CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fity cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on

application.
Legal and Official Advertising per square,
three times or less, \$2; each subsequent inser-

Legal and Omen's Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices i0 cents per line for one insersertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

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tising.
No local inserted for less than 75 cents per

JOB PRINTING.

s Job department of the Press is complete
infords facilities for doing the best class of

Particular-attention paid to Law

PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearges are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

What ho! ye baldheads, look up and be of good cheer. Here is glorious A Boon for the Bald-Headed.

Bald-Headed.

Bald-Headed.

news for you, coming from a reliable source. It is al-

ways a pleasure to furnish encouragement for the bald. Baldheaded men are appreciative. To gain the gratitude of a baldheaded man it is only necessary to tell him his hair may be made to grow again. And he is ever ready to share his last penny with the man who has a hair restorer. Failure does not bear him down. He hopes on, hopes ever; he is always ready to try, try again. Therefore the following from the London Globe will no doubt come to the baldheaded as a thrice welcome message:

thrice welcome message:

"The use of gas to make the hair grow is one of the latest medical discoveries. The gas employed is oxygen. A large cap fits tightly round the head, and is supplied with oxygen from a bag which is slung over the patient's shoulders. It is worn for a few hours every day, and even in cases of absolute baldness is said to produce a more or less luxuriant crop of hair. The discovery was made at the Oxygen hospital, Fitzroy square, an institution of which Princess Louise is patron. The gas is used for the cure of quite a number of diseases. A woman was undergoing the oxygen cure for skin disease, and one of her arms had for many days been placed in a light airtight box filled with the gas. It was soon noticed that on that part of the arm that was unaffected by the disease the growth of hair was much stimulated, and this naturally suggested oxygen as a cure for baldness. The first experiment was made upon a woman who had completely lost her hair, and it was found that after a few weeks' treatment there was quite a strong growth."

It is further estimated that the oxygen contents of the strong growth."

It is further estimated that the oxygen treatment is found to benefit weak eyes and to cure consumption in a large percentage of cases, but these virtues may be lightly passed over if it will really restore even a fuzz upon the head of the bald. Let us hope, chips in the Chicago Record-Herald, that the day may be speedily coming when the bald-headed man may, instead of paying over his hard-earned savings to the hairless drug clerk for hair restorer that refuses to restore, go about with his little oxygen bag slung over his shoulder, adding to the gayety of nations and blissfully fostering the hope that never dies

The postal department has issued a bound book of receipts for rural mail The Rural Postal carriers, which re-sembles in a gen-System.

eral way a check book, each page containing a stub, with a perforated line between to facilitate separation, says the Washington News. The book is kept by the carrier, and the stubs show the disposal he made of the money intrusted to him by the patron who holds his receipt. He is always supplied with blank applications, which the patron fiels out himself and gives him with the money. The carrier's receipt in this manner becomes the patron's voucher, showing that he has given the carrier his money and his application; the stub becomes the carrier's voucher that money and application have been given to the postmaster, and that a money order has been made out in accordance therewith; and the postmaster's voucher is found in his own money order book, where a carbon duplicate of the order he has drawn is preserved. The posmaster may, if the patron desires and sends him by the carrier's hand an addressed envelope or letter, slip the order inside and mail it himself. or he may give the order to the carrier to be handed over to the patron on his next trip past the latter's place of residence.

That was rather a stalwart prayer that the little Gardiner boy put up and was expressive, if not wholly reverent, says the Kennebec (Me.) Journal. Living as near neighbors is a family that is in a deplorable condition, the mother dead and the four or five children coming along almost any way. One of the younger male members of this family has a decided fancy for climbing the trees on the premises and has received a few quite serious falls; so when the little four-year-old tot in the next house was saying his prayer the other night his mother was horrified to hear the following clause injected into it: "O God, take care of the Blank family. Tommy climbs the trees, and, O God, see that he doesn't fall and break his cussed neck." It is needless to say that that prayer came to a very

BRYAN'S "PERHAPS."

Note,—"It may be observed," said a prominent politician, "that Mr. Bryan prefaces all his political utterances with his now famous 'perhaps.'"

