

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAIL ROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 29, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD
10 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:25 P. M., New York 9:30 P. M., Baltimore 6:00 P. M., Washington 7:15 P. M., Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 P. M.—Emporium Junction daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 P. M.; New York, 10:23 P. M.; Baltimore, 7:30 P. M.; Washington, 8:35 P. M.; Vestibule Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3:30 P. M.—Daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4:23 A. M., New York 7:13 A. M., Baltimore, 2:20 A. M., Washington, 3:30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York, Philadelphia passenger cars remain sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

10:30 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:17 A. M., New York 9:33 A. M., weekdays, (10:38 A. M. Sunday); Baltimore 7:15 A. M., Washington 8:30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:15 A. M.—Emporium Junction, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 P. M.; New York, 9:33 A. M., weekdays; (10:38 Sunday); Baltimore, 8:46 A. M.; Vestibule Parlor sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.
5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10:30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6:23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS. (Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.		NORTHWARD.	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
9:00	4:02	Renovo	5:00
9:50	4:41	Driftwood	4:05
10:25	5:10	Emporium Junction	3:20
11:15	5:59	Brookville	2:35
3:20	11:05	Kane	12:25
3:36	11:21	Williamsport	12:40
3:48	11:43	Johnstown	11:47
4:05	12:05	Ridgway	9:20
4:15	12:15	Mill Haven	9:09
4:23	12:24	Shortsville	9:00
4:32	12:33	Blue Rock	8:51
4:38	12:39	Carrier	8:47
4:48	12:49	Harveys Run	8:37
4:53	12:54	Lanes Mills	8:34
4:57	12:58	McMinn's Mt.	8:30
5:01	1:00	Harveys Run	8:20
5:05	1:05	Falls Creek	8:20
5:20	1:25	DuBois	8:08
5:10	1:15	Falls Creek	6:53
5:27	1:29	Reynoldsville	6:39
5:40	1:56	Brookville	6:05
6:45	2:38	New Bethlehem	11:44
7:25	3:10	Red Bank	11:05
10:10	5:30	Pittsburg	9:00

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegeny, Lean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.
Train No. 107, daily, 4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily, 4:15 P. M.
Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegeny, Condersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Clearfield, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.
Train No. 101, week days, 8:25 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days, 12:35 P. M.
Train No. 103 will connect at Clearfield with Chautauque Division for Allegeny, Bradford, Salamanca, Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
STATIONS.	109	113	101
Pittsburg, Lv.	8:15	8:30	8:45
Red Bank, Ar.	9:30	9:45	10:00
Lawsonham, Ar.	9:47	10:02	10:17
New Bethlehem, Ar.	10:11	10:26	10:41
Brookville, Ar.	10:35	10:50	11:05
Reynoldsville, Ar.	11:00	11:15	11:30
Falls Creek, Ar.	11:25	11:40	11:55
DuBois, Ar.	11:50	12:05	12:20
Sabula, Ar.	12:15	12:30	12:45
Pennfield, Ar.	12:40	12:55	1:10
Hennetzette, Ar.	1:05	1:20	1:35
Driftwood, Ar.	1:30	1:45	2:00
Via P. & E. Div.	1:55	2:10	2:25
Emporium, Ar.	2:20	2:35	2:50

STATIONS.

STATIONS.	109	113	101	105	107	051
Pittsburg, Lv.	8:15	8:30	8:45	9:00	9:15	9:30
Red Bank, Ar.	9:30	9:45	10:00	10:15	10:30	10:45
Lawsonham, Ar.	9:47	10:02	10:17	10:32	10:47	11:02
New Bethlehem, Ar.	10:11	10:26	10:41	10:56	11:11	11:26
Brookville, Ar.	10:35	10:50	11:05	11:20	11:35	11:50
Reynoldsville, Ar.	11:00	11:15	11:30	11:45	12:00	12:15
Falls Creek, Ar.	11:25	11:40	11:55	12:10	12:25	12:40
DuBois, Ar.	11:50	12:05	12:20	12:35	12:50	1:05
Sabula, Ar.	12:15	12:30	12:45	1:00	1:15	1:30
Pennfield, Ar.	12:40	12:55	1:10	1:25	1:40	1:55
Hennetzette, Ar.	1:05	1:20	1:35	1:50	2:05	2:20
Driftwood, Ar.	1:30	1:45	2:00	2:15	2:30	2:45
Via P. & E. Div.	1:55	2:10	2:25	2:40	2:55	3:10
Emporium, Ar.	2:20	2:35	2:50	3:05	3:20	3:35

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Flag Stop.

