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BRUTALITY CHARGED.

Senator Beveridge's Vigorous Denunciation of American Soldiers in the Philippines.

At the Indiana republican state convention, Indianapolis, April 23, Senator Beveridge, chairman of the convention, in a lengthy address upon the various political questions now before the people touched upon the subject of charges made against American soldiers in the Philippines of brutalities towards the natives. In defense of the soldiers the senator said:

"Do they tell us of the brutality of American soldiers? War has no record of cruelty, tenderness and care that compares with the American treatment of prisoners in the Philippines. Gens. Otis, Hughes and MacArthur have testified to the care and kindness of American officers and men to Filipino prisoners. They are cured for even as our own. I have seen wards of our own hospitals turned over to Filipino sick and wounded. American physicians attend them, American nurses minister to them. We are told of reconcentration camps. And what are they? Great tracts of fertile land, not surrounded by fences and stockades, where the people may live and work in perfect liberty protected from murderous desperados' demands. Read the story of American reconcentration in Marinduque. The Filipinos there were fed with food bought by American money. When those who terrorized them had been killed or captured, Filipino physicians signed voluntary statements that the people's health improved. The American lines were 50 per cent. better than it had been in their own homes. And those people departed to their field, at last made peaceful, with rejoicings on their lips that they had finally been rescued from their own oppressors, and with blessings on the American flag and the American soldiers who had worked that deliverance.

"The republican party stands by the American soldier in the Philippines to-day as it stood by the soldier of the Union years ago, stands by him now, and will stand by him until the last gray and honored head bows to the Conqueror of us all. To those who now denounce American soldiers in the Philippines, I give the same answer they gave to the defamers of the boys in blue in the old days: 'We stand by the boys beneath the flag.' 'The boys beneath the flag? God bless them everyone! And God defend them from enemies at home and abroad, in the field and foes in the rear. Foes in the field, the American soldier fights and conquers; foes in the rear he cannot reach. Think of men rejoicing when American soldiers fall! Are there such men in America to-day? Ask yourselves who would be helped in the coming campaign by the news of American disaster? American officers will tell you that insurrection has been prolonged by American encouragement. American soldiers are fighting for the flag's supremacy, for the republic's advancing power; and there is no nobler cause for which to battle and to die than to plant American might and righteousness where duty points the way.

"This is no season for bitterness. It is a time for loyalty, love and brotherhood in all American hearts. Sections are no more; they have passed away in the progress of the great republic. The twentieth century opens with the mightiest people of history marching onward to supremacy, with 'Fraternity' as their watchword. We will not denounce even the maligners of American soldiers; we pity them instead, for they know not what they do. Our greatest leader's loftiest words are our motto still: 'Malice toward none, charity for all; loyalty to the flag! Upon the grave of every American soldier, wherever he yielded up his life, let the grateful tears of the nation fall. And for the cause for which American soldiers have given their blood, let the whole world know that the American people are united. Let watching nations learn that this new world power rising in the west is not divided by classes, riven by strife, weakened by faction, and that those who stand against our advancing banner must meet a single, devoted, united people following after. Let history record that we are in fact, as well as name, the people of the United States of America.'

HUNTING FOR AN ISSUE.

Democrats Are Ready to Set Up a Hue and Cry About Any Old Thing.

With a great clatter democratic politicians have begun to denounce a "force bill" because a bill has been introduced in the house to investigate the suffrage situation in the states that have adopted disfranchising constitutions. This sudden eruption of democratic noise about a possible so-called force bill is as vociferous as if the dreadful measure were already framed and nearing a vote. Just two things have been suggested in congress in connection with general suffrage. One is a bill to give federal courts a certain jurisdiction in questions relating to the election of federal (not state or local) officers. The other is simply a bill to investigate suffrage as affected by state constitutions adopted in recent years. Judging from the violent democratic outcry it is a crime for congress even to investigate national questions of suffrage or to exercise any restraint on the fraudulent election of its own members, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

DRIFT OF OPINION.

The Nashville American proposes David B. Hill and Fitzhugh Lee as the democratic national ticket for 1904. Has Bryan been entirely forgotten?—Iowa State Register.

Col. Bryan threatens to carry the silver question into Cuba. That is much further than he penetrated with his silver regiment during the Spanish war.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The democrats are about to "frame a policy" for the campaign of 1904. If they do not like it when framed, of course they will, as usual, frame another.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

The only hope of democrats everywhere seem to have of winning this year is on "republican mistakes." There appears to be very little initiative in that party nowadays.—Albany Journal.

The Cuban tariff concession men thought it fun to have democratic cooperation until they struck the differential. There is no limit to tariff tinkering when once allowed to begin.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Col. Watterson sees democrats rapturously uniting all over the country. This fills him with unalloyed joy. But he does not say anything about Mr. Gorman, Mr. Bryan or Mr. Hill. Are they also uniting for peace and harmony?—Albany Journal.

