## CAMERON COUNTY PRESS. H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

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ADVERTISING RATES:

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No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law No paper will be discontinued until arrear-ages are paid, except at the option of the pub-lisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance. A letter arrived at the New York post office the other day bearing the following address: "To Any Respectable Lawyer, New York City, New York." The carrier into whose hands

it fell for delivery returned it marked in blue pencil—"Not found." Jeres de la Frontera, Spain, has a population of 65,000 and is the center of the sherry wine making trade. There are many rich people worth from \$500,000 to \$5,000,000. The city has hundreds of very old and large store-houses containing, it is said, enough sherry wine to supply the world's demand for 25 years.

At a recent medical exhibition in London a new anesthetic, called somnoform, was shown. It is a liquid whose "boiling point" is 23 deg. below The moment it comes in conzero. tact with the air it becomes a gas. Its great virtue, from a medical point of view, is that breathing stops be fore the heart when it is administered.

Piassava is a fiber made from the bamboo tree and is used in Europe to make brooms, brushes and the like. In Liberia the bamboo is taken from the tree and placed in water until the puter covering decays. It is then beaten in a forked stick, erected for the purpose, until there remains only the fiber, which is weighed and bound In bundles much like American wheat, except that it is bound at both ends.

One of the latest proposals made for helping the small farmer in England the establishment of credit banks. Where this system has been tried it has proved a success. In the congest-ed districts of Ireland there are 77 agricultural banks, and these institu-tions are gradually extending their operations among the small landholders, for whose benefit they were established.

One hundred thousand sheep will be prepared for the market this winter at the beet-sugar factories, in the vicinity of Eaton, Greeley, Windsor, Longmont, Ft. Collins and Loveland, The beet pulp makes the best of feed for lambs, and Colorado feeders are much encouraged over the market prospects. About 150,000 lambs will be fed upon field peas in the San Luis Valley, Colorado, this winter.

The city of St. Thomas owns and operates the six miles of electric street railway within its corporate limits. The road gives general satisfaction as to service, but at the expense of a deficit ranging between \$3,000 and \$4,000 per annum. The city owns and operates the water works system very successfully. This plant nets a small annual surplus and at the same time gives entire satisfaction.

Prof. J. N. Harper, of the University of Kentucky, is, according to a paragraph which is on its rounds in Enghas been advising Col. Everard, who nal. has been experimenting at Randlestown, County Meath, Ireland, in growing tobacco. It is claimed the moisture of the Irish climate is good for tobacco culture, and that there of the right kind of soil in the Emerald Isle.

Extensive experiments in the effect of electric light on the growth of plants are being undertaken by Horticultural Society of England. periments in America have shown marked effects, but not desirable ones in all cases. Cauliflower and radishes run largely to top. Melons, cucum-bers, strawberries, beans and other vegetables were quickened in growth by several days. Flowers are invigorated and produce deeper shades of

There is a young American achieving fame in England in an unusual way. He is showing the British medical men how much poison he can eat and drink without ill effect. His menu on a recent occasion was paris green, strychnine, blue indigo, phorous and atropine. It was all very simple. Each plate contained its deadly burden of brilliant green and blue and white powders. One after the other the American partook of each, missing none.

Under a new Norway law it is decreed (1) that certain arcana and patent medicines named be excluded; (2) the publication of advertisements in Norwegian newspapers to further the sale of any and all foreign patent medicines is forbidden; (3) the importation of all arcana and medicines is forbidden except by druggists and private persons under special permit; (4) fines not to exceed 5,000 kroner (\$1,340) may be imposed for violations ter Ocean. of any of the above enactments.

## BUCKEYE DEMOCRAT'S VIEW WILL BE NO OBSTRUCTION.

Editor of Former Democratic Organ Hopeful of Much Good from Roosevelt.

