CAMERON COUNTY PRESS

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fity cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

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Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.
Business cards, five lines or less, to per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

local inserted for less than 75 cents per

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law o paper will be discontinued until arrear-s are paid, except at the option of the pub-

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A train on the Great Western railway recently eclipsed all records for the conveyance of American mail be-tween Plymouth and London, covering the distance of 247 miles in 237 min-utes. The last 118 miles of the run was made in 99 minutes.

It is asserted by a sculptor that the human foot is becoming smaller. The masculine foot of 20 centuries ago was about 12 inches long. The average man's foot of to-day is easily fitted with a No. 8½ shoe, which is not more than 10 7-16 inches in length.

A Monroe county man who invested \$529 in sheep last fall has sold \$227 worth of wool, has 143 lambs that will average 80 pounds when ready for market, which at four cents a pound makes them worth \$572. Total income from his flock of sheep \$799, and he still has the sheep. Not one of them has got away from him.

The general commerce of Newfoundland during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, amounted in value to \$18,-456,448, of which \$8,479,944 represented imports and \$9,976,504 exports. The year preceding the combined imports and exports amounted to \$17,389,209, while in 1899 they totaled only \$13 .-Within the last ten years the general commerce has increased 42 per

American thrashing machines have been used in Peru this year for the first time, in lieu of the old system of having the rice trodden out by horses. Other rice growers will probably soon be induced to follow this example. Thrashers of this class, as well as their motors, should be very light in construction, with broad wheels for use in moist ground, in order to meet the popular fancy there.

Argentina has the greatest number of sheep of any country, but derives relatively the least benefit from them. This is due, in part, to the quality not having yet been sufficiently refined, in part to negligence in the care of the sheep, and lastly, to the prevalence of scab, the curing of which has not been made obligatory. In Australia curing this disease was made compulsory 30 years ago.

the imposition of the \$7 a ton duty on imports of steel rails will mean an advantage of \$16 a ton for the Canadian manufacturers over those of the United States, as follows: Duty, \$7 ton: bounty in Ontario on pig iron from Canada ore. \$1 a ton: federal bounty. \$2.25; federal bounty on steel ingots, \$2.25; special duty under "dumping" clause, \$3.50; total, \$16.

There are 39 mortgage banks in Germany whose outstanding bonds amount to \$1,837,964,520. These mortgage bonds are secured by mortgages on town and country real estate, in return for which the mortgage banks loan money at 4 to 5 per cent. interest per annum. The bonds issued by the banks, bearing $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 per cent, interest, are a popular form of investment, being considered as safe as government or municipal bonds.

The longest fence in the world is that which has been erected by a cattle company along the Mexican border. It is 75 miles in length, and separates exactly for its entire distance the two republics. The fence was built to keep the cattle from running across the border and falling an easy prey to the Mexican cow punchers. Although it cost a great deal of money, it is estimated that cattle enough will be saved in one year to more than pay for it.

Chile has possibly used more postage stamps which were first intended for revenue purposes than any other country. In 1880 the 1c, 2c, 5c, 10c and 20c, as well as the 1 and 1 pesos tax stamps, were used postally. The 5c blue fiscals were also used in Iquique during the war of the rebellion. In 1891 the 2c, 10c and 20c telegraphs were used for postage. Many fraudu-lent specimens of the latter exist, and even the postmarks have been counter

A recent order providing for the killing of beavers in a public park in Germany, because the animals had almost undermined the whole island on which the park is laid out, is interesting because it shows that the beaver is not a purely American animal. Instead of that being so, the fact is that beavers used to be found in many parts of Europe, and there are still a few in the Elbe river near Berlin, where they are protected and propagated by the government.

AFTER THE EARTHQUAKE.



