CAMERON COUNTY PRESS. H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES: Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty nears per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for sir or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

ation. al and Official Advertising per square, times or less, \$2; each subsequent insergai and relative to the state of the state of the state of cents per square.

50 cents per square to the state of the stat

Consecutive insertion.

Oblivary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free. Business cards, five lines or less, is per year: over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising. tising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING

JOB PRINTING.

the Job department of the Press is complete
affords facilities for doing the best class of
the Particular attention Paid to Law
INTING.

paper will be discontinued until arrearare paid, except at the option of the pub-

Papers sent out of the county must be paid

The most important legislation on this subject has been for the crea-Forest Preser- tion of the forest reserves. These vation.

reserves now con-60,175,765 acres, of which 13,765,556 acres have been added within the last year. scientific management and control of this vast area will afford ample opportunity for the energies of the officers in charge. Forests should not be reserved from the use of man, but for his use. The ripe or matured trees should be marketed and the growing timber carefully preserved. Instead of the indiscriminate destruction of all trees, large and small, the marketable ones should be so cut and removed as to leave the young forest the freest and fullest opportunity for rapid growth. These reserves, declares the Hon. John F. Lacey, writing in Gunton's magazine, should be more than self-supporting. They should yield a revenue over and above the expense of their care. Such grazing should be permitted as can be done without detriment to the purposes of the reserve. Under wise and prudent forestry there is no Ripened trees are removed and leave space for the younger growth. In natural conditions individual trees die and are replaced by others. But when our national forests are rightly administered each year will yield its supply of farming timber for the use of the people. Forestry is tree farming on a grand scale. It is no idle dream, but we may reasonably hope that in the future the nation's woods will not only protect the permanence and purity of the water supply, but will in large degree supply the needs of the people for timber products.

Much, we know, was demanded of the Infantile Eti- the way of man-

years old, I was sent to attend a lady | moth business than to smaller one of 50 to an evening lecture. She was aunt to my half-brothers and the profits of the enterprise. daughter of a Boston merchant and cerning which the public has had so magistrate, and she had the old-time many serious apprehensions and renotions of dignity and decorum. I suppose of which so ter how governors may come and go, mother except as 'Honored Madam,' or ended a letter to her except by the formula: 'Your respectful and obedient daughter.' I set forth with her tweet daughter.' I set forth with her tweet instead of using its position to with some awe, not lessened when presently she turned upon me and said: 'I should think that a young gentleman brought up in such a family as well as been to keep prices down below those brought up in such a family as yours which independent companies desired to a lady when he walks out with her demand in excess of supply. after dark.' I was struck dumb with amazement. As I still took my father's forefinger when we walked out to-gether. I had hardly considered mygether, I had hardly considered mygetter, I had hardly considered my-self a young gentleman bound to the the profits. courtesy of grown men toward ladies, courtesy of grown men toward ladies, and I still think she was somewhat hard upon so young a chap as I for the demned, nevertheless it is likely that neglect of his manners." However tow-ering this old-time lady's dignity, she could scarcely, we must think, have been equally stately in stature if she was able to accept with comfort the arm which her juvenile escort doubtless hastened to offer her after such an impressive rebuke.

Prof. C. A. L. Totten, formerly milthe question of a New Yorker whether 1903 is to be a lucky or an unlucky year, says: "What is the matter with either Friday or the number 13? As to America, it bears 13 all over its heraldry, and Friday has been its chief day (discovery of America, declaration of independence, etc.). We must cause Mr. Bryan some surprise have 13 detters in E Pluribus Unum, the motto on our great seal. We have 13, 13 times repeated, on that scal.
Take out a new silver quarter, if you have one left, and count the thirteens, even on its obverse face. Mannassch was the thirteenth tribe in Israel and mice of protection would like pathing better.—Indianapolis Journal. we are the people.'

PROPOSITION OF STEEL TRUST.

Something Novel and Startling for the Democratic Calamity Howlers to Contemplate.

The announcement which the United States Steel corporation makes of its plan for profit sharing with its army of employes is the most re-markable proposition of the kind ever made. The plan of profit-sharing has been tried by several small corporations, usually with success, but this is the first time that a cor-poration employing an army of men arger than was ever assembled for a campaign has announced a distinct plan and made a public proposition to divide a portion of its profits among those in its employ. It is a proposi-tion to add to its 55,000 shareholders 168,000 men to share, in proportion to their annual earnings, a definite portion of the profits of the immense business. Mr. Carnegie contemplated such a scheme when he was the head of a portion of the plants constitut-ing the "billion dollar trust," and idea and putting it into active opera-

inspired by purely philanthropic mothe scheme is dictated largely

NO CHANGE WANTED.