The shades of night were falling fast
As through the western country passed
A man who bore, through party ice,
A banner with the strange device:
"Perhaps,"

His brow was sad; his hair, beneath A somewhat damaged laurel wreath, Was mussed; but like a clarion rung The accents of that tireless tongue: "Perhaps."

In great Ohio's broad expanse
He saw them try to choke his chance;
They turned his picture to the wall;
He smiled and musmured: "That's no gallPerhaps."

"Try not to run," the rebels yell;
"Imperialism has gone to —,"
And capital has come to stay."
He answered, in the same old way:
"Perhaps."

"Oh, stay," a remnant said, "and rest Your weary head upon this breast."
A tear stood in his blackened eye,
As soft he answered with a sigh:
"Perhaps."

"Beware free silver's withered branch; Where is your hard times avalanche? Bay, won't you ever learn a thing?" The rebels hear him murmuring: "Perhaps."

Around, above, below, he sees The lcy portents of a freeze; He feels the foe upon his track, But just the same he answers back: "Perhaps."

From east and west, from south and north, Come anxious rebels trooping forth. "We'll down the Matchless Leader," cry The hungry hordes. He makes reply: "Perhaps."

"We'll smite him on the thigh and hip, We want a change of leadership; Chicago platforms are n. g., We'll have a new one." And says he: "Perhaps."

A traveler, by a little mound, Half buried in the snow was found, Still grasping, midst the snow and ice, A banner with the strange device: "Perhaps."

There in the twilight, cold and gray, They stood about him as he lay. "Thank God," the rebels cry; "he's dead." Then, turning in the snow, he said: "Perhaps."
-William J. Lampton, in N. Y. Herald.

REPUBLICAN STALWARTS.

Clean-Cut and Progresssive Statement of Principles by the Iowa Convention,

The work of the Iowa state convention must be viewed with satisfaction by loyal and thinking republicans all over the nation. It nominated strong and clean men for the various state offices. Its platform is a clear-cut, progressive statement of republican principles.

The convention justly congratulated congress upon its currency legisla-tion and upon its dealings with Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines. "The policy of this government toward the islands," it said, "has followed inevitably upon our expulsion of the authority of Spain. It has been dictated by the conditions present, has been consistent with the spirit of the constitution and the paramount consideration has been to secure the lasting welfare of these peoples whose fortunes and destinies have become in a large degree dependent

upon us."
The convention indorsed the policy of protection as the foundation of our industrial and financial independence, but it also recognized that that policy is a practical one whose applications must change with circumstances, and indorsed "the policy of reciprocity as the natural comple-ment of protection, and urge its development as necessary to the realization of our highest commercial possibilities."

In its declarations concerning so-called "trusts" the convention recognized them as useful instruments for the nation's industrial advancement, but asserted "the right residing in the people to enforce such regula-tions as will protect the individual and society from abuse of the power which great combinations of capital trampled on by the 40,000 or 45,000 wield." No thinking observer of industrial progress could ask for more.
None interested in combinations can find the Iowa attitude unfair or oppressive.

The Iowa convention has spoken clearly, fairly and worthily great republican state. While the contest for the various nominations was keen, it was without rancor. The Iowa republicans have preserved their old commendable habit of doing all their fighting before the nominations. United and harmonious, ably led, advocating principles that appeal to every loval and fair-minded Amer ican, the republican party in Iowa enters upon the campaign with the best prospects.-Chicago Inter Ocean.

Iowa's Republicans.

Iowa follows Ohio in denouncing the southern attempt to disfranchise the negro. In the republican state convention at Des Moines the following was adopted:

ing was adopted:
"We are earnestly opposed to all legislation designed to accomplish the disfranchisement of citizens upon lines of race, color or station of life and condemn the measures adopted by the democratic party in certain states to accomplish that end."

To this granuing Anguiganism the

To this genuine Americanism the Iowa republicans added indorsement of the protective tariff and of the gold standard. On this invulnerable platform was placed as the candidate for governor A. B. Cummins, a prom inent lawyer of Des Moines, who has been an Iowa legislator and who was for four years a member of the republican national committee. Republicanism is not "taking the back back track." Iowa republicans are witnesses to the truth of that declaration .- Troy Times.