An editorial of more than ordinary inowned and directed by John R. McLean. describing him in very complimentary vote recorded:

"Now, Theodore Roosevelt will interpret that he represents all their most patriotic aspirations; that his presidency means for the United States a dominant place in the the United States a dominant place in the councils of the nations, an irresistible influence for humanity and civilization in every land, prosperity and peace and honor here at home. They feel that he is pledged to continue to its ultimate fruition the work of progress and expansion which he found already well inaugurated three years or so ago. The speedy completion of the Panama canal and the acquisition of such political and tention of the processing canal and the acquisition of such political and territorial rights as may be necessary to that end; the seizure of Santo Dimingo, or at least the speedy regulation and control of that sentinel at the gates of the Caribbean sea; the assured permanency of our Pacific footbolds—the Philippines and the Marsilian groups all these consumms. our Pacific foothoids—the Philippines and the Hawaiian group—all these consummations are considered as logical and inevitable consequences. But the people expect also that Mr. Roosevelt will enforce a recognition of our commercial interests and privileges in China, Korea and Manchuria, and the people will so strengthen his arm as to make their will imperative against all opposition, open or concealed."

Mr. McLean did not support Mr. Roosevelt for election. He is a demo-

Roosevelt for election. He is a democrat, and yields obedience to his party's pronouncements regularly made. But we probably read in his deliverances how little sympathy he had with the conduct of his party's recent campaign, and how little hope he had of success at the polls. He does not belong in the ranks of the Little Americans, nor in the ranks of those who traduce the government before the world for partisan purposes. Several years ago, when the anti-imperialists began their assaults upon the army of the Philippines, and Mr. Bryan in the name of the democracy adopted them, Mr. McLean vigorously protested, and pointed out in his newspaper that there was neither patriotism nor political strength in any such course. It is not difficult, therefore, to imagine the feelings of such a man when Judge Parker, Ignoring all legitimate local questions, threw himself into the arms of the antiimperialists and urged scuttle in the Philippines, and when Mr. Bryan, sounding a variant of the same theme, indulged in his little patter about the use of the army here at home to overthrow organized labor.

We hear much about reorganizing the democratic party. The first step should be to divorce it from all connection with abuse of the country, and stupid assaults upon the army and navy as agencies of oppresison. America, for both democrats and republicans, should spell progress and self-respect; and not until democrats of the McLean type are able to feel a stirring pride in both its platforms and their interpretation by its candidates will the democrate party stand to win, or deserve to win.

## OPINIONS AND POINTERS.

Didn't tariff tinkering under Cleveland show that experimental free trade was ruin?—Norwich (Conn.) Courier.

ones also.-Milwaukee Sentinel.

a democrat, but Alton B. Parker declines to be interviewed.—Washington Star. The able democratic editors are

pointing the long, bony finger of scorn at the able democratic leaders.-Chicago Tribune. In the year of the great cosmopolitan, expansive world's fair, Missouri

went republican. Why, of course.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat. □"'Keep your eye on Bryan," says the Topeka Capital. What's the use? We

couldn't lose him if we wanted to-not lish newspapers, a tobacco expert, and while we have ears.—Kansas City Jour-Secretary Woodson's discovery that

Parker will not be received as in the

nature of news by a good many democrats.-Indianapolis News (Dem.). The general temper of the business world is more sanguine than for a long time past. Anticipations are based on

conditions which justify confidence. Cleveland Leader. Mr. Hearst thinks that the demo cratic party needs a new leader, and the Atlanta Journal thinks that the democratic party needs about 2,000,000 new followers. And the greatest puzzle for all seems to be to locate and identify

the democratic party itself .- Haverville Gazette. The people's mandate to the party is distinct and emphatic. It is not: "Stand still, take your ease, rest on your achievements and laurels!" It is, instead: "Go right forward, party of progress and action, party that does things. in the road traced for you by William McKinley and his like-minded successor! You have maintained the gold standard; make it secure! You have maintained

the American protective tariff; make that, too, secure!"-Hartford Courant. The London newspapers, as usual are at sea as to how it happened, but they are quite right in their general conclusion that the election of President Roosevelt is a big thing for the United States and the world at large. - Sioux City Jour-

nal. The talk about an extra session to revise the tariff right away was inspired by nervous political busybodies. The president's silence on the subject shows his understanding of the situation, and is a dignified rebuke to those who tried to make his administration look like a continuous performance.-Chicago In-

Democratic Promise to Subside Dur ing the Coming Session of Congress.