The Filipinos Are Well Satisfied with American Control in Their Islands.

The remarkable demonstration at Manila on Sunday, when 6,000 natives of all classes, parties and religious beliefs called upon Gov. Taft and urged and even implored him not to leave his office and the islands, should forever dispel the delusion that American rule is not desired by the Filipinos and that they would be only too glad to be left to themselves, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

This Filipino aversion to losing their present governor, manifested not only in the demonstation at Manila, but in letters and telegrams from leading natives all over the islands, is the result of fear, based on sad experience with Spanish governors, that Judge Taft's successor may not be equally benevolent and equally zealous for the welfare of the

islands and their people.

Past experience leads the Filipinos doubtless the present proposition is the working out of the details of his sonality of their rulers than an American community would. Under Spain it was all a matter of chance whether they got a good ruler or a dianapolis Journal, that this offer is bad one. They could never be sure ed by purely philanthropic mo-Indeed, it may be assumed right by them, and in that desire would see to it that her representaby personal and economic considera- tives should be men who would at ns. Men who have shown the high- least try to do right. They have not est capacity for the successful man- yet realized that the desires toward



Shade of Jackson---"No wonder my old party is ailing."---Chicago Inter Ocean

ery man employed by it an interest in its success. The managers of that his acts. corporation have already learned that the best skill and the best serv-Much, we know, was demanded of the children of 60 and more years ago in highest wages ever paid in the iron the way of manners. "Be a little lady," and "Be a little lady," and "Be a little gentleman," were frequent injunctions, compliance with which im- all employed lifelong employment by plied far greater restraint and formality than it would to-day. It is scarce. giving them a share of the profits. possible, however, that the experience will have a personal interest in see-of one small boy of that period can ing that nothing is wasted. It means have been a common one. One even-ing," he relates in some recent rem-strikes and other interruptions, iniscences, "When I was about eight which are more deastrous to a mamby making the employes sharers in

The billion-dollar steel trust, connotions of dignity and decorum. I sup-pose she had never addressed her pose she had never addressed her twice; instead of using its position to would have the courtesy to offer his arm to make under the temptation of a It has already recognized the faithful service of old employes by a gift of

Most people, however, will be interested in watching the experiment of making an army of employes sharers of a corporation's profits.

COMMENT AND OPINION.

During 1902 not a single gun was itary instructor at Yale, replying to fired by an American soldier at a Filipino. Surely nobody can say that civilization is being shot into those people now .- Cleveland Leader.

Mr. Bryan notes that a large number of farmers with limited capital are going from this country to Mexico. In view of Mexico's pros-pective defection from silver, this

-Washington Star. The free trade papers are generbetter.-Indianapolis Journal.

agement of vast industrial affairs them of the American people are behave come to the conclusion that it nevolent, and that therefore barring for the interest of the greatest mistakes of judgment, any American corporation in the world to give ev- sent to rule over them will be upright in character and righteous in

Hence their extravagant declarations that Gov. Taft's departure would be revolutionary and destruct-ive in its effects upon the peace and prosperity of the islands. their pathetic and even pitiful pleas that a governor whom they know to be benevolent and righteous shall not leave them.

Of course, the fears of the Filipinos are unfounded. Of course, if the president finds it advisable to call Judge Taft to other duties, he will take pains to provide the best possible successor. None who knows
Theodore Roosevelt, and none who knows the American people, doubts that for an instant.

Our policy in the Philippines, as Gov. Taft told the Filipinos, is not that policy will be steadfastly pur-

they like American rule and wish its benefits continued-is most strikingly proved by their childish and pathetic fears that a mere change governors may mean a change of policy. They want no change. want American rule as they have it, leading them onward and upward in prosperity, freedom and civ-

CFOf course, President Roosevelt's hostility to the trusts is indorsed by his own party and by a large element in the opposition. The democrats, it will be noticed, are saying very little about the trusts these days. There is nothing for them to talk about. that is worth saying on this subject that is worth saying on this subject has been said by the republicans, and they have said it in a way that means business. The president wants anti-trust legislation either through acts of congress or a constitutional amend ment, and as statutes are passed quicker than the constitution can be iltered the probability is that the legislation will come through congres nal enactments. party are in entire harmony on that as on all other questions of government policy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The active efforts of the Cleveland element to push the ex-president to the front for 1904 are alarming the emocratic leaders of the west, who are willing to take any eastern gold democrat who stood by Bryan 1900 as a candidate. Just now the western men are said to be favoring Judge Parker, of New York, who did not take an active part against Mr. Bryan.—Indianapolis Journal.

