

**F. X. BLUMLE,**  
Emporium, Pa.  
Bottler and Dealer In

**BEER,**  
**WINES,**  
**WHISKIES**  
And Liquors of all Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Special Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

**EMPORIUM PA**

The **Elliott**

**COMMERCIAL SCHOOLS**

want to send you their catalog and circulars. If you can not attend one of our schools now, **WE CAN TEACH YOU** Bookkeeping and Shorthand successfully **BY MAIL**

Address "The Elliott School," at Wheeling, Charleston, Fairmont, or Clarksburg, W. Va. W. B. ELLIOTT, Pres't.

**J. A. Fisher,**  
PRACTICAL  
**Horse Shoer,**  
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

**A Weak Stomach**

Indigestion is often caused by over-eating. An eminent authority says the harm done thus exceeds that from the excessive use of alcohol. Eat all the good food you want but don't overload the stomach. A weak stomach may refuse to digest what you eat. Then you need a good digestant like Kodol, which digests your food without the stomach's aid. This rest and the wholesome tonics Kodol contains soon restore health. Dieting is unnecessary. Kodol quickly relieves the feeling of fullness and bloating from which some people suffer after meals. Absolutely cures indigestion.

**Kodol Nature's Tonic.**  
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. (The bottle contains 2 1/2 times the 60c. size.)  
R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

**REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY**

Made a Well Man of Me.

**THE GREAT FRANCE REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Disease, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but restores nerve tone and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a post office written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Each one a dollar free. Address: REGAL MEDICINE CO., 10-36 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.—121y

**PATENTS**

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free booklet "How to Secure PATENTS" Write to **TRADE-MARKS**

**CASNOW & CO.**  
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

**Madam French Dean's**

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Specially Satisfactory Guaranteed or money refunded. Sent prepaid for \$1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when received. Samples Free. UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, Lancaster, Pa.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson.

**WASHINGTON LIBRARY.**

The Structure, Donated by Mr. Carnegie, Is a Marble Palace—Notable Men Participate in the Dedicatory Exercises.

Washington, Jan. 8.—A throng of persons of note assembled yesterday to attend the ceremonies incident to the dedication of the Washington public library. The event occurred in the auditorium of the new library. The participants in the exercises included the president of the United States and Andrew Carnegie, the donor of the building.

The library building is a beautiful white marble structure occupying the center of Mount Vernon square in the very heart of Washington. For its construction Mr. Carnegie donated \$350,000 and as an architectural ornament it is quite equal to the government buildings of the city.

The dedication exercises lasted scarcely an hour. After the bishop of Washington, Rt. Rev. Dr. Satterlee, had pronounced prayer, President Roosevelt made a speech.

In a brief address H. B. MacFarland, one of the commissioners of the District of Columbia, turned the building over to the board of library trustees, President Noyes responding on behalf of the board.

Mr. Carnegie said that he had given, chiefly within the past two years, 730 library buildings. During July last, 276 applications for library buildings were received by him from all parts of the English-speaking world. When he arrived in New York last month from Europe he found awaiting him applications for 450 additional buildings. Today he has on hand 385 new applications, making in all under consideration now more than 800, "the great majority of which," he said, "will, no doubt, be given."

Mr. Carnegie after the dedication of the library said that he was so well pleased with his gift of \$350,000 and the provision for the support of the library that he would donate another \$350,000 for the erection of branch libraries on the same condition as the original gift, namely, that the city provide the sites and arrange for the support of the libraries.

**A HOLDUP GAME.**

**Greedy Coal Dealers Cause Trouble in Chicago—Manufacturers Ask for a Special Jury to Act on the Situation.**

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The committee appointed by the Illinois Manufacturers' association to pursue the investigation into the causes of the coal famine in this city, called upon States Attorney Deneen yesterday and urged upon him the advisability of empaneling a special grand jury to act upon a volume of evidence collected, tending to show illegal methods employed by coal dealers to raise the price of coal.

"There can be no question about the manufacturers' legal rights," said Mr. Deneen, when asked about his probable action, "if they have the necessary evidence. The exact nature of the facts the committee has in hand, however, I do not know. We discussed the general scope of the case and the law bearing upon it. As to whether there will be a special grand jury called I cannot say."

The action of the committee followed a meeting earlier in the day, at which replies from a large number of manufacturers throughout the city to a letter sent out by the association, were considered. Chairman Eckert declared that the complaints of the manufacturers were almost unanimous to the effect that coal could not be secured from dealers, even where purchased under an ironclad contract, except at an almost prohibitive price.

"There seems to be plenty of coal," said Mr. Eckert, "but the dealers are holding it back in the yards of the railroad companies until they can get their price for it."

