

POSTAL TROUBLES.

James T. Metcalf is Removed from Office.

The Superintendent of the Money Order System Charged With Indiscretion in Matters Pertaining to Award of Contracts for Printing.

Washington, June 18.—As a result of alleged indiscretion in matters pertaining to the award of contracts for printing the money order forms of the government, James T. Metcalf, for many years superintendent of the money order system of the postoffice department, yesterday was removed from office by the postmaster general. A full investigation of the case will be made later. The dismissal is the result of acts of Mr. Metcalf in opposition to the bid of Paul Herman, of Rutherford, N. J., the lowest bidder by \$45,000, and in favor of the next highest bidder, the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co., of New York, of which Mr. Metcalf's son is an employe.

The story is briefly told in the following letter of dismissal signed by Postmaster General Payne at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon:

Mr. James T. Metcalf, Sir:—You are hereby removed from the position of superintendent of the money order system. The charges upon which your removal is based relate to your actions in the matter of the letting of the contract for money order forms. These charges were made known to you this morning by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow and Assistant Attorney General Robb, of the postoffice department, and a transcript of your answer thereto is enclosed herewith.

It appears from your answer that when the proposals of the different competitors for the contract for supplying money order forms were opened, Paul Herman, of Rutherford, N. J. (formerly employed as foreman by the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co., of New York, by which company, it seems, your son is also employed), was found to be the lowest bidder, his proposal being \$45,000 below that of the next higher bidder, namely, the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co.; that the bid of Mr. Herman as submitted was regular in form, and that he had deposited a certified check for \$5,000 as a forfeit. It further appears that within a day or two the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co. filed a protest against awarding the contract to Herman, alleging that he was not financially responsible; that a short time thereafter Mr. Herman called at your office and you advised him to withdraw his bid and re-enter the employ of the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co., understanding at the time that such withdrawal would result in the contract being awarded to said company and consequently in a loss to the government; that you offered to write, and did write, a letter to said company, apprising it of your interview with Herman and using your good offices in his behalf; that you advised Herman that his \$5,000 deposit would probably be returned to him if he adopted your suggestion. It further appears that you regarded Mr. Herman as possessing the mechanical qualifications requisite to the proper performance of the contract and that it was not any part of your duty to pass upon the question of his responsibility, financially or otherwise. It also appears that you did not acquaint your superior, First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne, with the fact that you had endeavored to have Mr. Herman withdraw his bid. It further appears that a hearing has been had before Gen. Wynne upon the question of the financial responsibility of Mr. Herman; although it has developed since the submission of your answer this morning that you discouraged the granting of such a hearing and manifested a desire that the contract be awarded to the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Co.

Very respectfully,
H. C. PAYNE,
Postmaster General.

Postmaster General Payne in announcing his action stated that there was no charge that Mr. Metcalf had done anything that is amenable to the law, but said that his conduct was serious indiscretion that could not be overlooked. Mr. Metcalf, he said, always has been considered a faithful, efficient, painstaking and honest employe.

Great Labor Demonstration.
Philadelphia, June 18.—Probably the greatest labor demonstration ever witnessed in this city took place yesterday when thousands of striking textile workers marched from Independence hall to the City hall, where a mass meeting was held. The feature of the parade was the army of children who are employed in the textile mills. Each youthful parader carried a small American flag.

Company Held Responsible.
New York, June 18.—A coroner's jury in Jersey City yesterday found that the North Jersey Traction Co. was responsible for the death of Walter L. Williams. The jury held that the fender of the car was not constructed properly for the protection of the public and that incompetent help was employed.

Reliance Disabled.
New York, June 18.—The topmast of the Reliance broke off ten feet from the masthead yesterday just after that yacht, together with the Constitution and Columbia, had crossed the starting line in a race for a cup offered by Commodore F. T. Adams, of the Larchmont Yacht club.

Railway Surgeons Meet.
Indianapolis, Ind., June 18.—The sixteenth annual meeting of the International Association of Railway Surgeons is in session here. One hundred and fifty are expected to attend today's session.

RAILROAD REPORT.

Single Track Railway Mileage Increased 5,234 Miles Last Year.

