

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor. Published Every Thursday.

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JOB PRINTING: The Job department of the Press is complete and ready for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

According to the Minister of Trade and Commerce of Canada, the sum of \$80,549 was paid out in bounties on pig iron and steel ingots during the year ended June 30, 1904.

The Italian ministry of posts and telegraphs has received authority from the parliament to establish telephonic connections between Brescia and Bergamo; Lecco and Bergamo; Cremona and Piacenza; Genoa, Pisa and Leghorn; Naples, Foggia and Barletta; Naples, Reggio, Calabria and Messina.

The Japanese have a race of silk-worms to which they apply a name the equivalent of "the beggar." These worms feed greedily upon withered or otherwise spoiled leaves, which one of the self-respecting race of silk-worms wouldn't touch.

The international road over the Grand St. Bernard Pass was opened on August 25, 1904. For the first time, on that day a carriage starting from the Hotel du Mont Blanc, in Martigny, Canton of Valais, Switzerland, for Aosta, Italy.

Only the very rich have fences around their farms in Japan. The Japanese do not like to spare the square feet a fence would take up. If a border around a field is necessary, it is made of mulberry trees, the leaves of which are good for silk-worms.

It is estimated that 5,000 cases of preventable typhoid fever have occurred in Philadelphia within a year, 10 per cent of which resulted in death. By figuring the money value of each life lost at \$1,000 and computing the expenses and loss of time it is found that the total charge against this disease in this one city for the period of a year is over \$1,550,000.

An expert statistician figures that there are to-day some 5,000,000 of adult males that is, one out of every three, in this country who carry life insurance, outside of the fraternal orders and the like. There were, at the end of last year, nearly 19,000,000 policies in force.

In spite of the fact that man is not an instinctive swimmer, as is the case with most of the lower animals, he excels all of the latter in aquatic endurance. It is reported that, in attempting to swim the English channel recently, a man covered 30 miles before he succumbed to exhaustion. The only land animals that are known to be able to approximate such a feat are the bear, horse and deer.

Most of our maps of Asia are drawn to a small scale, and, on such maps, the Japanese archipelago fills little space. But she is larger than England and more populous. She has 6,000,000 more people than France. She sent six armies over sea within six months, every one of which was as big as either army that met at Waterloo. She has sent to Manchuria twice as many soldiers in six months as England sent to South Africa in two years.

The heavy falling-off in exports of wheat from the United States since the 1903 harvest has probably been the most unexpected and surprising occurrence of equal importance in the foreign grain trade of the United States in many years. And there have been few years, if any, when such an unanticipated shortage of American wheat in the world's markets would not have produced serious results.

Abyssinia is being provided with the telephone—another advance, surely, of civilization. Nearly 800 miles of wire have been put up, and 1,000 more are in process of construction. It would seem, however, that the contractor who is doing the work for the Abyssinian government has had to encounter unusual difficulties. Tropical rains wash out the poles, white ants eat away the parts in the ground, and when iron poles are substituted for wood the natives steal them to make tools of. Monkeys find the wire delightful swings.

MR. CLEVELAND ON THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.



Grover—You Want to Watch Out for This Hole in the Platform, Parker; You'd Go Right Through.—Minneapolis Journal.

NEGRO AND DEMOCRATS.

Policy of Dealing with Colored Voters Which Will Never Accomplish Anything.

The democratic campaign this year is full of inconsistencies and contradictions. The candidate for president is a tariff reformer of advanced ideas; the candidate for vice president is a tariff beneficiary and would deal with the tariff with tender gentleness.

And Mr. Hornaday, in his letter from Baltimore, pointed out another curious contradiction in democratic methods. Maryland is one of the states the democrats must carry. In that state for many years Senator Gorman has been the democratic boss.

That is the policy of dealing with the negro in the state of Maryland, where Gorman is the controlling force in democratic politics. But at the same time the democratic managers at national headquarters, of whom Mr. Gorman is one, are putting forth unusual efforts to win negro votes in the doubtful northern states.

