

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year, \$2.00; if paid in advance, \$1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, 45 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work.

No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Important Omissions.

"Have you any objection to giving a description of how you became so successful in public life?" said the magazine editor.

"None whatever," answered Senator Sorghum. "Go ahead and have it written up. I don't care what you say, but I'm mighty particular about what you leave out."

The Brute.

"John," said Mrs. Twicewood, "you are a brute! You don't express any sorrow that my mother is dying. I don't believe you'd care if all my relatives died!"

"Yes, I would," answered the brute, cheerfully. "I often find myself grieving over the death of your first husband."

Accused.

The visitor paused beside the humorist's desk and looked him over.

"So," he said, "you are the man who sees the funny side of life, eh?"

"I suppose so," was the reply. "I have even been accused of seeing the funny side of my own jokes."

The Expensive System.

My love is like a red, red rose, She's pleasing to the eye, She's very sweet, and mercy knows In winter she comes high.

NO HARM DONE.



The Guard—Pardon me, madam, but you are leaning against that valuable painting.

The Lady—Well, it's dry, ain't it?—Chicago News.

The Best Lay.

Some people sing, make the welkin ring, For the lay of the poet's pen, But a song I raise and a song of praise For the lay of the speckled hen.

Good Reason.

"Why did you call me a liar?" "For various reasons, sir," replied the man who had been knocked down. "Well, name them!"

Afraid to Risk It.

You seem to have such bad luck with your help, Mrs. Workem—they leave without giving notice."

"Well, I'm having better luck with the girl I've got now. She has promised to stay until she finds another place."

Concord of Sweet Sounds.

Wagner had just finished an opera. "It's easy," he said; "I merely score the sound that mother's angel child makes with his toys."

Repatee.

Mr. Newlywed—By the way, dearest, did I ever tell you about that beautiful heiress who once wanted me for a husband?

Mrs. Newlywed—No, dear; you have never told me a lie yet that I know of.—Judge.

From the Cave.

The hermit was living in a cave. "But," he protested, "with only one in the family, you surely could get both a flat and a cook."

Declining to see his opportunities, he obstinately refused to move.—N. Y. Sun.

Think Before Acting.

Footie Lighte—Don't you think it a good rule for persons to think twice before they act?

Miss Sue Brette—Yes, I do. Some people on the stage would never act, then.—Yonkers Statesman.

STRANGE POLITICAL BEASTS.



Indianapolis News

Explorer Bryan Points Out His Discovery to Parker.

CONSEQUENCES ARE DIRE.

Folly of Disturbing Business Conditions by Premature Meddling with the Tariff.

A large number of unrepudiated newspapers are saying that President Roosevelt thinks the tariff ought to be revised. They make this assertion with a great deal of confidence.

However, if the tariff is to be revised the extra session should be called immediately following the regular session, in order that congress may get to work and that the worst may be known as soon as possible.

CURRENT PRESS COMMENT.

W. J. Bryan will hardly become so strong an admirer of the president as to try to persuade him to run for another term.—Washington Star.

The report that Mr. Bryan has said that the country is looking for a stronger man than he is for a democratic presidential candidate does not, it is confidently believed, necessarily imply that he thinks it will find one.—Indianapolis News (Ind.).

The protective tariff keeps all the wage earners of the United States at work in the production of articles which supply the largest and richest market in the world, our own. Thereby is every community and every individual more largely benefited in the long run than it and he could be in any other way or by any change that might help this spot or that spot for the time being or that might enable this man or that man for the time being to lower his cost of production.—Milford (Mass.) Journal.

The democrats are coming to admire Mr. Roosevelt so much that some of them could almost refrain from voting for his opponent if he were to run again.—Detroit Free Press (Dem.).

We have had all the details about Mr. Bryan's visit to the white house except information on the point as to whether the president subscribed for the Commoner.—Washington Post.

"Don't forget tariff revision," says a democratic paper. In other words, the democratic party is out of meat and in favor of anything that could breach the republican smokehouse.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

RECORD OF REPUBLICANS.

With One Break the Party Has Grown Stronger at Each Successive Election.

