## CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Per year. \$2 00 If pald in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

nd Official Advertising per square, s or less, \$2; each subsequent inser-

times or less, \$2; each subsequent inser-0 cents per square.

al notices to cents per line for one inser-on: 5 cents per line for each subsequent cutive insertion.

tuary notices over five lines, 10 cents per Simple announcements of births, mar-s and deaths will be inserted free, siness cards, five lines or less, \$5 per year; nye lines, at the regular rates of adver-

ocal inserted for less than 75 cents per

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention paid to Law Phisting.

No paper will be discontinued with

paper will be discontinued until arrear-re paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A few sheds erected in 1862 at Jamalapore, India, for repairs to rolling stock of the East India railway, have expanded into a plant covering 100 acres at the present time, and with an output valued at more than 5,000,000 rupees a year. There are 90,000 laborers employed, and in magnitude the shops are said to be exceeded only by those of the London & Northwestern Railway Co. at Crewe.

The quantity of wheat retained for consumption in the United States never reached 275,000,000 bushels prior to 1880. In 1881 it passed the 200,000,000 line and slowly increased with the population; in 1899 it was over 400,000,000 bushels; in 1902 it exyear ending June 30, 1904, was 517,-000,000 bushels-a greater total than

The sovereign who reigns over the smallest monarchy in the world is the king of Cocos, a group of islands near Sumatra. These islands were discovered about 300 years ago by the captain of the Keeling, but were comparatively little known till 1825. When Mr. Ross, an Englishman, visited them he was struck by their beauty and took up his abode there. It is his grandson, George Ross, who now holds sway over the Cocos.

According to a report of the Gerwhich sells annually more than \$510.

900 worth of agricultural implements in Omsk, has decided to erect a technical school in which persons with trained to use agricultural implements and to instruct farmers in their use. The company found that the lack of The company found that the lack of knowledge of agricultural machines for the navy were made with the apwas the greatest drawback to the development of its trade in that region.

The report for 1903 on the acreage and production of crops and the num-ber of live stock in Great Britain has ber of live stock in Great Britain has just been published by the board of agriculture. Of the 56,675,000 acres two great classes of appropriations is foreshore and tidal water, over 32, 225,000 acres are under crops and grass and 12,675,000 acres are occu pled by woods and plantations and 500,000 acres are covered by inland waters. Only 16 per cent. of the surface remains to be accounted for.

Lady Eleanor Wickham, the London society leader, has a craze for wearing little grass snakes for bracelets. She entices the reptiles to twine them-selves around her wrist, then she selves around her wrist, then she plunges her hands and arms into icy cold water for a few moments, with the result that the serpents become torpid and remain in a more or less comatose state for some hours. Thus she is able to preside at afternoon tea with her arms covered with living snakes as bracelets.

place of the Eskimo dog as a beast of burden in transporting passengers and freight over frozen snows. more enduring and tractable and free from the fits of ill temper that make pack of dogs troublesome to manag The dogs, too, must be fed, while the deer find their moss for themselves, deer find their moss for themselves, says a writer in Donahoe's. They also supply their possessors with whole-some, nutritious milk, even in the rigors of the polar winter, when and where no other milk can be had at any

The available farm land in Indian Territory is estimated at 15,090,000 acres. These figures are taken from the records of the Dawes commission Of this 15 per cent. was in cultivation last year. There will be an increase of at least 5 per cent. this year. Min-ing is the subject of considerable enterprise in Bolivia. The lode districts are situated, as a rule, on the higher mountainous parts of the elevated Bolivian plateaus, at an average altitude of about 13,000 feet above sea level. At such altitudes the climate is bracing and healthy.

As the Chesapeake oyster crop has grown annually less, the general demand has grown annually greater. The oyster appetite prevails from the Alleghanies to the Rockies, and the great interior has in the past looked to the Chesapeake bay to meet the de-mand for the savory mollusk. But in recent years this general demand has been supplied largely from the bayous and estuaries of the gulf coast. The inlets from the Long Island Sound and those that indent the coast of New Jersey are also producing an output of high-grade oysters.

#### TALKING THROUGH HIS HAT.



#### GROWTH OF THE COUNTRY

National Expenditures Have Simply Kept Pace with the Nation's Unique Development.

