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application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2: each subsequent inser-

Tegal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2: each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insersertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be insert five lines, 15 per year; ever five lines, at the regular rates of advertises and lines, at the regular rates of advertises.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of the Particular attention paid to Law No paper will be discontinued until arrear-ages are paid, except at the option of the pub-liaber.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A Bible student calls the attention of a New York newspaper to the fourth verse of the second chapter of the book of Nahum, which reads: "The chariots shall rage in the streets, they shall jostle one against another in the broad ways; they shall seem like torches, they shall run like the lightnings." The correspondent sees in the modern trolley car a fulfillment of this prophecy.

The private letter books of Robert Morris, the financier of the revolu-tion, which were lost for several generations, were brought to light Washington recently, and have been deposited in the congressional library. Another acquisition by the library the original manuscript setting forth the various decrees by which the titles were conferred on Columbus by the pope for the discovery of Amer-

A report issued by the census bureau states that there are now beet sugar factories in successful operation in this country — nine in Maine, eight in California and 14 in other states and territories. All of these factories are doing fairly well, but they have been established at considerable cost in the way of bounties, etc., and the industry can hardly be said to be beyond the experimental stage.

One of the striking things shown by the last census is the remarkable increase of tenant farming. The pershowed a considerable increase by the census of 1890. For the whole country this percentage has increased in the last ten years nearly twice as fast as the per cent. of the population of the nation, four times that of the purely agricultural population and wice that of the farms operated by

Near Rio Grande City, Tex., an immense deposit of unknown gaseous substance has been discovered. Pieces of it ignite quickly and give out a strong flame, which lasts for a remarkably long period. It is said by scientists that the substance is either an unknown mineral or ordinary clay highly charged with natural gas. In either case the value of the deposit as fuel is immense, as it covers many thousands of acres and is of immense

Gallantry is not yet a lost art, and there is still honor among thieves, according to a story that comes from
Paterson, N. J. The burglars who
visited the home in that city of Mrs.
Carret A. Hobart, widow of the vice
president, left behind a note of apology, which read: "I humbly beg your on. I do not wish to rob good Burglar." The note also bears an inscription testifying to the es-teem in which Mrs. Hobart is held and to her charitable work in

A report shows that in the last 20 years the sales of stamps by the post department have increased about threefold, although in the same time the increase in population has been less than 50 per cent. This is the more surprising because even two decades ago the Americans were known as a race of letter writers and used the mails probably more than any other people upon the face of the globe. Evidently the letter-writing habit, like many other habits, grows upon the victims, but in this case there is no cause for alarm.

The "Lousiana purchase" comprised the territory now embraced in the states of Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Louisiana, a large part of Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming, and the Indian Territory and Oklahoma. The "purchase," by the census of 1900, contained 14,572,189 inhabitants, 1,037,735 square miles, 165,-878,356 acres under cultivation, worth \$3,193,461,299, and farm products and live stock worth \$1,876,184,431. Its mineral products last year were worth \$259,909,128. It cost \$15,000,000.

The scheme to check the migration of country boys to cities is admirable in the abstract and depressingly difficult in the concrete. Migration from rural to urban life was the most striking phenomenon of the last century, which witnessed the decline of agriculture in the old world and the development of manufactures. The hour is at hand when sociology and benevolence will press upon humane consciousness in the new world the prudence of persuading boys to quit the congested in-dustrial centers and seek independ-ence in cultivation of the soil.

PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT.

Natives Beginning to Understand and Appreciate the American Policy.

The Philippines have fairly entered on a new era in their history. Civil government is displacing martial rule throughout the group. This has already been consummated on many of the islands. Municipal and provincial governments have been established and are in satisfactory working order. In them the native element is not over looked. Capable and influential Filipinos are being placed in position of trust and authority. The Taft com-mission is having a busy time of it, but a marked improvement in the general situation is the result of the change. The natives are beginning to understand the policy of the United States and that it means to deal fairly with They realize now that they are to have a hand in the management of their own affairs, subject, of course, to the jurisdiction of the general govern-

Most of the civil governments so far established are of an experimental or-der. When the people learn the true value of civil government more per-fect systems will doubtless be substituted. But the civil organization in each community and municipality has been based on the elective plan and the rule of the majority. The method has been crude, but it is the only one which the natives are now capable of understanding. Candidates for the head of the government and for chief clerk have been stationed apart at the place of election, and those around whom the larger number of native supporters grouped were declared elected. The result of this simple form of popular election has been gracefully accepted. Later on when the natives learn the value and uses of the ballot, it will be undoubtedly introduced as a substitute for this primitive form of town election. Hitherto these people have known only the tyranny of the military rule which Spain maintained and which we were forced to continue until peace prevailed. Now the na-tives are comprehending that the exercise of the functions of a free people rests with themselves and as an acknowledgment of it they are abandoning the warpath, laying down their arms, swearing allegiance to the United States and taking the first steps toward the self-government which they have so long coveted.—San Francisco Chronicle.