Coin Harvey charges the defeat of the democratic party last year to Chairman Jones' mismanagement. Coin Harvey shouldn't tell tales out of the financial school.—Chicago Trib-

AN ISSUELESS PARTY.

Hopeless Plight of the Democracy for the Coming Presidential Campaign,

It was Hon, Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, ex-silver republican, ex-populist, ex-democrat, now a develop-er of Texas. "oil gushers" and "out of politics," who thus recently hit off the temper and purposes of the democratic party: "The feeling among democrats is that they want to win, and they do not care a rap what sort of a platform they win on." Mr. Towne's breezy outburst of cynicism was inspired by the indecent haste with which the Ohio democrats turned the campaign litho-graph of Nebraska's "peerless commoner" to the wall and barred from their resolutions any specific indorsement of last year's democratic national platform. The Minnesota statesman's candid arraignment of democratic hypocrisy was amply justified by the Columbus convention's eagerness to make any sacrifice of principle nec-essary to facilitate immediate party success. But if further disclosure of recreancy had been necessary to justify Mr. Towne's assertion that the democratic party has entered the final stage of moral bankruptcy, that dis-closure is furnished in the lamentable exhibit of political assets offered to the world by the Maryland democratic convention.

As has already been noted in these olumns, the Baltimore convention refused absolutely to commit itself on any of the national issues on which it was compelled to fight the presidential campaign of 1900. Free silver coinage, imperialism and the evils of trusts the trinity of issues on which Col. Bryan appealed for votes a year ago-were dismissed without a syllable of approving comment, and in their stead the utterly misleading and ridiculous cry of "negro domination" was raised to justify the election of a legislature which is to fill the seat in the United States senate now held by a political nondescript, George L. Wellington. A more impudent and transparent at-tempt to hide the true questions at issue between the two parties in Mary-land could not well be imagined; and were it not for the desperate exigencies of the democratic organization, which dares not advocate before the people any single one of the demands to which it is committed by the Kansas City platform, the bugaboo put for-ward by last week's convention would be laughed contemptuously out of court by democratic as well as by re-publican opinion.

According to the census of 1900, the egroes in Maryland constitute something over 19 per cent. of the state's population. Probably 50,000 negro votes were polled for presidential electors last November out of a total of 264,511. Since then a new elec-tion law has gone into effect, expressly designed by its framers to limit negro suffrage, and, unless the hopes and plans of the democratic organization sadly miscarry, the ne-gro vote at the coming state election should fall to less than 15 per cent. of the whole. To say that white supremacy is endangered or appreciably affected by the presence in the electorate of this small negro element is, of course, the sheerest absurdity. The democratic party in Maryland has no fear of the negro, and no intention of disfranchising him as such, and probably no body of Marylanders would be more reluctant to see the negro excluded from the suffrage than the democratic politicians themselves. As always, however, they are willing to advocate a programme of buncombe and humbug, especially when, as in this instance, it serves as a cloak to disguise an absolute poverty of genuine political ideas or issues. Finding nothing else left in the ransacked wardrobe of Jeffersonianism, they try to clothe themselves with the pretense that the 215,000 white voters of the state are to be overawed and cratic party has become a party without a conscience and without an is-

PRESS OPINIONS.

sue.-N. Y. Tribune.

The men who are asking for tariff reform are free traders. What they are aiming at is tariff destruction rather than tariff revision .-Cleveland Leader.

The populists, democrats and free silver republicans have had their grand annual fusion in Nebraska again, and the regular worry over the problem of getting them to stay fused until election time will now begin .- Chicago Record-Herald.

MAdvice to the steel workers' leaders to recede from their unten-able position comes with poor grace from newspapers that supported Bryan and Bryanism without whom and which there would never have been so many workingmen have been so many workingmen brought to their present condition of unreasoning discontent. - Albany Journal.

The Commoner says: "Another week has passed and yet not a single republican paper has seized the op-portunity to declare that the drought is a result of Bryanism. The g. o. p, organs are growing extremely careless." Could anything be more childish or more like Bryan?-Iowa State Register.

Senator Hanna has disposed of the rumor connecting his name with efforts to settle the steel strike. He says he has been asked by neither side to participate in the attempt to reach a settlement. There is no justification for trying to drag this strike into politics, but that is what a good many politicians would like to do.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A CENSUS BULLETIN.

