

TYPES OF THE JAPANESE FLEET

7ar News

London, March 1.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Yin Kow, dated February 29, says:

"Fifteen Japanese warships furiously bombarded Port Arthur from ously bombarded Port Arthur from 10 until 12 o'clock this morning. The Russian cruisers Novik, Askold and Bayan, accompanied by four torpedo boats, steamed out to meet the attack. They were, however, forced to return. The Askold was in a sinking condition. The Novik was badly damaged and a torpedo boat was sunk. The Russian battleship Retvizan was again damaged. The Japanese withdrew in good order."

LAST REPORT OF ATTACK ON PORT ARTHUR NOT CONFIRMED

St. Petersburg, March 2.—Direct telegraphic advices received here from Port Arthur last night make no mention of the bombardment of that place reported by the London Daily Telegraph. On the contrary, these advices say the Japanese fleet has disappeared from the horizon of Port

Port Arthur, March 2 .- The Russian torpedo boat which sought re-fuge in Pigeon Bay February 26 was subjected to a terrific fire from the Japanese cruisers. One shot pierced her hull. The boat was beached, the leak was stopped, she was refloated at high water and returned to Port

Paris, March 2 .- Authoritative ad-Fairs, March 2.—Authoritative advices have been received in Paris to the effect that the Japanese general staff left Japan yesterday for Chemulpo, Korea. This is accepted as showing that all the troops necessary for the forward movement have been landed in Korea, and it is expected that the movement of troops forward will begin the last of this week. With respect to the Russian force which will contest the way it is said that there will be some surprise manifest-ed at the strength of the Russians.



London. March 2.—The Japanese legation has issued a long dispatch from the government at Tokio giving its reply to the Russian note to the

Sold His Family to His Brother.

Norfolk, Va., March 5.—When John Outlaw, of Currituck county, N. C., became tired of his wife and two children dren some weeks ago he sold the trio to his brother, Jerome Outlaw. He received in exchange two fishing nets. The matter was reported to the authorities and warrants were sworn out. The trial occurred at Currituck. When John Outlaw became aware that there was a possibility of the transaction being annulled by court he gathered up his fishing nets and decamped. Jerome and Mrs. Outlaw were found guilty of illegal cohabitation.

Great Struggle Between Japan and Russia.

************ declaration of war. It gies details of Russia's preparations for war while delaying diplomatic negotiations and contends that therefore the respon-sibility rests with Russia and that no declaration of war should have preceded hostilities.

RUSSIANS FAIL TO DISCOVER WHERE JAP'S CRUISERS ARE St. Petersburg, March 3.—In a dispatch to the czar, Viceroy Alexieff

says:
"Admiral Stark, telegraphing from "Admiral Stark, telegraphing from Port Arthur March 2, says the enemy did not appear off Port Arthur on either February 28, February 29 or March 1. Reconnaissances made by cruisers and toppedo boats over a radius of 60 miles from Port Arthur also failed to discover the enemy's passals."

Maj. Gen. Pflug, Viceroy Alexieff's chief of staff sends in the following telegram, dated March 2.

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"According to additional information which has reached me, our patrols, having passed the night eight miles from Ping Yang, approached that town on the morning of February 29. They were closely pressing a Japanese patrol of seven officers. Lieut. Lonchakoff attacked this patrol with three Cossacks, forcing it to retreat at a gallop towards the gates of the town.

"The presence of our patrols near

"The presence of our patrols near Ping Yang caused great alarm and soon the enemy's sharpshooters mansoon the enemy's sharpshooters man-ned the wall and towers and opened fire, expecting an attack. According to the report, our patrols approached within 700 paces of the town, which they found to be surrounded by both old and new ramparts. These, how-

old and new ramparts. These, however, were not yet occupied by the enemy, and it is supposed that the Japanese have not more than 1,000 men in Ping Yang."

London, March 3.—From Yin-Kow comes an unconfirmed report that 500 bandits, armed with modern rifles, have attacked a Russian post to the west of Haicheng (Haicheng is 32 miles east by north of New Chwang.) There was severe fighting, and both sides lost heavily. This report is discredited at Yin-Kow, but if it is true it indicates that a serious danger is confronting Russia

danger is confronting Russia
According to the Daily Mail's account of this affair, six Japjaneso found among the bandits were killed.

RUSSIANS PREPARE TO RETREAT

Yin Kow, March 4.—On account of the impossibility of defending the coast at Yin Kow until such time as coast at Yin Kow until such time as a thaw permits the construction of entrenchments and forts, the Russians have prepared to retire up the main railroad line. There are practically no defences here and although the shifting of troops and artillery to the small forts at the mouth of the Lia river has the appearance of an intention to defend Yin Kow, the military authorities depend upon an inland engagement to put a stop to the Japanese advance.