TRAITORS AND COWARDS.

Anti-Imperialists" Continue Their Treacherous Utterances Against the Administration.

The capture of Aguinaldo has not lessened the treason of the "anti-imperialists" of the United States, all of whom are still urging the Filipinos to continue their warfare. "Chawley" Towne says: "The Filipinos will con-tinue to fight," and that "Funston's raid is the outcome of treachery and shame to America." "Chawley" is great on noise, but he is cowardly, like all the other "anti-imperialists" have induced the Filipinos to continue their war against the United States for 1½ years after peace would have otherwise been declared. Secretary Irving Winslow, of the "anti-imperialist league, urges that there may be 20 other leaders in hiding as capable as Aguinaldo;" George S. Boutwell, president of the same league, refuses to discuss the capture of Aguinaldo; Edward Atkinson has also lost his treasonable grip and says that "the administration now has an elephant on its hands;" Sixto Lopez insists that "the capture of Agunilado does not necessarily end the war;" and Billy Bryan repeats his declaration that "we cannot administer an empire in the orient and maintain a republic America." The "independent" Des Moines Leader has no words of praise for Gen. Funston, but it presents its usual column and a quarter of laudation of "the great and good "Agui-naldo," and thus apotheosized the man whom it has repeatedly termed "the Washington of the Philippines:"

"the Washington of the Philippines:"
"His supremacy has thus been one rather of character than of inherited position, age, education, or experience, just as in our own revolutionary struggle the many excellent scholars of that day bowed to the judgment of Washington, although a man of comparatively limited education, as his letters, crowded with misspelling, sufficiently show."

The same traitorous expressions and hope are uttered by the "anti-imperialists" everywhere, not one of whom has had the courage to enlist in the Filipino armies. They have stabbed the American soldiers in the back ever since the war began, but not one of them has had the courage and the honor to risk life and limb in the service of the rebels they have continually encouraged by every imaginable species of misrepresentation and falsehood. History will classify them as the vilest and most cowardly American traitors. -Iowa State Register.

The Spooner amendment to the army appropriation bill, which Bryan's Commoner says "vests in the president power and authority which can be exercised only by an emperor," was copied verbally from the first and principal clause of the act of 1803, which congress passed for the government of Louisiana by Jefferson, Bryan's political idol, to which were added certain restrictions on McKinley's powers which were not laid down on the powers conferred upon the author of the Declaration of Independence. In the light of these facts, Bryan's cry of imperialism is like the bray of an ass .- San Francisco Chronicle.

The democratic admirers of Aguinaldo in this country seem determined to die in the last ditch, but they forget that they will be classed in history with tories and copperheads .- Indianapolis Journa.

AGUINALDO'S CAPTURE.

Ending of a Continual Menace to Philippines.

With the exception of the Edward Atkinsons and the William Jennings Bryans, all citizens of the United States will congratulate Gen. Funston and his gallant aids upon their cap-ture of Aguinaldo. While there has been no real war in the Philippines for many months, there was bound to continue a condition of unrest and brigandage so long as this leader of the ill-advised insurrectionists re mained at large. For that reason his arrest was a feat most desirable of accomplishment. That it has been accomplished with nerve and neatness is good news and crowns Gen. Funston with added laurels.

Crafty, treacherous, ambitious and influential, Aguinaldo at large was a continuous menace to peace and quiet in the Philippines. Deprived of his liberty of action and snatched from his vantage ground for organizing trouble, he is yet a nuisance. Mod-ern sentiment would, no doubt, condemn his summary execution. Even his indefinite confinement will be used by American copperheads as a means of inciting a continuance of trouble in his name. It was, nevertheless, a great feat on Gen. Fun-ston's part to capture him. Still. matters would have been simplified if, in his struggle for resistance, it

had become necessary to shoot him. In their disposal such disturbers of peace as Aguinaldo rarely in these days of modern mercies get their deserts. In consequence, there is sacrifice of better lives and many of them. A case in point: When Santa Ana's first insurrection in Mexico was put down and his capture accomplished, mercy and maudlin sentiment spared his life and gave him his liberty. The sanguinary sequel was the Alamo. Had Santa Ana got his deserts, either death or life confineat the Alamo. There is no probability of an Alamo in the Philippines, but in disposing of Aguinaldo it is just as well to have in mind the treach ery of Santa Ana and to remember the Alamo.—Cincinnati Weekly

AGUINALDO'S RULE.