MUCH TOO SWIFT.

Interesting Decision Regarding a South Dakota Law.

United States Supreme Court Declares That Divorces Grant-ed to Temporary Residents of that State Are Not Valid.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The United States supreme court yesterday again passed upon the validity of divorces granted in South Dakota to non-residents. The case was that of Annie Andrews vs. Kate H. Andrews, and the question at issue was as to which was entitled to administer upon the estate of Charles S. Andrews, whom both ladies claimed as husband. The record showed that Mrs. Kate Andrews was his first wife and that her husband secured a divorce in South Dakota after remaining there months, the time required by statute of that state. required by the

The Massachusetts courts held that the decree had been fraudulently secured and, refusing to recognize it, recognized the first wife as the legal widow of the deceased Mr. Andrews That was the holding of the supreme court of Massachusetts, and yesterday's opinion affirmed that holding. It said that Andrews' residence in the state of South Dakota did not constitute legal domicile. The case arose out of the fact that Mr. Andrews' father bequeathed certain property to "the wife of my son, Charles S. Andrews."

In passing on the case Justice White discussed at some length the question whether the federal constitution is involved in any way in the case. He held that this could not be, for the reason that the general gov-ernment never had any power over marriages to delegate; control over marriages always having been vested in the states and not parted with by them. Hence there was no power that congress could exercise to regu-late or prohibit divorces, and it must follow that unless the states were permitted to control the subject of divorce among their own citizens the subject would be entirely uncon trolled, in which case the absolute de struction of society must be the re-sult. As Mr. Andrews had been a cit-izen of Massachusetts the courts of

izen of Massachusetts the courts of that state had jurisdiction and not the courts of another state.

It was evident that Andrews' six months' residence in South Dakota had been taken up for the purpose of securing a divorce. That temporary change of residence did not amount to domicile nor to a change of citizenship. For this reason he held that the South Dakota court was without the South Dakota court was without jurisdiction in the divorce proceed-ing and its decree void. Nor did it matter if there had been a compro-mise with the first Mrs. Andrews and if she had been induced to consent for a money consideration, as had been alleged. The fact was that the case was one for the Massachusetts courts and not for the South Dakota courts and they could not be deprived of their power by this means.

THERE IS NO DELAY.

President Bacr Denies that the Read-ing Railway Co. Is Holding Up Coal

Shipments. New York, Jan. 20.—The following statement by George F. Baer, presi-dent of the Reading Railroad Co., concerning reports that large quantities of coal were being held on the com-pany's lines was given out at the Reading offices here Monday:

"It is not true that there are large quantities of coal on the line of the Philadelphia & Reading Co. The traffic is now moving freely and fully to dostination. There is no scarcity of coal cars. We now have more than we can use. The coal movement has been very heavy. Saturday and Sun-day 3,018 cars of anthracite coal Gov. Taft told the Filipinos, is not the personal policy of McKinley, or of Roosevelt, or of himself, but of the whole American people. No not the whole American people. No not at Port Richmond 439 cars of anthra-

that policy will be steadfastly pursued, because it depends not on the initiative of any man, but is the will of a free and enlightened and benevolent nation.

That the Filipinos like this policy and wish to have it continued—that the specific or and wish to have it continued—that the specific or and the steady of the strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be steadfastly pursued and adally production of 4,000 tons were drowned out by the Miners' union ordering out the pumping gangs and we were powerless to keep the water out of them during the strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike. Two of these collicies are entirely ruined and must be strike and the strike are strictless shoe for \$3.50 on \$5.00 shoes is just as good. Placed side by side it is impossible to see any difference. A trial will convince.

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**Again \$5.00 and \$5.00 shoes is just as good. Placed side by side it is impossible to see any difference. A trial will convince.

