PARTY IS ALWAYS ADRIFT. TRADE CONDITIONS SOUND CAMERON COUNTY PRESS. Instability of the Democracy Costs Industry at Home and Trade Abroad H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES:

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local inserted for less than 75 cents per

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW o paper will be discontinued until arrear-s are paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Cocoanuts, being lighter than water, are transported along waterways in the same manner that timber is floated. Thousands of them are thrown together and the whole mass surround-ed by long strands of bark fiber. One native can tow a number of such rafts,

and the fiber is tough enough to stand considerable rough treatment. In a train wreck on the Missouri Pacific railway every car except one went into the ditch at the side of the track, but not a person on the train

was seriously injured. The train was was schously injured. The train was running at 25 miles an hour, yet not a car was damaged by the sudden stopping. The cars were new and heavy and of firm steel framework.

Sea water as a medicinal beverage, to reduce obesity, is becoming a fad among many women spending the summer in resorts along the New Jer-sey coast. The business of supplying the water has grown into quite an en-terprise by fishermen. Three or four glasses a day are said to have a bene-ficial effect upon the digestion as well as a tendency to purify the blood and reduce the flesh.

Geological conditions remarkably Geological conditions remarkably like those observed at the Kimberly mines in South Africa have recently been discovered in Kentucky. The Piedmont Plateau, at the southeastern base of the Appalachians, has already produced in the region between South-ern Virginia and Georgia, some 10 or 12 diamonds, which have varied in weight from those of two or three weight from those of two or three carats to the "Dewey" diamond, which when found weighed over 23 carats.

It is gratifying to note that the commission intrusted with the distribution of the awards provided by the Carnegie hero fund have not confined their benefactions to the giving of medals, but have granted substantial sums of money to a number of worthy deserving persons-the widows, in most instances, of men who have lost their lives in heroic service to humanity. The distribution of bronze and silver medals does not serve the purposes nor further the objects for which this hero fund was primarily created.

What is supposed to be the largest pair of shoes ever made in this coun-try was turned out recently in a Nashua shoe factory. The size of these shoes may well be imagined when it is known that the weight is 18 pounds for the pair. Each shoe is 23 inches long and 7½ inches wide in the widest place. Every detail is as the widest place. Every detail is a carefully attended to as in an ordinary first-class shoe, but because of the enormous size it required several weeks to turn them out. They were made for a negress who lives near Atlanta.

There are many ways of getting a living in New York City, but the most ing of them all was partly unfolded in the Tombs court recently when it was alleged there was a regular es-tablished business for "losing babies" there, the headquarters of the gang being somewhere on Mott street. For a long time the managers of children's societies have been convinced that the "losing" of babies has been conducted systematically. For many months they have found too much system in the abandonment of babies not to believe there was a regular trade in it.

It the Support of Able

Agencies.

One swallow does not make a summer. and neither does not make a summer, and neither does the desertion of the democratic party by some of its greatest newspaper organs indicate its dissolution to the point of immediate disappearance, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Two such desertions have taken place within the past year, how-ever, which, because of a wide variance of opinion in the two seceding journals, on the factional issue dividing that party, indicate unmistakably how far that organization has drifted from any safe and sure anchorage. Immedi-ately following the action of Judge Parker in accepting the edmocratic nomination for the presidency on a platform which he had reputiated, the Chicago Chronicle, one of the ablest and most honest of democratic party organs, announced that, the party having ceased to stand for anything defi-nite or positive, and to have any convictions touching any point in contro-versy and offering no assurance to any of its supporters of what they could or might expect in the event of its success, the Chronicle would not consent to support it, but would, in the future, act with and for the republican

party. Since that announcement the Chronicle has been consistent in the performance of its promises. Its change of party allegiance was decried at the time, and since, as being inspired by devotion to the single gold standard, for which that paper, while still retaining its democratic party connection, had stood in the two 'preceding cam-paigns. Its defection was denounced as "goldbuggery," but such a denunciation could deceive but few, if any, in the light of the palpable straddling the democracy was attempting. The re-sult of the poll showed how close to the line of thinking by many thousands of democrats the Chronicle had shaped its course. Disaffection was as marked in one factions camp as in the other. Everywhere, it seemed, democrats had reached the conclusion that in voting for such an organization they would be voting for uncertainty, hesitation, doubt, weakness, delay and every form of public calamity to be invited by bad government.

That the breaking up of the party was not on factional lines the an-nouncement made some months ago that the Cincinnati Enquirer, for years the organ of the quantitiative money theory, without reference to the quality of the quantity, must no longer be con-sidered a democratic party organ, was strikingly in evidence. The Enquirer, too, had become convinced that the party, as now constituted, cannot be relied upon for the carrying out of any policy in government. The resignation of John R. McLean, the owner of the Enquirer, as a member of the national democratic committee was sent to the Ohio state democratic convention. It is followed by an announcement that the Enquirer will soon declare its formal adhesion to the republican party. Whether this is done or not, its deser-tion of the democratic pary may be immortal, but just now it looks much like Dr. Holmes' immortal one-hoss shay on the morning when it went to pieces:

"All at once, and nothing first, Just as bubbles do when they burst."