Election returns, which are just being received in some of the interior points in southeast Missouri, have startled many Democrats, some of whom have petitioned the Legislature to cut off their counties and add them to Arkansas. Others threaten to move at once to Arkansas.-News Item. -Chicago Inter Ocean.

the republican side. Another and more

gradual element was at work, and that was the natural growth of republic-anism, which resulted in a more rapid

son or incidental feature made Missouri

republican is to argue that the state is

was won by its indomitable republican

army, which returned to its task after

every defeat with more ardor and de-

termination than ever. And if the party

makes the best use of its opportunities,

republican Missouri has come to stay.

GATHERING IN THE SHEEP.

Bryan in the Shepherd Act Out After

the Wanderers from

His Fold.

Shepherd Bryan has issued a call for

the wandering sheep to come home

There are comparative degrees even in

defeat, and Mr. Bryan holds that he de-

licked so badly as Parker, says the Troy

Bryan charitably says of Parker: "He

did as well as he could." This suggests

the western flddler, whose audience was

advised for the same reason not to shoot

tion of the country which read: "He

did his darnedest; angels could do no

ex-judge down easy he insists that Par-

ker's gold telegram was "embarrassing

and that although he was supported by

Cleveland and the other bolters of 1896

his defeat was greater than Bryan's in

Bryan is undoubtedly correct in say-

ing—and the conditions justify his say-ing it—that "the result was due to the

was more than could be said of the man

double dealing, and who deserved the

to him by the people.

pulverizing treatment which was given

Let the Bryanites get together under

their typical and rightful leader, and let

the fight be an open one. The people will

then dispose of Mr. Bryan and his sheep

with just as much alacrity as they at-

tacked the democratic mutton recently.

Bryan says he will not reorganize

the democratic party. Hearst makes

denial and so does Watson. Really, the democrats are better off than was

"The man who said that figures

feared .- Indianapolis Star.

nomination was secured by

to the democrats of the west and south,

While Mr. Bryan is disposed to let the

him; also that epitaph in the same sec-

(N. Y.) Times.

spite of that bolt.

WINNING OF MISSOURI.

Democratic Crookedness Finally Overcome by Honest Republican Methods.

It has been a work of years to make Missouri a republican state. The credit for the change must be distributed among all the educative influences that have been steadily, earnestly and dis-interestedly at work to reach the convictions of the people. When a ma-jority of the voters of the state concluded that the dominant party was unfaithful, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, its speedy defeat became certainty. Testimony to this effect had to be piled up persuasively and clinched beyond the possibility of denial before substantial progress could be made. A party long in power cannot be overthrown without a prolonged siege of this nature. Democratic newspapers in Missouri claim that the state was lost because many members of the party failed to vote. How far this view correct cannot be known until the full official returns are published and exact comparisons are possible. But in any case, the voter who stays at home in a year of general election is dissatisfied with his party to the extent of condemning its platform or nominees, or both. The attitude of censure is there, though it stops short of a vote for the other party. The democrats for the other party. The democrats lost Missouri in 1894 by the stay-at-home tendency, and carried the state therefore only by a change of party front and a fusion with populists, together with the aid of partisan laws in-

Republican Missouri is here through the persistent efforts to present the facts about political conditions in the state. No one man or set of men carried Missouri. It was won by the searchlight of truth, and every zealous republican worker and newspaper in the state assisted. It is three years since the Cardwell investigation proved that lagislatures in this state were lagislatures in this state were campaign funds. Democratic state chairmen and some democratic state officials, it was shown, handled this secret money, and, after the legislature met, personally importuned members to ple. But he is a fair fighter, and everyvote for monopolistic interests, on the ground that they had supplied cam-paign cash. The Cardwell case was guddenly stopped by a scandalous pay-ment of hush money. At the same time "crooked and indefensible methods," first by the policy of silence and then by a strong light was turned on the conversion of the school fund in government bonds into a debt supported by state taxation. That hole was patched by a tell-tale constitutional amendment two years ago, but in all except the three state board cities there was a ma-Jority against the juggling amendment. Missourians had been shown to this important extent in the election of 1902.

vented to falsify elections in the large

cities.