**Again \$5.00 and \$5.00 shoes is just as good. Placed s Six collieries with a daily producbe abandoned. The other four are being pumped out and in course of time will again be worked. Their de-struction prevents the use of these surplus cars, deprives the public of coal, and many men of employment. What would have happened had the strikers succeeded in drowning out all our collieries should give the pub-He serious thought."

Coal Dealers Indicted.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—A true bill was returned yesterday against 45 coal operators and retailers, charging conspiracy to do an illegal act in jurious to public trade. The indict ments are against corporations and individuals doing business in Illinois and Indiana. Bail was fixed at \$1,500 In each case.

Platt Again Chosen.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 21.—The two houses of the legislature in separate cession yesterday elected Senator Thomas C. Platt to succeed himself as United States senator. Three republican senators voted for Elihu Root, secretary of war.

A Remarkable Surgleat Operation.

St. Louis, Jan. 20.—A remarkable surgical operation was performed at the city hospital Sunday night save the life of Edward Spilker, aged 19, who had attempted suicide by shooting himself in the left breast An aperture was made and between pulsations the wound in the heart was closed with three stitches. The built had also perforated the apex of the left lung. A portion an inch and a half square was cut away, a heavy silk ligature tied about the lung, and the chest cavity closed.

The patient it is believed will recover, WIDDLETOWN HAT COMPANY, Drawer O, Middletown, N. Y.

THE BOY TURNED OUT.

Knowledge Gained at First Hand, in His Case, Was Not Easily Forgotten.

He was a boy of 12 who was at the zoo with his father to see the sights, and as they stood before the cage occupied by the chimpanzee the boy inquired:
"Father, do them things like boys?"
"Mebbe they do, my son," replied the father; "but I guess I wouldn't git too near."

near."
"But that one wants to shake hands."
"Yes, he 'pears to; but I wouldn't

shake."
"Don't you think he wants to be

"Don't you think he wants to be friends?"
"Mebbe so, but you kin jest wink at him to let him know how you feel."
That didn't exactly satisfy the boy, however. The "chim" insisted on reaching out his black paw for a friendly grip, and while the father's back was turned the lad extended his hand, says the Boston Globe.

Next instant his howls caused a rush Next instant his howls caused a rush of the crowd to see what was the matter, and as he held up a finger which was bitten to the bone and denced about, the father produced a handkerchief to tie it up and explained to the people:

"He's my son Claudius, and he's a great hand to find out things. He's just found out that them critters hev teeth, and if he ever gits over this, he won't never want to shake hands with no more monkeys."



Mrs. F. Wright, of Oelwein, Iowa, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A Young New York Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure:—

"My trouble was with the ovaries; "My trouble was with the ovaries; I am tall, and the doctor said I grew too fast for my strength. I suffered dreadfully from inflammation and doctored continually, but got no help. I suffered from terrible dragging sensations with the most awful pains low down in the side and pains in the back, and the most agonizing headaches. No one knows what I endured. Often I was sick to the stomach, and every little while I would be too sick to go to work, for three or four days; I work in a large store, and I suppose stand-

oto work, for three or four days; I work in a large store, and I suppose standing on my feet all day made me worse.

"At the suggestion of a friend of my mother's I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is simply wonderful I felt better after the first two or three doses; it seemed as though a weight was taken off my shoulders; I continued its use until now I can truthfully say I am entirely cured. Young girls who are always paying doctor's bills without getting any help as I did, ought to take your medicine. It costs so much less, and it is sure to cure them.—Yours truly, ADELAIDE PRAHL, 174 St. Ann's Ave., New York City."—\$5000 for felt if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.



W.L. Douglas makes and sells more men's 53.50 and 53.00 shoes than any other two manufacturors in the world, which proves their superiority; they are worn by more people in all stations of life than any other make.

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is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other concerns, which enables him to sell shoes for \$3.50 and

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Caution: American processing the control of the color of the W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

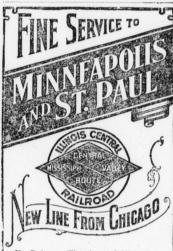


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Rheumatism

Price, 25c. and 50c.

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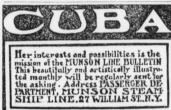


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A. N. K.-C

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Mexican Mustang

Liniment actually penetrates to the pain and cures where other liniments and salves either absolutely fail or fall far short of complete success.