Washington, June 16.—The interstate commerce commission has prepared a summary of its report on the railroads of the United States for the fiscal year which closed June 30, 1902. It shows that the total single track railway mileage on June 30 in the United States was 202,471 miles, having increased during the year 5,234 miles.

The total number of employes was 1,189,315. The amount paid in salaries and wages was \$676,028,592. The compensation of the railway employes for 1902 is equivalent to 60.50 per cent. of the operating expenses of the railway companies and 29.16 per cent. of their gross earnings.

The number of passengers carried was 649,875,505 and the number of tons of freight 111,089,347. The gross earnings of all the roads for the year were \$1,726,380,267 and the gross expenses \$1,116,248,747. The total dividends declared for the year was \$185,421,239.

The total number of casualties to persons on account of railway accidents, as shown for the year was 73,250, including 8,588 killed and 50,524 were injured. The number of passengers killed was 345 and the number injured 6,683. One out of every 401 employes was killed and one out of every 24 employes was injured. One passenger was killed for every 1,883,706 carried and one injured for every 97,244 carried.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SPOKE

He Also Listened to the Concert of the Northeastern Saengerbund.

Baltimore, Md., June 16.—A vast assemblage was present in Armory hall last night to listen to the grand concert of the Northeastern Saengerbund.

Every one of the 9,000 seats in the auditorium was occupied, 6,000 singers were on the stage and standing room was at a premium.

President Roosevelt occupied a magnificently decorated box and his appearance was the signal for unbounded enthusiasm and prolonged applause.

After the delivery of his address President Roosevelt resumed his seat and spent nearly an hour listening to the choruses and solos. He was particularly anxious to hear some of the singing, and when the schedule of his trip was being made he arranged it so that he could spend at least an hour in the armory. Some of the best choruses of the week were scheduled to take place while the president was here, after which he quietly left the building in time to catch the train for Washington.

BUNKER HILL DAY.

Annual Celebration of the Battle Celebrated at Charlestown, Mass.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—With Philadelphia's famous relic of revolutionary days, the liberty bell and the memento of the civil war, John Brown's bell, from Marlboro, Mass., as features, the annual celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill, at Charlestown, assumed unusual interest yesterday. Following the carnival and military parades there were literary exercises and speechmaking at Bunker Hill monument.

Mayor Weaver and a special committee of the city government of Philadelphia, who accompanied the liberty bell, were guests of the Bunker Hill day committee of Charlestown and of the city of Boston. Gov. Bates and Lieut. Gov. Guild and a number of the heads of state departments and federal officers were also participants in the day's exercises.

Attempted to Rob and Murder.

South Haven, Mich., June 15.—Three young men, it is alleged, attempted to rob and murder Benjamin Franklin, of No. 960 Washtenaw avenue, Chicago, while on board the steamer Kalamazoo in the middle of Lake Michigan Saturday night. Franklin says he was walking outside the cabin when he was assaulted by the men, who attempted to rob him and throw his body into the lake. He fought himself free and notified the steamship officers, who accompanied him back to where the fight took place. In spite of the presence of the officers, it is said, the three men again assaulted Franklin and attempted to throw him into the lake. In the second fight he was severely injured before the men were placed in custody by the ship's officers.

Terms Have Been Accepted.

Shanghai, June 16.—The terms of the Manchurian commercial treaty have been accepted except the clause providing for the opening of two Manchurian ports. The treaty abolishes 11 interior trade barriers in the shape of internal taxation of goods in transit in China or Manchuria, except the duties collected by the native custom houses at the treaty ports under foreign customs management and allows surtaxes of 1 1/2 per cent. in import duty and 1/2 per cent. in export duty.

United States Ships Will Be Finished.

New York, June 16.—President Nixon, of the United States Shipbuilding Co., issued a statement yesterday in which he said the present reorganization and receivership proceedings of the company will not interfere with the progress of the construction of United States vessels now building at the Crescent yards.

Lockout Called Off.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 16.—The lockout ordered by the Master Contractors' association and the Stone Contractors' association and approved by the builders' league, and which threatened to throw about 50,000 men out of employment indefinitely, was called off yesterday.

Mrs. Porter Buried.

Long Branch, N. J., June 16.—The body of Mrs. Sophie King Porter, wife of Horace Porter, ambassador to France, whose death occurred in Paris in April last, was buried in the Long Branch cemetery yesterday.

