned and return to the old and discredited cry which was the first cause of our misfortunes. Only the leaders of the democratic party can profit from a renewal of reciprocity agitation. And unless the colored brother is very skillfully concealed in the woodpile, some of them are likely to be discovered in the background of the Chicago Reciprocity minor radical papers have thrown of convention, along with the beef trust all restraint and pronounce the peace and other trusts which are pro-moting it."

OPINIONS AND POINTERS.

The democratic candidate for govrnor of Ohio is not running fast enough o be fined under the new Ohio law for imiting the speed of automobiles .- St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

year, if republicans are not overconfident, will make the democratic party, in next year's campaigning lock. in next year's campaigning, look so much like a reminiscence that it will have to become one to save its face .-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Six years ago American manufacturers made but 45 automobiles, valued at \$60,000. Last year they built 26,601 machines, valued at \$40,000.000, and in two years from now the value of the output will probably exceed \$100,000,-The export trade is increasing rapidly and is already assuming large proportions. Here is another indicaion of prosperity made possible by our present tariff. A good tariff to leave alone.—American Economist.

Gov. Cummins stirred up the wrong man when he charged Secretary of the Treasury Shaw with having spoken without knowledge and improperly of one of the proposed treaties of reciprocity. Secretary Shaw reciprocates in a clear and forcible letter, in which he denies the accuracy of Gov. Cummins' deliberate charge and demands to know the source of the govmisinformation. Evidently Secretary Shaw believes that reciprocity which alleges that it is founded on the protective principle should protect regulations.—Troy Times.

The tariff will not be touched. The dencits will be abolished without altering any of the customs schedules, and the country can go right on with business expansion without any dread that congress will call a halt on it by any experimental legislation.—Burlington (N. J.) Enterprise.

Hurt Him Awfully. Speeder-Weren't you dreadfully put out when you spilled your plate of soup

fraud against the public .- N. Y. Prass. | soup, you know .- Cleveland Leader.

RIOTERS ARE IN CONTROL

BITUATION IN THE OIL FIELDS AT BAKU, RUSSIA, IS DESPERATE, AND GROWING WORSE.

THE SOLDIERS ARE POWERLESS

Fire Adds to the Horror of the Scene and Half of the Plants in the Oil Fields Have Been Burned -Troops Are Using Artillery.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7.-The news The Armenian and Tartar warhabitants and the force of troops to be inadequate to restrain the anarchial tendencies of the combatants in the surrounding region.

According to reliable reports the

troops have been forced to withdraw from the suburb of Balakhan, where on Tuesday the rioters set fire to the oil works, and that place is now in the hands of the Tartars, who have com-pleted the work of destruction and massacred the inhabitants who did not accompany the troops in their re-

Baku, Caucasia, Sept. 8.—The situation here shows no signs of amelioration. It could hardly be worse. The terror-stricken inhabitants are fleeing from the city, knowing that the garrion is utterly inadequate to protect

The principal fighting is not in Baku itself, but at Balakhan, where hundreds have been shot by the infantry and artillery and where 1,000 were killed or wounded during a desperate attack on the military camp and provision depots. The troops sustained few casualties

A large number of workmen barri-caded themselves in the Balakhan hospital. The soldiers began the attack with rifle fire and then hospital and completed their work with the bayonet.

The entire oil and commercial quar-ters of Balakhan, Sabunto and Nomani nave been wiped out by fire and the inhabitants remaining behind were ed and thrown into the Biblebat continues to burn massacred flames. Biblebat continues to burn and is threatened with the same fate s Balakhan.

The consulates, banks and adminis ration buildings in Baku are guarded by troops. All the English residents and almost all other inhabitants of the better class have boarded ships and gone to sea to escape from danger

JAPS ARE DISGUSTED.

Result of the Peace Conference Is Denounced and Rioters Make Trou-ble in Tokio.

Tokio, Sept. 7 .- Rioting broke out here Tuesday night in connection with the dissatisfaction over the results of the peace settlement. There were several clashes with the police and it is estimated that two persons were killed and 500 wounded. The rioting ceased at midnight. Police stations

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were the only property destroyed.

Telegrams from Osaka, Sasebo and Tokomo express the popular dis-and Tokoma express the popular dissatisfaction and dejection over the re sult of the peace conference. The minor radical papers have thrown off settlement the greatest humiliation the country has ever suffered.

Tokio, Sept. 8 .- A mob burned and Tokio, Sept. 8.—A mob burned and destroyed ten Christian churches and one mission house school Wednesday night. The people were not injured. An imperial ordinance establishes martial law in Tokio. Disorder was resumed Wednesday.

E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, was threat-

G. A. R. MEN PARADE.

Fifteen Thousand Veterans in Line at Denver.

Denver, Col., Sept. 7 .- The main vent of the Grand Army encampr speaking from the view-point of the rank and file, was the grand parade, which occurred Wednesday. The ovation given the marchers was unstinted. The streets were packed with people. and the windows and roofs of the buildings along the line of march swarmed with humanity.

It took the parade three hours and five minutes to pass the reviewing stand where stood the national officers of the Grand Army and distinguished guests. Col. Harper M. Orahood, chairman of the parade committee, es Grand Army participated in the pa-

Kansas carried off the honors for the largest representation, having nearly 2,500 men in line. The Colorado and Wyoming department came next with 1,800 men. Illinois, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Ohio and Missouri had large delegations. Fifteen bands and large delegations. Fifteen bands and more than half that number of drum corps supplied music for the marchers.

Suicided on His Wife's Grave.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7 .- Albert T. aker, aged 60 years, an engineer, shot and killed himself yesterday at his wife's grave in Fernwood ceme-tery. Mrs. Baker died in December, 1903, and Baker frequently remarked that he longed for the day when he could join her.

Fell Into a Boiling Spring and Died. on Miss Fassion's dinner gown?

Feeder-I should say I was. It isn't good form to ask for a second plate of goup, you know.—Cleveland Leader.

I ivingation, Mont, Sept. 7.—Miss Fann's Wickes, aged 22, of Washington, D. C., died in this city yesterday from the effects of falling into a boil from the effects of falling into a boil. ing spring in Yellowstone park.

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WE have the best stocked general store in the county and if you are looking for reliable goods at reasonable prices, we are ready to serve you with the best to be found. Our reputation for trustworthy goods and fair dealing is too well known to sell any but high grade goods.

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A very large line of Lace Curtains that caunot be matched anywhere for the price.

Art Squares and Rugs of all sizes and kind, from the cheap-

> Dining Chairs, Rockers and High Chairs. A large and elegant

line of Tufted and

of fine books in a choice library select the Ideal pattern of Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase. Furnished with bevel French plate or leaded glass doors.

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\$30 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at... \$28 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at....

\$25 Bed room Suits, solid oak at.....

A large line of Dressers from

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A fine line of Dishes, common grade and China, in

sets and by the piece. As I keep a full line of everything that goes to

Drop-head Couches. Beauties and at bargain prices.

make up a good Furniture store, it is useless to enumerate them all. Please call and see for yourself that I am telling you the truth, and if you don't buy, there is no harm done, as it is no trouble to show goods.

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