On Sunday only train leaves Driftwood 8:20 a. m., arrives at DuBois, 10:00 a. m., returning leaves DuBois, 2:00 p. m., arrives at Driftwood, 2:40 p. m., stopping at intermediate stations.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Mgr.
W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l. Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Manager.

NAME CARVED ON TURTLE.

Animal Carries Initials Twenty-One Years and Is Then Found by Brother of Carver.

Bearing the inscription "J. L. Ice, August 17, 1883," which was neatly carved on its shell, a land turtle nestled calmly in the pocket of W. B. Ice, of Barrackville, W. Va. J. L. Ice, whose name has been carried by the turtle for nearly 21 years, died two years ago. He was a brother of W. B. Ice.

The turtle was found on the Tom Ice place on Ice's run, where it had a den in a small cavity where a tree had been taken from the yard. Around this cavity were small paths, showing that for years Mr. Turtle has been wandering in close proximity to his home.

On August 17, 1883, Messrs. J. L. and W. B. Ice were making rails in the woods above Tom Ice's house. J. L. Ice ran across the turtle and carved his initials on the shell, and the date was placed there. After he had finished his work he showed the turtle to his brother.

According to W. B. Ice, the turtle has not grown much, and looks the same as he remembers it 21 years ago. Recalling the memories of the dead as it does, the turtle will be returned to his den, and it will be given the best of care by the people who reside in the house near by.

KEEPS HUSBAND IN STORAGE.

New York Farmer, Who Died Last December, is Still Unburied and Neighbors Object.

A man named Lyons died last December at his home on a farm near Niagara Falls, N. Y. Neighbors, who knew of the death, expected, of course, that the funeral would follow, but time passed and no funeral was held. Recently complaint was made to a coroner of this city that the body was being kept in a barn.

An investigation revealed that the body was in storage, and the widow said that her husband's body had been placed in a metallic casket, and that she was waiting for a son to come home before holding the funeral. The woman is reported to be a Christian Scientist.

Nothing like this has ever happened before in Niagara county, and the officials are at a loss to know how to proceed. At present it looks as though the woman might keep her dead as long as she wants to, but every day adds to the neighbors' dissatisfaction.

Another Snake Story.

A snake five feet in length, of the garter species, carrying a knife in its mouth, was said to have been seen by several prominent residents in the upper part of Harrisburg, Pa., recently. The noise of a metallic substance being dragged over the pavement first attracted the attention of two citizens, who, on investigating, saw the snake crawling along, dragging the knife on the pavement. When an effort was made to catch the reptile it dropped the knife and escaped under a porch.

Uncle Sam's Big Checks.

Uncle Sam has paid big bills abroad now, but this Panama payment tops them all, says the Boston Herald. Six years ago he paid Spain \$20,000,000 on account of the Philippines, but the amount was sent in four warrants of \$5,000,000 each. Previous to that the most historical warrants were \$8,000,000 issued to Russia in payment for Alaska in 1868 and \$5,500,000 paid England for awards in Halifax fishing infringements.

Bad For His Business.

That eastern man, says the Chicago Daily News, who has already secured \$40,000 from charitable people by means of a bad cough probably regrets it every time he reads of a new cure for consumption.

RACE DONE?

Not a Bit of It.

A man who thought his race was run made a food find that brought him back to perfect health. "One year ago I was unable to perform any labor, in fact I was told by my physicians that they could do nothing further for me. I was fast sinking away, for an attack of grip had left my stomach so weak it could not digest any food sufficient to keep me alive.

"There I was just wasting away, growing thinner every day and weaker, really being snuffed out simply because I could not get any nourishment from food.

"Then my sister got after me to try Grape-Nuts food which had done much good for her, and she finally persuaded me, and although no other food had done me the least bit of good, my stomach handled the Grape-Nuts from the first, and this food supplied the nourishment I had needed. In three months I was so strong I moved from Albany to San Francisco and now on my three meals of Grape-Nuts and cream every day I am strong and vigorous and do fifteen hours' work.

"I believe the sickest person in the world could do as I do, eat three meals of nothing but Grape-Nuts and cream, and soon be on their feet again in the flush of best health like me. "Not only am I in perfect physical health again, but my brain is stronger and clearer than it ever was on the old diet. I hope you will write to the names I send you about Grape-Nuts, for I want to see my friends well and strong.