A prominent democrat from the terest appeared in a recent issue of the Cincinnati Enquirer, the newspaper ing session of congress will do nothing to obstruct the work of the republican The deliverance is entitled "A Roosevelt party. This is pleasant news, if it turns Victory," and it pays a tribute to the out to be true, says the St. Louis Globeman and appraises his triumph. After Democrat. The democrats are far in the minority in both senate and house terms, it says of the meaning of the but a minority has often delayed the work of a majority, and sometimes has defeated it. In a chamber like the senfor himself the commission which the American people have proclaimed. And this will be an easy task, for the country has made no secret of its expectations. They believe resourceful and determined men can hold up the majority for months at a time, and the coming session is restricted to three months of duration. This democratic magnate says his party may be teased about its loss of Missouri and the big drop in its popular and electoral vote as compared with 1896 and 1900, but e declares the party intends to take such sallies good naturedly and await developments. Republican measures will be debated, but not extensively, and no factious impediments will be put in their way. There is good sense as well as good

politics in the democratic promise to subside during the coming session and let the republicans run the country without any obstruction. As the republicans, however, do not intend to map out much work for this session beyond the passage of the appropriation bilis and the transaction of some other routine work, no sort of opposition which the democrats can put up would hamper the republicans seriously. For the coming session the dominant party's programme is not very ambitious. When the congress recently chosen gets to work in 1905 a larger programme will be put forward. The party will then have abundance of time to carry out any sort of a policy which it proposes. In the short session not much is usually attempted beyond the work necessary to keep the wheels of government in operation. In the congress which will meet next year the republicans will have a somewhat longer lead in the senate than their present big majority and in the house they will have more than triple the margin which they possess in the existing chamber. No question aside from the routine work of the government is so pressing now that its enactment in the next three months is imperative. Democratic obstruction, therefore, even if attempted, would not harm the republicans much and would not help the democrats at all. Nevertheless, if the democrats for those few weeks keep their hands off and leave the work of legislation entirely to the republicans, the aversion which the American people hold to the democratic party will be diminished to some slight extent

## POLICY OF THE PRESIDENT

Safe and Conservative Lines Will Be Followed as in Past Administration.

Much speculation has been indulged in by political observers as to the character of President Roosevelt's policies in a new administration when unconstrained by any sense of obligation to carry out the plans of his predecessor. III appears that Mr. Roosevelt not Many predictions have been made, esonly got the first voters but most of the pecially in the campaign, that with a new lease of power he is likely to de-IJMr. Thomas Taggart says he is still part widely from the courses which he has followed for the last three years.

The president has absolutely no thought of departing from the safe and conservative lines which he has so far followed, says the New York Tribune. He recognizes the need of new legisla-tion in various directions, and will strive to fit the government to deal with every emergency which may arise in his term of office, but whatever he does will be the natural evolution of republican policies and principles to meet new conditions. The president realizes, as do the great majority of republicans, that the tariff schedules have been outgrown in some particulars and will need readjustment. He is considering how that readjustment may best be secured, but has as yet committed himself to no particular plan. It is clear that whatever is done will be done carefully, It is clear that conservatively and with no sacrifice of

the protective principle. dealing with trusts the indications are that the president will continue his already well understood policy. He has secured legislation which, it is believed. will enable the government to put an end to discriminations and rebates, and he has secured court rulings which will prevent the ingenuity of lawyers from putting corporations beyond the reach of the law. He has no intention of using these weapons in such a way as to injure legitimate business, but it may be expected that diligence will be manifested in compelling corporations as well as individuals to obey the law.

In general, the prospects in the next administration, as outlined by our correspondent, are for a thoroughly sane, conservative, but at the same time thorughly progressive, use of the authority of government for the promotion of the interests of the whole peple regardless of section or condition.

When the former free trade crusade was begun the United States was producing about 9,000,000 tons of pig iron annually. A couple of years of scare brought the production down to 6,000,000 tons. The resumption of confidones sarried the output up to 18,000,-000 tons. Figures like these tell the story truly. Price lists are deceptive. but the fact that Americans are con suming about 450 pounds of iron per capita as against less than half that quantity in the years of low prices is one that can't be got away from.— San Francisco Chronicle.