Lying Nature of Stories Circulated by "Anti-Imperialists" for Political Effect.

Nothing pleases the average Amercan in this Aguinaldo business so nuch as the direct, positive evidence it affords as to the lying nature of the "Philippine facts" as presented by the ridiculous anti-imperialists. At one swoop their visionary creations, which they have endeavored to have accepted as the truth, are bowled over and are seen to have been the boldest kind of deception and deceit. Few men, posing as more highly moral than their neighbors have ever tried more persistently than the anti-imperialists to circulate that which they must have known was absolutely false. Their picture of Philippine civilization was untrue in general and inaccurate in details. Maj. Gen. S. M. B. Young, who has just returned from Manila, says of the natives, for instance:

"It will take at least two genera tions to get the Filipinos to understand the meaning of self-govern ment as we understand it. The Fil ipino ideal is to have the country parceled out among the leaders, and they to rule the people and get all they can out of them."

This is something like the truth. We must patiently lead the most progressive and stimulate the backward and wait. And yet, as the Bos ton crowd saw it, we were criminal because we did not throw the archi-pelago into the hands of the incipient dictators and flighty, half-baked Tagal leaders at once and let them work their own sweet will.-Philadel-

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Filipinos are surrendering but Edward Atkinson is not.—Indianapolis News (Ind.).

Mr. Bryan wants to know why Mr. Cleveland thinks his political opinions are of importance. Many people would like to have a similar explanation from Mr. Bryan.-Albany

No stronger evidence showing the general prosperity and industrial activity of the country can be found than that furnished by the railroads, especially the great trunk lines that depend on the traffic between the eastern and the western sections of the union. The reports are most convincing as to the large and increasing operations throughout the country.

Troy Times.
The contest within the democ racy, which all sane outsiders have seen to be destined to be fought out as irrepressible, is on, with the leaders of the party, new and old, fighting at the front. It must end in the old leaders surrendering or withdrawing definitely from the party, for the grip of radicalism upon it is too strong for them to loosen and leave the organization alive .- N. Y. Sun.

INO higher tribute could be paid to the American soldier-that soldier whom the anti-imperialists delight in declaring to be a drunken, licentious brute in the Philippines—than is found in the fact that the Chinese residents of that part of Peking po-liced by Gen. Chaffee's men should have petitioned that officer not to withdraw his troops. Let the Tooley-ites and the Woolleyites hide their heads in shame. Even the despised Chinaman has sufficient perception to know that the American soldier is a man of honor and that life and property-all rights-are safe under his guard.-Springfield Union.

BOTHA ASKS FOR PEACE egotiations are Resumed Between

British and Boer Commanders. Cape Town, April 11.—Gen. Botha as reopened negotiations with the

British for peace.

It is understood here that although
Gen De Wet at his recent interview
with Gen. Botha, refused to surrender, Gen. Botha regarding him as ir-responsible, undertakes to negotiate in behalf of the entire Boer forces. The British authorities consider that if Botha surrenders, De Wet's following can be easily taken.

As explained here, this action was determined in part by Gen. Botha's discovery, at a recent meeting, that Gen. De Wet's intellect had weakened, and that his influence with his followers was diminishing, and that a continuance of the campaign, in view of De Wet's irresponsibility, rested with Gen. Botha alone.

London, April 11.-The report that Gen. Botha has resumed negotiations with Lord Kitchener is not yet offi-cially confirmed, but it is generally credited and received with satisfac-tion except by the ultra jingoes, who fear that the government will renew the terms recently rejected.

Regarding Gen. De Wet's mental

condition, reports have been very conflicting for some time. His recent nactivity points to there being some ruth in the rumors which allege that long continued hardships, under the harassing British pursuit, have unhinged his mind.
On the other hand a correspondent

of the Times quite recently acknowledged the "wonderful foresight and fertility of resource" which characterized Gen. Botha's retreat from

Cape Colony.