It Shows that the Death Rate in This Is Decreasing and that the Average Duration of Life Is Increas

Washington, Aug. 22.—The census washington, Aug. 22.—The census bureau yesterday announced the mortality statistics for the year 1900. W. A. King, chief of the vital statistics division, says: "The most important feature of the results presented is found in the decrease in the general death rate of nearly 10 per cent, and the decrease in the rate from the the decrease in the rates from the particular desases to which the gen-eral decrease is due. "The effect of the advances made in

medical science and sanitation and in the preventive and restrictive measures enforced by the health authorities is still more strikingly shown in the comparative rate for the regis-tration cities of the country. In 1890 the death rate in 271 registration cities of 5,000 or more population was 21 per 1,000; in 1900 the rate was 18.6 per 1,000 in 341 cities of 8,000 population and upward, a reduction of 2.4 per 1,000. The gross population of these cities was 14,958,254 in 1890, and 21,660,631 in 1900.

21,600,631 in 1900.

"The entire significance of these figures can be properly weighed only when the rates for the individual cities are considered in connection with known conditions of local improvement in sanitation and health regulations regulations.

"The average age at death in 1890 was 31.1 pears; in 1900 it was 35.2

"The total number of deaths re ported in 1900 was 1,039,094; in 1890 it was \$41,419. The increase was therefore 197,695, or 23.5 per cent. As the percentage of increase in the population was but 20.7, this indicates a more complete return of deaths than in 1890.

than in 1890.

"The record of deaths upon which these statistics are based was obtained from two different sources, namely, the return by the enumerators of deaths reported to them at the decennial enumeration, and the registration record of deaths record. registration record of deaths record-

registration record of deaths recorded under local laws.

Portland, Ore., with a death rate of 9.5 per thousand shows the lowest mortality among the cities, and Shreveport, La., with 45.50 is the highest.

In the registration area the 15 prine

in the registration area the 15 prin-sipal causes of death with the rate per 100,000 was as follows: Pneumonia 191.9, consumption 190.5,

heart disease 134.0, diarrheal diseases 85.1, kidney diseases 33.7, apoplexy 66.6 cancer 60, old age 54, bronchitis which cancer 60, old age 54, bronchitis 48.3, cholera infantum 47.8, debility 45.5, inflammation of brain and meningitis 41.8, diphtheria 34.4, typhoid fever 33.8 and premature birth 33.7. Deaths from all the principal diseases show a decrease since 1890, the most notable being in consumption, which decreased 54.9 per 100,000.

POTTER AND HARRIS.

State Ticket Nominated by Pennsyl-

vania Republicans.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 22.—The republican state convention, which met here Wednesday and nominated Judge William P. Potter, of Pittsburg, for supreme court judge and State Representative Frank C. Harris, of Clearfield for state treasurer, was of Clearfield, for state treasurer, was a most unusual gathering. The ticket was nominated by acclamation. Sen-ators Quay and Penrose and other was an unusually small attendance of active party worksrs and a large majority of the delegates never attended a state convention before.

Judge Potter was formerly Gov.
Stone's law marther and was appoint-

Stone's law partner and was appointed to the supreme bench last year to succeed the late Judge Green. Mr. Harris is serving his third term in the house of representatives, and has al-ways been a follower of Senators house of representatives, and has always been a follower of Senators Quay and Penrose. The platform on which they were nominated endorses the national and state administrations and the official acts of Pennsylvania's senators, commends the legislature, concedes the right of labor and capital to organize and denominate or the senators. and capital to organize and denounces "yellow journalism,"

A BATTLE IN A COURT ROOM. Mississippi Farmers Indulge in a Shooting Matinee—Three Men Fa-tally Wounded.

Water Valley, Miss., Aug. 22.-A shooting affray occurred yeste at Reynolds, in Panola county, which four men were wounded, three

of them fatally.
Otto Johnson was being tried before Justices Shelby and Warner on a tore Justices Shelpy and Warner on a charge of seduction. The evidence was all in and the justices had retired to make up their verdict. More than 100 men were present in the room. Suddenly a shot was fired, supposedly by Otto Johnson. Instantly other shots were fired, fully half a hundred in all and when the smoke cleared. in all, and when the smoke cleared away Otto Johnson had three bullets through the body, Len Smith, who testified against Johnson, one through the breast, J. W. Dawson one through the breast and the father of Len Smith one through the arm. Eight or ten men had narrow escapes. All the parties to the difficulty are farmers.