The Oregon election is the first to take place this year. It occurs in June and the republicans are confident of polling a large vote. At one time the early state elections were regarded as certain indicators of how the general elections would go in the fall, and perhaps the election in Oregon will serve that purpose now.—Albany Journal.

Real Americans, regardless of party, will be gratified to learn that the republican members of the senate Philippines committee have rejected the proposition of Mr. Rawlins to bring Aguinaldo and other Filipino leaders here as being more truthful than such officers as Gens. Merritt, Anderson, Otis and MacArthur, and Admiral Dewey and such civilians as the men comprising the two Philippine commissions.—Indianapolis Journal.

Henry Watterson and David B. Hill are trying to get the democratic party together on a Jeffersonian platform. Watterson is an expansionist and Hill is a contractionist. The latter holds the record for contracting republican majorities through the agency of a democratic state canvassing board from which Dutchess county returns were conveniently stolen. Of course he would be a shining apostle of "no government without the consent of the governed."—Troy (N. Y.) Times.

ONE ONLY REMEDY.

Home Competition is the Sole Solution of the Cuban Sugar Problem.

The democratic papers and their "independent" and "reform" organs are making a great shout over the passage of the Cuban reciprocity measure through the house, because that action may lead to republican division and defeat; but what will be the result, if that bill becomes a law, so far as the consumers of sugar are concerned? Nothing. The sugar trust will continue to purchase all the foreign sugar imported into the United States and make the prices at which sugar shall be sold, just as it has ever since Hawaii was annexed. It is true that the sugar trust may make reductions in prices in the regions where sugar is produced in the United States, but no one will expect reductions in localities where there is no competition with the trust, says the Iowa State Register.

The official report shows that 985,568,640 pounds of sugar were produced in the United States last year, which was about one-sixth of the 5,313,987,840 pounds consumed in this country during the year. One-third of the home production was from sugar beets and two-thirds from cane. No one will attempt to deny the fact that sugar was cheaper because of the home production. Protecting home labor and building up home industries are the main objects of the republican tariff. That is why the free trade democrats, "independents" and "reformers" are now joining in great rejoicing over the passage of the Cuban reciprocity bill in the house. It is possible that if that bill becomes a law it will destroy the sugar cane industry of the south and the sugar beet industry of the north, and thus destroy all the existing competition with the sugar trust. What then will be the result?

The people of the United States have had notable lessons in the steel rail and tin industries of their own country. It is only 12 years since the free traders were insisting that "tinplate cannot be made in the United States;" it is only about a quarter of a century since they were asserting that steel rails could not be made in this country; and they are now insisting that the United States cannot produce its own sugar supply, notwithstanding sugar can be produced on about two-thirds of the tillable land of this country. Home competition is the only remedy. The price of sugar may be temporarily reduced because of the large world production last year, but the destruction of the American sugar industries will be certain to result in higher priced sugar, and free trade on sugar would not be of the slightest injury to the sugar trust, simply because that trust buys the foreign sugar and makes the price at which it shall be sold—just as the coffee trust buys the coffee and makes the price at which it shall be sold, notwithstanding there is no duty on coffees imported into the United States.

WILL INVESTIGATE THE CASE.

Denver, May 1.—Judge Lindsey, of the county court, yesterday announced that he will officially investigate a rumor that William Wood, supposed to have died a year ago in a Kansas insane asylum, is alive and recovering his reason through expert treatment in Europe. Wood was one of the heirs of a large estate, which included the famous Emma mine at Aspen, Col., once valued at \$10,000,000. His estate at present is valued at about \$1,000,000. His heirship was established after many years of litigation, which reached the supreme court of the United States. In the meantime he had been pronounced hopelessly insane and later was reported to have died.

LONG OUT, MOODY IN.

Washington, May 1.—Secretary Long closed his official career as the head of the naval establishment yesterday. Affairs progressed as usual and the event was unmarked save by the calling of many friends to take official leave of the retiring secretary. Among the callers were Secretary Hay and Mr. Moody, Secretary Long's successor. Secretary Moody assumed the duties of secretary of the navy this morning. Very few changes will follow the change in the head of the department. The only one which will take effect at once will be the installation of Fred L. Fishback as confidential clerk in place of Mr. Greer, who has been appointed an assistant paymaster in the navy.

NEGRO LYNCHED.

Brandenburg, Kan., May 1.—Ernest Dewley, a negro, who shot and seriously wounded Harry Dowell, a young white man at Guston, about seven miles from this place, was hanged by a mob Wednesday morning and his body riddled with bullets.

DIDN'T BELONG TO BEEF TRUST, EITHER.

Omaha, Neb., May 1.—The highest prices ever paid for thoroughbred cattle at the South Omaha stock yards was bid for a herd of Angus-Aberdeens sold yesterday. The six-year-old cow, Blackbird, was sold to Canton Bros. & Stevenson, of Holstein, Ia., for \$3,010, and a calf at her side brought \$1,000. Forty-four head brought an average of \$234.