SERVIA'S NEW KING

Prince Peter Karageorgevitch Has Been Selected.

The Senate and Skupstina in Joint Session, With Much Ceremony, Formally Elect Him Successor to the Murdered King Alexander.

Belgrade, June 16.—With scarcely the excitement which marks an ordinary fete day in the capital, Serbia yesterday instituted a new dynasty. Within less than two hours from the time of meeting in the wing of the royal palace, where King Alexander and his queen were shot down, the senate and skupstina in joint session had legally and with due formality elected Prince Peter Karageorgevitch king of servia and had notified him by telegraph of the fact.

The senate and skupstina on assembling yesterday listened to a proclamation signed by all the ministers, which was read by President Velimirovitch and which was as follows:

"Everyone knows of the events which took place last Wednesday night, when the late King Alexander lost his life. Serbia remains without a king or heir to the throne. The friends of the fatherland, having heard of the event, met to discuss what should be done for the country. The result of their consultation has been the constitution of a government.



PRINCE PETER KARAGEORGEVITCH.

(Successor to the Throne of Servia.)

"The government having undertaken the task of administering the country, considered its first duty was to maintain peace, law and order and convoke parliament to elect a king. In order that the election should occur in accordance with the constitution, the government has put in force the constitution of April 6, 1901, with the addition of the laws existing before the coup d'etat March 24 last.

"In opening parliament the government recalls to the people's representatives their first duty to the fatherland, namely, to elect a king and a constitution.

"The government hopes the country will achieve happiness and prosperity." The members then proceeded to church, returning a little later to the palace. The ceremony of electing the king was conducted in the Salle Des Fetes, which had been specially arranged for the occasion. The metropolitan of Belgrade and the bishop of Nish in their full robes of office lent the sanction of their presence. The members of the provisional government and the presidents of the chamber and senate sat at the head of the white and gold decorated hall, while below them were grouped the members of the senate and the skupstina.

The formal motion that Prince Karageorgevitch be elected king of servia was moved by a radical deputy named Neschies, who was attired in the national costume. Immediately about arose from the assembly of "Long live Karageorgevitch." Each member was then called by name and rose quietly from his seat and gave his vote of "Peter Karageorgevitch." There was absolute unanimity, no other name but that of Prince Karageorgevitch being pronounced. The result was greeted with loud cheers and to the minister of justice, M. Schiokovich, hastened to the balcony overlooking the street and announced to the people: "Peter the first of the dynasty of Karageorgevitch is your new king."

At 7 o'clock last evening a telegram to the government arrived from the new king. It ran: "The splendid proofs of devotion for my beloved people, my faithful army and patriotic government have deeply touched me. From the bottom of a true Servian heart, I thank providence, which has vouchsafed me, by God's mercy and through his will to ascend the throne of my famous ancestors. I beg you, the premier and your colleagues in the government to accept my royal acknowledgment with the assurance of my particular good will."

Will Not Be Dissolved.

Minneapolis, June 16.—Lewis Hill, son of James J. Hill, president of the Greater Northern Railway Co. and who is assistant to his father in the management of the Great Northern was interviewed yesterday as to the reports that a dissolution of the Northern Securities Co. was contemplated. Mr. Hill said: "The Northern Securities Co. will not be dissolved even if the United States supreme court upholds every contention made in the cases that have been brought against the company."

Shamrock III. Arrives Safely.

New York, June 15.—Safe and sound, after a rough passage from Gourock, Scotland, of 16 days and 22 hours, Sir Thomas Lipton's latest challenger for the America's cup, the Shamrock III, is now lying at anchor off Tompkinsville, Staten Island, where she arrived at 10:30 yesterday morning, in company with the steam yacht Erin that had towed her most of the way across the Atlantic, and by the Shamrock I, towed by the British tug Cruiser. The 156 men who manned the yachts and their convoys are all well.

AN INJUNCTION.

Work on the Cruiser Galveston Ordered Stopped.

Restraining Order Granted by a Virginia Judge on Supply Creditors' Petition—Navy Department Will Not Interfere With the Court's Order.