It is perfectly proper, of course, for the democratic managers to seek in all legitimate ways to win negroes to their party. But we do not believe that they can influence any considerable number of them in northern states, while in the south they are denying them all political rights.

Only a few weeks ago, or, to be exact, at the democratic national convention, we heard much of the "passing of Bryan." The only thing in the corpse line that appears to equal Bryan in activity is the Mad Mullah.—Indianapolis Star.

Four years ago the issue was the full dinner pail. This year the issue at the south is the Booker Washington luncheon. In the course of time we may develop a pie-for-breakfast party.—Chicago Chronicle.

In spite of all the bloodthirst and militarism of which his opponents so delight in telling, President Theodore Roosevelt, a strenuous American, is the only ruler of a nation to whom the peace congress thinks it of any use to appeal. That is one of the striking facts of the campaign on which timorous voters may dwell with profit.—Boston Transcript.

HIS UNIFORM A DISGRACE?

Fanatical Attacks Upon Roosevelt Because of Spanish War Record.

By the eastern papers Roosevelt continues to be held up to ridicule, contempt, abuse, scorn, and laughter in the uniform of an American soldier, as if apparently that garb were the very livery of the devil, says the Chicago Tribune.

That Roosevelt should be held in disesteem simply because he went to the front in the Spanish war is the result of a peculiar psychological process which came about thus:

The "anti-imperialists" of the Atlantic coast are rabid in their earnestness. They feel that the acquisition of the Philippines and Porto Rico was the great American crime of last century. The Spanish war brought the Philippines and Porto Rico under our flag. The Spanish war, therefore, was an unspeakable crime.

It has been mental processes such as these which have fostered in the minds of the eastern editors the delusion that Roosevelt can be successfully damned by picturing him in an American uniform. And the eastern editors have been subject to such mental processes because they do too much cloister work. They go into their editorial sanctums, lock the door, and think out the problems of the universe.

A future age may call them seers, but this age calls them cranks. If these editors would come down off Mount Sinai they would possess more common sense and more influence. They would cease to be merely the Brahmins of a small, self-centered, and intensely self-satisfied intellectual caste.

POLITICAL PRESS POINTS.

Mr. Bryan's next job will be to save Indiana.—Chicago Tribune.

The Parker party is not suffering from suspense. Its trouble is a dead wait after missing the train.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

President Roosevelt is for peace with honor, as against the Esopian contention of peace at any price.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

If Judge Parker won't take the stump, he should at least remove Chairman Tom Taggart's muzzle. The campaign is dull.—Philadelphia Press.

Judge Parker hastened home from New York to see how the fall plowing was progressing. More things are expected to turn up in the furrow than in New York.—Des Moines Register and Leader.

Just why the democrats and free traders object to our manufacturers building up a foreign trade is hard to guess, unless they object to the American being constantly employed and well paid. They will hardly win votes for their candidate on this issue.—Oswego Times.

The democratic managers have compiled a list of shutdown mills during the Roosevelt administration. A glance at the list shows that nine-tenths of the mills and factories closed were temporarily shut down for repairs. The list is a "fake."—Springfield (Ill.) Journal.

Bryan's declaration that Nebraska will go for Roosevelt has given the democrats at national headquarters great offense. But Bryan knows how his state will go—he has seen it so many times—and understands the uselessness of attempting a bluff.—Philadelphia Press.

TO QUIET FEARS IN PANAMA.

SECRETARY TAFT IS ORDERED TO GO TO THE ISTHMIUS.

The Secretary of War Has Been Deputed to Assure the Panama Government of the Good Intentions of the United States.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The following letter has been sent by the president to the secretary of war after a conference with the secretary of state and the secretary of war in respect to the conditions in Panama:

"Sir—By executive order of May 9, 1904, I placed under your immediate supervision the work of the isthmian canal commission, both in the construction of the canal and in the exercise of such governmental powers as it seemed necessary for the United States to exercise under the treaty with the republic of Panama in the canal strip. There is ground for believing that in the execution of the rights conferred by the treaty the people of Panama have been unduly alarmed at the effect of the establishment of a government in the canal strip by the commission.