The republican party is the only one in the history of the United States which, if a single break be excepted, has grown stronger and more numerous with each successive national election, says the New York Sun.

It was organized in 1856 and polled for its presidential candidate in that year 1,300,000 votes. In 1860 it polled 1,800,000, a gain of half a million.

In 1864 it polled 2,200,000—another gain of half a million. In 1868 it polled 3,000,000 and in 1872 3,500,000, a gain of half a million.

In 1876 it polled 4,000,000, another gain of half a million, and in 1880 it polled 4,500,000, still another gain of half a million. From 1856 to 1876 the vote of the republican party on the presidency increased from 1,300,000 to 4,000,000 an abnormal gain in the history of American politics.

In 1884 the vote of the republican party was 4,850,000. In 1888 it was 5,450,000—a gain of 600,000. Here came the break.

Gen. Harrison, running for reelection in 1892, instead of increasing on his former vote, fell behind it, and in that election, for the first time, the republican party ceased to keep up its ratio of growth, which had been continuous since its organization.

In 1896 the republican vote was 7,100,000, and in the succeeding presidential election of 1900 it was 7,200,000, a gain of 100,000 in four years, while the democratic vote declined 200,000. Last year the republican vote broke all previous records, not only for the republican party, but for any party in the United States, reaching 7,700,000 for Theodore Roosevelt.

When the fact is considered that the republican party in several elections has drawn no part of its support from the south and that in recent elections by the operation of disfranchising laws in that region its vote has been reduced, its great gains election after election, with only a single break, are the more remarkable.

ARE ALL FOR NUMBER ONE

Free Trade Protectionists Who Are Always Looking for the Advantage.

One of the influences that will be brought to bear on congress to reduce certain schedules will come from manufacturers of products that have found ready market in this country because of the stimulus given to all lines of industry through the protective tariff policy of the republican party.

It will be difficult to satisfy these men. It is the old story of protection for me and free trade for the other fellow. It is upon this theory that southern free traders have invariably voted for protection for southern industries and free trade for those of the northern states. It is on this principle that the northwestern millers are now clamoring for free Canadian wheat, while protecting that they believe in protection.

The Sentinel believes a revision of tariff schedules should be made, but it also believes that every industry in the country, however small and obscure or great and prosperous, should be given the full measure of protection required to enable it to do business at a profit in the home market.

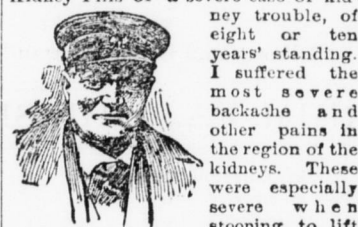
The American people were polled on a protective tariff last fall, and nobody is saying that their verdict lacked emphasis.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Tennessee is a democratic state, but evidently it does not allow that fact to interfere with its honorable purpose to pay respect to the chief magistrate of the nation. Practically the entire Tennessee legislature, which has only 23 republicans in a total membership of 131, will attend President Roosevelt's inauguration and participate in the parade. Proof of the growing good will in the south toward the president is accumulating daily.—Troy Times.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, Ohio, says: "I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing."



SIDNEY JUSTUS.

I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything, and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the daytime, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

INVENTIVE INGENUITY.

An Austrian railway mechanic has discovered a process by which the smoke of warships can be entirely concealed from view.

A clock which seems to be preeminently adapted for the sick-room or hospital is the invention of Prof. Hirth, of Munich. It consists merely in the depression of a button, which cuts in a small electric lamp placed under the dial of an electrically-illuminated clock, throwing the shadow of the face and its hands upon the ceiling in a highly magnified state. Viewed from the bed of a reclining invalid, it obviates the irksome craning of the neck.

The man with the flowing mustache has not been forgotten by the inventor, despite the fact that the many mustache cups that one time or another have made their appearance on the market all proved pecuniary failures. The latest aspirant for the honors in this particular field is an Englishman, who offers a neat little device for attaching to soup spoons to facilitate the eating of soup by the possessors of long, flowing mustaches. It is made of aluminum and embodies a spring design, which admits of its attachment to practically any spoon.