If Mr. Parker would consent to descend to particulars instead of dealing with generalities when on the subject of national expenditure the American people would have more respect for It is all very well to denounce extravagance, but such denunciations have little or no effect on the public mind. It is absurd to institute comparisons between expenditures of different periods, for they depend upon the national growth and could only be fairly compared if the country were in an arrested stage of development. Judge Parker points out that during Mr. Cleveland's first term the average annual disbursements of the government were much less than they are at present but he does not let us know ceeded 500,000,000, and in the fiscal whether anything was accomplished in the way of properly meeting the national needs during the democratic administration. It may happen to have been the case that the smaller sum expended during Cleveland's term represents a greater degree of extravagance than the larger disbursements of later years. At any rate, it is up to the critics of republican expenditures to point out in which items extravagance is displayed, and not to confine themselves to wholesale denunciation of totals. The reason why Judge Parker does

not particularize is known to everyone who has any familiarity with the subject of national expenditure. If he should attempt, says the San Francisco he objected to the increased expenditures for naval purposes, it would be proval of the major part of the democrats in congress. If he has a quarrel with the size of the pension list, it must be with democrats as well as republicans, for the appropriations for which form Great Britain, exclusive of true of all others. The record does not show any consistent or persistent attempt on the part of the democrats in congress to check expenditure. They are notoriously of the class which favors "the old flag and an appropria-tion," and the worst offenders in this regard are the members from the "solid whose chief reason for being in Washington seems to be to secure substantial recognition for their respective sections.

Apart from these considerations, it is preposterous to make a comparison of expenditures with Cleveland's first term without dwelling upon the growth of the country in the interval. Judge Parker says the average annual ex-penditures during Cleveland's first term amounted to \$269,000,000, and for the past three years they have been \$519,000,000. During this interval the population of the country has grown from 58,000,000 to 80,000,000; bank clearings have increased from \$55,000. 000,000 to \$114,000,000,000; exports of domestic merchandise from \$730,282,000 to \$1,392,000,000; bank deposits from \$4,035,622,914 to \$10,382,000,000; of mineral products from \$619,512,173 to \$1,260,649,265; insurance in force from \$4,049,578,567 to \$10,508,478,776; annual postage receipts from less than \$60,000,000 to about \$15,000,000,000. Is it astonishing that the expenditures should have kept pace with the development noted? Not to anyone familiar with the early history of the country, which shows that there has been a steady increase of disbursement under democratic as well as under republican administrations, and that process has never been checked without producing a marked deterioration of the public service, the efficiency of which can only be maintained by keeping it well abreast of the national

CFAnother reason why these 500 demcratic editors called upon Judge Parke was because postmasters are not elected by the people.-Chicago Journal.

CoTariff reductions amounting to more than \$100,000,000 a year in revenue have been made by the republican party during the period in which Judge Parker says no substantial reductions at all have been made. That gives the country and the wage carner a fair idea of the Parker notion of tariff reduction.—Buffalo News.

Ambiguous.

Nell-Did he like the duets we sang Belle—I can't tell from what he said "Why, what did he say?"

"He said I sang well, but that you were better still."—Philadelphia Led-

#### WAGES AND THE TARIFF.

More Than All Else Protection Protects the Welfare of the American Workingman.

The democratic platform denounces the protective tariff policy of the re-publican party as "a robbery of the nany for the enrichment of the few.' We cannot keep this assertion before the people and the wage earners too often. It will be iteration and reitera-Many eminent economists, with free-trade leanings, of course, have de clared that the only thing which protective tariff protects is labor. The democratic party, says the Wheeling Intelligencer, has declared otherwise.

The London Ironmonger some years ago declared strenuously that this is It stated that labor was the only thing which a protective tariff really protected. It has been asserted by many other statisticians that the protective tariff is all that keeps the wages of the American workingmen at the high level which they have reached. There are many people who would like to see these wages reduced to the Eupean level. They say it is wholly unnatural that the wage earners of the United States should receive wages so much higher than are paid by the other nations of the world. It is very likely that this is what troubles a good many free-traders of this country. They believe that we should get down to the level of wages in Europe, and that the only way to accomplish this is to get down to a free-trade basis. The framers of the democratic platform of 1892 probably had this idea in mind when they built the tariff plank in which they declared:

"We denounce republican protection as a fraud and a robbery of a great majority of the American people for the benefit of the few. We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the demo-cratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue only.

On the other hand, the republican party has always maintained that a protective tariff keeps up the wages the working people and protects the manufacturer from the low wage schedule of his European competitors. The vorking men who have looked into this subject are fully convinced that protective tariff protects There is no doubt about it.

### A POINT FOR YOUNG MEN.

Do They Agree with Judge Parker That Our Flag Should Come Down in Philippines?

The young men of the United States, by tens of thousands, bravely volunteered to put down insurrection in the Philippines. Our treaty with Spain touching the great archipelago on the far side of the Pacific was clinched by the valor and sacrifices of armies comthe valor and sacrinces of armies composed of young Americans. Judge Parker has just said in a letter that he is in favor of telling the hundreds of tribes in the Philippines at once that they will eventually be given independence on the same basis as the Cutton of the ship, shattering it to pieces, to the relief of the superstitions.