Richmond, Va., June 19.—Judge Grinnan, of the Richmond chancery court, yesterday granted an injunction restraining Lieuts. Theiss and Grossbeck, United States navy, from proceeding further towards the launching of the cruiser Galveston, under construction in the Trigg shipyards here.

The injunction was granted on petition of S. H. Hawes & Co., of this city, supply creditors of the Trigg Co., now in the hands of a receiver, and restrains the government officials and all others from in any way interfering with any of the property at the Trigg yards under control of Liburn T. Myers, the receiver.

Washington, June 20.—Except to announce that "The Galveston matter is in the hands of the attorney general and nothing on the subject will be said at this department," Secretary Moody refused to discuss yesterday's cabinet meeting or the probable action of the department in view of the revised opinion of Attorney General Knox. He desired to be placed in the attitude of saying nothing on the subject and he requested Rear Admiral Bowles, who advanced the contention regarding the rights of the government to be equally mindful of the president's wishes as to silence on the subject.

Modification of the attorney general's opinion which, in its unrevised form already had been communicated to Secretary Moody, somewhat disarranges for the moment the program of the department as to show of force. He thinks show of force under the circumstances will be inexpedient and the navy department therefore must content itself with waiting for the advice of the department of justice in the matter. Meanwhile it has instructed its agents at Richmond not to interfere with the order of the court until officially instructed by the department.

Secretary Moody yesterday requested the attorney general to instruct the proper district attorney to enter into a stipulation regarding the cruiser Chattanooga, which has been attached by creditors of the New York Shipbuilding Co., that the government's rights may be inadequately protected.

DEROUSSE LOCATED.

Missing Postmaster of Camden, N. J., Said to Be \$2,000 Shy in Accounts.

Camden, N. J., June 19.—Louis T. Derosse, postmaster of this city and twice speaker of the New Jersey house of assembly, who disappeared Wednesday, has been located at Baltimore. He is said to be on the verge of a physical and mental collapse and is under the care of a physician. His whereabouts were learned through a telephone message from Baltimore to J. Hampton Moore, city treasurer of Philadelphia. Mr. Moore notified Congressman Loudenslager, collector of customs, and W. J. Browning, clerk of the New Jersey house of the legislature, left for Baltimore yesterday.

Former Judge Pancoast and H. H. Voorhees, Mr. Derosse's bondsmen, are authority for the statement that a shortage of \$2,000 in the accounts of the postmaster. Judge Pancoast said today that he had been informed that the postmaster was leading a double life. He summoned Mr. Derosse and demanded an explanation which was not satisfactory. A meeting of the postmaster's bondsmen was held last Monday and it was decided to notify the postal inspectors.

There Will Be No Strike.

Altoona, Pa., June 19.—The trouble between the Webster Coal and Coke Co. and its men, which foreshadowed a strike of 10,000 miners, has been settled amicably. The arbitrators, James Kerr, for the company, and William B. Wilson, national secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers, for the miners, who Wednesday night heard the evidence touching on the grievances, met at Cresson yesterday and speedily adjusted the differences.

Long Strike Settled.

Glens Falls, N. Y., June 19.—The strike of the operators of the Well-Basket shirt factory, which has lasted for nearly ten weeks and which involved 700 persons, has been settled. The company agreed to take back as many of the old employes as they could find work for under the same conditions as prevailed when the strike began.

Gen. Wheaton Dead.

Washington, June 19.—Maj. Gen. Frank Wheaton, United States army, retired, died here yesterday, aged 79 years. A widow and two daughters survive him. Death resulted from a general breaking down in health.

The Date Set.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 19.—The miners and operators on the board of conciliation will meet in this city for organization on Thursday next, June 25.

Will Do Nothing About It.

Washington, June 19.—Because the executive committee of B'Nai Brith, the Jewish organization which sent to the president a petition to be forwarded to the emperor of Russia relative to the Kishineff incident, neglected to affix any signatures to the petition, the state department can have no official knowledge of the source of the petition. However, it is pretty generally understood that this government will make no representations, directly or indirectly, to Russia, as the matter concerns her internal affairs.

TROUBLE AVERTED.

Anthraxite Miners Select Representatives on Board of Conciliation—Barr Satisfied With Their Action.