A French electromotion company has produced an electric carriage in which the use of pinions, chains and gearing for transmitting motion to the driving-wheels is entirely dispensed with. In this new machine the motors and the wheels are described as being one and the same thing. The axles receive their motive power directly from the accumulators. The weight of the carriage is thus reduced, and it is asserted that these "live-axle" machines can travel 25 to 30 per cent. farther than those of ordinary construction because of the saving of energy. The appearance of the new carriages is improved, except that the wheels have a clumsier look.

A man's darkest hour is when his wife turns on the light as he tries to sneak quietly upstairs at two o'clock in the morning.

HER BLOOD TOO THIN

GENERAL DEBILITY RESULTS FROM IMPOVERISHED BLOOD.

The Remedy That Makes New Blood Banishes Weakness, Headaches, Indigestion and Nervous Troubles.

Hundreds of women suffer from headaches, dizziness, restlessness, languor and timidity. Few realize that their misery all comes from the bad state of their blood. They take one thing for their head, another for their stomach, a third for their nerves, and yet all the while it is simply their poor blood that is the cause of their discomfort.

If one sure remedy for making good, rich blood were used every one of their distressing ailments would disappear, as they did in the case of Mrs. Ella F. Stone, who had been ailing for years and was completely run down before she realized the nature of her trouble.

"For several years," said Mrs. Stone, "I suffered from general debility. It began about 1896 with indigestion, nervousness and steady headaches. Up to 1900 I hadn't been able to find any relief from this condition. I was then very thin and bloodless. An enthusiastic friend, who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged me to give them a trial and I finally bought a box.

"I did not notice any marked change from the use of the first box, but I determined to give them a fair trial and I kept on. When I had finished the second box I could see very decided signs of improvement in my condition. I began to feel better all over and to have hopes of a complete cure.

"I used in all eight or ten boxes, and when I stopped I had got back my regular weight and a good healthy color and the gain has lasted. I can eat what I please without discomfort. My nervousness is entirely gone, and, while I had constant headaches before, I very rarely have one now. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to women who suffer as I did."

Mrs. Stone was seen at her pretty home in Lakewood, R. I., where as the result of her experience, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are very popular. These famous pills are sold by all druggists. A book that every woman needs is published by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. It is entitled "Plain Talks to Women," and will be sent free on request.

Balcom & Lloyd.

WE have the best stocked general store in the county and if you are looking for reliable goods at reasonable prices, we are ready to serve you with the best to be found. Our reputation for trustworthy goods and fair dealing is too well known to sell any but high grade goods.

Our stock of Queensware and Chinaware is selected with great care and we have some of the most handsome dishes ever shown in this section, both in imported and domestic makes. We invite you to visit us and look our goods over.

Balcom & Lloyd.

LOOK ELSEWHERE BUT DON'T FORGET THESE PRICES AND FACTS AT

LABAR'S

Table listing prices for various items: \$30 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at \$25; \$40 Sideboard, quartered oak, \$30; \$28 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at \$21; \$32 Sideboard, quartered oak, \$25; \$25 Bedroom Suits, solid oak at \$20; \$22 Sideboard, quartered oak, \$16; A large line of Dressers from \$8 up; Chiffoniers of all kinds and prices.



We carry in stock the largest line of Carpets, Linoleums and Mattings of all kinds ever brought to Emporium. Also a big line of samples.

A very large line of Lace Curtains that cannot be matched anywhere for the price.

Art Squares and Rugs of all sizes and kind, from the cheapest to the best.

Dining Chairs, Rockers and High Chairs.

A large and elegant line of Tufted and Drop-head Couches. Beauties and at bargain prices.

The finest line of Sewing Machines on the market, the "Domestic" and "Eldredge". All drop heads and warranted.

A fine line of Dishes, common grade and China, in sets and by the piece.

As I keep a full line of everything that goes to make up a good Furniture store, it is useless to enumerate them all.

Please call and see for yourself that I am telling you the truth, and if you don't buy, there is no harm done, as it is no trouble to show goods.

GEO. J. LaBAR.