The letters, he said, convey the idea that many manufacturers will be compelled to close unless the situation shall be relieved. Many large firms complained that they had been compelled to pay \$4.80 to \$5 a ton for soft coal contracted for at \$2.70 a ton.

**REIGN OF TERROR.**

**An Anti-Saloon Crusade at Winslow, Ind., Results in Lawlessness.**

LaGrange, Ind., Jan. 8.—Assassination, wrecking of homes by dynamite, assaults by mobs and a general reign of terror have followed the victorious war of the Anti-Saloon league against the saloons of the town of Winslow. Arthur White, of Princeton, a prominent league worker, was assassinated while changing cars at Hazelton. A hidden foe shot him five times as he stood on the station platform.

John McConnell's residence, which was partly destroyed by dynamite last week, was blown up Tuesday night. McConnell was assaulted yesterday by a drunken mob, and Lawrence Goff, the town marshal, was seriously injured by unidentified assailants while he was trying to make an arrest.

F. J. Fenton's drug store has been blown up with dynamite. The explosion was so heavy that surrounding buildings were partly wrecked.

Through the efforts of the Anti-Saloon league all the dramshops have been driven out of the township. The saloonkeepers and a portion of the residents want to restore the saloons, but the league and its friends are preventing the issuance of licenses.

**Gov. Garvin Takes Office.**

Providence, R. I., Jan. 7.—E. P. Garvin, the first democrat to be elected governor in Rhode Island in ten years, was inaugurated yesterday and the new state government took the oath of office. There was considerable interest in the organization of the house of representatives, due to the fact that the republicans had a majority of but two votes. On the ballot for speaker three democrats voted for Joseph P. Burlingame, of Warwick, the republican candidate, who was elected by a majority of eight over his democratic opponent.

**NON-UNION MINERS.**

About 150 of Their Witnesses Give Testimony.

Interesting Facts Brought Out Before the Coal Strike Commissioners—Deputy Sheriff's Paid for by Coal Companies—Gen. Gobin on the Stand.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—Twenty-two men, all but one of whom were employed in and about the coal mines, appeared before the anthracite coal strike commission at its first session in this city yesterday and recited the oft-told tales of persecution because they chose to work rather than join the strikers. The single exception was Charles H. Schadt, of Scranton, the sheriff of Lackawanna county.

The sheriff, in direct examination, said, among other things, that he issued a proclamation shortly after the strike was inaugurated, calling upon all persons in the county to keep the peace; that it was difficult to get men to act as deputy sheriffs; that in most cases, where there was trouble, it was usually over when he and his men arrived; that he attempted to keep the peace in all localities and that the disturbances became so numerous and serious that he had to call on the governor for troops.

Sheriff Schadt was then turned over to the miners for cross-examination. To the surprise of some persons Mr. Mitchell took up the examination.

The sheriff said he had employed 45 or 50 deputy sheriffs and admitted that they were paid by the coal companies. He could not say that a general state of lawlessness existed in the county, but said there was a reign of terror in existence in some localities. He said that as a rule crowds dispersed when he ordered them to do so, and that striking miners whom he knew obeyed his orders the same as other persons. He also admitted that the second contingent of troops sent into his county was ordered there without his request.

This appeared to satisfy President Mitchell and then Mr. Wilson took the witness in hand and asked him why the county did not pay the deputy sheriffs. The sheriff replied that the companies had made the request for protection, and counsel for the witness explained that it was the law in Pennsylvania that the company asking for protection was compelled to pay for it. The explanation rather surprised Chairman Gray, who said: "I am not familiar with such an un-American law. When the county or the state relinquishes the duty of maintaining and protecting life and property and keeping the peace, then they are open to criticism."

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—The non-union men continue to occupy the attention of the coal strike commission in presenting evidence of lawlessness in the anthracite coal region during the strike. The testimony yesterday included many acts of violence, from murder down to plain assault and petty larceny.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—The principal feature of the proceedings before the coal strike commission yesterday was the exception taken by President Mitchell to a remark made by Chairman Gray that he would like to see the miners' union come up out of the mire that is around the baser parts of it, into the sunlight. The miners' president said that the union should not be indicted unless a connection could be shown between it and acts of lawlessness. The head of the commission replied that he did not wish to indict the organization, but hoped it would disentangle itself from the violence and lawlessness committed during the strike.