"Just think that a year ago I was dying, but to-day, although I am over 55 years of age, most people take me to be less than 40, and I feel just as young as I look." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

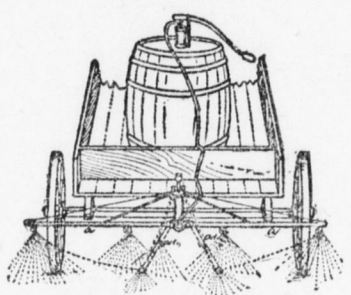
There's a reason. Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.



HOW TO CONQUER MUSTARD.

Western Farmer Cleared His Field of the Noxious Growth by Systematic Spraying.

My farm was covered with a plague of mustard, which in some respects was even worse than a western mortgage. It amounted to a practical abandonment of the infested fields until I applied the spraying treatment. Preparatory to this I seeded the land to clover, allowing it one year's growth. I plowed this in the spring. Almost immediately afterward every mustard seed within germinating distance of the surface sprouted and produced a vigorous young plant. When



EFFECTIVE FIELD SPRAYER.

In the second leaf and while the fields were covered with a solid green mat of plants, I went over them with my sprinkling tank, spraying them with the following solution: Eighty gallons of water p. a. in a 2 1/2 per cent. solution of bluestone or sulphate of copper. This solution must be strained before placing in the tank to prevent clogging of the sprayer. The result of this spraying was the practical eradication of all the mustard plants, but few remaining in a growing condition. The cut shows the arrangement I used for spraying the field. A wagon water tank may be used instead of a barrel, as shown, in which to place a strong force pump. A pipe is attached horizontally at about the height of axle to rear of bed, being connected with barrel or tank by a suitable hose. At proper intervals spray nozzles, such as are used for spraying fruit trees, are attached to pipe pointing directly downward as shown at a. A second spraying will seldom be found necessary.—Rud McWaters, in Farm and Home.

DRAINAGE OF A WET FIELD.

The Work Was Not Half So Hard as It Seemed in Advance and the Benefits Great.

A little experience is worth more than a whole lot of theory. The theory of draining land is generally all right, but it does not get hold of one's thought and purpose as a very little experience does. For instance, I had a piece of land that was so wet and soggy I could do nothing with it after it was plowed. The weeds grew on it like bushes, the corn like blades of grass. Last fall and early this spring I dug some ditches in the lowest places, and laid two-inch tile in them. I dug a deep ditch at the head of the wet place, just under the hill, picked the stone from the piece of land and filled this head ditch with them. This cut off the water from the hillside. The main ditch led from this head ditch straight down through the field. The effect is marvelous. The land broke up well in plowing and harrowed down smooth. The corn is growing on it as well as elsewhere, in spite of the cold season. The main point in this item is this: The amount of work involved appeared mountainous at first, and deterred me from undertaking it. But the actual work of digging the ditches, laying the piling stone and filling in the head ditch was surprisingly small, and easy in comparison with the apprehension of what it would be. A few days of continuous work transformed that boggy piece of land into one of easy till.

Securing Runaway Swarms.

When large apiaries of Italian bees are kept, it is essential that all blacks and hybrids within a radius of a mile be disposed of, if the swarms are to be kept pure. It is often a nuisance to have stray swarms, but an apiarist must do this in order to protect his stock. A. I. Root, a large beekeeper of Ohio, sends a man on a bicycle to live all stray swarms which are reported to him. The man carries a pair of pruning shears, small smoker, bee-veil, gloves and burlap sack, in which to place the bees. The sack can usually be slipped around the bees and the mouth of it tied before the limb is cut. The bees are then carried off in the sack and placed in a hive.—Orange Judd Farmer.

What Modern Farming Means.

Slipshod farming has had its day—too long a day, whose twilight still lingers long after its sun has set. If no other cause would compel the change, the increasing price of land would bring it. From this day forth the farmer who is to hold up his head among his fellows, and play his part in the world's affairs, must put into practice the very best system of handling his land, a system that will produce big yields at minimum costs, and conserve and increase the fertility of his soil. Every other sort of farming will only result in failure.—Farm Journal.

Prevention Cheaper Than Cure.

All diseases are easier to prevent than to cure, and most diseases can be traced to some kind of neglect, whether the animal affected be a horse, cow, sheep or pig.