## THREE MEN LOST THEIR LIVES.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE BAT TLESIP MASSACHUSETTS.

## FOUR MEN TERRIBLY SCALDED.

Gasket on a Boiler Gave Way Men Were Caught in a Trap and Were Helpless to Save Themselves.

Philadelphia, Dec. 16.-Caught in a trap and helpless to save themselves, three men lost their lives and four others, including Lieut. William C. Cole, were terribly scalded yesterday by a rush of steam and boiling water in the fire room of the battle-ship Massachusetts, lying at the League Island navy yard.

The accident was caused by the giv.

ing way of a gasket or rubber washer on a boiler on the starboard side of

the ship.

The Massachusetts has been at the navy yard for some time undergoing extensive repairs, particularly to the boilers and machinery. Although Capt. Edward D. Taussig and his officers and men are aboard the ship, the Mas-sachusetts is virtually in charge of

the authorities of the navy yard.

The boiler on which the accident oc. curred had recently been cleaned and thoroughly tested, and the boilermak-ers were at work on another boiler. Without warning the gasket between the boiler plate and the boiler head gave way and a terrific rush of steam and hot water occurred. The doors of the fire room were closed at the time the accident occurred and the only avenue of escape was a safety ladder Only one man, Bramlet, a fireman, thought of the ladder, and he escaped without a scald.

Few on the upper deck knew what had happened until the steam came rushing up from the seething pit below. The work of rescue was prompt, and to this promptness those who escaped death results. caped death owe their thanks. first to enter the firehold was Lieut. Cole. Without hesitation at becoming scalded by the hot water and steam he entered and dragged the men from the place to the door, where they were taken in charge by others. Bub and Hamilton were dead when found, and Ritzel died a few minutes after being taken on deck.

### SUSPENSION BRIDGE COLLAPSED

Three Persons Killed and Five Others Seriously Injured at Charlecton,

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 16.—Three persons were killed and five others seriously injured Thursday by the col-lapse of the suspension bridge across the Elk river, which connects East and West Charleston. On the bridge when it went down were six children on their way to school and a dozen other pedestrians, together with six teams. The bridge went down with-out warning, but a number of those who were near the ends of the structures managed to land before it col lapsed. Those who went down with the wreckage fell a distance of 40 feet into the ice-covered waters of the river.

The steamer Baxter broke the ice to allow small boats to reach the scene and the rescue work began immediately. The injured first were assisted to the shore and later a search was made of the river for dead bodies. The bodies of Mamie Higginbotham and Annie Humphreys were taken out and Ollie Gibbs died last night. The bridge was a single span 500 feet in length and was built in 1852. It had been known to be unsafe for some time and

heavy traffic was not allowed on it.

The accident was caused by two cables on the north side slipping from their moorings. When that side dropped another cable snapped and the floor tilted and turned completely

Two More Removals from Office.

Washington, Dec. 96.—As the result of an investigation of their activity of an investigation of their activity during the recent political campaign, Warren F. Tumber, a rural mail carrier at Lockport, N. Y., and H. W. Aldrich, a rural carrier of Concord, N. H., both officials of the National Association ciation of Rural Free Delivery Car riers, were yesterday removed from the government service by Postmaster General Wynne. Tumber is secretary of the association of the carriers and he and Aldrich are members of its executive board. The charges were that they sent out letters during the campaign to candidates for congress. urging legislation in the interest of the carriers.

Opened Bids for Warships. Washington, Dec. 16.—Bids were opened at the navy department Thursday for the construction of the battle ship New Hampshire and the armored cruisers North Carolina and Montana. The lowest bidder on two ships was the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., which offered to complete the two cruisers in 36 months at \$3,575,000 each, or the cruiser and the battleship in 36 months at \$3,650,000.

Constellation Again in Commission. New York, Dec. 16.—The frigate Constellation; the oldest ship in the American navy, after having been thoroughly overhauled and made taut and trim again, was recommissioned yesterday at navy yard in Brooklyn.