Then came the alum developments leading to the resignation of the lieutenant governor, and the exposure of another state official, who was heavily scratched and defeated for another term in the recent election. The democratic platform, outside of its contradictory won't lie," remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "evidently never indorsement of state administrations for 30 years, was an indictment of the party itself. These are the considerations that have turned Missouri to -Yonkers Statesman.

Roosevelt's Treatment of Trusts.

There is no doubt at present in the public mind regarding the intention of the administration to enforce the laws corporation that shall be found violating them. It is not expected by those who are able to take or extreme measures will be adopted. confidently be predicted that any cor- (Ind. Dem.).

poration shown to be violating the laws will be made to feel the strong hand of the government.—Omaha Bee.

FHello! The democratic national ticket made up already? Douglas and a sane view of conditions that any rash Folk, eh? One fond of his own face, and willing to see it on the banner; the It is safe to say that it is not the pur- other representative of a lingering ethpose to enter upon a sweeping war-fare against corporations, the effect of labor unions and the other the minis-One holds the which would be seriously to disturb the business of the country. But it can might be achieved.—Brooklyn Eagle

WORK OF LIFE SAVING SERVICE

ASSISTANCE RENDERED TO 1,061 VESSELS LAST YEAR.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE RESCUED.

Great Deal of Property Saved - The Total Number of Disasters to Vessels of All Kinds Was 770.

Washington, Dec. 2.-The annual report of the superintendent of the life saving service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904, shows that during the year assistance was rendered by life saving crews to 1,061 vessels of all kinds, involving the lives of more than 3,300 persons, and property to the value of nearly \$7,000,000. The crews also rescued 103 persons not on board vessels from various perilous situations, and through signal warnings of the beach patrols saved from possible disaster 161 vessels in dan-ger of stranding. The vessels wrecked

were generally of small tonnage.

There were 359 casualties to registered vessels, involving 2,525 persons, of whom 21 were lost. The estimated value of these vessels was \$4,698,855, and of their cargoes \$1,757,925, making the total estimated value of property imperiled \$6,456,780. Of this amount there was saved \$5,089,950, and \$1,366,830 was lost. Of the 259 vessels which suffered disaster 50 were totally lost.

Among the smaller craft, not regis-Among the smaller craft, not registered, such as sailboats, rowboats, pleasure launches, etc., 411 casualties occurred, periling the lives of 803 persons, of whom 13 were lost. The value of these vessels with their cargoes was estimated at \$248,750, with a loss of \$8,620. This makes the total number of disasters to vessels of all kinds 770, with a valuation of \$6,705.530, of 770, with a valuation of \$6,705,530, of 770, with a valuation of \$6,705,530, of which \$5,330,080 was saved and \$1,375,450 was lost. The total number of persons involved was 3,328, of whom 34 lost their lives.

The net expenditure for the main-

tenance of the service during the fis-cal year was \$1,766,446.

ratio of increase than was seen in any other party. To say that any one per-The life saving lines now extend practically unbroken from Maine to the Carolinas and have connection at swayed by ephemeral matters, which is most decidedly not the case. Missouri all important points with the commer-cial telephone and telegraph lines of the country, and also, where desirable, with the lighthouses and weather bureau offices on the coast. The life saving stations the report savs constitute an important factor in the sys-tem of coast guard patrol maintained by the navy department for protect ing the coast in time of war, and the wireless telegraph system now being tested by the navy, when sufficiently perfected will be extended to the life saving stations.

The telephone service on the great lakes has been materially improved auring the year.

TWO COLLISIONS.

One Occurred Near Fairpoint, O., and serves the support of the democratic the Other at Stocksland, Va.—Four People Killed. party in the future because he was not

Wheeling, W. Va., Dec. 2.-Last evening in the tunnel near Fairpoint. 17 miles west of Wheeling, on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling divi-sion of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, son of the Baitmore & Onio railroad, occurred a fatal freight wreck by the collision of two sections of a west-bound freight. The dead:

W. White, engineer of second section, of Uhrichsville, O., killed instable.

stantly.