Plaster of paris scattered over the floor of the chicken house purifies and absorbs foul smells.

WHY THE FARM BOY WINS.

It Is Because His Early Life Has Made Him Responsive to Every Moral Suggestion.

No boy need ever regret that he was born in the country and reared on a farm. He may lack the keenness and polish of the city cousin. He may be embarrassed by his own awkwardness, and feel that he is at a hopeless disadvantage in the race, but the country boy has a wider range of practical ideas. From the very first his little services are in demand. He becomes at once a part of the force that is making for home comfort and prosperity, and feels the independence of one who is helping to support himself and add to the general store. The farm boy is likely to regard his life as one of drudgery, and such it may be, if he loses interest in his surroundings or is pressed with a continual round of duty. There is something heroic in the country boy's struggle with the elements. Rain, snow and sleet only brace his courage. The garnering of the crops, the housing and feeding of the domestic animals, the gathering and preparation of the winter fuel give a purpose and zeal to his toil. Then there is the long tramp, sometimes of miles, to the district school, lessons learned before and after long hours of labor. Is it any wonder there are keen wits developing all outside of graded systems and in defiance of pedagogical order? It is the intensity of purpose with which the mind acts under the influence of vigorous health and the conscious value of time that accounts for these results. So from the farm is being supplied a stream of active world-workers, men not afraid to do their duty, and bubbling over with energy and ambition. Touch the country-bred boy, now the merchant prince or the successful professional man, and how responsive he becomes to every suggestion of moral life! The same cannot be said of boys reared in the midst of other surroundings. It is the contact with nature that makes the indelible impression upon life. No greater gain can come to the country at large than that which comes from the promotion of the love and appreciation of rural life. Health, happiness, purity and peace are the natural inheritance of those who dwell surrounded by fresh air, beautiful scenes, bright skies and pure social influences.—Agricultural Epitome.

HANDY CARRIER FOR WOOD.

A Little Farm Convenience Which Saves Lots of Work and Is Appreciated by Boys.

It will be much easier to get the daily supply of wood for the kitchen fire if the children are provided with wood carriers. Make the foundation as wide as the firewood is long, and long enough so it will hold a large armful. This foundation can be solid or not, as desired, but is much lighter if made of slats. At each end is fitted a solid upright piece which is as wide, and almost as high, as the width of the foundation. This serves to keep the wood in place, the sides being left open and the wood placed crosswise in the carrier. An iron rod is bent for a handle, or a piece of band iron can be used, either one being fastened firmly to the foundation at the bottom of the outside of the upright ends.

A more simple one than any boy can make has a foundation like the first, and a bent green branch for a handle.

For the upright ends, use the branches, bending them so the ends are fastened to the corners of the foundation and the rounded part comes about a foot above it. The corners must be strongly fastened with screws, and the handle be placed outside the end pieces to hold them firm. These carriers do away with the old woodbox, which is so often an eyesore in an otherwise attractive kitchen.—Orange Judd Farmer.

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Plaster of paris scattered over the floor of the chicken house purifies and absorbs foul smells.



Miss Alice M. Smith, of Minneapolis, Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering may be quickly and permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain and could find no relief, but one day when visiting a friend I ran across Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change. I use it occasionally now when I am exceptionally tired or worn out."—Miss ALICE M. SMITH, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn., Chairman Executive Committee Minneapolis Study Club.

Beauty and strength in women vanish early in life because of monthly pain or some menstrual irregularity. Many suffer silently and see their best gifts fade away. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helps women preserve roundness of form and freshness of face because it makes their entire female organism healthy. It carries women safely through the various natural crises and is the safeguard of woman's health. The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women published in this paper constantly.

Mrs. C. Kleinschrodt, Morrison, Ill., says:—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have suffered ever since I was thirteen years of age with my menses. They were irregular and very painful. I doctored a great deal but received no benefit. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and after taking a few bottles of it, I found great relief. Menstruation is now regular and without pain. I am enjoying better health than I have for sometime."

How is it possible for us to make it plainer that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will positively help all sick women? All women are constituted alike, rich and poor, high and low,—all suffer from the same organic troubles. Surely, no one can wish to remain weak and sickly, discouraged with life and without hope for the future, when proof is so unmistakable that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure monthly suffering—all womb and ovarian troubles, and all the ills peculiar to women.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

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