The vessel is 450 feet on the same basis as the Cutton of the ship, shattering it to pieces, to the relief of the superstitions. bans. That is to say, argues the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, we should now assure the Filipinos that their flag will go up and the United States flag come down: that we retain only a naval station by treaty; that the Filipinos conduct their own independent government, imposing a tariff against our goods, and, doubtless, increasing it, as Cuba has just done, and negotiating national loans to be distributed among Filipinos, also on the Cuban plan. it for this pulling down of the flag that the noble arimes of young Ameri-cans fought and hiked in the Philippines? Judge Parker's proposed surrender of the islands has not yet been discussed in this country. He has pledged himself to act now without popular debate or congressional consideration. His convention telegram and his letter on the Philippines show that he is an extremely unsafe man, erratic, premature and generally dangerous in his egotistic movements.

FIf Parker, Bryan and Cleveland all take the stump voters will be served with three kinds of democracy and may take their pick .- Boston Transcript.

"Not converted by telegrams," say the bankers attending the association meeting in New York when asked why they support Roosevelt. They have cut their financial eyeteeth and are not worked in a gold brick game. - Troy (N

Mr. Watterson asks his democratic brethren: "What, then, gentlemen, shall we do to be saved?" The case sems a despérate one, but if his democratic brethren are unable to answer the question we would suggest that voting for Roosevelt and Fairbanks would be a good start on the road to safety.N. Y. Tribuna

George Frisbie Hoar was born at Concord, Mass., August 29, 1826. He was the son of Judge Samuel Hoar, and the grandson of Roger Sherman, who signed the Declaration of Indewho signed the Declaration of Inde-pendence. After taking the regular course at the Harvard law school, he was admitted to the bar and began his law practice at Worcester. In 1852 he was elected a member of the Massa-chusetts legislature. In 1857 he was chosen state senator. In 1869 he made his entrance into national politics, being elected to congress, to which he was elected three consecutive times. was elected three consecutive times. Declining renomination for fifth term, he was chosen United States senator from Massachusetts in 1876, being reelected in 1882, 1888, 1894 and 1900.



#### Senator Hoar.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 1.—The tolling of the bells of the church towers and fire stations of Worcester communicated to his fellow citizens the intelligence of the passing of United States Senator George Frisbie Hoar, whose death occurred at 1:35 a. m. Friday. At 2:55 o'clock the chimes on Plymouth church played "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Five minutes later a flag on a manufacturing plant, the first one to be half-masted, was raised. Washington, Oct. 1.—The president

pro tem. of the senate has designated the following senators as a committee on the part of the senate to attend the

funeral of Senator Hoar: Lodge, Platt (Conn.), Hale, Depew McComas, Spooner, Foraker, Bever-idge, Elkins, Dryden, Stewart, Cock-Bacon, Blackburn, Gorman and The funeral will be held at the

Church of the Unity, Worcester, on Monday at 2:30 p. m. The interment will be made in Sleepy Hollow cemetery, Concord, Tuesday morning.

#### WILL COST OVER \$4,000,000. New Battleship Connecticut Successfully Launched.

New York, Sept. 30.—Although successfully launched yesterday, the batcessfully launched yesterday, the bat-tleship Connecticut did not have the bottle of wine broken by Miss Alice B. Welles, who had been selected as sponsor for the ship. She threw the bottle at the bows as the ship began to move off the ways, but it failed to break when it struck the vessel's side. Rear Admiral Rodgers attempted to grasn the bottle as it rebounded but

grasp the bottle as it rebounded, but failed, and the ship was moving off into the water when a workman on the deck seized the string that held the bottle and dashed the glass receptacle of the champagne against the side of

maximum displacement of 17,770 ns. The vessel is 450 feet on the ad water line, 456.4 feet over all

16.10 feet beam and 24.6 feet draught Her armament will consist of four 12-inch breech loading guns, one pai in the forward turret, and another aft; and eight 8-inch guns mounted in pairs in four turrets on the superstructure. In the main deck batter there will be 12 7-inch rapid-fire gun mounted six to a broadside. In addi tion there will be 12 14-pounders, matic guns, two one-pound semi-auto matic, and eight 30-inch machine

guns.
The Connecticut when in commis sion will carry 42 officers and 761 men She is not to exceed \$4,212,000 in cost

#### Indicted for "Grafting.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 30.—As the result of District Attorney Coatsworth's investigation of charges of alleged "grafting" on the part of city officials, three present aldermen and four former aldermen have been indicted. All the indicted man were arraigned in court indicted men were arraigned in court esterday and pleaded not guilty. Bair as fixed at \$1,500 each and was furnished by all.