Policy of Wisdom. It has never been argued that in all things the tariff would result in cheap-ening prices at home. If we desired to put our workingmen, wage earners, on the same basis as those with whom they come in competition in foreign countries this difference in prices might easily be overcome. But the country has repeatedly decided that it is best to keep the wage earners pros-perous, that it is wiser to make it necessary that they pay higher prices than those for which foreigners might furnish the goods, if thereby they were given opportunity to earn the money with which to buy. There is no profit in having the necessities of life for sale at a low figure, if business is slack and men cannot get the price.—Portland ((Me.) Express.

Indicate the Continuance of Prosperity.

A bit of good news comes from the Pittsburg district, one of the greatest centers of the steel and iron business not only of the United States, but of the whole world. It is to the effect, states the Troy Times, that there will not be the customary summer shutdown and that operations will continue unbroken and with a full force of employes. It has been usual to discontinue work in the steel mills for a month or two at this season and that programme has been regarded by wage earners as quite the regular proceeding. With work going on the advantage in the way of additional income will be readily apparent There will be no closing of the establishments even for repairs, as whatever is necessary to be done in that line will be looked after as well as possible with work at full blast.

Additional significance is given to this statement because wages in the steel in dustries have been kept to a high evel, and in very many instances have been considerably increased of late Thus it appears that the relations between the employers and their men are of the most amicable sort, and that good feeling and satisfaction exist on both sides. The situation is assurance of continued prosperity and enlarging ac-tivity. The mills are kept busy and the men are getting good pay because there is a great demand for iron and steel. This demand, of course, is largest at home, but it is not confined to the United States. On the contrary, as the official figures show, we are exporting more manufactures than ever before and iron and steel articles form a great

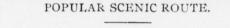
and increasing proportion of them. At the same time, there are many crude products which American mills annot turn out in proportions sufficient o meet all home demands, and these ave to be procured from abroad. This helps to account for the large imports of steel billets and also of other articles which are necessary in order to supply domestic requirements. The work of The work of transforming these into finished American products gives employment to thousands of persons at American wages. and so there is a direct benefit to the mass of handicraftsmen, most of them skilled in their calling. Looked at in this light there is no cause for alarm at the big imports, which for the 11 months of the fiscal year ended with May amounted to \$1,027,000,000, the largest in our history and \$18,000,000 more than the imports for the same period last Exports were also large, the total for the 11 months mentioned having en \$1,397,000,000, against \$1,367,000, 0 in 1904.

Industry at home and our trade abroad both stand on the soundest footing, with verything to indicate that present conlitions are likely to be maintained in-lefinitely. The steel business continues to be a reasonably accurate barometer. and it points to fair weather.

SEVERAL TARIFF TRUTHS.

Facts Which Show That Protection Is the Foundation of Prosperity.

Every once in awhile we are compelled to listen to the lugubrious wailing of some unhappy mortal, generally a seeker after leadership in some organiza-tion with socialistic tendencies, that the high tariff not only tends to increase the cost of living to the poor man and farmer, but actually brings about that undesirable result, and he reenforces his contention and clinches his argument with some alleged statistics showing that the cost of living is anywhere from 25 to 50 per cent. greater than it would be if the tariff schedules were revised in a more or less radical man-ner. It is true that the cost of living is greater now than it was during the period from 1890 to 1899, but a careful analysis of the figures fails to show that he tariff has much to do with it, says the Wheeling Telegraph. Taking the prices of the ten-year period from 1890 to 1859 as 100, we find that in 1904 the increase in farm products are repre-



Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company.

Condensed Time Table in Effect June 4, 1905.

Sun- day Only	Week Days.						Daily	Week Days.					
Р. М.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M		1
5 18 6 00 6 14 6 47 7 00 7 40 8 00 8 20		8 18 9 000 9 17 9 47 10 00 11 00 11 20 11 40 12 15 12 20 1 (22 1 23 1 31 2 00 P. M.	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \ 00 \\ 12 \ 14 \\ 12 \ 47 \\ 1 \ 00 \\ 5 \ 00 \\ 5 \ 40 \\ 6 \ 02 \\ 6 \ 20 \end{array}$	6 00 6 14 6 47 7 00		LvAddisonAr Knoxville. 	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \ 13 \\ 9 \ 30 \\ 9 \ 17 \\ 8 \ 41 \\ 8 \ 23 \\ 8 \ 30 \\ 7 \ 39 \\ 7 \ 18 \\ 6 \ 56 \end{array}$		4 43 4 00 3 47 3 11 3 00		8 50 8 06 7 55 7 25 7 14 7 07 6 23 6 02 5 40 5 00 4 52 4 08 3 42 3 33 3 00		
P. M. 8 20 8 29 8 38		A. M. 11 45 12 00 12 15 1 00 2 00 P. M.	6 20 6 29 6 38	P. M. 8 00 8 45 A. M.		$\begin{array}{c} & Wharton \\ & Costello \\ & Lv \\ Lv \\ Keating Summit \\ \end{array}$	A. M. 6 56 6 44 6 35 A. M.				5 20 5 08 5 00 3 10	1050	8 05
		A. M. 8 30 8 58 9 09 9 27 10 10	3 52 4 01 4 15	A. M.		Wellsville Genesee West Bingham Newfield Junction Galeton		A. M. 8 06 7 41 7 30 7 13 6 30	P. M. 2*46 2 18 2 06 1 50 1 05				
		11 05 11 55				Cross Fork June		7 30 6 30	P. M.		P. M 5 40 4 40	-	