J. S. Bevington, brakeman of second section, of McKeesport, Pa., crushed badly; died at hospital. The injured:

Edward C. Miller, fireman of second section, of Holloway, O., shoulder fractured, serious.

The colliding trains were running about 30 car lengths apart, when the first section was held up in the Fair-point tunnel and before the flagman could emerge from the smoke the second section crashed into it.

Danville, Va., Dec. 2.—A head-on collision between two trains on the Danville & Western division of the Southern railway at Stocksland, five miles above this city, Thursday, resulted in the death of Shepherd Bryan is wrong in his belief Minter, of Stockton, and Samu-l as to what is good for the American peoples, a colored brakeman. Richard Hairston, a colored fireman, was seribody knows just where he stands. This injured and probably will die. Three other trainmen were injured.

Nissen Is Dead.

Stevensville, Mich., Dec. 2.-Peter Nissen, who started across Lake Michigan in his boat called "Fool Killer No. 3" was found dead on the beach, two miles and a half west of here, Thursday. His "Fool Killer" beach, two miles and a half west of here, Thursday. His "Fool Killer" was about 20 rods down the beach from the body and was considerably damaged. A life preserver and his overcoat were fastened to the basket shaped car in the boat. The body was brought to Stevensville. The hands and face are frozen.

A Firm of Brokers Failed.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.-Richmond & Co. local brokers, closed their doors terday. The firm of Richmond & has offices at Buffalo and in addition to their Pittsburg headquarters have scores of correspondents situated in many of the small cities in New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Maryland and Canada.

Three Firemen are Killed.

Oneonta, N. Y., Dec. 2.-Three men were killed, several others had narrow escapes from death and property valued at \$40,000 was destroyed in a ollision between two freight trains on the Delaware & Hudson railroad lear here yesterday. The dead men were all firemen. They were: F. A. Iartin, Cooperstown: Frank Pratt, Dneonta; George Williams, Worcester A fast freight train, westlowed. cer. A fast freight train, westbound. running at the rate of 40 miles an hour, crashed into an extra freight which was being shunted off to a side

TWICE-TOLD TALES.

James Jeffrey Roche was having a chat with President Roosevelt in the white house recently when the tele-phone began to ring. There seemed so the president performed the duty himself. The visitor says that this conversation took place: "Well, what is it?" "Hello, is Archie there?" "No, he's not." "Who's this I'm talking he's not." "Who's this I'm talking to?" "The president." "Well, you'll do. Tell Archie to come over and play ball." And the president proceeded to execute the order as directed.

An irascible old colonel who used to play golf at Sandwich, on the River Stour in England, had a habit, common with many, of blaming everybody but himself for his bad strokes. Finally one day, becoming badly bunkered, he first took mighty vengeance on the turf with his club. Then, glaring around in expectation of the usual friendly comments, and nobody saying anything, he blurted out: "How can you expect a man to play decent golf on these cursed links with ships passing up and down the channel?"

Two fashionable women were recently calling on a new neighbor, and while awaiting her appearance a little girl came into the room, evidently bent upon the rescue of a doll recently abandoned there. Naturally she was viewed with some curiosity, and one of the callers, secure in the child's obviously tender age, spelled a low-voiced comment: "Not very p-r-e-t-t-y." To her horror, the small maiden paused on the threshold, and, fixing a contemptuous eye upon the culprit, remarked, with lofty composure:
"No, not very p-r-e-t-t-y, but rather
s-m-a-r-t!"

Prof. Simon Newcomb tells of the following incident which occurred during a recent visit paid by several young western women to the Wash-ington observatory. "I had done my best," said the astronomer, "to answer with credit to the government and to myself the running fire of questions which my fair callers propounded. I think I had named even the remotest constellations for them, and was congratulating myself upon the outcome, when one of the younger members of the party interjected: 'But, as it has never been proved that the stars are inhabited, how do the astronomers ever find out their names?"