As during the previous abortive ne gotiations, the British press again loudly insists on "unconditional sur-render," but with budgetary necessities staring the country in the face, if negotiations are reopened the Boers, as the Daily Chronicle remarks editorially, "may reckon on fair treatment" at the hands of the

BRADLEY TESTIFIES.

Ex-Governor of Kentucky Gives Sen-

sational Testimony in the Trial of a Man Accused of Conspiracy.

Frankfort Ky., April 11.—Ex-Gov. Bradley, chief counsel for ex-Gov. Taylor in the gubernatorial contest case before the legislature last year, gave sensational testimony yesterday in the trial of Cast. Gavest D. Birely in the trial of Cast. Gavest D. Birely in the trial of Cast. in the trial of Capt. Garnett D. Rip-ley, who is charged with conspiracy with others to bring about the murder of William Goebel. Mr. Bradley detailed a conversation which, he said, he had with Capt. Ripley while the latter was in charge of his military company during the occupancy of the Capitol by the Taylor troops last spring, in which Ripley told him of frequent conferences with Gov.

Taylor prior to the assassination.

The witness said Ripley told him he was in the executive office the day before the shooting and complained to Taylor because he had not called out his (Ripley's) company and asked him when he should have the com-pany ready. Taylor replied: "My God, haven't you brought them? Goe-bel will not live 24 hours," or "Cannot live 24 hours.'

Judge W. H. Yost, associate coun-sel with Bradley in the contest case according to the witness, was plant and heard the conversation.

In response to a question as to whether he, the witness, heard of any whether he, the witness, heard of the bill Mr. Goebel, the

conspiracy to kill Mr. Goebel, the witness stated that on January 25 the day the train load of moun taineers arrived, some one, he could not now recall who, told him that parties in the crowd were waiting in front of the state house to kill Goe

bel.
"I said," continued the witness, "it shall be stopped. I will go in the senate chamber and come out with Goebel and see that he is not hurt or insulted."

A MYSTERY IS SOLVED.

Robbert of a Mail Pouch Is Explained by a Boy Who Stole Money from the Letters It Contained.

New York, April 11 .- The mystery which surrounded the inding of a lot of letters on April 2 on the beach at Ocean Grove, N. J., was solved yesterday and Thomas F. Martel, of this city, was locked up and charged with mail robbery.

Detectives who worked on the case

mail robbery.

Detectives who worked on the case found that Martel, who is a post office messenger at Station G, earning \$9 a week, had taken the mail from Station G to the Fiftieth street elevated station in time for the 7:51 train on March 31, but the train had started before any of the pouches were put on board and the mail lay on the platform until 9:50, when the on the platform until 9:50, when the next mail train passed. They also found that Martel shortly after had been spending a great deal of money. After his arrest he acknowledged the thefts, saying that he had opened all the latter which numbered 175 and the letters, which numbered 175, and had abstracted the cash and left the checks and money orders. He then threw them into the North river. They evidently floated out to sea and were cast up at Ocean Grove. Marte is only 20 years old.

Loyal Legion Congress

Washington, April 11.—The ninth quadrennial congress of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion and the fourth general reunion of the order convened here Wednesday with 157 members present.

Robbed by Masked Men.

Oil City, Pa., April 11.—Early yes-terday morning five masked men drove up to te residence of J. D. Harris, near Sugar Run, a hamlet in Warris, near Sugar Run, a hamlet in Warren county. The men forced an entrance and bound the imates of the house, consisting of Harris, who is a well-to-do business man, his wife and an Indian servant. The robbers forced open a safe and secured \$500 in cash, two watches and considerable jewelry. After searching for more booty, the robbers escaped. After an hour's work Harris liberated himself and the others. ated himself and the others.

DEERING AT PARIS IN 1900.

The Famous Chicago Harvester Con Honors Than Were Ever Before in the History of Expositions.

Americans may well feel proud of the interest which her citizehs took in the Paris Exposition and the elaborate exhibits which were prepared with consummate skill and displayed in a manner not excelled by any other country. Those of Harvesting Machinery in particular were most complete and interesting. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, America's foremost manufacturer of this line of goods, was accorded the position of honor, having contributed more to the advancement of the art of harvesting than any other manufacturer, living or dead, and with a greater array of important inventions to its credit than any other company in the world. Visitors to the Exposition were prompt to accord the Deering exhibits supreme honors, and it only remained for official mandate to ratify the popular verdict, which was done in a manner as substantial as it was well-merited. Each one of the seven Deering exhibits secured the highest award in its class.