#### Sophomores Pummelled Freshmen.

New York, Sept. 30.—The freshman class of Columbia university gathered for the first time in its hisotry last night to hold a vaudeville entertainment. They held the entertainment in Terrace garden and imprisoned 16 sophomores meanwhile. Then 300 sophomores attacked the hall, forced an entrance and beat the 260 fresh-men until the police reserves put an end to the pummelling. Clothing was torn and hats were smashed, and many noses bled, but the police would not make any arrests. The hall was considerably damaged.

SENATOR GEORGE FRISBIE HOAR
PASSES AWAY.

The End Followed a Period of Unconsciousness that Had Lasted Several Days—Brief Synopsis of His Life.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 30.—George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1:35 this morning.

The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued since early Tuesday and had come so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of dissolution.

George Frisbie Hoar was born at Concord, Mass., August 29 1822 the states was the son.

Were the Missouri Pacific Railway to Pueblo, Colorado, thence via Denver and Rio Grande to Salt Lake City and Ogden and Southern Pacific to San Francisco and Los Angeles. This is the famous scenic line of the world—through the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodations will be up of date and will be presonally conducted.

Very low rates will be sold from September life to San Francisco and Los Angeles. This is the famous scenic line of the world—through the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodations will be upon the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodations will be upon the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodations will be up to date and will be personally conducted.

Very low rates will be sold from September life the October 15th. For rates, information and reservation of berths, apply to nearest representative of the Missouri Pacific Railway to the world—through the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodations will be upon the picturesque Rocky Mountains. The service and accommodation will be personally conducted.

Very low rates will be sold from September life to San Francisco. Train will exact be a family southern Pacific Railway to Pueblo, Colorado, thence via Denver and Rio Grande to Salt Lake City and Ogden and Southern Pacific Railway to Pueblo, Colorado, thence via Denver and Rio Grande to Salt Lake City and Ogden and Southern Pacific Railway to Pueblo,

"Wisdom is better than rubies," declared Solomon. And now, some centures later, this opinion has been confirmed in Germany where they manufacture by chemical process, while you wait, a justassgood article in this line of gems at price within the reach of all—or nearly all. How much better wisdom is than rubies is shown by the fact that wisdom can now make rubies, while whole oodles of rubies have failed in numerous recorded instances to make a man wise.—Indianapolis News.

Kansas City Southern Ry. Special Excursion

Sept. 13, 20 and 27, Oct. 4 and 18, 1904, to Arkansas, Indian Territory, Louisiana and Texas, very low one way and round trip rates. trip rates.
For further information, write to S. G. Warner, G. P. & T. A., K. C. S. Ry., Kansas City, Mo.

### Evasion.

"You said you were going to see that I was well taken care of."
"Did I?" rejoined Senator Sorghum.
"Yes, sir. And now I want to know whether you are going to keep your promise"

ise." My dear sir, that was not a promise.
That was a prophecy."—Washington Star.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

"Well, Robbie, you've got a new little sister; she just arrived this morning," said the proud father. "Do we get any trading stamps with her, pop?" assed little Robbie.—Yonkers Statesman.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1990.

The czar has had reason to walk the floor at night for several months past, so he won't mind it so much now.—Chicago Record-Herald.

DOYOU

## Big Four Route

"The Way of the World"

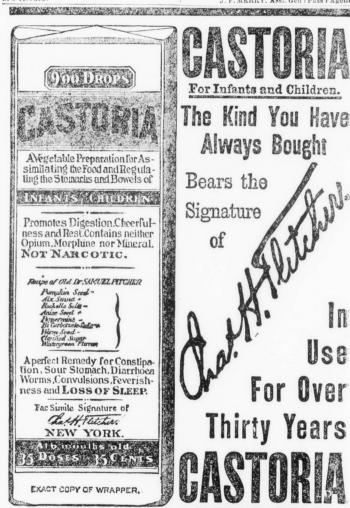
World's Fair

For information as to rates, hotels and boarding houses, address nearest Big Four Agent, or

WARREN J. LYNCH. G. P. and T. Agent, Cincinnati, O.

## Strawberry and Vegetable Dealers

best territory in this country for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such products should address a postal card to the undersigned at BUBEQUE 10WA, requesting a copy of "Circular No. 12." J. F. MERKY, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agent.





# THE RELIABLE MAKE

Correctly built of the right materials, they save fuel and give years of satisfactory service. Sizes for all requirements.

CATALOG FREE-The Born Steel Range Co.

Originators of the Steel Range, CLEVELAND, - - OHIO

For For For Over 60 years Man Morses Mexican usiangliniment Has been the STANDARD REMED for curing For For aches and injuries Cattle Poultry