"The United States is about to confer on the people of the state of Panama a very great benefit by the expenditure of millions of dollars in the construction of the canal. But this fact must not blind us to the importance of so exercising the authority given us under the treaty with Panama as to avoid creating any suspicion, however unfounded, of our intentions as to the future. We have not the slightest intention of establishing an independent colony in the middle of the state of Panama, or of exercising any greater governmental functions than are necessary to enable us to construct, maintain and operate the canal, under the rights given us by the treaty. Least of all do we desire to interfere with the business and prosperity of the people of Panama.

"However far a just construction of the treaty might enable us to go, did the exigencies of the case require it, in asserting the equivalent of sovereignty over the canal strip, it is our full intention that the rights which we exercise shall be exercised with all proper care for the honor and interests of the people of Panama. The exercise of such powers as are given us by the treaty within the geographical boundaries of the republic of Panama may easily, if a real sympathy for both the present and future welfare of the people of Panama is not shown, create distrust of the American government.

"I have concluded that it will be of great advantage if you can visit the isthmus of Panama in person and hold a conference with the president and other governmental authorities of the republic of Panama. You are authorized in doing this to take with you such persons as you desire, familiar with the conditions in the isthmus, who may aid you with their counsel. The earlier you are able to make this visit the better. You will advise the president of the republic what the policy of this government is to be and assure him that it is not the purpose of the United States to take advantage of the rights conferred upon it by the treaty to interfere with the welfare and prosperity of the state of Panama or of the cities of Colon and Panama. You will make due report of the result of your visit on your return. Very truly yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Senor Obaldia, minister of Panama to the United States, held a conference with the secretary of state and secretary of war subsequent to the receipt of this letter, and the secretary of war invited the minister to accompany him on his trip to Panama. It is impossible to say exactly when the secretary of war can leave for Panama, but probably on November 14.

Judge Mazon, the law officer of the canal commission and of the bureau of insular affairs, who has been of much assistance in framing regulations for the canal strip, also will be of the party. The members of the senate and house committees dealing with isthmian affairs will be invited.

"COLONIZATION" FRAUDS.

Trial of Two New Yorkers Accused of a Serious Offense Begins.

New York, Oct. 26.—Richard Van Cott, son of the postmaster of New York, and republican candidate for the assembly in the Fifth district, and Bankson McAvoy, cashier in the general postoffice, a republican worker in the Fifth district, were arraigned yesterday on a charge of having colonized in the district non-resident citizens, with the purpose of voting them at the coming election. Benjamin D. Levy, who is said to have made a confession relative to the case, was a witness.

Slips bearing the addresses of houses where the men are alleged to lodge were identified by Levy as papers given to him by Van Cott. Levy said the bargain between him and McAvoy about procuring men was: "One dollar for registration, six weeks' board and a couple of dollars for the vote on election day."

Marines Guard a Shipyard.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—In compliance with an order received at the League Island navy yard from Washington a detail of marines was sent yesterday to Cramp's shipyard to guard the armored cruiser Pennsylvania, which is receiving the finishing touches preparatory to a builder's trial. On the ways are the cruiser Tennessee and the battleships Idaho and Mississippi. With the regularly detailed watchers employed by the Cramp Co. the marines will pay special attention to the Pennsylvania's and Tennessee.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

During the Year Ended June 30, 1904, 3,787 Lives Were Lost and 51,343 Persons Injured in America.

Washington, Oct. 19.—A report issued by the inter-state commerce commission shows that the total number of casualties to persons on railroads in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, was 55,130, comprising 3,787 killed and 51,343 injured. This shows a large increase.

The total number of collisions and derailments was 11,291, involving \$9,383,077 of damage to cars, engines and roadway. This is an increase of 648 collisions and derailments.