Says the Courts are Corrupt. London, Aug. 22.—The Times publishes a long article from a correspondent in Cuba, who highly praises the progress of the island in material welfare under the government of the United States, but complains that the courts of justice are as corrupt as under the Spanish regime and that both the urban and rural police are both the urban and rural police are

Engineer Impaled on a Board.

inadequate and inefficient.

Fort Dodge, Ia., Aug. 22.—Frank Bender, an engineer on the Illinois Central railroad, was impaled here yesterday on a flying timber when the cab of the engine failed to clear a box car on the side track. A frag-ment of the moulding of the box car four feet long and two inches in di-ameter, jagged with nails, was driven through the top of the cab and through the left breast of the engi-neer just above the heart. Fully two feet of the splinter stood out behind his back. The splinter has been extracted and there is a possibility of his recovery.

MADE STRONG AND WELL.

A Prominent Lady Raised From a Sick Bed by Pe-ru-na---Entirely Cured in Two Weeks.



MRS. E. A. CROZIER.

Mrs. E. A. Crozier, Senior Vice Presi dent of the James Morgan Post, W. R. C., the largest corps in Minnesota, writes from "The Landour," 9th and Nicollet, Minneapolis, Minn., as fol-

"Please accept hearty thanks on behalf of Peruna, that wonderful medicine which raised me from a sick bed and made a strong and well woman of me in two weeks. I suffered with bearing-down pains, backache and continual headache, and found no relief until I tried Peruna. It cured me completely, and I feel as young and well as when 18. I wish every woman knew the merits of the medicine, and no home would be without it."-Mrs.

Mrs. William Henderson, Bordulac,

C., writes:
"I was troubled with very serious fe-"I was troubled with very serious female weakness; had spells of flowing that exhausted me so that I feared I would lose my mind. I suffered untold agony with my back, the pain extending down my left leg. My pain was so severe that I would have welcomed death at any moment—so no one need wonder that I recommend Peruna so highly, for it cured me entirely of that. Not a sign of pain has returned, and that will soon be two years now.

"I am glad that there is a way I can speak, trusting that many a sufferer will read my testimonial, and not only read but believe."—Mrs. Wm. Henderson.

FOR WOMEN ONLY.

Free Treatment During Hot Weather by Dr. Hartman,

By the assistance of an experienced staff of physicians, Dr. Hartman proposes to direct the treatment of several thousand women, who, for one reason or another, are ailing.

reason or another, are ailing.
Each patient sends name, symptoms, and a short description of previous treatment, and are entered in the doctor's books as regular patients.
The treatment is directed from time to time as may be found necessary by the doctor, without charge. Every letter and name is held strictly confidential, and in no case will any one be published except by the express wish of the patient herself.

These cases are treated with the same care and fidelity as the private patients of a regular family physician. During the past year a large number of cases have been cured. Every item of the treatment is directed for which

of the treatment is directed for which

no charge whatever is made.
Address Dr. Hartman, President of
The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus,
Ohio, for free treatment.

ANAKESIS gives inlief and POSITIVE
LY CURES FILES,
FOR FOR Sample address
"ANAKESIS," Trib"ANAKESIS," Trib"ANAKESI

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c EDUCATIONAL.

AGENT WANTED GENTLEMAN or LADY, only one in each town, to only one in each town, to sell Tea at importer's tide, normal, commercial, and post graduate courses; DOMPANT, 22 Pearl Street, NEW YORK CITE.

OMPANT, 22 Pearl Street, NEW YORK CITE.

and The Catalog Tee. W. A. WILLIAMS, D. D., Prest.



lillions of Mothers

TSE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,
Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and
scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to
instantly allay itching, initial and irritation, and soothe and
heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood.
A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disignering, and humilating skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss
of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. Newberr &
SONS, M and 28, Charterhouse Sq., Lendon. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sols
Props., Boston, U. S. A.