The "Tall Man" Is Arrested Again. Chicago, Dec. 16 .- John Orme, dar ing highwayman, known as the "tail man" in the combination which terror. ized Chicago in 1896, is under arrest. He was identified by the police yester. day as one of the two highwaymen who entered the Peoria national bank at Peoria, Ill., and at the point of re-volvers forced the teller to give them \$2,000 in currency. Poth men were captured the following day at Toulon,
III. His companion was recognized as
Theodore Brocway, who has served two terms at Joliet, one on a charge of horse stealing.

#### DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE

Manufacturing Activity Is Steadily Increasing and Holiday Trade Good. New York, Dec. 17 .- R. G. Dun &

Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Manufacturing activity steadily increases, testifying to the general confidence in a heavy demand next year, and trading branches of business re port seasonable conditions. Holiday goods sell more freely than staples, but all classes of merchandise are Holiday going into larger consumption, while it is the exception when there is complaint regarding mercantile collections.

The proportion of idle machinery is growing smaller and the number of unemployed less, few labor disputes of significant dimensions existing outside of Fall River. Low water at some points still provides the most serious drawback to full operation of capacity. Iron and steel plants are gaining steadily, footwear forwardings are running close to the large figures of last year and irregular raw ma-terials supply the only serious element of uncertainty in the textile industries. Farm staples are returning large profits to producers, and foreign trade returns for November showed a very small loss in exports.

Far from meeting with the setback that many traders anticipated, the iron and steel industry has gone steadily forward. There is no evidence of inflation in the present situation, fuel shortage increasing the cost of production, while orders covering all the product of some furnaces for the first quarter of next year testify to the faith of consumers.

Failures for the week numbered 276 in the United States, against 329 last year, and 25 in Canada, compared with 20 a year ago.

### DOCTORS SAY SHE IS SANE.

Efforts are Made to Secure the Release of an Iron Master's Daughter from a Madhouse.

New York, Dec. 17.—Efforts to free Mabel Spang, the daughter of Charles Spang, an iron manufacturer of Pittsburg, from a Yonkers insane asylum were continued Friday before Justice Marean, of the supreme court. Before opening the case Justice Marean said:

"The evidence is of so serious a nature I think it best not to hear it public. I have appointed Lawyer Ira Bamberger to look after the girl's interests, as she is a minor."

Attorney Bamberger represents Henry Bebro, who instituted the habeas corpus proceedings upon which the girl was brought from Yonkers weeks ago. The attorney for Miss Spang put Drs.

York, Brush, Lambert, Lawrence and Montgomery on the stand and from each obtained a declaration that girl was perfectly sound of mind. laid stress on the fact that the father of the young woman did not appear in support of his wife's contention that the girl was of unsound mind and was in no way associated with the mother in her efforts to have their daughter adjudged insane.

Miss Satymore, a nurse, that she had resigned from the Yonkers establishment rather than have anything to do with what she called the persecutions of a sweet and innocent girl.

## IS WITHOUT A HEAD.

Prohibition National Committee Finds Itself in a Curious Position.

Chicago, Dec. 17.—Robert H. Patton, of Springfield, Ill., was yesterday elected chairman of the prohibition national committee, to succeed Oliver W. Stewart. Mr. Patton was the candidate of the prohibition party for governor of Illinois in the last campaign. In the interest of harmony the resignations of all the members of the executive committee were presented and accepted. Chairman Stewart waived an investigation of the charges reflecting on him. Practically forced out of the nation-

al chairmanship, Mr. Stewart finds, after the committee has adjourned and the members scattered, that the man chosen as his successor refuses to serve. This leaves the committee without a head, unless Mr. Stewart claims the right to serve until his successor shall have been elected and

While the committeemen were hur rying to their homes in different parts of the country, a telegram came from Mr. Patton announcing that he had declined the proferred honor and that under no circumstances would he

Unless Mr. Patton reconsiders his action and holds office long enough to call another meeting of the committee. there is nothing to prevent Mr. Stewart from continuing as chairman, despite his overthrow.