The casualties were an increase of 233 killed and of 5,366 injured over the preceding year. Four hundred and twenty of those killed were passengers and 3,367 railroad employees, and of those injured 8,077 were passengers and 43,266 railroad employees. Included in these figures are the statistics for the last three months of the year, which show a total of 677 killed and 11,418 injured, a decrease from the preceding quarter.

These figures do not include casualties at highway crossings, to trespassers or persons walking along the track, in shops remote from the railroad or to employes not actually on duty; nor trifling accidents to employes which did not prevent them from performing their accustomed service for more than three days in the aggregate, during the ten days immediately following the accidents.

The report says: "As the accident bulletins are issued to furnish the public with facts, this exhibit of the dangers of railroad travel—an exhibit which the most conservative must agree should be termed alarming—will not be made the subject of comment in this place."

MAJOR DELMAR WON GOLD CUP.

The Smathers Horse Defeated Lou Dillon at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 19.—C. K. G. Billings' Lou Dillon, the champion trotting mare, went down to defeat yesterday before Major Delmar, owned by E. E. Smathers, in the third and last contest for the Memphis gold cup, the feature race of the opening day of the fourth annual meeting of the Memphis Trotting association. After sustaining a terrific pace to the three-quarters pole in the first heat of the contest, it was apparent that the mare was in bad condition and she was pulled up, Major Delmar winning in a jog.

Despite a critical examination by veterinary surgeons who pronounced the mare affected by an ailment known to horsemen as the "thumps," Lou Dillon was again brought out on the track by Mr. Billings and against the advice of the veterinarians, he announced that, as a matter of form, he would start the mare in the second heat. Major Delmar rounded the course in easy time, Lou Dillon following at a slow trot. Mr. Smathers, representing the New York Driving club, becomes the permanent owner of the cup.

CLAIMED IT IS A FRAUD.

Chicago Police Raided the Office of a Home for Epileptics.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—The office of a home for epileptics was raided by the police yesterday. The books of the institution and the liveries of women solicitors were seized.

The raid was the result of an investigation made by Secretary Egan, of the state board of health, who notified Chief of Police O'Neill, charging that the home was a fraud.

The home, which is supposed to be in Blue Island, employs 12 women solicitors. In making their rounds they dress in green and white gowns cut after the fashion of the costume of Catholic Sisters of Charity.

The "home" has been in operation two years and no doubt of its genuineness ever was made public until a pseudo nun made charges against the institution. The 12 solicitors are said to collect from \$150 to \$200 a day.

Riot in an Irish Town.

Cork, Oct. 19.—A serious conflict between sympathizers with those who were arrested for participation in the evictor riots at Fellsport on October 12 and the police occurred at the hearing of the case at the River-town court house Tuesday. Over 20 people were injured in the disturbance, some of them being seriously hurt. When the Fellsport defendants were arraigned, the crowd in attendance, unable to secure admission to the court room, attacked the police. Over 100 of the latter formed up to maintain order and charged with their batons, striking right and left and dispersing the crowd.

Weinselmer is Convicted.

New York, Oct. 19.—The jury in the case of Philip Weinselmer, ex-president of the Building Trades Alliance, on trial for extortion, returned a verdict of guilty shortly before midnight last night. He was remanded to the Tombs until October 28, when sentence will be pronounced. Weinselmer has been on trial for more than a week in the court of special sessions.

Rubber Tire Factory Burned.

New York, Oct. 19.—Fire last night destroyed the works of the Anchor Rubber Tire Co. at Setauket, Long Island. The loss is estimated at \$200,000, most of which was upon machinery and finished and unfinished stock.

Election Officers Sentenced for Fraud.

Havana, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to La Lucha says that all five members of the Santiago provincial election returning board have been sentenced to 14 years and eight months' imprisonment for falsifying returns in order to seat several congressmen belonging to the moderate coalition. Leaders of the moderates in congress will appeal against the sentence to the supreme court. They claim that the moderate candidates in the province of Santiago had sufficient votes to elect them, apart from the questions of fraud.

ATTACKS DARWIN THEORY.