RAILWAY RUMOR.

American railways handle about \$12,-000,000 worth of grain a year.

A new railroad planned to scale Grays Peak, near Dillon, Col., will attain a height at least 200 feet greater than the road which climbs Pike's Peak.

The experiment made about a year ago of employing Mexican porters in Pullman cars has not been successful. Forty Mexicans have entered the service of the Pullman company, and of that number only five are left.

Timothy J. Lee, an American locomo tive engineer, has been held responsible for the wrecking of a train he was driving, near Zacatecas, Mexico, and sentenced to hard labor in the salt mines for four years. He was badly hurt in the wreck. His brother is a Denver police captain.

The Southern Pacific company has forbidden its men to bring cocaine into its yards or shops. It has been customary for the men to use it when they get a cinder in an eye, but it has been used for other purposes; and, besides, the doctors say, its unskilled use in the eye is dangerous. The men have the use of a well-equipped emergency hospital.

Of the sum which had been invested in the world's railroads at the close of 1902 it is estimated, according to the English Railway Magazine, that more than £3,760,000,000 has been spent on 184,-000 miles of European railroad and £3,232,000,000 on the 337,000 miles owned by the rest of the world. On this basis it is found the roads of Europe represent an investment of £22.952 a mile, while those of the rest of the world average £11,402. Great Britain's railroads repstanding at £51,368, while those of Belgium come next with £30,048.

WOLVES HELD AT BAY

A GREEDY PACK OF ILLS SURROUND A CLERGYMAN'S WIFE.

Through the Arrival of Timely Aid She Escapes from the Terrors of a Prolonged Siege.

The Rev. W. A. Denton, of Girard, The Rev. W. A. Denton, of Girard, Crawford county, Kansas, tells the following story of a harrowing experience of one of the members of his family see My wife," he says, "was assailed for fifteen years by a combination of ailments following the birth of our first child. The food she ate fermented in her storagely she had frequent dizer. her stomach, she had frequent dizzy spells, her limbs were swollen and pain-ful, her nerves were quite shattered, she was unable to sleep and she was many times on the verge of heart failure.

"Physicians gave her only temporary relief. Finally the favorable reports of some relatives and neighbors led her to make trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She experi-rienced improvement almost at once. They relieved her sleeplessness, the smothering sensations have disappeared and have not annoyed her for years. freed her from stomach trouble and the dropsical tendency was mitigated. The progress of the rheumatism, which had begun to make her fingers crooked, was stayed and the pain. was banished. In every respect they gave her more help than any other remedy she had ever used, and she is today

in better health than for many years.
"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are our staple household remedy, and I am in the habit of recommending them to all who suffer from troubles like those which afflicted my wife."

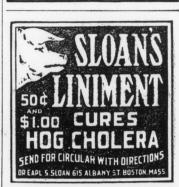
All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and repair shattered nerves are contained, in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink, Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppression, irregularities and all forms: of weakness. In men they effect a rade ical cure in all cases arising from mental strain, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pille. are sold in boxes at fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams Med. icine Company, Schenectady, N.Y. Be sure you get the genuine; substitutes never cured anybody.

Do you catch cold easily? Does the cold hang on? Try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung

It cures the most stubborn kind of coughs and colds. If it doesn't cure you, your money will be refunded.

S. C. WELLS & Co. 3 LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can.



SHORT AND SAPIENT.

Society is the mother of convention and quite often it deserves its child. There is no better way of emptying. the mind of evil than by filling it with good.

A man forgives the enemies he has worsted, but not those who have worsted him.

When a ma "that tired feeling" he also makes his friends tired.

Penetration is the cardinal virtue of St. Jacobs Oil

Rheumatism

It penetrates to the seat of torture as no other external remedy has been known to do and thousands certify to cures. Price 25c. and 50c.