In addition to four high decorations, the Deering Harvester Company received twenty-five awards, or twenty-nine in all, as follows: Decoration of Officer of the Legion of Honor, Two Decorations of Officer of Merite Agricole, a Special Certificate of Honor, The Grand Prize, Six Glold Medals, Six Silver Medals and Eleven Bronze Medals, including Deering Collaborator Medals.

The Decoration of the Legion of Honor was instituted by Napoleon Bonaparte when First Consul in 1802, and is only conferred in recognition of distinguished military or civil achievements. It is the highest distinction in the gift of the French Republic.

The Decoration of Merite Agricole is an honor of but slightly less importance, which is conferred upon those who have contributed greatly to the advancement of agriculture.

An Official Cartificate of Honor was accounted.

is conferred upon those who have contributed greatly to the advancement of agriculture.

An Official Certificate of Honor was accorded the Deering Retrospective Exhibit, which showed the improvements in Harvesting machinery during the past century, and excited the highest praise of the French Government Officials who had entrusted to the Deering Harvester Company the preparation of this most important exhibit. By special request this exhibit has been presented to the National Museum of Arts and Sciences at Paris, where it has become a permanent feature of that world-famed institution.

The Deering Twine Exhibit and Corn Harvester Exhibit, both of which received the highest awards, have by request of the French Government been presented to the National Agricultural College of France.

There was no field trial, either official or otherwise, in connection with the Paris Exposition, but the most important foreign contest the past season was held under the auspices of the Russian Expert Commission at the Governmental Farm of Tomsk, Siberia, August 14th to 18th. All the leading American and European machines participated and were subjected to the most difficult tests by the Government Agriculturist. The Expert Commission awarded the Deering Harvester Company the Grand Silver Medal of the Minister of Agriculture and Domain, which was the highest award.

The Deering Harvester Works are the largest of their kind in the world covering

Little Liver Pills.

silver Medal of the minister of Agriculture and Domain, which was the highest award.

The Deering Harvester Works are the largest of their kind in the world, covering eighty-five acres and employing 9,000 people. They are equipped with modern automatic machines, many of which perform the labor of from five to fifteen hands.

This Company is also the largest manufacturer of Binder Twine in the world, having been first to produce single-strand binder twine, such as is in general use today, making over a third of the product of the entire world. The output of its factory for a single day would tie a band around the earth at the equator, with several thousand miles to spare. The annual production would fill a freight train twenty miles long. Made into a mat two feet wide, it would reach across the American Continent from ocean to ocean.

Deering machines are known as LIGHT DRAFT IDEALS, consisting of Binders, Mowers, Reapers, Corn Harvesters, Shredders and Rakes.

This company exhibited at the Paris Exposition an Automobile Mower, which attracted much attention, and exhibitions were given with one of these machines in the vicinity of Paris throughout the season.

Has something in its eye—the threaded

Has something in its eye—the threaded needle.—Golden Days.

Millions of Babies
have used Hoxsie's Croup Cure for Coughs
Colds, Croup and Diphtheria with astonishing results. No ipecac to cause nausea. 50c

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Riches can buy a man a whole lot of trouble.—Los Angeles Herald.

Drugs have their uses, but don't store them in your stomach. Beeman's Pepsin Gum aids the natural forces to perform their

The process of washing free from sin discloses that sin is a sort of starch for some characters.—Puck.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quirine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it falls to cure. 25c.

A thief's talk is always about the dishonesty of others.—Atchison Globe.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick head-ache. Price 25 and 50c.

Do not get "short" if you want to get along.—Golden Days.



Beware of Them

Sciatica

Lumbago

Both disable and cripple,

St. Jacobs Oil

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

> Genuine Carter's

Treut Sood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as copy

CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

St Conts Purely Vegetable. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Labor Saving Dessert.

Dissolve in hot water contents of a package of Burnham's Hasty Jellycon, set away in a cool place until wanted and you will have the most brilliant, pleasing jelly. The flavors are: lemon, orange, strawberry, raspberry, wild cherry and peach, or if a delicious wine or coffee jelly is desired, get "calfafoot" Jellycon. Your grocer sells it.

MUSIC 50 COPIES sent for One Dollar, Both of the Popular, Best ever published, Vocal and instrumental, E. A. Vocal and instrumental, E. A. Vocal and instrumental, E. A. Vocal and Vocal a