## An Important Legal Decision.

New York, Dec. 17. — Justice Jenkins, of the appellate division of the state supreme court, handed down a decision Friday that an injunction against organizing a strike cannot stand. He modified an injunction to prevent a strike which had been issued by Justice Dickey, of the supreme court, in a suit brought against the United States Printing Co., of Ohio, the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' union and the New York Stereotypers' union, in which the plaintiffs asked the court to prevent the union men from striking to force the printing company to discharge the non-union men.

## Oom Paul Kruger Is Buried.

Pretoria, Transvaal, Dec. 17.-Two thousand burghers attended an impressive religious service Friday prior to the burial of the body of ex-President Kruger. Several ministers of the Dutch church spoke, all eulogizing the ex-president for his exemplary religi-ous life and as a lover of his people. An immense crowd filed through the death chamber throughout the morning. The coffin was draped with the Tiansvaal and Orange Free State flags. The procession to the cemetery was large. Mr. Kruger was buried beside his wife.

## FLOCKING INTO CANADA

IMMIGRATION FROM DAKOTA AND ADJOINING STATES.

Major Edwards, United States Consul-General at Montreal, Describes the Movement as Due to Scarcity of Land.

Montreal, Nov. 15 .- Major Allisona Edwards, United States Consul-General, who returned to-day from a visit; to his home at Fargo, North Dakota, said in an interview: "The properway to describe the manner in which. the people of North Dakota are coming over into Western Canada is tosay they are coming over in droves. Among the people there did not seem. to be any thought of there being a. boundary line at all. It is simply a question," added the major, "of therenot being any more land in North Dakota and the surrounding States, and the people are flocking to Canada to get good farms. Naturally the number that will come over will increase all the time, and I may say the people you are getting are the best people in. the west. They are well supplied with money and are well acquainted with the conditions under which they will have to work." The agents of the Government located at different points in the United States are prepared to give the fullest information regarding; homestead and other lands.

## "CIMLETS" BORED THEM.

Book of Conceited Author Lackeds Popularity with the Reading Public.

Though Robert W. Chambers is a popular author, he will rarely talk about his books, says a literary exchange.

"I hate literary conceit," he said the other day. "If an architect builds a good house, his friends, on account of it, don't regard him as a god, and he doesn't regard himself as a god. The same with an engineer. If he builds a good bridge it is in the day's work, and that is all there is about it. But if a man writes a good book, why, then there must be genius in him, and before this genius he himself, as well as all the world, must bow down. Rot.

"Literary conceit is distasteful to me,"

bow down. Rot. "Literary conceit is distasteful to me," "Literary conceit is distasteful to me," Mr. Chambers said, "and I like to see it taken down. It was well taken down in the case of a New York man recently. He has written a novel, 'Gimlets,' and the public libraries have put this book on their shelves. The man called at one-of the libraries to find out how his work was going with the public. He hoped to-have his vanity tickled a little.

"Is "Gimlets" in? he said to the librarian.

brarian.
"'It never was out,' was the reply."

Pa's Idea.

Willie—Pa, what is a "temperance-man," anyway?
Pa—A "temperance man," my son, is a man who boasts intemperately of the-fact that he drinks water to excess.—
Philadelphia Press.

The Peruna Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.

The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1905 Almanac is already published, and the supply will; soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Getter taken.

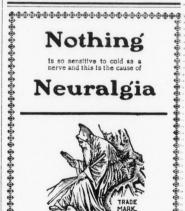
The United States has granted 3,500 patents to women, but as yet there is no device for keeping a hat on straight.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles. Itching, Blind. Bleeding or Protruding Piles.
Your druggist will refund money if Pazo.
OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

To proffer a small sum as a bribe is an asult.—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infalli-ble medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Unexpected personal prominence dims many a well-kept halo.—Judge.



# St.Jacobs Oil

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Don't believe rheuma-tism can be cured by rub-bing liniment or oil on the sore spot. The disease cannot be reached in that way. It must be taken out of the system. Celery King cures rheumatism. 25c.

Best

2052

The

A. N. K.-C

PISO'S CURE FOR N Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use CONSUMPTION