Scranton, Pa., June 17.—There was no strike in the anthracite region growing out of the refusal of the operators to recognize the credentials of District Presidents Nichols, Fahy and Dettrey, selected by the joint executive board of the United Mine Workers as the miners' representatives on the board of conciliation.

The convention of the United Mine Workers yesterday elected the three district presidents by districts as their representatives and the operators through President George F. Baer, of the Reading Co., announced that this action was satisfactory.

When the miners' convention adjourned Monday afternoon it was for the ostensible purpose of giving the committee on resolutions opportunity to frame a report embodying the sentiment of the convention as expressed in the motions and speeches of Monday afternoon's session. During the night and early yesterday morning Mr. Connell, of the conciliation board on the one hand and President Mitchell on the other communicated with one another through Dr. Charles P. Seill, who was sent here as a peace envoy by some members of the strike commission, and the result was a tentative agreement that if the miners in the three separate district conventions elected representatives, those representatives would not be objected to by the operators. When the convention opened yesterday morning President Mitchell read the report of the committee on resolutions providing for the election of conciliators by separate district conventions.

The report was adopted unanimously, but with absolutely no show of enthusiasm.

President Mitchell then announced that the three districts would next vote separately on the selection of representatives on the board of conciliation. While the delegates of one district were voting, he explained, those of the other two districts would remain silent.

Nominating resolutions similarly worded, except as to nominee and locality, were presented in turn by delegates previously selected from each district and with rousing and unanimous "ayes" the three district presidents were duly elected as conciliators.

In answer to an inquiry to one of the delegates, President Mitchell stated that no increase had been forthcoming for May under the provisions of the sliding scale because the "average price" of coal had not advanced to \$4.55, although the circular price was \$4.60. He had seen the figures, he said, and presumed they were correct. The average price had only gone up to \$4.52. The June price, he thought, would reach \$4.82 and the miners would have a 2 per cent. increase coming to them.

A DAY OF ACCIDENTS.

Three Electric Car Collisions Occur in Greater New York.

New York, June 17.—Three electric car collisions occurred yesterday in as many different parts of Greater New York, in which more than a score of persons were injured, one of them probably fatally.

In the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn a Broadway car crashed into a truck, throwing the driver and several other men into the street. The driver is believed to be fatally injured. Five other men were seriously hurt.

Three persons were injured in a crash of two cars in Gravesend avenue, near Tenth avenue, Brooklyn, after a wild run down the Gravesend avenue hill.

Three persons were painfully injured and a score were slightly hurt in a rear-end collision between two Madison avenue cars in the Park avenue new tunnel in this city.

Peonage System in Alabama.

Washington, June 18.—United States Attorney Reese, of Montgomery, Ala., was at the department of justice yesterday in response to a request from Attorney General Knox, who wished to confer with him in regard to the progress of the prosecutions of persons in Alabama for peonage. Although the attorney general is not disposed to discuss for publication the status of the cases, the extent of the peonage system in Alabama, it is known that a large number of cases are under investigation and that in addition to the arrests already made warrants will be issued soon for a still larger number.

Wants Pay for Services.

Boston, June 17.—A suit for \$100,000 was filed in the United States circuit court yesterday by Mrs. Eva A. Ingersoll, of New York, administratrix of the estate of the late Robert G. Ingersoll, against Joseph A. Coram, of Lowell, Mass., and others, heirs of the late Andrew J. Davis, for services which the libellant claims was rendered by her deceased husband. Mrs. Ingersoll also petitions the court for a writ of injunction against the heirs to restrain them from transferring the estate or personal property of the late Mr. Davis, and for the courts to appoint a receiver.

Utilize Water Power.

Alpena, Mich., June 18.—George P. Smith, of Syracuse, N. Y., has promoted a project for eastern capitalists for the utilization of the water power of Thunder Bay river.

Election Judges Found Guilty.

Chicago, June 17.—Three judges of election who officiated in the Eighteenth ward during the recent judicial election were yesterday found guilty of contempt of court and sentenced by Judge Carter to three months' imprisonment in the county jail. The guilty men are John J. Kelly, Harry O'Donovan and Hiram B. Sherman. They were charged with having permitted men registered from lodging houses to vote repeatedly and to impersonate deceased persons whose names appeared on the registration lists.

IMPORTED GOODS.