Additional trains leave Galeton at 8:45 a. m. and 6:25 p. m., arriving at Ansonia at 9:21 a.m and 7:00 p. m. Addinou at 1930 p.m.
Returning leave Ansonia at 9:35 a.m., and 8:39 p.m., arriving at Galeton at 10:09 a.m., and 9:05 p.m.
At DuBois with B, R. R.
At DuBois with B, R. & P. Ry.
At Ansonia with NY C.& H.R. R. for all points north and south.
At Ansonia with NY C.& H.R. R. for all points north and south.
At Ansonia with NY C.& H.R. Ry. Union Station.
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We C. PARK, Gen'l Supt., Galeton, Pa.

- M. J. MCMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa. E. A. NIEL, Traffic Mgr. Butfalo, N.Y. C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l Mgr. Butfalo, N. Y.







There is comforting assurance of the magnitude of the 1905 crop of wheat coming from the statistics of the agricultural department, additional evidence of the fact that the farmer remains the real king and that this is a land of plenty and of promise, with the promise fulfilled. The crop of 1905, with the exception of the crop of 1901, will be the largest ever har vested in the United States, the estimate being a total of spring and win-ter wheat of 729,000,000 bushels, the of 1901 having been 748,000,000 bushels.

If one-half that is claimed for the new German point is true, the white-lead base of paints so universally used is doomed. The new pigment is ob-tained from a burnt limestone which contains a considerable proportion, 20 per cent. or more, of magnesia, the best combination being that found naturally in dolomitic limestone. This is mixed with a hydrocarbon and fired until all the carbon is consumed Among the desirable features claime, for the new paint are fineness and smoothness of surface, covering power. permanence and theapness.

The Right Remedy.

The American protective system has won because it has stimulated invention and domestic competition and thus helped workers and capitalists. When so perverted as to help capitalists and to bunco consumers, the remedy is not to upset a system that has enriched our people, but to remedy its perversion un-der trust conspiracies. It is important that we recall the great panic we had in American industry under "tariff reform" in 1893-1896. A short memory in this exigency will imperil our economic prosperity. Free-traders would be too glad to divert attention from trust legislation to free-trade. But the American people are not likely to bite cheese on such a trap.-Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

IT is the party of protection that has made this country what it is, and the protectionists can afford to wait. A demonstration is all that is needed to show that America cannot prosper by purchasing abroad with the romantic hope of selling abroad .- American Economist.

I In exercising his advisory powers with the Equitable, we wonder if Mr. Cleveland would accept Mr. Bryan as a good risk?—Washington Post.

IFMr. Bryan recently had occasion to assure a correspondent that the masses who constitute the bone and sinew of the democratic party would not again permit a retreat from the high ground of 1896 and 1900, and incidentally he remarked that his paper was offering club rates for subscription of four or more. Thus we see that Mr. Bryan has developed shrewd business instincts, even though he is still a re former .- Buffalo Express.

ented by the figures 126.2, food 107.2 cloths and clothing 109.8, fuel and light ing 132.6, metals and implements 109.6 umber and building materials 122.7 drugs and chemicals 110 and miscelaneous articles 111.7. It will be noted that the highest increase, that in fuel and lighting, is upon necessities with which the tariff has practically nothing to do. The next greatest increase is in products of the farm, where the tariff cuts very little figure indeed, while metals and implements, where we would naturally expect the greatest increase, if the cry of the anti-tariff howler was warranted, would be at the head of the warranted, would be at the head of the list, whereas the truth is it is next to the bottom. Against this increase should be set the gain to the working classes in the larger opportunity afforded for employment, and it will be seen that the hue and cry against the tariff and even the trusts has very lit-tle of substantial basis. It should be realized that any blow struck at the prosperity of the wage workers and the farmer will hit the general progress of the country a hard knock. The figures here given are from the department of labor, and are official.

D'Ohio democracy seems to be pernanently wedded to the ideas of Bryan of Tom Johnson and of the socialistic-ally inclined section of the party. The state convention was dominated by such influences, and the "conserva-tives" had no show whatever. This seems to excellan why such ardent suporters of old-time democratic prin-ciples as John R. McLean and his Cininnati Enquirer are abandoning the Bryanized party and coming out for he republican cause. Evidently they regard the democratic organization as hopelessly wrong-headed .- Troy Times.