Witness Gintley testified that witnesses were averse to coming before the commission because they were afraid of losing their positions. He told of one instance where a man was refused work because he appeared before the arbitrators, and the commission made a note of it and said an investigation would be made. The witness said that many of the coal and iron police were of bad character. Some had served time in jail and were hired as guards as soon as liberated from prison.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—After occupying eight days, during which time they presented about 150 witnesses, the non-union men who are a party to the arbitration agreement closed their case yesterday before the coal strike commission.

The principal witness before the commission was Lieut. Gov. Gobin, senior brigadier general of the national guard of Pennsylvania. Gen. Gobin was in command of the Third brigade during the time the troops were on duty in the hard coal fields. He was on the stand three hours and a half, and during most of that time was engaged in a recital of the conditions as he found them in the territory he covered.

The now famous "shoot to kill" order issued by him after his soldiers had been attacked by stones, was touched upon by Mr. Darrow, counsel for the miners. The general said it meant every word it said, and that the issuance of the order had a salutary effect upon the communities which his soldiers covered. It had such a good effect that it was not necessary to fire one shot. The order, he said, did not include the shooting of women and children.

**DISASTROUS FIRE.**

The Largest Tinware Factory in Canada Is Burned—Loss \$300,000.

London, Ont., Jan. 10.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of this city occurred last night in the immense plant of the McClary Manufacturing Co. A boy working in the stamping department dropped a burning match into a vat of oil and with a report like a cannon the oil went up in a sheet of flame. Like a flash it spread on the first floor and the employes rushed from the building in a panic. In this portion of the works were located the stamping room with 100 presses, the tinsmith department, the japanning department, the artists' department and the wrapping rooms where tinware is made ready for market.

About 500 men, women and boys were in the building. There was a rush for the elevator and the stairs, and in a terrible crush, scorched and smoke begrimed, they reached the street, but none seriously injured. The fire burned furiously for hours, the firemen being utterly unable to cope with it.

When the fire brigade arrived the hydrants were found to be frozen and when the water was turned into the hose the pressure would not throw the streams 50 feet. The fire burnt itself out.

The loss is \$300,000. The firm is practically the only stamping firm in the Dominion and also one of the largest in America.

**DUN'S WEEKLY REPORT.**

The Fuel Situation Is the Only Disturbing Element.

New York, Jan. 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Collections are notably prompt at all leading centers, bearing testimony to the strong financial position of the nation's industries at the opening of the new year. Distribution of merchandise is heavy, and manufacturers are pressed for prompt delivery. Orders for spring goods come forward freely, and in many lines there is more than a sample business in fall weights. Tardy deliveries in the past lead purchasers to anticipate requirements more than heretofore, and orders are being placed far in advance of actual needs.

The fuel situation is still the one seriously disturbing element, rendering abnormally high the cost of manufacturing and restricting the purchasing power of almost the entire population. Fortunately, this comes at a time of exceptional prosperity, or there would be a general contraction of consumption in other lines. There is little interruption to work because of labor disputes.

Failures for the week numbered 350 in the United States, against 373 last year, and 24 in Canada, compared with 27 a year ago.

**REBELLIONS IN CHINA.**

Two Formidable Insurrections are Now in Progress.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 10.—A Kansu officer in Peking has received news of a Mohammedan rising in Chang Chia Cuan. This place is very strongly situated and formerly the Chinese always kept a strong army corps there, but lately there has only been a small guard. Telegrams have been received at Peking from the commandant at Monkdei that Kan Kofu, who heads the insurrection in Shing Kiang, is now the leader of 100,000 men, and has obtained possession of the most important points in the neighborhood of Monkdei. He has proclaimed himself sovereign.

The rebellion in Kwang Si grows. Advice from Hong Kong state that half the province of Kwang Si has fallen into the hands of the rebels. Gen. Ma has been killed and the capital, Kweilin, is in imminent peril. Gen. Ma, who was sent from Chi Li against the rebels, won fame during the Boxer campaign by quelling the Jehol rebellion.

**AFTER SIX MONTHS**

The Burlington Train Robbers Are Routed Up.

Sensational Confession—Murdered Wounded Pat, Fearing He Might Give Them Away—Buried Their Booty in the Sand and Sank the Boat.

La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 10.—As prisoners on the same train they are alleged to have held up six months ago at Marcus, Ill., four men who are believed to be of the gang which robbed the Burlington train at that place, were left at Savannah, Ill., by the train on Thursday night and were taken to Mount Carroll, the county seat, where they will be arraigned on the charge of holding up the train. The story of the findings of clues and their subsequent capture is interesting.

A detective, Charles White, visited every nook and corner of the Mississippi river between here and the place where the robbery occurred, to find the person of whom the robbers bought the boat which was found sunken with sand in the river near where they had temporarily buried their booty. It took him three months and he was not successful until he reached La Crosse, when, in company with Detective William Lyman, of the local force, after two weeks of unremitting work, they located the man from whom the skiff had been purchased. He and his wife went to Chicago on Wednesday night to identify the four alleged robbers.