Holland Professor Electrifies Congress of Arts and Sciences by Denouncing Popular Idea.

Combating the theory of Darwin as to the origin of species and advancing a theory of his own which revolutionizes all ideas of biologists and phylogenists, Prof. Hugo De Vries, professor of botany in the University of Amsterdam, Holland, electrified 350 members of the congress of arts and science who gathered at the meeting of the section of phylogeny in convention hall at St. Louis recently.

His address, which gave for the first time to the scientific world in detail the results of a lifetime research, roused immediate interest, and following the eminent European, Prof. Charles O. Whitman, of the University of Chicago, took instant objection to his theories. President David Starr Jordan, the most noted of the defenders of Darwinism, and biologists from all sections of the world participated in the hot debate which followed.

Prof. De Vries does not wholly discredit Darwin. On the contrary, he rather emphasizes some of the main essentials of that renowned scientist, but in such a manner that if the thought of the Hollander becomes recognized as a basic principle of evolution Darwin must necessarily be relegated to the ranks of those who for a time have occupied the stage of action.

In theoretical language the thought of Prof. De Vries is in this strain: Natural selection is only a seine and is no force of nature, no direct force of nature as has so often been asserted. Artificial selection consists of two main principles, called variety-testing and racial improvement. Species as we see them in nature fluctuate within fixed limits which are not seen to be transgressed.

Silent Wedding Party.

Every member of the wedding party being a deaf-mute, the wedding of Miss Emma Blanche Warden, of Harrisburg, Pa., and James Ladd, of Blenheim Center, Potter county, was an unusual one. The ceremony was conducted at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Warden. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. F. C. Suleau, also of Williamsport. The Episcopalian ritual was followed, the sign language being used. The attendants were classmates of the bridal couple at the Mount Airy seminary.

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.

When the Back Aches and Bladder Troubles Set In, Get at the Cause.

Don't make the mistake of believing backache and bladder ills to be local ailments. Get at the cause and cure the kidneys. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

Capt. S. D. Hunter, of Engine No. 14, Pittsburg, Pa., Fire Department, and residing at 8729 Wythe Ave., says:

"It was three years ago that I used Doan's Kidney Pills for an attack of kidney trouble that was mostly backache, and they fixed me up fine. There is no mistake about that, and if I should ever be troubled again, I would get them first thing, as I know what they are. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y."

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Pommel Slicker. I followed the trail from Texas to Montana with a FISH BRAND Slicker, used for an overcoat which could, in need of a wind coat when windy, a rain coat when it rained, and for a cover at night if we got to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of my slicker than any other one article that I ever owned. (The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had on application.) Wet Weather Garments for Riding, Walking, Working, or Sporting. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, U.S.A. TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited TORONTO, CANADA.

Western Canada's Magnificent Crops for 1904

Western Canada's Wheat (over the year) will be 60,000,000 bushels, and wheat at present worth \$1.00 a bushel. The oat and barley crop will also yield abundantly. Splendid prices for all kinds of grain, cattle and other farm produce for the growing of which the climate is unsurpassed. About 150,000 Americans have settled in Western Canada during the past three years. Thousands of free Homesteads of 160 acres each still available in the best agricultural districts. It has been said that the United States will be forced to import wheat within a very few years. Secure a farm in Canada and become one of those who will help produce it. Apply for information to SUPERINTENDENT OF EMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada; or to H. H. WILLIAMS, Law Building, Toledo, Ohio. Authorized Canadian Government Agent.

TO TEXAS. A recent visitor to Texas (an experienced traveler) said that while each state claimed to be pre-eminent in some one natural product, Texas surpassed them all in their own specialty. A trip to Texas will reveal many chances for profitable investment. The M. K. & T. R. Y. reaches all the principal cities in Texas, passing through the most highly productive portion of the state. Low rates are in effect via "The Katy" from Missouri and Kansas points, on October 4th and 18th, at \$15.00 for the round trip; one way, \$10.00. For some new and interesting printed matter about Texas, address MKT "KATY" ST. LOUIS, MO.