JAPS ARE FOXY. Tokio, March 5.—It is evident that several vessels laden with coal, provisions and other contraband arti-cles have recently effected the pas-sage of Tsugaru strait and succeeded in reaching Vladivostok. Their exact number and names are unknown, but it is stated that they included Brit-ish, Norwegian and German vessels. Two of them are said to have carried cargoes of Australian coal. Japan evidently refrained from making a special effort to prevent their pas-sage and it is not impossible that she from the government at Tokio giving caimly permitted the delivery of the translation of the powers charging the Japanese with opening hostilities without a formal at a later stage of the campaign.

New Brunswick, N. J., March Noah Raby died Tuesday in the Piscataway poorhouse, of which he had been an inmate for the last 40 years. If he had lived until April 1 next, ac-If he had lived until April 1 next, according to his own statement, Raby would have been 132 years old. He retained his memory and would recall many incidents of his long career until very recently. Raby is said to have been born in Eatontown, N. C., on April 1, 1772. He enlisted in the navy in 1805 and served on the ship Constitution and the frigate Brandywine, on the latter of which Farragut was a lieutenant.

Battles and Skirmishes of the The Vladivostok squadron continues inactive, though it has ample times inactive, though it has ample supply of coal and the ships are in good condition. It has evidently been instructed by the Russian government to remain close to the Vladivos sk batteries in preference to risking a fight in the compact. to riskin; a fight in the open sea. It is declared to be only a question of time before this squadron will receive the attention of the Japanese nay.

St. Petersburg, March 5.—There exists a high authority for the statement that Russia now has reason to feel more tranquil regarding the attitude of Great Britain.

The real reason of the visit to St. Petersburg of Count Benckendori', Russian ambassador to Great Britain, was to assure his government of his behalf that the suspicions harbored here concerning Japan's ally were ill-founded and Great Britain, although standing by the obligations of the Anglo-Japan treaty, would not move unless compelled so to do by the en-trance into affairs in the far east of

a third power.

The following dispatch, dated The following dispatch, dated March 3, has been received from Gen. Pflug, commanding the Russian forces at Port Arthur: "All is quiet at Port Arthur and Yin Kow. Acat Port Aribur and Yin Kow. According to information given by eye-witnesses a Japanese cruiser having three funnels lies near Chemulpo, be-tween islands, having recently sunk

The reported landing of 2,500 Japanese at Song-Chin, on the east coast of Korea, harmbeen confirmed.

of Korea, has been confirmed.

London, March 5.—On the strength of a statement made by a missionary, the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends in a doubtful report that 28 Japanese sailors have landed at Teng-Chau, saying that their vessels had sunk as the result of an engagement with Russian warships, which also went down. No Russians were saved, but 200 Japan-



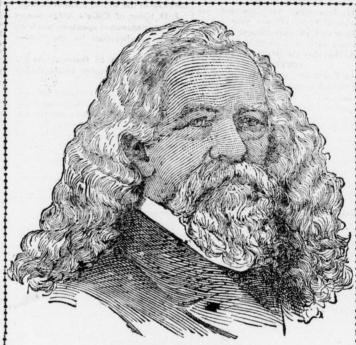
were rescued by Chinese s action is reported to ha This action is reported to have oc-curred between Port Arthur and the Miao-Tao islands.

Records Were Broken.

Lincoln, Neb., March 3 .- Two March temperature records were broken in Nebraska yesterday. At 1 o'clock in the afternoon in Lincoln the weather bureau thermometer in-

A COMRADE OF GENERAL GRANT

Says: "I Do Not Believe Pe-ru-na Has a Superior for Catarrh."



BENJAMIN F. HAWKES.

Benjamin F. Hawkes, of Washington, D. C., Is One of the Three Living Comrades of General Grant in His Cadet Days at West Point.

In a recent letter from 611 G street. S. W., Washington, D. C., this venerable gentleman says of Peruna:

"I have tried Peruna after having "I have tried Peruna after having tried in wain other remedies for catarrh, and I can say without reservation that I never felt a symptom of relief until I had given Peruna the simple trial that its advocates advise. I do not believe it has a superior, either as a remedy for catarrh or as a tonic for the depressed and exhausted condition which is one of the effects of the disease."

—Benjamin F. Hawkes.

I SAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLen nan county, Texas, has lived for 114 years. In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock

"Peruna exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes; it keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it the doctors had pronounced incuration. I have come to rely upon it almost en-

tirely for the many little things for which I need medicine.
"When epidemics of la grippe first

began to make their appearance in this country I was a sufferer from this dis-

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe, and found it to be just the thing."—Isaac Brock.