Samples of Them Will Be Analyzed Upon Request.

Pure Food Law, Approved March 3, 1903, Will Go Into Effect in July—Adulterated Goods to Be Exported Under Customs Supervision or Destroyed.

Washington, June 20.—Assistant Secretary Armstrong, of the treasury department, yesterday issued a circular letter carrying into effect beginning July 1 the pure food act approved March 3, 1903.

Under this act the secretary of the treasury has authority, upon request from the secretary of agriculture, to direct drawing by officers of the customs of samples at any custom house from original packages of imported food products, drugs and liquors, and to refuse to deliver to the consignees any such commodities as the secretary of agriculture may report to him as found, upon an analysis, to be dangerous to health, or which are forbidden to be sold or which are restricted in sale in the countries in which they are made, or from which they are exported or from which they are falsely labeled in any respect in regard to the place of manufacture or the contents of package.

The circular says that on the receipt of requests from the department of agriculture, through the treasury department, for samples of such imported commodities, samples of solid food products not less than two pounds each, and samples of liquids not less than one quart each, and samples of drugs in quantities to be designated at the time they will be drawn and forwarded by express or mail to the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., marked "Chief of Bureau of Chemistry."

The cost of the samples will be reimbursed to the importer and the express charges will be paid to the forwarding companies by the department of agriculture upon presentation of proper vouchers.

The samples will be accompanied by a statement giving the name of the commodity, the names of the importers and consignees, name of importing vessel, dates, etc.

The liquidation of all entries of goods sampled will be suspended until sampling, which will be done under the direction of the department of agriculture with all possible expedition.

Commodities which are declared adulterated will be exported under customs supervision, under bond, conditioned for due landing abroad and in default of exportation, destruction under customs supervision must follow. Two days are given owners, importers or consignees of articles sampled within which they may present written testimony as to the harmless nature of articles imported. Provision is made for the legible labeling and branding in English of importations coming within the act and also for appeals to the secretary of the treasury.

AFTER SURRENDERING

E. J. Arnold, Proprietor of the Arnold Investment Co., Gives Bail.

St. Louis, June 20.—E. J. Arnold, proprietor of the Arnold Trust Investment Co., chief of the exploded "get rich quick" concerns, appeared at the Four courts shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday and surrendered himself. Arnold, who is charged in indictments with fraud, has been missing since his company went to pieces in February. Attorney Thomas J. Lowe accompanied Arnold to the four courts.

Arnold's manager, Lumpkin Agill, is also under indictment and has been missing from the city.

Upon surrendering himself, Arnold announced that he was ready to give bond to answer the seven indictments against him. The bonds on each charge were prepared and after being signed, Arnold, accompanied by his wife, attorney and bondsmen, left the court room and drove away.

The indictments charge Arnold with embezzlement as bailee, the same as that returned against John J. Ryan, of the company bearing his name, which was dismissed last week. Arnold's appearance has been expected since the charges against Ryan failed.

Want the Date Changed.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., June 20.—The state encampment of the G. A. R. yesterday adopted a resolution urging the national department to have the date of Decoration day changed to the last Sunday in May or the first Sunday in June, the idea being that by the change of date the growing tendency to make a holiday for sport, etc., of Decoration day would be done away with and the day would again assume its original import.

The Jury Discharged.

Jackson, Ky., June 20.—The jury in the case of Jett and White, charged with the murder of James B. Marcum, was discharged yesterday, having been unable to agree. Judge Redwine decided to transfer the Jett-White case to Cynthiana for the next trial.

Judge Wilbanks Dies.

Washington, June 20.—Judge R. A. D. Wilbanks, of Mount Vernon, Ill., died here suddenly last night of heart disease, aged 53 years. He was 30 years clerk of the supreme court of Illinois.

Favor Plan of Arbitration.

New York, June 20.—Delegated from the 21 unions, the so-called skilled laborers who seceded from the united board of building trades, met here yesterday. A resolution was adopted which "favors any practical plan of arbitration to eliminate general strikes or lockouts on buildings."

Charged with Embezzlement.

Baltimore, Md., June 20.—Dora Campbell, 26 years old, former postmistress of Maysville, Ga., was arrested here yesterday on the charge of embezzling postal funds.