WAR HAS COST OVER A BILLION DOLLARS.

London, May 1.—An official estimate of the total cost of the South African war to March 31, 1903, places the amount at nearly £223,000,000.

AWFUL DISASTER.

Eight Girls and Women Are Dead and Many Hurt.

Accident to the Janitor of a Philadelphia Cigar Manufacturer Causes a Cry of Fire to Be Raised, Which Resulted in Panic Among Employes.

Philadelphia, May 1.—An unfortunate accident to a deaf and dumb boy, Isador Baccus, was yesterday directly responsible for the death of eight young girls and women, the fatal injury of three and the serious injury of more than 20 girls employed in the cigar factory of Harburger, Homan & Co., a branch of the American Tobacco Co., located at Tenth street and Washington avenue. The building in which the disaster occurred is a five-story brick structure and reaches an entire block. Twelve hundred persons were at work at the time of the accident, 90 per cent. of whom were girls whose ages range from 12 years upward.

The trouble began on the fourth floor of the structure. Baccus, the janitor of the building, started for the fifth floor. The elevator was at the top of the shaft and Baccus pulled the rope to bring it down. He opened the door leading to the shaft and leaned forward to see where the carriage was. As he did so the elevator, which was descending slowly, struck him across the back of the neck, pinning his head between the elevator and the floor. A stock boy released Baccus and cried for help. The foreman rushed from the building to call an ambulance and immediately there was a panic among the employes.

Some of the younger girls fainted, while others, not being able to control their feelings, cried fire. Instantly there was a mad rush for the stairway leading into Tenth street. The girls rushed down the narrow staircase until they reached a bend in the exit between the second and third floors. In their eagerness to escape the frightened leaders fell. Others immediately following tripped over the stumbling mass of humanity and in less than a minute there were hundreds of children and young women struggling in the passageway. The shrieks and screams of the terror-stricken girls could be heard for a block or more.

During the excitement an alarm of fire was turned in, but before the engines could reach the scene several of the occupants of the building had rushed to the windows and jumped to the street, a distance of over 50 feet. Helen Tolini, one of those to jump, was almost instantly killed. When the firemen and policemen arrived every effort was made to quiet the terrorized girls.

After a few minutes the men were enabled to check the awful crush on the stairway and then began the work of rescuing those who had been trampled and crushed between the second and third floors. A call for ambulances had been turned in and as quickly as the dead and injured were carried from the building, they were hurried to hospitals.

While this was going on the scene about the structure was heartrending. Parents and relatives of the unfortunate girls were screaming and rushing about the streets like mad and it was almost impossible for the police officials to restrain the mothers and relatives of supposed victims from entering the building.

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The grandest remedy in the World, because it never fails to cure.

- RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, PLEURISY, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, FACEACHE, BACKACHE, STIFFNESS, SORENESS, SPRAINS.

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In 25c and 50c sizes.

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Every farmer his own landlord, no encumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year.

Reduced rates on all railroads for home-seekers and settlers.

New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page A. T. L. A. of WESTERN CANADA and all other information sent free to all applicants.

Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOSEPH H. MCNEIL, 511 State St., East Columbia, Ohio; H. M. WILLIAMS, 30 Law Bldg., Toledo, O., Canadian Government Agents.

HAZARD

Grand American Handicap April, 1902. H. C. Hirschy is a slight five-year-old colt, a mis. A new record straight to win the main event. He used Hazard Smokes. Ojathe Kansas State flying target championship. Sent free to all applicants.

J. A. R. Elliott holds the live bird championship of America with Hazard Smokes Powder. Use Hazard Smokes, the recognized powder of the day. Pattern your gun with it. Send for target to Hazard Smokes Target, P. O. Box 60, New York City.

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A Durable Wall Coating

NOT A KALSOMINE



Forms a pure and permanent coating and does not require to be taken off to renew from time to time. Is a dry powder, ready for use by mixing with cold water.

TO THOSE BUILDING

We are experts in the treatment of walls. Write and see how helpful we can be, at no cost to you, in getting beautiful and healthful homes.

ALABASTINE COMPANY, Grand Rapids, Mich.

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Complete External and Internal Treatment

Cuticura

THE SET \$1.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood, and expel humour germs. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, eczemas, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chaffings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No other medicated soap is to be compared with CUTICURA for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOUR.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.) to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (25c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A. "All about the Skin," free.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Each pill is equivalent to one teaspoonful of liquid RESOLVENT. Put up in screw-cap pocket vials, containing the same number of doses as a 50c. bottle of liquid RESOLVENT, price 25c. CUTICURA PILLS are alternative, antiseptic, tonic, and digestive, and beyond question the purest, sweetest, most successful and economical blood and skin purifier, humour cures, and tonic-digestives yet compounded.

War has cost over a billion dollars. London, May 1.—