Pe-ru-aa Used in the Family for Years.

Mrs. E. West, 137 Main street, Menasha, Wis., writes: "We have used Peruna in Wis., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for a number of years and when I say that it is a fine medicine for catarrh and colds, I know what I am talking about. I have taken it every spring and fall for four years and I find that it keeps me robust, strong, with splendid appetite, and free from any illness. A few years ago it cured me of catarrh of the stomach, which the doctors had pronounced incurable. I am yery much pleased with Peruna. I

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose these function. This leads to partial loss of hearing,

smell and taste, as well as digestive & urbances.

Peruna corrects all this by its specific

One bottle will convince anyone. Once

used and Peruna becomes a fife-lease stand-by with old and young. Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writean "I can recommend Peruna as a goost

Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writers:
"I can recommend Peruna as a good
medicine for
chronic catarrh of
the stomach and
bowels. I have
been troubled severely with it for
over a year, and also a cough. Now any
cough is all gone, and all the distressing
symptoms of catarrh of the stomach
and bowels have disappeared. I will
recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I
am so well I am contemplating a trip in
Yellow Stone Park this coming season.
How is that for one 71 years old?"
In a later letter she says: "I am only
too thankful to your for your Hind advices
and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Peruna. Have been out to the Yellows
Stone National Park and many other
places of the west, and shall advants
thank you for your generosity."—Mrs.
F. E. Little. F. E. Little

Strong and Vigorous at the Age & Eighty-eight.

Eighty-cight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes:
"In June, 1901, I lost my sense of feegaring entirely. My hearing had been segment what impaired for several years, but not so much affected but that I could hooks converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I caused speak too highly of Peruna, and now when eighty-eight years old can say it has invigorated my whole system."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mr. W. B. Schnader, of Terre Hill, Pawrites:
"I got sick every winter, and had a spell of cold in February, 1899, I could not do anything for almost two months! In December, 1899, I saw one of your books about your remedies."

not do anything for almost two mostles:
In December, 1899, I saw one of your books about your remedies. Then I wrote in Dr. Hartman for advice, and he wrote that I should commence the use of Peruna, and how to take care of myself.

"I did not lose one day last winter that I could not tend to my steek. I am skiptire years old, and I cannot thank you to much for what you have done for me."
If you do not derive prompt and satis-

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice swrite.

vice gratis.
Address Dr. Hartman, President of
The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.



Because it cements to, and is not stuck on the wall with decaying, animal glue, as are the various so-called "wall fin-ishes," which are kalsomines sold under fanciful names.

You can enaly Alabastine.

The Only Sanitary and Permanent Wall Coating

LABASTINE is not a disease-breeding, hot water glue wall finish, furnishing a lodgment and harbor-ground for disease germa; it is a natural, rock-base composition, in white and many exquisitely beautiful tints; in powder form, ready for use by simply mixing with cold water. Anyone can brush it on.

ALABASTINE coments to walls, distroys disease germs and vermin, and never reits off or scales. Other wall contings, under farneful names, and usually mixed with book water, are unhealthful kalsomines, stuck on the wall with glue, which soon reits, nourishes germs of deadly disease, rubs and scales, spoiling walls, clothing and furnitures. When it is necessary to refinish, the old coats must be washed off—an expensive, nasty, disagreeable job, making the rooms damp and unit to live in.

When walls are once coated with Alabastine, succeeding coats may be applied. year after year, without washing the walls, thus saving great expense and annoyance.

Hot and Cold Water Kalsomines Have No Merit Some dealers try to sell them, buying them cheap, and trying to sell on Alabastine's demand until such time as their customers learn of the imposition.

THEY ARE WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS

If you cannot buy Alabastine of your hardware, paint or drug dealer, refuse all imitations, and write us. We will tell you where you can get Alabastine without delay, or sell it to you direct. \$500.00 GIVEN AWAY. Write for particulars. Leaflet of dainty tints, hints on decorating, and our artists' up-to-date ideas on been tifying the home, Free. Buy Alabastine only in packages, properly labeled.

Alabastine Company GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.





MOTHER GRAYS SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. CLMSTED, Le Roy, N Y.





for curing aches and injuries Cattle

For

Poultry





I'II EE Homestends given away. Schools, Churches, East-ways, Markets, Climate, excep-thing to be desired.

A SILO WILL INCHEASED YOU'R RECEMPTION FOR EXPENSES. WE MAKE THE BEST SEND FOR THE CATALOGUE AND PLOSE LIKE. G. ELIAS & BRO., BUFFALO, N. Y. NI AGENTS WELLDOWN