The robbers, so the detectives found, went down the river in the skiff, taking four days to make the trip, and were joined at Dubuque by two others, which made the party six in number. One of these robbers wore a pair of shoes just purchased in Dubuque. He was the one who was killed during the robbery. It develops from the story of one of the robbers, that the dead robber was killed by their own party. They had a secret code of signals which they were to use. The dead robber in coming around the train, did not give the signal and was shot. He was not killed, however, for after the safe had been blown open, and the robbers unhooked the engine, they put the wounded man on board. One of the party said to him: "Can you talk yet?"

He replied "yes," whereupon one of the party shot him through the head, killing him instantly. They then had a discussion as to whether to burn the body in the firebox, but decided to throw it out of the engine cab, which they did. They then abandoned the engine and got into the skiff, went across the river, buried the money and sunk the boat.

**DOUBLE TRAGEDY.**

A Toledoan Kills His Wife and Himself in a Hotel at Adrian, Mich.

Adrian, Mich., Jan. 10.—William B. Chio, aged 45, of Toledo, yesterday shot and killed his wife Elizabeth, aged 35, and then fired the 32-calibre revolver at his own breast. Both victims were dead, the woman with a bullet wound through her heart, when a crowd of people, who heard the shots, broke into the parlor of Platt's hotel, where the tragedy occurred.

The couple had been living apart and the woman was an employee of the hotel. She had charged that her estrangement from her husband had been due to the latter's abusive treatment of their 14-year-old daughter. Chio came here from Toledo on Thursday and Landford Platt, fearing trouble, had hesitated about allowing him to see his wife, but finally consented when Chio promised that he would not again trouble Platt with such a request if he was granted the interview. The couple had been conversing alone in the parlor about a quarter of an hour when the five shots that ended their unhappy lives rang out in rapid succession.

**THEY MET HEAD-ON.**

Two Passenger Trains on the Big Four Road Collide.

Indianapolis, Jan. 10.—Two passenger trains on the Big Four road collided last night four miles west of Morrow, Ill. They met head-on. Both engines are lying on their sides, one man is missing and one man is known to be badly hurt. The trains were the second section of the train which left here late yesterday morning going west, and the train eastbound which was due here at 4:20 o'clock this morning.

Engineer King, of the eastbound, living at Mattoon, Ill., is reported badly hurt. The fireman on the westbound is missing. None of the passengers are reported as injured. The crew of the westbound train reported here that the engine is overturned and all the cars wrecked except one. The mail and baggage coaches are badly broken up. The engine of the other train is also overturned and the cars wrecked, but the crew of that train has not reported.

**THE PRETENDER IS DEFEATED.**

Madrid, Jan. 10.—A dispatch from Mellilla, Morocco, says that Bu Hamara, the pretender to the throne, has been defeated near Fez and has retreated to Taza. Several more tribes have abandoned the revolutionary movement and have submitted to the sultan.

**There Will Be No Strike.**

Chicago, Jan. 10.—As a result of a conference of general managers of western railways centering in Chicago, it is declared there will be no strikes upon the various roads. It is believed the demands of the trainmen, conductors, engineers and firemen will be compromised.

**A \$200,000 Fire.**

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 10.—Fire last evening destroyed the Edwards building, occupied by several business firms. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000, with insurance of about \$125,000.

**FALL AND WINTER ANNOUNCEMENT.**

Our stock of Fall and Winter Dry Goods is now complete. We have a nice line of heavy goods for jacket suits, and also several pieces of heavy goods for rainy-day skirts.

A full line of Ladies Wrappers for fall and winter in calico, percale and flannelette, sizes 32 to 44, from \$1.00 to \$1.85 each.

We have a large stock of white and colored fall wool blankets and the prices are very low for the grade of goods.

Our stock of mercerized satin under skirts is complete. These skirts are made of the best material that can be bought for the price, and are not a back number. They are going rapidly. Do not wait until they are nearly all gone before looking them over. Prices, \$1.00, \$1.35, \$2.00 and \$2.35. These prices are special for this lot.

Have just received a shipment of ladies belts. The latest in black and colors. Prices, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 each. Also a lot of new applique trimming in black and white.

While in our store ask to see the **Lansdown Waist Patterns.**

Our custom made Clothing is giving the greatest satisfaction, as is attested by the increased business we are doing in this line. We guarantee the fit and can save you from 10 to 25% on your clothing.

**C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.**